#### **CHILD HEALTH NURSING - II**

**PLACEMENT:** VI SEMESTER **THEORY:** 2 Credits (40 hours)

PRACTICUM: Clinical: 1 Credit (80 hours)

**DESCRIPTION:** This course is designed for developing an understanding of the modern approach to child-care, identification, prevention and nursing management of common health problems of neonates and children.

- 1. Apply the knowledge of pathophysiology and provide nursing care to children with Cardiovascular, GI, genitourinary, nervous system disorders, orthopedic disorders, eye, ear and skin disorders and communicable diseases
- 2. Provide care to children with common behavioural, social and psychiatric problems
- 3. Manage challenged children
- 4. Identify the social and welfare services for challenged children

# $\boldsymbol{T-Theory}$

| Unit | Time   | <b>Learning Outcomes</b>  | Content   | Teaching/ Learning Activities                                      | Assessment<br>Methods                                   |
|------|--------|---|---|--|---|
| 1    | (Hrs)  | Describe the eticle av  | Cardiavagaulan gyatamı  |  |   |
| 1    | 20(1)  | Describe the etiology,<br>pathophysiology,<br>clinical manifestation            | Identification and Nursing management of congenital malformations   | <ul><li>Lecture cum discussion</li><li>Demonstration and</li></ul> | <ul><li> Short answer</li><li> Objective type</li></ul> |
|      |        | and nursing<br>management of<br>children with disorders                         | Congenital heart diseases: Cyanotic and Acyanotic (ASD,VSD, PDA,TOF)  | practice session   | Assessment of<br>skills with<br>checklist               |
|      |        | of cardiovascular,<br>gastrointestinal,<br>genitourinary, and<br>nervous system | Others: Rheumatic fever and Rheumatic<br>heart disease, Congestive cardiac<br>failure   |  |   |
|      |        | ,   | Hematological conditions:   |  |   |
|      |        |   | a) Congenital: Hemophilia,<br>Thalassemia   |  |   |
|      |        |   | b) Others: Anemia, Leukemia,<br>Idiopathic thrombocytopenic<br>purpura, Hodgkins and non-<br>hodgkins lymphoma  |  |   |
|      |        |   | Gastro-intestinal system:   |  |   |
|      |        |   | • Identification and Nursing management of congenital malformations.  |  |   |
|      |        |   | Congenital: Cleft lip, Cleft palate,<br>Congenital hypertrophic pyloric<br>stenosis, Hirschsprungs disease<br>(Megacolon), Anorectal malformation,<br>Malabsorption syndrome, Abdominal<br>wall defects, Hernia |  |   |
|      |        |   | Others: Gastroenteritis, Diarrhea,<br>Vomiting, Protein energy malnutrition,<br>Intestinal obstruction, Hepatic diseases,<br>intestinal parasites   |  |   |
|      |        |   | Genitourinary urinary system:   |  |   |
|      |        |   | • Identification and Nursing management of congenital malformations.  |  |   |
|      |        |   | Congenital: Wilms tumor, Extropy of<br>bladder, Hypospadias, Epispadias,<br>Obstructive uropathy  |  |   |
|      |        |   | Others: Nephrotic syndrome, Acute<br>glomerulonephritis, renal failure  |  |   |
|      |        |   | Nervous system:   |  |   |
|      |        |   | Identification and Nursing management<br>of congenital malformations  |  |   |
|      |        |   | a) Congenital: Spina bifida,<br>Hydrocephalous.   |  |   |
|      |        |   | b) Others: Meningitis, Encephalitis,<br>Convulsive disorders (convulsions<br>and seizures), Cerebral palsy head<br>injury   |  |   |
| II   | 10 (T) | Describe the etiology,  | Orthopedic disorders:   | Lecture cum  | Short answer  |
|      |        | pathophysiology,<br>clinical manifestation<br>and nursing                       | • Club foot   | <ul><li>discussion</li><li>Demonstration</li></ul>                 | <ul><li>Objective type</li><li>Assessment of</li></ul>  |

| Unit | Time Learning Outcomes (Hrs) | Content   | Teaching/ Learning Activities | Assessment<br>Methods |
|------|------------------------------|---|-------------------------------|-----------------------|
| III  |                              | <ul> <li>Hip dislocation and</li> <li>Fracture</li> <li>Disorder of eye, ear and skin:</li> <li>Refractory errors</li> <li>Otitis media and</li> <li>Atopic dermatitis</li> <li>Communicable diseases in children,</li> </ul> | 0 0                           |                       |

| Unit | Time<br>(Hrs) | <b>Learning Outcomes</b> | Content  | Teaching/ Learning<br>Activities | Assessment<br>Methods |
|------|---------------|--------------------------|--|----------------------------------|-----------------------|
|      |               |                          | Eating disorder in children and<br>management        |                                  |                       |
|      |               |                          | o Obesity  |                                  |                       |
|      |               |                          | Anorexia nervosa                                     |                                  |                       |
|      |               |                          | o Bulimia  |                                  |                       |
|      |               |                          | Management of challenged children.                   |                                  |                       |
|      |               |                          | o Mentally   |                                  |                       |
|      |               |                          | o Physically   |                                  |                       |
|      |               |                          | o Socially   |                                  |                       |
|      |               |                          | o Child abuse,                                       |                                  |                       |
|      |               |                          | <ul> <li>Substance abuse</li> </ul>                  |                                  |                       |
|      |               |                          | Welfare services for challenged<br>children in India |                                  |                       |

# CHILD HEALTH NUR CHILD HEALTH NURSING - II – CLINICAL PRACTICUM (1 Credit – 80 hours)

# Given under Child Health Nursing - I as I & II

#### References

- 1. Ghai O.p. et al. (2000) Ghai's Essentials of Paediatrics. 1st edn. Mehta offset works. New Delhi.
- 2. Marlow Dorothy & Redding. (2001) Textbook of Paed. Nsg. 6<sup>th</sup> edn. Harbarcourt India ltd. New Delhi
- 3. Parthsarathy et al. (2000) IAP Textbook of Paediatric Nsg. Jaypee bros., 2 nd ed. New Delhi.
- 4. Vishwanathan & Desai. (1999) Achar's Textbook of Paediatrics 3<sup>rd</sup> ed. Orient Longman. Chennai.
- 5. Wong Dona et al. Whaley & Wong's Nursing care of infants & children.6th edn. Mosby co. Philadelphia.
- 6. Dr. C.S. Waghale, Principles and Practice of Clinical Pediatrics, Vora publication 1996

### **MENTAL HEALTH NURSING - II**

**PLACEMENT:** VI SEMESTER

**THEORY:** 1 Credit (40 Hours)

**PRACTICUM**: Clinical: 2 Credits (160 Hours)

**DESCRIPTION:** This course is designed to provide the students with basic understanding and skills essential to meetpsychiatric emergencies and perform the role of community mental health nurse.

- 1. Apply nursing process in providing care to patients with substance use disorders, and personality and sexual disorders.
- 2. Apply nursing process in providing care to patients with behavioural and emotional disorders occurring during childhood and adolescence.
- 3. Apply nursing process in providing care to patients with organic brain disorders.
- 4. Identify and respond to psychiatric emergencies.
- 5. Carry out crisis interventions during emergencies under supervision.
- 6. Perform admission and discharge procedures as per MHCA 2017.
- 7. Explore the roles and responsibilities of community mental health nurse in delivering community mental health services.

# T – Theory

| Unit | Time<br>(Hrs) | Learning<br>Outcomes  | Content  | Teaching/Learning Activities  | Assessment<br>Methods  |
|------|---------------|---|--|---|--|
| I    | 6 (T)         | Describe the etiology, psychodynamics, clinical manifestations, diagnostic criteria and management of patients with substance use disorders                           | Nursing Management of Patients with Substance Use Disorders  Prevalence and incidence  Commonly used psychotropic substance: classifications, forms, routes, action, intoxication and withdrawal  Psychodynamics/etiology of substance use disorder (Terminologies: Substance Use, Abuse, Tolerance, Dependence, Withdrawal)  Diagnostic criteria/formulations  Nursing Assessment: History (substance history), Physical, mental assessment and drug and drug assay  Treatment (detoxification, antabuse and narcotic antagonist therapy and harm reduction, Brief interventions, MET, refusal skills, maintenance therapy) and nursing management of patients with substance use disorders  Special considerations for vulnerable population  Follow-up and home care and rehabilitation | <ul> <li>Lecture cum discussion</li> <li>Case discussion</li> <li>Case presentation</li> <li>Clinical practice</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Essay</li> <li>Short answer</li> <li>Assessment of patient management problems</li> </ul> |
| II   | 6 (T)         | Describe the etiology, psychodynamics, clinical manifestations, diagnostic criteria and management of patients with personality, and sexual disorders                 | Nursing Management of Patient with Personality and Sexual Disorders  Prevalence and incidence Classification of disorders Etiology, psychopathology, characteristics, diagnosis  Nursing Assessment: History, Physical and mental health assessment Treatment modalities and nursing management of patients with personality, and sexual disorders Geriatric considerations Follow-up and home care and rehabilitation   | <ul> <li>Lecture cum discussion</li> <li>Case discussion</li> <li>Case presentation</li> <li>Clinical practice</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Essay</li> <li>Short answer</li> <li>Assessment of patient management problems</li> </ul> |
| Ш    | 8 (T)         | Describe the etiology, psychopathology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic criteria and management of childhood and adolescent disorders including mental deficiency | Nursing Management of Behavioural & Emotional Disorders occurring during Childhood and Adolescence (Intellectual disability, autism, attention deficit, hyperactive disorder, eating disorders, learning disorder)  • Prevalence and incidence  • Classifications  • Etiology, psychodynamics, Characteristics, diagnostic criteria/formulations   | <ul> <li>Lecture cum discussion</li> <li>Case discussion</li> <li>Case presentation</li> <li>Clinical practice</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Essay</li> <li>Short answer</li> <li>Assessment of patient management problems</li> </ul> |

| Unit  | Time<br>(Hrs) | Learning<br>Outcomes   | Content  | Teaching/Learning Activities                                     | Assessment<br>Methods                                   |
|---|---------------|--|--|--|---|
|   |               |  | Nursing Assessment: History, Physical,<br>mental status examination and IQ<br>assessment                       |  |   |
|   |               |  | Treatment modalities and nursing<br>management of childhood disorders<br>including intellectual disability     |  |   |
|   |               |  | Follow-up and home care and rehabilitation   |  |   |
| IV  | 5 (T)         | Describe the<br>etiology, psycho-<br>pathology, clinical<br>manifestations,  | Nursing Management of Organic Brain Disorders (Delirium, Dementia, amnestic disorders)                         | <ul><li>Lecture cum discussion</li><li>Case discussion</li></ul> | • Essay • Short answer                                  |
|   |               | diagnostic criteria  | Prevalence and incidence   | Case presentation  | • Assessment of patient                                 |
|   |               | and management of organic brain  | Classification   | Clinical practice  | management  |
|   |               | disorders.   | <ul> <li>Etiology, psychopathology, clinical<br/>features, diagnosis and Differential<br/>diagnosis</li> </ul> | ,  | problems  |
|   |               |  | Nursing Assessment: History, Physical,<br>mental and neurological assessment                                   |  |   |
|   |               |  | Treatment modalities and nursing<br>management of organic brain disorders                                      |  |   |
|   |               |  | <ul> <li>Follow-up and home care and rehabilitation</li> </ul>   |  |   |
| V   | 6 (T)         | Identify psychiatric emergencies and carry out crisis                        | Psychiatric Emergencies and Crisis<br>Intervention   | Lecture cum<br>discussion  | <ul><li> Short answer</li><li> Objective type</li></ul> |
|   |               | • Types of psychiatric emergencies (attempted suicide, violence/ aggression, | Case discussion  |  |   |
|   |               |  | stupor, delirium tremens and other psychiatric emergencies) and their managements                              | <ul><li> Case presentation</li><li> Clinical practice</li></ul>  |   |
|   |               |  | Maladaptive behaviour of individual and<br>groups, stress, crisis and disaster(s)                              |  |   |
|   |               |  | • Types of crisis  |  |   |
|   |               |  | Crisis intervention: Principles, Techniques<br>and Process   |  |   |
|   |               |  | - Stress reduction interventions as per<br>stress adaptation model   |  |   |
|   |               |  | - Coping enhancement - Techniques of counseling  |  |   |
| VI  | 4 (T)         | Explain legal  |  | Lecture cum  | Short answer  |
| , , <u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u> | . (1)         | aspects applied in   | <ul> <li>Legal Issues in Mental Health Nursing</li> <li>Overview of Indian Lunacy Act and The</li> </ul>       | discussion   | Objective type  |
|   |               | mental health<br>settings and role of<br>the nurse                           | Mental Health Act 1987   | Case discussion  | - Objective type  |
|   |               |  | (Protection of Children from Sexual<br>Offence) POSCO Act  |  |   |
|   |               |  | Mental Health Care Act (MHCA) 2017   |  |   |
|   |               |  | Rights of mentally ill clients   |  |   |
|   |               |  | Forensic psychiatry and nursing  |  |   |
|   |               |  | Acts related to narcotic and psychotropic<br>substances and illegal drug trafficking                           |  |   |

| Unit | Time<br>(Hrs) | Learning<br>Outcomes  | Content   | Teaching/Learning Activities   | Assessment<br>Methods                                    |
|------|---------------|---|---|--|--|
| VII  | 5 (T)         | Describe the model  | <ul> <li>Admission and discharge procedures as per<br/>MHCA 2017</li> <li>Role and responsibilities of nurses in<br/>implementing MHCA 2017</li> <li>Community Mental Health Nursing</li> </ul>   | Lecture cum  | Short answer   |
|      |               | of preventive psychiatry  Describe Community Mental health services and role of the nurse | <ul> <li>Development of Community Mental Health Services:</li> <li>National mental health policy viz. National Health Policy</li> <li>National Mental Health Program</li> <li>Institutionalization versus Deinstitutionalization</li> <li>Model of Preventive psychiatry</li> <li>Mental Health Services available at the primary, secondary, tertiary levels including rehabilitation and nurses' responsibilities</li> <li>Mental Health Agencies: Government and voluntary, National and International</li> <li>Mental health nursing issues for special populations: Children, Adolescence, Women Elderly, Victims of violence and abuse, Handicapped, HIV/AIDS etc.</li> </ul> | discussion  Clinical/ field practice  Field visits to mental health service agencies | Objective type     Assessment of the field visit reports |

# CLINICAL PRACTICUM – 2 Credits (80 hours)

Clinical Practicum for Mental Health Nursing - I & II are given under Mental Health Nursing - I Clinical Practicum

#### MIDWIFERY/OBSTETRICS AND GYNECOLOGY (OBG) NURSING - I

including SBA module

**PLACEMENT:** VI SEMESTER **THEORY:** 3 Credits (60 hours)

**PRACTICUM:** Skill Lab: 1 Credit (40 hours); Clinical: 3 Credits (240 hours)

**DESCRIPTION:** This course is designed for students to develop knowledge and competencies on the concepts and principles of midwifery. It helps them to acquire knowledge and skills in rendering respectful maternity care to woman during antenatal, intranatal and postnatal periods in hospitals and community settings. It further helps to develop skills in managing normal neonates and participate in family welfare programs.

**COMPETENCIES:** On completion of the program, the students will be able to

- 1. Demonstrate professional accountability for the delivery of nursing care as per INC standards/ICM competencies that are consistent with moral, altruistic, legal, ethical, regulatory and humanistic principles in midwifery practice.
- 2. Communicate effectively with individuals, families and professional colleagues fostering mutual respect and shareddecision making to enhance health outcomes.
- 3. Recognize the trends and issues in midwifery and obstetrical nursing.
- 4. Review and describe the anatomy and physiology of human reproductive system and conception.
- 5. Describe and apply physiology in the management of normal pregnancy, birth and puerperium.
- 6. Demonstrate competency in providing respectful and evidence based maternity care for women during the antenatal, intranatal and postnatal period.
- 7. Uphold the fundamental human rights of individuals when providing midwifery care.
- 8. Promote physiologic labour and birth, and conduct normal childbirth.
- 9. Provide evidence based essential newborn care.
- 10. Apply nursing process approach in caring for women and their families.
- 11. Describe the methods of contraception and role of nurse/midwife in family welfare services.
- 12. Recognize the importance of and actively participate in family welfare programs.
- 13. Provide youth friendly health services and care for women affected by gender based violence.

# COURSE OUTLINE

#### T – Theory, SL/L – Skill Lab/Lab, C – Clinical

| Unit | Time<br>(Hrs) | <b>Learning Outcomes</b>   | Content   | Teaching/Learning<br>Activities  | Assessment<br>Methods  |
|------|---------------|--|---|--|--|
| I    | 8 (T)         | Explain the history<br>and current scenario<br>of midwifery in India | <ul> <li>Introduction to midwifery</li> <li>History of midwifery in India</li> <li>Current scenario:         <ul> <li>Trends of maternity care in India</li> <li>Midwifery in India – Transformative education for relationship based and transformative midwifery practice in India</li> </ul> </li> <li>Vital health indicators – Maternal mortality ratio, Infant Mortality Rate,</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Discussion</li> <li>Demonstration</li> <li>Role play</li> <li>Directed reading and assignment: ICM competencies</li> <li>Scenario based learning</li> </ul> | <ul><li>Short answer</li><li>Objective type</li><li>Essay</li><li>Quiz</li></ul> |

| Unit | Time  | <b>Learning Outcomes</b>                         | Content   | Teaching/Learning                          | Assessment     |
|------|-------|--|---|--|----------------|
|      | (Hrs) |  |   | Activities                                 | Methods        |
|      |       | indicators                                       | Neonatal Mortality Rate, perinatal mortality rate, fertility rates  |  |                |
|      |       |  | o Maternal death audit  |  |                |
|      |       | Describe the various                             | National health programs related to<br>RMNCH+A (Reproductive Maternal<br>Newborn and Child Health +<br>Adolescent Health)                 |  |                |
|      |       | national health programs related to              | Current trends in midwifery and OBG nursing:  |  |                |
|      |       | RMNCH+A  | <ul> <li>Respectful maternity and newborn care (RMNC)</li> </ul>  |  |                |
|      |       | Identify the trends                              | o Midwifery-led care units (MLCU)   |  |                |
|      |       | and issues in midwifery                          | <ul> <li>Women centered care, physiologic<br/>birthing and demedicalization of birth</li> </ul>   |  |                |
|      |       |  | <ul> <li>Birthing centers, water birth, lotus birth</li> </ul>  |  |                |
|      |       |  | <ul> <li>Essential competencies for<br/>midwifery practice (ICM)</li> </ul>   |  |                |
|      |       |  | <ul> <li>Universal rights of child-bearing<br/>women</li> </ul>   |  |                |
|      |       |  | <ul> <li>Sexual and reproductive health<br/>and rights</li> </ul>   |  |                |
|      |       |  | <ul> <li>Women's expectations &amp; choices<br/>about care</li> </ul>   |  |                |
|      |       |  | Legal provisions in midwifery practice in India:  |  |                |
|      |       |  | • INC/MOH&FW regulations  |  |                |
|      |       |  | • ICM code of ethics  |  |                |
|      |       |  | <ul> <li>Ethical issues in maternal and neonatal care</li> </ul>  |  |                |
|      |       | Discuss the legal and                            | <ul> <li>Adoption laws, MTP act, Pre-<br/>Natal Diagnostic Test (PNDT) Act,<br/>Surrogate mothers</li> </ul>                              |  |                |
|      |       | ethical issues relevant<br>to midwifery practice | <ul> <li>Roles and responsibilities of a<br/>midwife/Nurse practitioner midwife in<br/>different settings (hospital/community)</li> </ul> |  |                |
|      |       |  | Scope of practice for midwives  |  |                |
| II   | 6 (T) | Review the                                       | Anatomy and physiology of human   | • Lecture                                  | • Quiz         |
|      | 3 (L) | anatomy and<br>physiology of human               | reproductive system and conception<br>(Maternal, Fetal & Newborn<br>physiology)   | • Discussion                               | • Short answer |
|      |       | reproductive system                              | Review:   | <ul> <li>Self-directed learning</li> </ul> | • Essay        |
|      |       |  | Female organs of reproduction   | • Models                                   |                |
|      |       |  | • Female pelvis – bones, joints, ligaments, planes, diameters, landmarks, inclination, pelvic variations                                  | • Videos & films                           |                |
|      |       |  | • Foetal skull – bones, sutures,  |  |                |

| Unit | Time<br>(Hrs)              | <b>Learning Outcomes</b>   | Content   | Teaching/Learning<br>Activities                                    | Assessment<br>Methods  |
|------|----------------------------|--|---|--|--|
|      |                            |  | fontanelles, diameters, moulding  |  |  |
|      |                            |  | Fetopelvic relationship   |  |  |
|      |                            |  | Physiology of menstrual cycle,<br>menstrual hygiene   |  |  |
|      |                            |  | Fertilization, conception and implantation  |  |  |
|      |                            |  | Embryological development   |  |  |
|      |                            |  | Placental development and function,<br>placental barrier  |  |  |
|      |                            |  | Fetal growth and development  |  |  |
|      |                            |  | Fetal circulation & nutrition   |  |  |
| III  | 12 (T)<br>10 (L)<br>40 (C) | Provide preconception  | Assessment and management of normal pregnancy (ante-natal):  Pre-pregnancy Care   | <ul><li>Lecture</li><li>Discussion</li><li>Demonstration</li></ul> | <ul><li> Short answer</li><li> Objective type</li><li> Assessment of</li></ul> |
|      |                            | care to eligible couples   | • Review of sexual development (Self Learning)  | Self-Learning  | skills with<br>check list  |
|      |                            |  | • Socio-cultural aspects of human sexuality (Self Learning)   | <ul><li>Health talk</li><li>Role play</li></ul>                    | Case study evaluation  |
|      |                            |  | Preconception care  | <ul><li>Counseling session</li></ul>                               | • OSCE   |
|      |                            |  | Pre-conception counseling (including<br>awareness regarding normal birth)     Genetic counseling (Self Learning)        |  |  |
|      |                            |  | Planned parenthood  |  |  |
|      |                            |  | Pregnancy assessment and antenatal care (I, II & III Trimesters)  | Case discussion/   |  |
|      |                            | Describe the physiology, assessment  | Normal pregnancy  | presentation   |  |
|      |                            | and management of normal pregnancy   | Physiological changes during<br>pregnancy   | <ul><li>Simulation</li><li>Supervised</li></ul>                    |  |
|      |                            |  | Assess and confirm pregnancy:     Diagnosis of pregnancy – Signs,     differential diagnosis and confirmatory     tests | clinical practice  |  |
|      |                            |  | Review of maternal nutrition & malnutrition   |  |  |
|      |                            |  | Building partnership with women<br>following RMC protocol   |  |  |
|      |                            |  | • Fathers' engagement in maternity care   |  |  |
|      |                            |  | Ante-natal care:  |  |  |
|      |                            |  | 1 <sup>st</sup> Trimesters  |  |  |
|      |                            | Demonstrate  | Antenatal assessment: History taking,<br>physical examination, breast<br>examination, laboratory investigation          |  |  |
|      |                            | knowledge, attitude<br>and skills of midwifery<br>practice throughout<br>1st,2nd and 3rd | Identification and management of<br>minor discomforts of pregnancy  | Refer SBA module     & Safe motherhood                             |  |

| Unit | Time  | <b>Learning Outcomes</b> | Content  | Teaching/Learning<br>Activities              | Assessment<br>Methods |
|------|-------|--------------------------|--|--|-----------------------|
|      | (Hrs) | tains a starr            | A  |  |                       |
|      |       | trimesters               | Antenatal care : as per GoI guidelines   | booklet                                      |                       |
|      |       |                          | <ul> <li>Antenatal counseling (lifestyle changes,<br/>nutrition, shared decision making, risky<br/>behavior, sexual life during pregnancy,<br/>immunization etc.)</li> </ul>           | • Lab tests – performance and interpretation |                       |
|      |       |                          | <ul> <li>Danger signs during pregnancy</li> </ul>  | Demonstration                                |                       |
|      |       |                          | Respectful care and compassionate communication  | • Roleplay                                   |                       |
|      |       |                          | • Recording and reporting: as per the GoI guidelines   |  |                       |
|      |       |                          | Role of Doula/ASHAs  |  |                       |
|      |       |                          | II Trimester   |  |                       |
|      |       |                          | <ul> <li>Antenatal assessment: abdominal<br/>palpation, fetal assessment,<br/>auscultate fetal heart rate – Doppler<br/>and pinnard's stethoscope</li> </ul>                           |  |                       |
|      |       |                          | <ul> <li>Assessment of fetal well-being:<br/>DFMC, biophysical profile, Non<br/>stress test, cardio-tocography, USG,<br/>Vibro acoustic stimulation,<br/>biochemical tests.</li> </ul> |  |                       |
|      |       |                          | Antenatal care   |  |                       |
|      |       |                          | Women centered care  | Demonstration of                             |                       |
|      |       |                          | Respectful care and compassionate communication  | antenatal<br>assessment                      |                       |
|      |       |                          | <ul> <li>Health education on IFA, calcium<br/>and vitamin D supplementation,<br/>glucose tolerance test, etc.</li> </ul>   |  |                       |
|      |       |                          | <ul> <li>Education and management of<br/>physiological changes and<br/>discomforts of 2<sup>nd</sup> trimester</li> </ul>  |  |                       |
|      |       |                          | Rh negative and prophylactic<br>anti D   |  |                       |
|      |       |                          | Referral and collaboration,<br>empowerment   |  |                       |
|      |       |                          | Ongoing risk assessment  |  |                       |
|      |       |                          | Maternal Mental Health   |  |                       |
|      |       |                          | III Trimester  |  |                       |
|      |       |                          | • Antenatal assessment: abdominal palpation, fetal assessment, auscultate fetal heart rate – Doppler and pinnard's stethoscope   |  |                       |
|      |       |                          | <ul> <li>Education and management of<br/>physiological changes and<br/>discomforts of 3<sup>rd</sup> trimester</li> </ul>  |  |                       |
|      |       |                          | • Third trimester tests and screening  |  |                       |
|      |       |                          | Fetal engagement in late pregnancy   |  |                       |
|      |       |                          | Childbirth preparation classes   |  |                       |

| Unit Tim          | 8                                 | Content   | Teaching/Learning<br>Activities   | Assessment<br>Methods   |
|-------------------|-----------------------------------|---|---|---|
|                   |                                   | <ul> <li>Birth preparedness and complication readiness including micro birth planning</li> <li>Danger signs of pregnancy – recognition of ruptured membranes</li> </ul>   |   |   |
|                   |                                   | <ul> <li>Education on alternative birthing positions – women's preferred choices, birth companion</li> <li>Ongoing risk assessment</li> <li>Cultural needs</li> <li>Women centered care</li> <li>Respectful and compassionate communication</li> <li>Health education on exclusive breastfeeding</li> <li>Role of Doula/ASHA's</li> </ul>   | <ul> <li>Scenario based learning</li> <li>Lecture</li> <li>Simulation</li> <li>Role play</li> <li>Refer GoI Guidelines</li> <li>Health talk</li> <li>Counseling session</li> <li>Demonstration of birthing positions</li> <li>Workshop on alternative birthing positions</li> </ul>   |   |
| IV 12 ( 12 ( 80 ( | (L) of labour in promoting normal | Physiology, management and care during labour  Normal labour and birth  Onset of birth/labour  Per vaginal examination (if necessary)  Stages of labour  Organization of labour room – Triage, preparation for birth  Positive birth environment  Respectful care and communication  Drugs used in labour as per GoI guidelines  Fist Stage  Physiology of normal labour  Monitoring progress of labour using Partograph/labour care guide  Assessing and monitoring fetal well being  Evidence based care during 1st stage of labour  Pain management in labour (non-pharmacological)  Psychological support – Managing fear  Activity and ambulation during first stage of labour | <ul> <li>Lecture</li> <li>Discussion</li> <li>Demonstration</li> <li>Bedside clinics</li> <li>Case discussion/presentation</li> <li>Simulated practice</li> <li>Supervised Clinical practice – Per vaginal examination, Conduction of normal childbirth</li> <li>Refer SBA module</li> <li>LaQshya guidelines</li> <li>Dakshata guidelines</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Essay type</li> <li>Short answer</li> <li>Objective type</li> <li>Case study evaluation</li> <li>Assessment of skills with check list</li> <li>OSCE</li> </ul> |

| (Hrs)  |   | <ul> <li>Nutrition during labour</li> <li>Promote positive childbirth experience for women</li> </ul>                     |   |  |
|--------|---|---|---|--|
|        |   | Promote positive childbirth experience<br>for women   |   |  |
|        |   | for women   |   |  |
|        |   | Dirth companion   |   |  |
|        |   | Birth companion   |   |  |
|        |   | Role of Doula/ASHA's  |   |  |
|        |   | Second stage  |   |  |
|        |   | Physiology (Mechanism of labour)  | • Refer ENBC,                                     |  |
|        |   | Signs of imminent labour  | NSSK module                                       |  |
|        | Discuss how the   | Intrapartum monitoring  | • Demonstration                                   |  |
|        | midwife provides care and support for the                 | Birth position of choice  | • Group work                                      |  |
| v      | women during birth to                                     | <ul> <li>Vaginal examination</li> </ul>   | • Scenario based                                  |  |
|        | enhance physiological pirthing and promote                | <ul> <li>Psychological support</li> </ul>   | learning  |  |
| r      | normal birth  | Non-directive coaching  |   |  |
|        | Assess and provide care of the newborn                    | <ul> <li>Evidence based management of<br/>physiological birth/Conduction of<br/>normal childbirth</li> </ul>              |   |  |
|        | immediately   | • Essential newborn care (ENBC)   |   |  |
|        | following birth   | Immediate assessment and care of<br>the newborn   |   |  |
|        |   | • Role of Doula/ASHA's  |   |  |
|        |   | Third Stage   |   |  |
|        |   | <ul> <li>Physiology – placental separation<br/>and expulsion, hemostasis</li> </ul>                                       | • Simulation                                      |  |
|        |   | <ul> <li>Physiological management of<br/>third stage of labour</li> </ul>   | <ul><li>Role play</li><li>Demonstration</li></ul> |  |
|        |   | Active management of third stage<br>of labour (recommended)   | • Videos  |  |
|        |   | <ul> <li>Examination of placenta,<br/>membranes and vessels</li> </ul>  |   |  |
|        |   | <ul> <li>Assess perineal, vaginal tear/<br/>injuries and suture if required</li> </ul>                                    |   |  |
|        |   | Insertion of postpartum IUCD  |   |  |
|        |   | Immediate perineal care   |   |  |
|        |   | Initiation of breast feeding  |   |  |
|        |   | Skin to skin contact  |   |  |
|        |   | Newborn resuscitation   |   |  |
|        | Discuss the impact of                                     | Fourth Stage  |   |  |
|        |   | Observation, Critical Analysis and<br>Management of mother and newborn  |   |  |
| l<br>t | abour and birth as a ransitional event in he woman's life | <ul> <li>Maternal assessment, observation<br/>fundal height, uterine consistency,<br/>urine output, blood loss</li> </ul> |   |  |
|        |   | Documentation and Record of birth   |   |  |

| Unit | Time   | <b>Learning Outcomes</b>               | Content   | Teaching/Learning                                | Assessment                                    |
|------|--------|--|---|--|---|
|      | (Hrs)  |  |   | Activities                                       | Methods                                       |
|      |        |  | Breastfeeding and latching  |  |   |
|      |        | Ensure initiation of                   | Managing uterine cramp  |  |   |
|      |        | breast feeding and adequate latching   | Alternative/complementary therapies   |  |   |
|      |        |  | Role of Doula/ASHA's  |  |   |
|      |        |  | Various childbirth practices  |  |   |
|      |        |  | Safe environment for mother and<br>newborn to promote bonding   |  |   |
|      |        |  | Maintaining records and reports   |  |   |
| V    | 7 (T)  | Describe the physiology,               | Postpartum care/Ongoing care of women   | • Lecture  | • Essay type                                  |
|      | 6 (L)  | management and care                    | • Normal puerperium – Physiology,   | • Discussion                                     | Short answer                                  |
|      | 40 (C) | of normal puerperium                   | duration  | Demonstration                                    | Objective type                                |
|      |        |  | Post-natal assessment and care —  fooility and home based core  | Health talk                                      | Assessment of                                 |
|      |        |  | facility and home-based care  • Perineal hygiene and care   | • Simulated practice                             | skills with                                   |
|      |        |  | <ul> <li>Perineal hygiene and care</li> <li>Bladder and bowel function</li> </ul>   | <ul><li>Supervised</li></ul>                     | <ul><li>checklist</li><li>OSCE</li></ul>      |
|      |        |  | Minor disorders of puerperium and its   | clinical practice                                | OSCE  |
|      |        |  | management  | Refer SBA module                                 |   |
|      |        |  | Physiology of lactation and lactation<br>management   |  |   |
|      |        |  | Postnatal counseling and<br>psychological support   |  |   |
|      |        |  | Normal postnatal baby blues and<br>recognition of post-natal depression   |  |   |
|      |        |  | Transition to parenthood  |  |   |
|      |        |  | Care for the woman up to 6 weeks after childbirth   |  |   |
|      |        |  | Cultural competence (Taboos related<br>to postnatal diet and practices)   |  |   |
|      |        |  | Diet during lactation-review  |  |   |
|      |        |  | Post-partum family planning   |  |   |
|      |        |  | Follow-up of postnatal mothers  |  |   |
|      |        |  | Drugs used in the postnatal period  |  |   |
|      |        |  | Records and reports   |  |   |
| VI   | 7 (T)  | Discuss the need for                   | Assessment and ongoing care of  | • Lecture  | Essay type                                    |
|      |        | and provision of compassionate, family | normal neonates   | • Discussion                                     | Short answer                                  |
|      |        | centered midwifery                     | Family centered care  Proportion and a management an | • Demonstration                                  | Objective                                     |
|      |        | care of the newborn                    | Respectful newborn care and communication   | • Simulated                                      | type  |
|      |        | Describe the                           | Normal Neonate – Physiological  | practice session                                 | <ul> <li>Assessment of skills with</li> </ul> |
|      |        | assessment and care                    | adaptation  | <ul> <li>Supervised clinical practice</li> </ul> | checklist                                     |
|      |        | of normal neonate                      | Newborn assessment – Screening for<br>congenital anomalies  | Refer safe deliver app module –                  | • OSCE  |
|      |        |  | • Care of newborn up to 6 weeks after   | newborn  |   |

| Unit | Time  | <b>Learning Outcomes</b>  | Content   | Teaching/Learning Activities  | Assessment<br>Methods   |
|------|-------|---|---|---|---|
|      | (Hrs) |   | the childbirth (Routine care of newborn)  Skin to skin contact and thermoregulation  Infection prevention  Immunization   | management  • Partial completion of SBA module  |   |
|      |       |   | Minor disorders of newborn and its<br>management  |   |   |
| VII  | 2 (L) | Explain various methods of family planning and role of nurse/midwife in providing family planning services  Describe youth friendly services and role of nurses/midwives  Recognize the role of | <ul> <li>Family welfare services</li> <li>Impact of early/frequent childbearing</li> <li>Comprehensive range of family planning methods         <ul> <li>Temporary methods − Hormonal, non-hormonal and barrier methods</li> <li>Permanent methods − Male sterilization and female sterilization</li> </ul> </li> <li>Action, effectiveness, advantages, disadvantages, myths, misconception and medical eligibility criteria (MEC) for use of various family planning methods</li> <li>Emergency contraceptives</li> <li>Recent trends and research in contraception</li> <li>Family planning counseling using Balanced Counseling Strategy (BCS)</li> <li>Legal and rights aspects of FP</li> <li>Human rights aspects of FP</li> <li>Human rights aspects of FP adolescents</li> <li>Youth friendly services − SRHR services, policies affecting SRHR and attitude of nurses and midwives in provision of services (Review)</li> <li>Importance of follow up and recommended timing</li> <li>Gender related issues in SRH</li> <li>Gender based violence − Physical, sexual and abuse, Laws affecting GBV and role of nurse/midwife</li> <li>Special courts for abused people</li> <li>Gender sensitive health services including family planning</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Lecture</li> <li>Supervised practice</li> <li>Field visits</li> <li>Scenario based learning</li> <li>Discussion</li> <li>GoI guidelines – injectable contraceptives, oral contraceptives, IUCD, male and female sterilization</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Essay type</li> <li>Short answers</li> <li>Objective type</li> <li>Field visit reports</li> <li>Vignettes</li> </ul> |
|      |       | nurses/midwives in<br>gender based violence   |   |   |   |

#### **PRACTICUM**

#### PLACEMENT: VI & VII SEMESTER

#### VI SEMESTER: MIDWIFERY/OBSTETRICS AND GYNECOLOGY (OBG) NURSING - I

#### **SKILL LAB & CLINICAL:** Skill Lab – 1 Credit (40 hours); Clinical – 3 Credits (240 hours)

# **PRACTICE COMPETENCIES:** On completion of the course, the students will be able to:

- 1. Counsel women and their families on pre-conception care
- 2. Demonstrate lab tests ex. urine pregnancy test
- 3. Perform antenatal assessment of pregnant women
- 4. Assess and care for normal antenatal mothers
- 5. Assist and perform specific investigations for antenatal mothers
- 6. Counsel mothers and their families on antenatal care and preparation for parenthood
- 7. Conduct childbirth education classes
- 8. Organize labour room
- 9. Prepare and provide respectful maternity care for mothers in labour
- 10. Perform per-vaginal examination for a woman in labour if indicated
- 11. Conduct normal childbirth with essential newborn care
- 12. Demonstrate skills in resuscitating the newborn
- 13. Assist women in the transition to motherhood
- 14. Perform postnatal and newborn assessment
- 15. Provide care for postnatal mothers and their newborn
- 16. Counsel mothers on postnatal and newborn care
- 17. Perform PPIUCD insertion and removal
- 18. Counsel women on family planning and participate in family welfare services
- 19. Provide youth friendly health services
- 20. Identify, assess, care and refer women affected with gender based violence

#### **SKILL LAB:** Procedures/Skills for demonstration and return demonstration:

- 1. Urine pregnancy test
- 2. Calculation of EDD, Obstetrical score, gestational weeks
- 3. Antenatal assessment
- 4. Counseling antenatal mothers
- 5. Micro birth planning
- 6. PV examination
- 7. Monitoring during first stage of labour Plotting and interpretation of partograph
- 8. Preparation for delivery setting up labour room, articles, equipment
- 9. Mechanism of labour normal
- 10. Conduction of normal childbirth with essential newborn care
- 11. Active management of third stage of labour
- 12. Placental examination
- 13. Newborn resuscitation
- 14. Monitoring during fourth stage of labour
- 15. Postnatal assessment

- 16. Newborn assessment
- 17. Kangaroo mother care
- 18. Family planning counseling
- 19. PPIUCD insertion and removal

# CLINICAL POSTINGS (6 weeks × 40 hours per week = 240 hours)

| Clinical<br>Area   | Duration (weeks) | Clinical Learning<br>Outcomes   | Procedural Competencies/<br>Clinical Skills  | Clinical<br>Requirements   | Assessment<br>Methods   |
|--|------------------|---|--|--|---|
|  |                  | _   |  |  |   |
| Labour   | 3 weeks          | Monitor labour using partograph  Provide care to women during labour  Conduct normal childbirth, provide care to mother and immediate care of newborn | <ul> <li>Assessment of woman in labour</li> <li>Partograph</li> <li>Per vaginal examination when indicated</li> <li>Care during first stage of labour</li> <li>Pain management techniques</li> <li>Upright and alternative positions in labour</li> <li>Preparation for labour – articles, physical, psychological</li> <li>Conduction of normal childbirth</li> <li>Essential newborn care</li> <li>Newborn resuscitation</li> <li>Active management of third stage of labour</li> <li>Monitoring and care during fourth stage of labour</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Partograph recording</li> <li>PV examination</li> <li>Assisting/ Conduction of normal childbirth</li> <li>Case study</li> <li>Case presentation</li> <li>Episiotomy and suturing if indicated</li> <li>Newborn resuscitation</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Assignment</li> <li>case study</li> <li>Case presentation</li> <li>OSCE</li> </ul> |
| Post-<br>partum<br>clinic and<br>Postnatal<br>Ward<br>including<br>FP unit | 2 weeks          | Perform postnatal assessment  Provide care to normal postnatal mothers and newborn  | <ul> <li>Postnatal assessment</li> <li>Care of postnatal mothers – normal</li> <li>Care of normal newborn</li> <li>Lactation management</li> </ul>   | <ul> <li>Postnatal<br/>assessment</li> <li>Newborn<br/>assessment</li> <li>Case study</li> </ul>   | <ul><li>Assignment</li><li>Case study</li><li>Case presentation</li></ul>                   |

| Clinical<br>Area | Clinical Learning<br>Outcomes   |  | Clinical<br>Requirements | Assessment<br>Methods |
|------------------|---------------------------------|--|--------------------------|-----------------------|
|                  |                                 | <ul><li>Postnatal counseling</li><li>Health teaching on postnatal and newborn care</li></ul> | • PPIUCD                 |                       |
|                  | Provide family welfare services | Family welfare counseling  | insertion & removal      |                       |

Note: Partial Completion of SBA module during VI semester

#### VII SEMESTER

#### MIDWIFERY/OBSTETRICS AND GYNECOLOGY (OBG) NURSING - II

#### **PRACTICUM**

**SKILL LAB & CLINICAL:** Skill Lab – 1 Credit (40 hours); Clinical – 4 Credits (320 hours)

PRACTICE COMPETENCIES: On completion of the course, the students will be able to:

- 1. Identify, stabilize and refer antenatal women with complications
- 2. Provide care to antenatal women with complications
- 3. Provide post abortion care& counselling
- 4. Assist in the conduction of abnormal vaginal deliveries and caesarean section.
- 5. Demonstrate skills in resuscitating the newborn
- 6. Assist and manage complications during labour
- 7. Identify postnatal and neonatal complications, stabilize and refer them
- 8. Provide care for high risk antenatal, intranatal and postnatal women and their families using nursing process approach
- 9. Provide care for high risk newborn
- 10. Assist in advanced clinical procedures in midwifery and obstetric nursing
- 11. Provide care for women during their non childbearing period.
- 12. Assess and care for women with gynecological disorders
- 13. Demonstrate skills in performing and assisting in specific gynecological procedures
- 14. Counsel and care for couples with infertility

#### **SKILL LAB:** Procedures/Skills for demonstration and return demonstration:

- 1. Antenatal assessment and identification of complications
- Post abortion care & counseling
- 3. Counseling antenatal women for complication readiness
- 4. Mechanism of labour abnormal
- 5. Assisting in the conduction of abnormal vaginal deliveries and caesarean section.
- 6. Management of complications during pregnancy/labour/post partum (case studies/simulated scenarios)
- 7. Administration of Inj. Magnesium sulphate
- 8. Starting and maintaining an oxytocin drip for PPH
- 9. Management of PPH Bimanual compression of uterus
- 10. Management of PPH Balloon tamponade
- 11. Instruments used in obstetrics and gynecology
- 12. Visual inspection of cervix with acetic acid
- 13. Cervical biopsy
- 14. Breast examination
- 15. Counseling of infertile couples

# CLINICAL POSTINGS (8 weeks × 40 hours per week = 320 hours)

| Clinical<br>Areas  | Duration<br>(Weeks) | Learning Outcomes   | Procedural Competencies/<br>Clinical Skills  | Clinical<br>Requirements   | Assessment<br>Methods   |
|--|---------------------|---|--|--|---|
| Antenatal<br>OPD/<br>infertility<br>clinics/<br>Reproductive<br>medicine and | 2 weeks             | Perform/assist in<br>selected advanced<br>antenatal diagnostic<br>procedures  | <ul> <li>Kick chart, DFMC</li> <li>Assist in NST/CTG/USG</li> <li>Assisting in advanced diagnostic procedures</li> </ul>   | <ul><li>Antenatal palpation</li><li>Health talk</li><li>Case study</li></ul>   | <ul><li>Simulation</li><li>Case presentation</li><li>OSCE</li></ul>   |
| antenatal<br>ward  |                     | Provide antenatal care for women with complications of pregnancy  Counsel antenatal mothers  Provide post abortion care and postnatal counselling  Provide counselling and support to infertile couples | <ul> <li>Care of antenatal women with complications in pregnancy</li> <li>Antenatal counselling</li> <li>Preparation for childbirth, Birth preparedness and complication readiness</li> <li>Post abortion care</li> <li>Post abortion counselling</li> <li>Counselling infertile couples</li> </ul>  |  |   |
| Labour room  | 2 weeks             | Conduction of normal chidlbirth  Conduct/assist in abnormal deliveries  Monitor labour using partograph  Identify and manage complications during labour  | <ul> <li>Assessment of woman in labour</li> <li>Partograph</li> <li>Pervaginal examination if indicated</li> <li>Obstetric examination</li> <li>Care during first stage of labour</li> <li>Pain management techniques</li> <li>Upright and alternative positions in labour</li> <li>Preparation for labour – articles, physical, psychological</li> <li>Conduction of normal childbirth</li> <li>Essential newborn care</li> <li>Newborn resuscitation</li> <li>Active management of third stage of labour</li> <li>Monitoring and care during fourth stage of labour</li> <li>Identification, stabilization, referal and assisting in management of prolonged labour, cervical dystocia, CPD, contracted pelvis</li> <li>Assist in the management of</li> </ul> | Partograph recording  Pain management during labour  Conduction of normal childbirth  Assisting in abnormal deliveries  Managing complication during labour  Case study  Case presentation | <ul> <li>Assignment</li> <li>Case study</li> <li>Case presentation</li> <li>Simulation</li> <li>OSCE</li> </ul> |

| Clinical<br>Areas   | Duration<br>(Weeks) | Learning Outcomes   | Procedural Competencies/<br>Clinical Skills   | Clinical<br>Requirements  | Assessment<br>Methods   |
|---|---------------------|---|---|---|---|
|   |                     |   | abnormal deliveries – posterior<br>position, breech deliveries,<br>twin deliveries, vacuum<br>extraction, forceps delivery,<br>shoulder dystocia                                      |   |   |
|   |                     |   | Assist in cervical encerclage<br>procedures, D&C, D&E   |   |   |
|   |                     |   | Identify, assist and manage<br>trauma to the birth canal,<br>retained placenta, post partum<br>hemorrhage, uterine atony  |   |   |
|   |                     |   | Management of obstetric shock   |   |   |
| Postnatal<br>Ward   | 1 week              | Perform postnatal assessment and identify postnatal complications  Provide postnatal care                                   | <ul> <li>Postnatal history collection and<br/>physical examination</li> <li>Identify postnatal<br/>complications</li> </ul>   | <ul> <li>Health talk</li> <li>Postnatal assessment</li> <li>Newborn assessment</li> </ul>     | <ul><li>Role play</li><li>Assignment</li><li>Case study</li><li>Case</li></ul>                |
|   |                     |   | Care of postnatal mothers –     abnormal deliveries, caesarean section  | <ul><li> Case studies</li><li> Case presentation</li></ul>                                    | <ul><li>presentation</li><li>Simulation</li><li>Vignettes</li></ul>                           |
|   |                     |   | <ul><li> Care of normal newborn</li><li> Lactation management</li><li> Postnatal counselling</li></ul>  | PPIUCD insertion and removal  | • OSCE  |
|   |                     | Provide family welfare services   | <ul> <li>Health teaching on postnatal<br/>and newborn care</li> <li>Family welfare counselling</li> </ul>   |   |   |
| Neonatal<br>Intensive Care<br>Unit                          | 1week               | Perform assessment of<br>newborn and identify<br>complications/congenital<br>anomalies<br>Perform neonatal<br>resuscitation | <ul> <li>Neonatal assessment – identification of complication, congenital anomalies.</li> <li>Observation of newborn</li> <li>Neonatal resuscitation</li> </ul>                       | <ul> <li>Case study</li> <li>Case presentation</li> <li>Assignments</li> </ul>                | <ul> <li>Case presentation</li> <li>Care study</li> <li>Care plan</li> </ul>                  |
|   |                     | Care of high risk<br>newborn  | <ul> <li>Phototherapy and management<br/>of jaundice in newborn</li> <li>Assist in Exchange transfusion</li> <li>Neonatal feeding – spoon and<br/>katori, paladai, NG tube</li> </ul> | • Simulated practice  | <ul><li>Simulation,<br/>Vignettes</li><li>OSCE</li></ul>                                      |
|   |                     | Provide care for<br>newborns in ventilator,<br>incubator etc  | <ul> <li>Care of baby in incubator, ventilator, warmer</li> <li>Infection control in the nursery</li> <li>Neonatal medications</li> </ul>   |   |   |
|   |                     | Assist/perform special neonatal procedures  | Starting IV line for newborn,<br>drug calculation   |   |   |
| Obstetric/<br>Gynae<br>operation<br>theatre &<br>Gynecology | 2weeks              | Assist in gynecological and obstetric surgeries   | <ul> <li>Observe/Assist in caesarean section</li> <li>Management of retained placenta</li> </ul>  | <ul> <li>Assisting in obstetric and gynecological surgery</li> <li>Tray set-up for</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Assignment</li> <li>Tray set-up for obstetric and gynecological surgeries</li> </ul> |

| Clinical | Duration | Learning Outcomes                           | Procedural Competencies/  | Clinical                            | Assessment   |
|----------|----------|---|---|-------------------------------------|--|
| Areas    | (Weeks)  |   | Clinical Skills   | Requirements                        | Methods  |
| Ward     |          | Care for women with gynecological disorders | <ul> <li>Gynecological surgeries</li> <li>Hysterectomy</li> <li>Uterine rupture</li> <li>Care of women with gynecological conditions</li> <li>Health education</li> </ul> | caesarean<br>section<br>• Care plan | <ul><li>Case presentation</li><li>Simulation</li><li>Vignettes</li></ul> |

Note: Completion of safe delivery App module during VII Semester

### **REFERENCE**

- 1. DUTTA- -Text book of Obstetrics 4th Ed., -Text book of Gynecology 3rd ed.
- 2. C.S. DAWN- Textbook of Gynecology Contraception and Demography 13th ed.
- 3. BOBAK JENSEN- Essentials of Maternity Nursing 3rd ed.
- 4. LONGMAN Clinical Obstetrics 9th ed.
- 5. CAMPBELL -Gynecology by ten teachers 17th ed.
- 6. MYLES Text book of Midwifes 14th ed.

#### NURSING MANAGEMENT AND LEADERSHIP

**PLACEMENT:** VI Semester

THEORY: 3 Credits (60 hours) includes Lab/Skill Lab hours also

PRACTICUM: Clinical: 1 Credits (80 hours)

**DESCRIPTION:** This course is designed to enable students to acquire knowledge and competencies in areas of administration, and management of nursing services and education. Further prepares the students to develop leadership competencies and perform their role as effective leaders in an organization.

- 1. Analyze the health care trends influencing development of nursing services and education in India.
- 2. Describe the principles, functions and process of management applied to nursing.
- 3. Develop basic understanding and beginning competencies in planning and organizing nursing services in a hospital.
- 4. Apply the concept of human resource management and identify the job description for all categories of nursing personnel including in service education.
- 5. Discuss the principles and methods of staffing and scheduling in an individual hospital/nursing unit.
- 6. Develop skill in management of materials and supplies including inventory control.
- 7. Develop team working and inter professional collaboration competencies.
- 8. Identify effective leadership styles and develop leadership competencies.
- 9. Utilize the knowledge of principles and line of control and participate in quality management and evaluation activities.
- 10. Utilize the knowledge related to financial planning in nursing services and education during budgetary process.

- 11. Apply the knowledge of nursing informatics in maintenance of records and reports relevant to patient information, nursing care and progress.
- 12. Demonstrate understanding of the INC guidelines for establishment and accreditation of educational institutions in terms of faculty norms, physical infrastructure and clinical facilities.
- 13. Demonstrate beginning competencies in planning, organizing and staffing at college including implementation and evaluation of curriculum.
- 14. Identify the legal issues and laws relevant to nursing practice and education.
- 15 Apply the knowledge and utilize the various opportunities for professional advancement.

#### T-Theory

| Unit |       |   | Content   | Teaching/ Learning Activities   | Assessment  |
|------|-------|---|---|---|---|
|      | (Hrs) | Outcomes  |   |   | Methods   |
| I    |       | Explore the health care, development of nursing services and education in India and trends  Explain the principles and functions of | Health Care and Development of Nursing Services in India  Current health care delivery system of India – review  Planning and development of nursing services and education at global and national scenario  Recent trends and issues of nursing service and management  Management Basics Applied to Nursing           | Lecture cum discussion     Directed reading and written assignment      Lecture and discussion  | <ul> <li>Short answer</li> <li>Assessment of assignment</li> <li>MCQ</li> <li>Short answer</li> </ul>   |
|      |       | functions of management applied to nursing  | <ul> <li>Definitions, concepts and theories of management</li> <li>Importance, features and levels of management</li> <li>Management and administration</li> <li>Functions of management</li> <li>Principles of management</li> <li>Role of a nurse as a manager</li> <li>Introduction to Management Process</li> </ul> |   |   |
|      |       | Describe the introductory concepts of management as a process   | <ul> <li>Planning</li> <li>Organizing</li> <li>Staffing</li> <li>Directing/Leading</li> <li>Controlling</li> </ul> MANAGEMENT OF NURSING SERVICES   |   |   |
| III  | 4 (T) | Describe the<br>essential<br>elements of<br>planning  | Planning Nursing Services  Vision, Mission, philosophy, objectives  Nursing service policies, procedures and manuals  Functional and operational planning   | <ul> <li>Lecture and Discussion</li> <li>Visit to specific hospital/ patient care units</li> <li>Demonstration of disaster drill in the respective setting</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Formulate         Mission &amp;         Vision         Statement for         the nursing         department/         unit</li> <li>Assessment</li> </ul> |

| Unit | Time  |  | Content   | Teaching/ Learning Activities                               | Assessment                  |
|------|-------|--|---|---|-----------------------------|
|      | (Hrs) | Outcomes   |   |   | Methods                     |
|      |       |  | Strategic planning  |   | of problem-<br>solving      |
|      |       |  | <ul> <li>Program planning – Gantt chart &amp; milestone chart</li> </ul>  |   | exercises                   |
|      |       |  | <ul> <li>Budgeting – concepts, principles,<br/>types,</li> </ul>  |   | Visit Report                |
|      |       |  | • Budget proposal, cost benefit analysis  |   |                             |
|      |       |  | <ul> <li>Planning hospital and patient care unit<br/>(Ward)</li> </ul>  |   |                             |
|      |       |  | Planning for emergency and disaster   |   |                             |
| IV   | 4 (T) | Discuss the  | Organizing  | Lecture cum discussion                                      | Short answer                |
|      |       | concepts of<br>organizing<br>including<br>hospital<br>organization | <ul> <li>Organizing as a process – assignment,<br/>delegation and coordination</li> </ul>   | Comparison of organizational<br>structure of various        | • Assessment of assignment  |
|      |       |  | <ul> <li>Hospital – types, functions &amp; organization</li> </ul>  | organizations  • Nursing care delivery systems –            |                             |
|      |       |  | Organizational development  | assignment  |                             |
|      |       |  | Organizational structure  | Preparation of Organizational<br>chart of hospital/ Nursing |                             |
|      |       |  | Organizational charts   | services  |                             |
|      |       |  | Organizational effectiveness  |   |                             |
|      |       |  | <ul> <li>Hospital administration, Control &amp; line of authority</li> </ul>  |   |                             |
|      |       |  | <ul> <li>Hospital statistics including hospital utilization indices</li> </ul>  |   |                             |
|      |       |  | <ul> <li>Nursing care delivery systems and trends</li> </ul>  |   |                             |
|      |       |  | <ul> <li>Role of nurse in maintenance of<br/>effective organizational climate</li> </ul>  |   |                             |
| V    | 6 (T) | Identify the significance of                                       | Staffing (Human resource management)  | Lecture and discussion                                      | • Formulate Job             |
|      |       | human resource   | <ul> <li>Definition, objectives, components</li> </ul>  | Role play   | description at              |
|      |       | management (HRM) and   | and renetions   | Games self-assessment, case discussion and practice session | different levels of care    |
|      |       | material<br>management   | Staffing & Scheduling   | Calculation of staffing                                     | & compare with existing     |
|      |       | and discuss its  | <ul> <li>Staffing – Philosophy, staffing activities</li> </ul>  | requirements for a specified ward                           | system                      |
|      |       | elements   | Recruiting, selecting, deployment   | ward  | Preparation of  duty rester |
|      |       |  | <ul> <li>Training, development, credentialing,<br/>retaining, promoting, transfer,<br/>terminating, superannuation</li> </ul>   |   | duty roster                 |
|      |       |  | Staffing units – Projecting staffing<br>requirements/calculation of<br>requirements of staff resources Nurse<br>patient ratio, Nurse Population ratio as<br>per SIU norms/IPH Norms, and Patient<br>classification system |   |                             |
|      |       |  | <ul> <li>Categories of nursing personnel<br/>including job description of all levels</li> <li>Assignment and nursing care</li> </ul>  |   |                             |
|      |       |  | responsibilities  |   |                             |

| Unit | Time<br>(Hrs) | 0  | Content  | Teaching/ Learning Activities  | Assessment<br>Methods  |
|------|---------------|--|--|--|--|
|      |               | Explain the procedural steps of material management  Develop managerial skill in inventory control and actively participate in procurement process | <ul> <li>Turnover and absenteeism</li> <li>Staff welfare</li> <li>Discipline and grievances</li> <li>In-Service Education</li> <li>Nature and scope of in-service education program</li> <li>Principles of adult learning – review</li> <li>Planning and organizing in-service educational program</li> <li>Methods, techniques and evaluation</li> <li>Preparation of report</li> <li>Material Resource Management</li> <li>Procurement, purchasing process, inventory control &amp; role of nurse</li> <li>Auditing and maintenance in hospital and patient care unit</li> </ul> | • Visit to inventory store of the institution  | <ul> <li>Preparation of MMF/records</li> <li>Preparation of log book &amp; condemnation documents</li> <li>Visit Report</li> </ul> |
| VI   | 5 (T)         | Describe the important methods of supervision and guidance   | Directing and Leading  Definition, principles, elements of directing  Supervision and guidance Participatory management Inter-professional collaboration  Management by objectives  Team management Assignments, rotations  Maintenance of discipline Leadership in management   | <ul> <li>Lecture and discussion</li> <li>Demonstration of record &amp; report maintenance in specific wards/ departments</li> </ul>  | Assignment on Reports & Records maintained in nursing department/     Preparation of protocols and manuals                         |
| VII  | 4 (T)         | Discuss the significance and changing trends of nursing leadership  Analyze the different leadership styles and develop leadership competencies    | <ul> <li>Leadership</li> <li>Definition, concepts, and theories</li> <li>Leadership principles and competencies</li> <li>Leadership styles: Situational leadership, Transformational leadership</li> <li>Methods of leadership development</li> <li>Mentorship/preceptorship in nursing</li> <li>Delegation, power &amp; politics, empowerment, mentoring and coaching</li> <li>Decision making and problem solving</li> </ul>   | <ul> <li>Lecture cum discussion</li> <li>Self-assessment</li> <li>Report on types of leadership adopted at different levels of health care in the given setting</li> <li>Problem solving/ Conflict management exercise</li> <li>Observation of managerial roles at different levels (middle level mangers-ward incharge, ANS)</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Short answer</li> <li>Essay</li> <li>Assessment of exercise/report</li> </ul>   |

| Unit | Time<br>(Hrs) | Learning<br>Outcomes   | Content   | Teaching/ Learning Activities  | Assessment<br>Methods   |
|------|---------------|--|---|--|---|
|      |               |  | <ul> <li>Conflict management and negotiation</li> <li>Implementing planned change</li> </ul>  |  |   |
| VIII | 4 (T)         | Explain the process of controlling and its activities                        | <ul> <li>Controlling</li> <li>Implementing standards, policies, procedures, protocols and practices</li> <li>Nursing performance audit, patient satisfaction</li> <li>Nursing rounds, Documentation – records and reports</li> <li>Total quality management – Quality assurance, Quality and safety</li> <li>Performance appraisal</li> <li>Program evaluation review technique (PERT)</li> <li>Bench marking, Activity plan (Gantt chart)</li> <li>Critical path analysis</li> </ul> | Lecture cum discussion     Preparation of policies/ protocols for nursing units/ department  | Assessment<br>of prepared<br>protocols  |
| IX   | 4 (T)         | Explain the concepts of organizational behavior and group dynamics           | Organizational Behavior and Human Relations  Concepts and theories of organizational behavior  Group dynamics  Review – Interpersonal relationship  Human relations  Public relations in the context of nursing  Relations with professional associations and employee unions  Collective bargaining  Review – Motivation and morale building  Communication in the workplace – assertive communication  Committees – importance in the organization, functioning                     | Lecture and discussion     Role play/ exercise – Group dynamics & human relations  | • Short answer • OSCE   |
| X    | 2 (T)         | Describe the<br>financial<br>management<br>related to<br>nursing<br>services | <ul> <li>Financial Management</li> <li>Definition, objectives, elements, functions, principles &amp; scope of financial management</li> <li>Financial planning (budgeting for nursing department)</li> <li>Proposal, projecting requirement for staff, equipment and supplies for – Hospital &amp; patient care units &amp; emergency and disaster units</li> </ul>   | <ul> <li>Lecture cum discussion</li> <li>Budget proposal review</li> <li>Preparation of budget proposal for a specific department</li> </ul> | <ul><li>Short answer</li><li>Essay</li><li>Assessment of assignment</li></ul> |

| Unit | Time<br>(Hrs) |  | Content  | Teaching/ Learning Activities   | Assessment<br>Methods   |
|------|---------------|--|--|---|---|
|      |               | Outcomes   |  |   |   |
|      |               |  | Budget and Budgetary process   |   |   |
|      |               |  | Financial audit  |   |   |
| XI   | 1 (T)         | Review the concepts,   | Nursing Informatics/ Information<br>Management – Review  | • Review  | Short answer  |
|      |               | methods and  | <ul> <li>Patient records</li> <li>Nursing records</li> <li>Use of computers in hospital, college<br/>and community</li> </ul>  | <ul><li> Practice session</li><li> Visit to departments</li></ul>   |   |
|      |               |  | <ul> <li>Telemedicine &amp; Tele nursing</li> <li>Electronic Medical Records (EMR),<br/>EHR</li> </ul>   |   |   |
| XII  | 1 (T)         | and resilience   | <ul> <li>Personal Management – Review</li> <li>Emotional intelligence</li> <li>Resilience building</li> <li>Stress and time management – destressing</li> <li>Career planning</li> </ul>   | <ul><li>Review</li><li>Discussion</li></ul>   |   |
|      |               |  | MANAGEMENT OF NURSING<br>EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS  |   |   |
| XIII | 4 (T)         | Describe the process of establishing educational institutions and its accreditation guidelines | Establishment of Nursing Educational Institutions     Indian Nursing Council norms and guidelines – Faculty norms, physical facilities, clinical facilities, curriculum implementation, and evaluation/examination guidelines     Coordination with regulatory bodies – INC and State Nursing Council     Accreditation – Inspections     Affiliation with university/State council/board of examinations  | <ul> <li>Lecture and discussion</li> <li>Visit to one of the regulatory bodies</li> </ul>   | Visit report  |
| XIV  | 4 (T)         | planning and organizing functions of a   | <ul> <li>Planning and Organizing</li> <li>Philosophy, objectives and mission of the college</li> <li>Organization structure of school/college</li> <li>Review – Curriculum planning</li> <li>Planning teaching and learning experiences, clinical facilities – master plan, time table and clinical rotation</li> <li>Budget planning – faculty, staff, equipment &amp; supplies, AV aids, Lab equipment, library books, journals, computers and maintenance</li> <li>Infrastructure facilities – college, classrooms, hostel, library, labs,</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Directed reading – INC Curriculum</li> <li>Preparation of organizational structure of the college</li> <li>Written assignment – writing philosophy of a teaching department</li> <li>Preparation of master plan, time table and clinical rotation</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Short answer</li> <li>Essay</li> <li>Assessment of assignment</li> </ul> |

| Unit | Time  | Learning                                   | Content   | Teaching/ Learning Activities                              | Assessment   |
|------|-------|--|---|--|--|
|      | (Hrs) | Outcomes                                   |   |  | Methods  |
|      |       |  | computer lab, transport facilities  |  |  |
|      |       |  | <ul> <li>Records &amp; reports for students, staff,<br/>faculty and administrative</li> </ul>               |  |  |
|      |       |  | <ul> <li>Committees and functioning</li> </ul>  |  |  |
|      |       |  | Clinical experiences  |  |  |
| XV   | 4 (T) | Develop                                    | Staffing and Student Selection  | Guided reading on faculty                                  | Short answer   |
|      |       | understanding of staffing the college and  | • Faculty/staff selection, recruitment and placement, job description                                       | <ul><li>norms</li><li>Faculty welfare activities</li></ul> | Activity report  |
|      |       | selecting the                              | Performance appraisal   | report   | • Assessment   |
|      |       | students                                   | Faculty development   | Writing job description of tutors                          | of job<br>description  |
|      |       |  | • Faculty/staff welfare   |  | r  |
|      |       |  | <ul> <li>Student recruitment, admission,<br/>clinical placement</li> </ul>                                  |  |  |
| XVI  | 4 (T) | Analyze the                                | Directing and Controlling   | Review principles of evaluation                            | • Short  |
|      |       | leadership and management activities in an | • Review – Curriculum implementation and evaluation   | Assignment – Identify<br>disciplinary problems among       | <ul><li>answer</li><li>Assessment of assignment and record</li></ul> |
|      |       | educational organization                   | <ul> <li>Leadership and motivation,<br/>supervision – review</li> </ul>                                     | <ul><li>students</li><li>Writing student record</li></ul>  |  |
|      |       |  | Guidance and counseling   |  |  |
|      |       |  | <ul> <li>Quality management – educational audit</li> </ul>  |  |  |
|      |       |  | <ul> <li>Program evaluation, evaluation of performance</li> </ul>   |  |  |
|      |       |  | Maintaining discipline  |  |  |
|      |       |  | <ul> <li>Institutional records and reports –<br/>administrative, faculty, staff and<br/>students</li> </ul> |  |  |
| XVII |       | legal issues and                           | PROFESSIONAL<br>CONSIDERATIONS  |  |  |
|      |       | nursing                                    | Review – Legal and Ethical Issues   |  |  |
|      |       |  | Nursing as a profession –     Characteristics of a professional nurse                                       |  |  |
|      |       |  | <ul> <li>Nursing practice – philosophy, aim<br/>and objectives</li> </ul>                                   |  |  |
|      |       |  | <ul> <li>Regulatory bodies – INC and SNC constitution and functions</li> </ul>                              |  |  |
|      |       |  | Review – Professional ethics  |  |  |
|      |       |  | <ul> <li>Code of ethics and professional<br/>conduct – INC &amp; ICN</li> </ul>                             |  |  |
|      |       |  | • Practice standards for nursing – INC  |  |  |
|      |       |  | • International Council for Nurses (ICN)  |  |  |
|      |       |  | Legal aspects in nursing:   |  |  |
|      |       |  | • Consumer protection act, patient rights   |  |  |
|      |       |  | Legal terms related to practice, legal  |  |  |

| Unit  | Time<br>(Hrs) | Learning<br>Outcomes                                       | Content  | Teaching/ Learning Activities   | Assessment<br>Methods       |
|-------|---------------|--|--|---|-----------------------------|
|       |               |  | system – types of law, tort law & liabilities  • Laws related to nursing practice – negligence, malpractice, breach, penalties  • Invasion of privacy, defamation of character  • Nursing regulatory mechanisms – registration, licensure, renewal, accreditation, nurse practice act, regulation for nurse practitioner/specialist nursing practice |   |                             |
| XVIII | 2 (T)         | Explain various opportunities for professional advancement | <ul> <li>Professional Advancement</li> <li>Continuing Nursing Education</li> <li>Career opportunities</li> <li>Membership with professional organizations – national and international</li> <li>Participation in research activities</li> <li>Publications – journals, newspaper</li> </ul>  | <ul> <li>Prepare journal list available in India</li> <li>Write an article – research/clinical</li> </ul> | • Assessment of assignments |

Note: Less than 1 credit lab hours are not specified

### **CLINICAL PRACTICUM**

Clinical: 2 Credits (80 hours) 2 weeks  $\times$  40 hours per week = 80 hours

# **Practice Competencies:**

# Hospital

- 1. Prepare organizational chart of hospital/Nursing services/nursing department
- 2. Calculate staffing requirements for a particular nursing unit/ward
- 3. Formulate Job description at different levels of care
- 4. Prepare duty roster for staff/students at different levels
- 5. Participate in procuring/purchase of equipment & supplies
- 6. Prepare log book/MMF for specific equipment/materials
- 7. Maintain and store inventory and keep daily records
- 8. Prepare and maintain various records & reports of the settings incident reports/adverse reports/audit reports
- 9. Prepare and implement protocols & manuals

10 Participate in supervision, evaluation and conducting in service education for the staff

# **College & Hostel**

- 1. Prepare organizational chart of college
- 2. Formulate job description for tutors
- 3. Prepare Master plan, time table and clinical rotation
- 4. Prepare student anecdotes
- 5. Participate in planning, conducting and evaluation of clinical teaching
- 6. Participate in evaluation of students clinical experience
- 7. Participate in planning and conducting practical examination OSCE end of posting

CLINICAL POSTING: Management experience in hospital & college.

#### **REFERENCES:**

- 1. TNAI. Nursing Administration and Management, 1st edn, Academic Press: New Delhi, 2000.
- 2. Shakharkar, B M. Principles of Hospital Administration and Planning, Jaypee Brothers: Banglore, 1998.
- 3. Pai, Pragna. Effective Hospital Management, 1 st edn, The National Book Depot: Mumbai, 2002.
- 4. Srinivasan, A V.Managing a Modern Hospital, 1st edn, Sage Publications: New Delhi, 2002.
- 5. Basavanthappa, B T. Nursing Administration, 1 st edn, J P Brothers Medical Publishers: New Delhi, 2000.
- 6. Goel, s & Kumar, R. Hospital Administration and Management, 1 st edn, Deep and Deep Publications: New Delhi, 2000.
- 7. Park K. Park's Textbook of Preventive and Social Medicine, 17th edn, M/S Banarsidas Bhanot Publishers: Jabalpur, 2003.
- 8. Russels, C S. Management & Leadership for Nurse Managers, 3 rd edn, Jones Bartlett Publishers: London, 2002.
- 9. Francis, E M & Desouza, Mario. Hospital Administration, 3 rd edn, Jaypee Brothers Medical Publishers: New Delhi, 2000.
- 10. Goddard, H.A. Principles of Administration applied to Nursing Practice, WHO: Geneva, 1966.
- 11. Hersey, P., Blanchard, H K & Johnson, E D. M anagement of Organizational Behavior, Pearson Education Indian Branch: New Delhi, 2002.
- 12. Barret, Jean. Ward Management and Teaching, 2 nd edn, English Book Society: New Delhi, 1967.

#### **COMMUNITY HEALTH NURSING – II**

**PLACEMENT**: VII SEMESTER

**THEORY:** 5 Credits (100 hours) – includes lab hours also

**PRACTICUM:** Clinical: 2 Credit (160 hours)

**DESCRIPTION**: This course is designed to help students gain broad perspective of specialized roles and responsibilities of community health nurses and to practice in various specialized health care settings. It helps students to develop knowledge and competencies required for assessment, diagnosis, treatment, and nursing management of individuals and families within the community in wellness and illness continuum.

- 1. Demonstrate beginning practice competencies/skills relevant to provide comprehensive primary health care/community-based care to clients with common diseases and disorders including emergency and first aid care at home/clinics/centres as per predetermined protocols/drug standing orders approved by MOH&FW
- 2. Provide maternal, newborn and child care, and reproductive health including adolescent care in the urban and rural health care settings
- 3. Describe the methods of collection and interpretation of demographic data
- 4. Explain population control and its impact on the society and describe the approaches towards limiting family size
- 5. Describe occupational health hazards, occupational diseases and the role of nurses in occupational health programs
- 6. Identify health problems of older adults and provide primary care, counseling and supportive health services
- 7. Participate in screening for mental health problems in the community and providing appropriate referral services
- 8. Discuss the methods of data collection for HMIS, analysis and interpretation of data
- 9. Discuss about effective management of health information in community diagnosis and intervention
- 10. Describe the management system of delivery of community health services in rural and urban areas
- 11. Describe the leadership role in guiding, supervising, and monitoring the health services and the personnel at the PHCs, SCs and community level including financial management and maintenance of records & reports
- 12. Describe the roles and responsibilities of Mid-Level Health Care Providers (MHCPs) in Health Wellness Centers (HWCs
- 13. Identify the roles and responsibilities of health team members and explain their job description
- 14. Demonstrate initiative in preparing themselves and the community for disaster preparedness and management
- 15. Demonstrate skills in proper bio-medical waste management as per protocols
- 16. Explain the roles and functions of various national and international health agencies

# $\boldsymbol{T-Theory}$

| Unit | Time<br>(Hrs) | Learning<br>Outcomes   | Content  | Teaching / Learning<br>Activities  | Assessment<br>Methods   |
|------|---------------|--|--|--|---|
| I    | 10 (T)        | Explain nurses' role in identification, primary management and referral of clients with common disorders/ conditions and emergencies including first aid | Management of common conditions and emergencies including first aid  Standing orders: Definition, uses  Screening, diagnosing/ identification, primary care and referral of Gastrointestinal System  Abdominal pain  Nausea and vomiting  Diarrhea  Constipation  Jaundice  GI bleeding  Abdominal distension  Dysphagia and dyspepsia  Aphthous ulcers  Respiratory System  Acute upper respiratory infections — Rhinitis, Sinusitis, Pharyngitis, Laryngitis, Tonsillitis  Acute lower respiratory infections — Bronchitis, pneumonia and bronchial asthma  Henoptysis, Acute chest pain  Heart & Blood  Common heart diseases — Heart attack/coronary artery disease, heart failure, arrhythmia  Blood anemia, blood cancers, bleeding disorders  Eye & ENT conditions  Eye — local infections, redness of eye, conjunctivitis, stye, trachoma and refractive errors  ENT — Epistaxis, ASOM, sore throat, deafness  Urinary System  Urinary tract infections — cystitis, pyelonephritis, prostatitis, UTIs in children  First aid in common emergency conditions — Review  High fever, low blood sugar, minor injuries, fractures, fainting, bleeding, shock, stroke, bites, burns, choking, seizures, RTAs, poisoning, drowning and foreign bodies | <ul> <li>Lecture</li> <li>Discussion</li> <li>Demonstration</li> <li>Role play</li> <li>Suggested field visits</li> <li>Field practice</li> <li>Assessment of clients with common conditions and provide referral</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Short answer</li> <li>Essay</li> <li>Field visit reports</li> <li>OSCE assessment</li> </ul> |

| reproductive, maternal, newborn and childcare, including adolescent care in the urban and trural health care settings and child health in India and examination, nutrition during pregnancy, counseling  • Calcium and iron supplementation in pregnancy counseling  • Calcium and iron supplementation in pregnancy identification and primary management of complications – Antepartum hemorrhage, pre-eclampsia, clampsia, Anemia, Gestational diabetes mellitus, Hypothyroidism, Syphilis  • Referral, follow up and maintenance of records and reports  Intra natal care  • Normal labour – process, onset, stages of labour  • Monitoring and active management of different stages of labour  • Care of women after labour  • Early identification, primary management, referral and follow up – preterm labour, feat distress, prolonged and obstructed labour, vaginal & perennial tears, ruptured utcrus  • Care of newborn immediately after birth  • Maintenance of records and reports  • Use of Safe child birth check list  • SBA module – Review  • Organization of labour room  Postpartum care  • Objectives, Postmatal visits and examination, nutrition during pregnancy, reschool child, school child, | Unit | Time<br>(Hrs) | Learning<br>Outcomes  | Content  | Teaching / Learning<br>Activities   | Assessment<br>Methods   |
|---|------|---------------|---|--|---|---|
| <ul> <li>and baby, breast feeding, diet during lactation, and health counseling</li> <li>Early identification, primary management, referral and follow up of complications, Danger signs-postpartum hemorrhage,</li> </ul>  |      | (Hrs)         | Provide reproductive, maternal, newborn and childcare, including adolescent care in the urban and rural | Reproductive, maternal, newborn, child and adolescent Health (Review from OBG Nursing and application in community setting)  Present situation of reproductive, maternal and child health in India  Antenatal care  Objectives, antenatal visits and examination, nutrition during pregnancy, counseling  Calcium and iron supplementation in pregnancy  Antenatal care at health centre level  Birth preparedness  High risk approach – Screening/early identification and primary management of complications – Antepartum hemorrhage, pre-eclampsia, eclampsia, Anemia, Gestational diabetes mellitus, Hypothyroidism, Syphilis  Referral, follow up and maintenance of records and reports  Intra natal care  Normal labour – process, onset, stages of labour  Monitoring and active management of different stages of labour  Care of women after labour  Early identification, primary management, referral and follow up – preterm labour, fetal distress, prolonged and obstructed labour, vaginal & perennial tears, ruptured uterus  Care of newborn immediately after birth  Maintenance of records and reports  Use of Safe child birth check list  SBA module – Review  Organization of labour room  Postpartum care | Activities  • Lecture  • Discussion  • Demonstration  • Role play  • Suggested field visits and field practice  • Assessment of antenatal, postnatal, newborn, infant, preschool child, school child, and | <ul><li>Methods</li><li>Short answer</li><li>Essay</li><li>OSCE</li></ul> |
| post-partum depression  • Postpartum visit by health care provider  |      |               |   | <ul> <li>Objectives, Postnatal visits, care of mother and baby, breast feeding, diet during lactation, and health counseling</li> <li>Early identification, primary management, referral and follow up of complications, Danger signs-postpartum hemorrhage, shock, puerperal sepsis, breast conditions, post-partum depression</li> </ul>   |   |   |

| Unit | Time<br>(Hrs) | Learning<br>Outcomes               | Content  | Teaching / Learning<br>Activities  | Assessment<br>Methods |
|------|---------------|------------------------------------|--|--|-----------------------|
|      |               |                                    | Newborn and child care   |  |                       |
|      |               |                                    | • Review: Essential newborn care   |  |                       |
|      |               |                                    | Management of common neonatal problems   |  |                       |
|      |               |                                    | Management of common child health<br>problems: Pneumonia, Diarrhoea, Sepsis,<br>screening for congenital anomalies and<br>referral   |  |                       |
|      |               |                                    | • Review: IMNCI Module   |  |                       |
|      |               |                                    | Under five clinics   |  |                       |
|      |               |                                    | Adolescent Health  |  |                       |
|      |               |                                    | Common health problems and risk factors<br>in adolescent girls and boys  |  |                       |
|      |               |                                    | Common Gynecological conditions – dysmenoorhea, Premenstrual Syndrome (PMS), Vaginal discharge, Mastitis, Breast lump, pelvic pain, pelvic organ prolapse                      |  |                       |
|      |               |                                    | Teenage pregnancy, awareness about legal<br>age of marriage, nutritional status of<br>adolescents National Menstrual Hygiene<br>scheme   |  |                       |
|      |               | Promote adolescent                 | Youth friendly services:   |  |                       |
|      |               | health and youth friendly services | o SRH Service needs  |  |                       |
|      |               |                                    | client autonomy, respectful care and   | <ul><li>Screen, manage and refer adolescents</li><li>Counsel adolescents</li></ul> |                       |
|      |               |                                    | <ul> <li>Counseling for parents and teenagers (BCS         <ul> <li>balanced counseling strategy)</li> </ul> </li> </ul>   |  |                       |
|      |               |                                    | National Programs  |  |                       |
|      |               |                                    | RMNCH+A Approach – Aims, Health<br>systems strengthening, RMNCH+A<br>strategies, Interventions across life stages,<br>program management, monitoring and<br>evaluation systems |  |                       |
|      |               |                                    | Universal Immunization Program (UIP) as<br>per Government of India guidelines –<br>Review  |  |                       |
|      |               |                                    | Rashtriya Bal Swasthya Karyakaram<br>(RSBK) -children  |  |                       |
|      |               |                                    | Rashtriya Kishor Swasthya Karyakram<br>(RKSK) – adolscents   |  |                       |
|      |               |                                    | Any other new programs   |  |                       |

| Unit | Time<br>(Hrs) | Learning<br>Outcomes  | Content  | Teaching / Learning<br>Activities   | Assessment<br>Methods   |
|------|---------------|---|--|---|---|
| III  | 4 (T)         | Discuss the concepts and scope of demography  | <ul> <li>Demography, Surveillance and Interpretation of Data</li> <li>Demography and vital statistics – demographic cycle, world population trends, vital statistics</li> <li>Sex ratio and child sex ratio, trends of sex ratio in India, the causes and social implications</li> <li>Sources of vital statistics – Census, registration of vital events, sample registration system</li> <li>Morbidity and mortality indicators – Definition, calculation and interpretation</li> <li>Surveillance, Integrated disease surveillance project (IDSP), Organization of IDSP, flow of information and mother and child tracking system (MCTS) in India</li> <li>Collection, analysis, interpretation, use of data</li> <li>Review: Common sampling techniques – random and nonrandom techniques</li> <li>Disaggregation of data</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Lecture</li> <li>Discussion</li> <li>Demonstration</li> <li>Role play</li> <li>Suggested field visits</li> <li>Field practice</li> </ul> | <ul><li>Short answer</li><li>Essay</li></ul>  |
| IV   | 6 (T)         | Discuss population explosion and its impact on social and economic development of India  Describe the various methods of population control | Population and its Control  Population Explosion and its impact on Social, Economic development of individual, society and country.  Population Control – Women Empowerment; Social, Economic and Educational Development  Limiting Family Size – Promotion of small family norm, Temporary Spacing Methods (natural, biological, chemical, mechanical methods etc.), Terminal Methods (Tubectomy, Vasectomy)  Emergency Contraception  Counseling in reproductive, sexual health including problems of adolescents  Medical Termination of pregnancy and MTP Act  National Population Stabilization Fund/JSK (Jansankhya Sthirata Kosh)  Family planning 2020  National Family Welfare Program  Role of a nurse in Family Welfare Program   | <ul> <li>Lecture</li> <li>Discussion</li> <li>Demonstration</li> <li>Role play</li> <li>Suggested field visits</li> <li>Field practice</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Short answer</li> <li>Essay</li> <li>OSCE assessment</li> <li>Counseling on family planning</li> </ul> |
| V    | 5 (T)         | Describe<br>occupational health<br>hazards,<br>occupational<br>diseases and the<br>role of nurses in  | Occupational Health  Occupational health hazards  Occupational diseases  ESI Act   | <ul><li>Lecture</li><li>Discussion</li><li>Demonstration</li><li>Role play</li></ul>  | <ul><li>Essay</li><li>Short answer</li><li>Clinical performance</li></ul>                                       |

| Unit | Time<br>(Hrs) | Learning<br>Outcomes  | Content  | Teaching / Learning<br>Activities                 | Assessment<br>Methods                        |
|------|---------------|---|--|---|--|
|      |               | occupational health programs  | National/State Occupational Health<br>Programs   | • Suggested field visits                          | Evaluation                                   |
|      |               |   | Role of a nurse in occupational health<br>services – Screening, diagnosing,<br>management and referral of clients with<br>occupational health problems       | Field practice                                    |  |
| VI   | 6 (T)         | Identify health   | Geriatric Health Care  | Lecture   | Visit report on                              |
|      |               | problems of older adults and provide  | Health problems of older adults  | • Discussion                                      | elderly home                                 |
|      |               | primary care,<br>counseling and<br>supportive health<br>services  | Management of common geriatric ailments:<br>counseling, supportive treatment of older<br>adults  | • Demonstration                                   | <ul><li>Essay</li><li>Short answer</li></ul> |
|      |               | services  | Organization of geriatric health services  |   |  |
|      |               |   | National program for health care of elderly<br>(NPHCE)   |   |  |
|      |               |   | State level programs/Schemes for older adults  |   |  |
|      |               |   | Role of a community health nurse in<br>geriatric health services – Screening,<br>diagnosing, management and referral of<br>older adults with health problems |   |  |
| VII  | 6 (T)         | Describe screening  | Mental Health Disorders  | Lecture   | • Essay                                      |
|      |               | for mental health problems in the community, take preventive  • Screening, management, prevention and referral for mental health disorders  • Review: | • Discussion   | • Short answer                                    |  |
|      |               |   | Demonstration  | • Counseling                                      |  |
|      |               | measures and  |  | Role play   | report                                       |
|      |               | provide appropriate referral services   | <ul> <li>Depression, anxiety, acute psychosis,<br/>Schizophrenia</li> </ul>  | Health counseling<br>on promotion of              |  |
|      |               |   | o Dementia   | mental health                                     |  |
|      |               |   | o Suicide  | Suggested field     vioits                        |  |
|      |               |   | o Alcohol and substance abuse  | visits  |  |
|      |               |   | Orug deaddiction program     National Mental Health Program  | Field practice                                    |  |
|      |               |   | National Mental Health Policy  |   |  |
|      |               |   | National Mental Health Act   |   |  |
|      |               |   | Role of a community health nurse in screening, initiation of treatment and follow up of mentally ill clients   |   |  |
|      |               |   | up of mentany in chems   |   |  |
| VIII | 4 (T)         | Discuss about effective   | Health Management Information System (HMIS)  | • Lecture   | • Group project report                       |
|      |               | management of   | • Introduction to health management system:  | • Discussion                                      | • Essay                                      |
|      |               | health information in community   | data elements, recording and reporting formats, data quality issues  | <ul><li>Demonstration</li><li>Role play</li></ul> | <ul><li>Essay</li><li>Short answer</li></ul> |
|      |               | diagnosis and intervention  | • Review:  |   |  |
|      |               |   | Basic Demography and vital statistics  | <ul> <li>Suggested field visits</li> </ul>        |  |
|      |               |   | Sources of vital statistics  | Field practice                                    |  |
|      |               |   | Common sampling techniques, frequency distribution   | Group project on<br>community<br>diagnosis – data |  |

| Unit | Time<br>(Hrs) | Learning<br>Outcomes   | Content  | Teaching / Learning<br>Activities   | Assessment<br>Methods   |
|------|---------------|--|--|---|---|
|      |               |  | <ul> <li>Collection, analysis, interpretation of data</li> <li>Analysis of data for community needs<br/>assessment and preparation of health action<br/>plan</li> </ul>  | management  |   |
| IX   | 12 (T)        | Describe the system management of delivery of community health services in rural and urban areas | Management of delivery of community health services:  Planning, budgeting and material management of CHC, PHC, SC/HWC  Manpower planning as per IPHS standards  Rural: Organization, staffing and material management of rural health services provided by Government at village, SC/HWC, PHC, CHC, hospitals – district, state and central  Urban: Organization, staffing, and functions of urban health services provided by Government at slums, dispensaries, special clinics, municipal and corporate hospitals  Defense services  Institutional services  Other systems of medicine and health: Indian system of medicine, AYUSH clinics, Alternative health care system referral systems, Indigenous health services  | <ul> <li>Lecture</li> <li>Discussion</li> <li>Visits to various health care delivery systems</li> <li>Supervised field practice</li> </ul>        | <ul> <li>Essay</li> <li>Short answer</li> <li>Filed visit reports</li> </ul>  |
| X    |               | PHCs, SCs and community level including financial management  Describe the roles                 | <ul> <li>Leadership, Supervision and Monitoring</li> <li>Understanding work responsibilities/job description of DPHN, Health Visitor, PHN, MPHW (Female), Multipurpose health Worker (Male), AWWs and ASHA</li> <li>Roles and responsibilities of Mid-Level Health Care Providers (MLHPs)</li> <li>Village Health Sanitation and Nutrition Committees (VHSNC): objectives, composition and roles &amp; responsibilities</li> <li>Health team management</li> <li>Review: Leadership &amp; supervision – concepts, principles &amp; methods</li> <li>Leadership in health: leadership approaches in healthcare setting, taking control of health of community and organizing health camps, village clinics</li> <li>Training, Supportive supervision and monitoring – concepts, principles and process e.g. performance of frontline health workers</li> <li>Financial Management and Accounting &amp; Computing at Health Centers (SC)</li> <li>Activities for which funds are received</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Lecture</li> <li>Discussion</li> <li>Demonstration</li> <li>Role play</li> <li>Suggested field visits</li> <li>Field practice</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Report on interaction with MPHWs, HVs , ASHA, AWWs</li> <li>Participation in training programs</li> <li>Essay</li> <li>Short answer</li> </ul> |

| Unit | Time<br>(Hrs) | Learning<br>Outcomes  | Content  | Teaching / Learning<br>Activities                                 | Assessment<br>Methods |
|------|---------------|---|--|---|-----------------------|
|      |               |   | <ul> <li>Accounting and book keeping requirements         <ul> <li>accounting principles &amp; policies, book of accounts to be maintained, basic accounting entries, accounting process, payments &amp; expenditure, fixed asset, SOE reporting format, utilization certificate (UC) reporting</li> </ul> </li> </ul> |   |                       |
|      |               |   | Preparing a budget   |   |                       |
|      |               |   | o Audit  |   |                       |
|      |               |   | Records & Reports:   |   |                       |
|      |               |   | • Concepts of records and reports – importance, legal implications, purposes, use of records, principles of record writing, filing of records  |   |                       |
|      |               |   | Types of records – community related<br>records, registers, guidelines for<br>maintaining  |   |                       |
|      |               |   | • Report writing – purposes, documentation of activities, types of reports   |   |                       |
|      |               |   | • Medical Records Department – functions, filing and retention of medical records  |   |                       |
|      |               |   | Electronic Medical Records (EMR) —     capabilities and components of EMR,     electronic health record (EHR), levels of     automation, attributes, benefits and     disadvantages of HER   |   |                       |
|      |               |   | Nurses' responsibility in record keeping<br>and reporting  |   |                       |
| XI   | - ( )         | Demonstrate   | Disaster Management  | • Lecture   |                       |
|      |               | initiative in preparing   | Disaster types and magnitude   | • Discussion  |                       |
|      |               | themselves and the community for                                      | Disaster preparedness  | Demonstration   |                       |
|      |               | disaster  | Emergency preparedness   | Role play   |                       |
|      |               | preparedness and management   | Common problems during disasters and<br>methods to overcome  | • Suggested field visits, and field                               |                       |
|      |               |   | Basic disaster supplies kit  | practice  |                       |
|      |               |   | Disaster response including emergency<br>relief measures and Life saving techniques  | <ul><li> Mock drills</li><li> Refer Disaster</li></ul>            |                       |
|      |               |   | Use disaster management module   | module (NDMA) National Disaster/INC – Reaching out in emergencies |                       |
| XII  | 3 (T)         | Describe the  | Bio-Medical Waste Management   | Lecture cum   | Field visit           |
|      | ` '           | importance of bio-<br>medical waste<br>management, its<br>process and | Waste collection, segregation, transportation and management in the community  | Discussion  • Field visit to waste management site                | report                |
|      |               | management  | Waste management in health center/clinics  |   |                       |
|      |               |   | Bio-medical waste management guidelines     - 2016, 2018 (Review)  |   |                       |
| XIII | 3 (T)         | Explain the roles and functions of                                    | Health Agencies  | • Lecture   | • Essay               |

| <br>Time<br>(Hrs) | Learning<br>Outcomes                                     | Content  | Teaching / Learning<br>Activities | Assessment<br>Methods |
|-------------------|--|--|-----------------------------------|-----------------------|
|                   | various national<br>and international<br>health agencies | <ul> <li>International: WHO, UNFPA, UNDP, World Bank, FAO, UNICEF, European Commission, Red Cross, USAID, UNESCO, ILO, CAR, CIDA, JHPIEGO, any other</li> <li>National: Indian Red Cross, Indian Council for Child Welfare, Family Planning Association of India, Tuberculosis Association of India, Central Social Welfare Board, All India Women's Conference, Blind Association of India, any other</li> <li>Voluntary Health Association of India (VHA)</li> </ul> |                                   | Short answer          |

#### COMMUNITY HEALTH NURSING II

#### Clinical practicum – 2 credits (160 hours)

### CLINICAL POSTINGS (4 weeks × 40 hours per week)

| Clinical<br>Area | Duration<br>(Weeks) | Learning Outcomes  | Procedural<br>Competencies/<br>Clinical Skills   | Clinical Requirements  | Assessment<br>Methods  |
|------------------|---------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Urban            | 2 Weeks             | Screen, diagnose, manage and refer clients with common conditions/ emergencies  Assess and provide antenatal, intrapartum, postnatal and new- born care  Promote adolescent health | <ul> <li>Screening, diagnosing, management and referral of clients with common conditions/ emergencies</li> <li>Assessment (physical &amp; nutritional) of antenatal, intrapartum, postnatal and newborn</li> <li>Conduction of normal delivery at health center</li> <li>Newborn care</li> <li>Counsel adolescents</li> <li>Family planning counselling</li> <li>Distribution of temporary contraceptives – condoms, OCP's, emergency contraceptives</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Screening, diagnosing, Primary management and care based on standing orders/protocols approved by MOH&amp;FW</li> <li>Minor ailments – 2</li> <li>Emergencies – 1</li> <li>Dental problems – 1</li> <li>Eye problems – 1</li> <li>Ear, nose, and throat problems – 1</li> <li>High risk pregnant woman – 1</li> <li>High risk neonate – 1</li> <li>Assessment of antenatal – 1, intrapartum – 1, postnatal – 1 and newborn – 1</li> <li>Conduction of normal delivery at health center and documentation – 2</li> <li>Immediate newborn care and documentation – 1</li> <li>Adolescent counseling – 1</li> <li>Family planning counselling – 1</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Clinical performance assessment</li> <li>OSCE during posting</li> <li>Final clinical examination (University)</li> <li>Clinical performance assessment</li> <li>OSCE</li> </ul> |

| Clinical<br>Area | Duration<br>(Weeks) | <b>Learning Outcomes</b>  | Procedural<br>Competencies/  | Clinical Requirements   | Assessment<br>Methods          |
|------------------|---------------------|---|--|---|--------------------------------|
| Airca            | (VVCCKS)            |   | Clinical Skills  |   | Memous                         |
|                  |                     | Provide family welfare services   | Screening,<br>diagnosing,<br>management and<br>referral of clients<br>with occupational<br>health problems   | Family case study – 1 (Rural/Urban)   | • Family Case study evaluation |
|                  |                     | Screen, diagnose,<br>manage and refer clients<br>with occupational health<br>problem    | Health assessment of elderly      Mental health  | • Screening, diagnosing, management and referral of clients with occupational health problems – 1 | • Clinical                     |
|                  |                     | Screen, assess and<br>manage elderly with<br>health problems and<br>refer appropriately | screening  | <ul> <li>Health assessment (Physical &amp; nutritional) of elderly – 1</li> </ul>                 | performance<br>evaluation      |
|                  |                     | Screen, diagnose,<br>manage and refer clients<br>who are mentally<br>unhealthy          | Participation in<br>Community<br>diagnosis – data<br>management  |   | • OSCE                         |
|                  |                     | Participate in community diagnosis – data management                                    | <ul> <li>Writing health center activity report</li> <li>Organizing and conducting alinics/company</li> </ul> | Group project: Community diagnosis – data management  |                                |
|                  |                     | Participate in health centre activities   | <ul> <li>clinics/camp</li> <li>Participation in disaster mock drills</li> </ul>                              | Write report on health center activities – 1  | • Project                      |
|                  |                     | Organize and conduct<br>clinics/health camps in<br>the community                        |  | Organizing and conducting<br>Antenatal/under-five<br>clinic/Health camp – 1                       | evaluation                     |
|                  |                     | Prepare for disaster preparedness and management  |  | Participation in disaster mock<br>drills  |                                |
|                  |                     | Recognize the importance and observe the biomedical waste management process            |  | Field visit to bio-medical waste<br>management site   |                                |
|                  |                     |   |  | Visit to AYUSH clinic   |                                |

# MIDWIFERY/OBSTETRIC AND GYNECOLOGY NURSING - II including Safe Delivery App Module

**PLACEMENT:** VII SEMESTER **THEORY:** 3 Credits (60 hours)

**PRACTICUM:** Skill Lab: 1 Credit (40 Hours) Clinical: 4 Credits (320 Hours)

**DESCRIPTION:** This course is designed for students to develop knowledge and competencies on the concepts and principles of obstetric and gynecology nursing. It helps them to acquire knowledge and skills in rendering respectful maternity care to high risk woman during antenatal, natal and postnatal periods in hospitals and community settings and helpto develop skills in initial management and referral of high risk neonates. It would also help students to gain knowledge, attitude and skills in caring for women with gynecological disorders.

#### **COMPETENCIES:** On completion of the course, the students will be able to:

- 1. Describe the assessment, initial management, referral and respectful maternity care of women with high risk pregnancy.
- 2. Demonstrate competency in identifying deviation from normal pregnancy.
- 3. Describe the assessment, initial management, referral and nursing care of women with high risk labour.
- 4. Assist in the conduction of abnormal vaginal deliveries and caesarean section.
- 5. Describe the assessment, initial management, referral and nursing care of women with abnormal postnatal conditions.
- 6. Demonstrate competency in the initial management of complications during the postnatal period.
- 7. Demonstrate competency in providing care for high risk newborn.
- 8. Apply nursing process in caring for high risk women and their families.
- 9. Describe the assessment and management of women with gynecological disorders.
- 10. Demonstrate skills in performing and assisting in specific gynecological procedures.
- 11. Describe the drugs used in obstetrics and gynecology.
- 12. Counsel and care for couples with infertility.
- 13. Describe artificial reproductive technology.

#### COURSE OUTLINE

### T – Theory, SL/L – Skill Lab, C – Clinical

| Unit | Time<br>(Hrs.)             | Learning<br>Outcomes  | Content   | Teaching/ Learning<br>Activities   | Assessment<br>Methods   |
|------|----------------------------|---|---|--|---|
| I    | 12 (T)<br>10 (L)<br>80 (C) | Describe the assessment, initial management, and referral of women with problems during pregnancy  Support women with complicated pregnancy and facilitate safe and positive birthing outcome | Recognition and Management of problems during Pregnancy  Assessment of high-risk pregnancy  Hyper-emesis gravidarum,  Bleeding in early pregnancy – abortion, ectopic pregnancy, vesicular mole  Unintended or mistimed pregnancy  Post abortion care & counseling  Bleeding in late pregnancy placenta previa, abruption placenta, trauma  Medical conditions complicating pregnancy – Anemia, PIH/Preeclampsia, Eclampsia, GDM, cardiac disease, pulmonary disease, thyrotoxicosis, STDs, HIV, Rh incompatibility  Infections in pregnancy – urinary tract infection, bacterial, viral, protozoal, fungal, malaria in pregnancy  Surgical conditions complicating pregnancy – appendicitis, acute abdomen  COVID-19 & pregnancy and children  Hydramnios  Multiple pregnancy  Abnormalities of placenta and cord  Intra uterine growth restriction  Intra uterine fetal death  Gynaecological conditions complicating pregnancy  Mental health issues during pregnancy  Adolescent pregnancy  Elderly primi, grand multiparity  Management and care of conditions as per the Gol protocol  Policy for the referral services | <ul> <li>Lecture</li> <li>Discussion</li> <li>Demonstration</li> <li>Video &amp; films</li> <li>Scan reports</li> <li>Case discussion</li> <li>Case presentation</li> <li>Drug presentation</li> <li>Health talk</li> <li>Simulation</li> <li>Role play</li> <li>Supervised Clinical practice</li> <li>WHO midwifery toolkit</li> <li>GoI guideline – screening for hypothyroidism, screening for syphilis, deworming during pregnancy, diagnosis and management of GDM</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Essay</li> <li>Short answer</li> <li>Objective type</li> <li>Assessment of skills with check list</li> <li>OSCE</li> </ul> |

| Unit | Time<br>(Hrs.)             | Learning<br>Outcomes   | Content   | Teaching/ Learning<br>Activities  | Assessment<br>Methods   |
|------|----------------------------|--|---|---|---|
|      |                            |  | Drugs used in management of high-risk pregnancies  Minterconnected and appears and appears and appears and appears and appears are also and appears and appears are also appears are also appears and appears are also appears are also appears are also appears and appears are also appears are also appears and appears are also appears and appears are also appears are also |   |   |
|      |                            |  | Maintenance of records and reports  |   |   |
| II   | 20 (T)<br>15 (L)<br>80 (C) | Identify, provide initial management and refer women with problems during labour within the scope of midwifery practice. | <ul> <li>Recognition and management of abnormal labour</li> <li>Preterm labour – Prevention and management of preterm labour; (Use of antenatal corticosteroids in preterm labour)</li> <li>Premature rupture of membranes</li> <li>Malposition's and abnormal presentations (posterior position, breech, brow, face, shoulder)</li> <li>Contracted Pelvis, Cephalo Pelvic Disproportion (CPD)</li> <li>Disorders of uterine action – Prolonged labour, Precipitate labour, Dysfunctional labour</li> <li>Complications of third stage – Retained placenta, Injuries to birth canal, Postpartum hemorrhage (bimanual compression of the uterus, aortic compression, uterine balloon tamponade)</li> <li>Obstetric emergencies – Foetal distress, Ruptured uterus, Cord prolapse, Shoulder dystocia, Uterine inversion, Vasa previa, Obstetrical shock, Amniotic fluid embolism</li> <li>Episiotomy and suturing</li> <li>Obstetric procedures – Forceps delivery, Vacuum delivery, Version</li> <li>Induction of labour – Medical &amp; surgical</li> <li>Caesarean section – indications and preparation</li> <li>Nursing management of women undergoing</li> <li>Obstetric operations and procedures</li> <li>Drugs used in management of abnormal labour</li> <li>Anesthesia and analgesia in obstetrics</li> </ul>  | <ul> <li>Lecture</li> <li>Discussion</li> <li>Demonstration</li> <li>Case discussion/<br/>presentation</li> <li>Simulation</li> <li>Role play</li> <li>Drug presentation</li> <li>Supervised clinical<br/>practice</li> <li>WHO midwifery<br/>toolkit</li> <li>GoI guidelines – use<br/>of uterotonics during<br/>labour, antenatal<br/>corticosteroids</li> <li>GoI guidance note on<br/>prevention and<br/>management of PPH</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Essay</li> <li>Short answer</li> <li>Objective type</li> <li>Assessment of skills with check list</li> <li>OSCE</li> </ul> |
| Ш    | 9 (T)<br>5 (L)<br>40 (C)   | Describe the assessment, initial management, referral and nursing care of women with abnormal postnatal conditions.      | Recognition and Management of postnatal problems  • Physical examination, identification of deviation from normal  • Puerperal complications and its management   | <ul> <li>Lecture</li> <li>Demonstration</li> <li>Case discussion/<br/>presentation</li> <li>Drug presentation</li> <li>Supervised clinical</li> </ul>   | <ul><li> Quiz</li><li> Simulation</li><li> Short answer</li><li> OSCE</li></ul>   |
|      |                            |  | <ul><li>Puerperal pyrexia</li><li>Puerperal sepsis</li></ul>  | practice  |   |

| Unit | Time<br>(Hrs.)           | Learning<br>Outcomes                                     | Content   | Teaching/ Learning<br>Activities   | Assessment<br>Methods   |
|------|--------------------------|--|---|--|---|
|      |                          |  | <ul> <li>Urinary complications</li> <li>Secondary Postpartum hemorrhage</li> <li>Vulval hematoma</li> <li>Breast engorgement including mastitis/breast abscess, feeding problem</li> <li>Thrombophlebitis</li> <li>DVT</li> </ul>   |  |   |
|      |                          |  | <ul> <li>Uterine sub involution</li> <li>Vesico vaginal fistula (VVF), Recto vaginal fistula (RVF)</li> <li>Postpartum depression/psychosis</li> <li>Drugs used in abnormal puerperium</li> <li>Policy about referral</li> </ul>  |  |   |
| IV   | 7 (T)<br>5 (L)<br>40 (C) | Describe high risk neonates and their nursing management | Assessment and management of Highrisk newborn (Review)  Models of newborn care in India – NBCC; SNCUs  Screening of high-risk newborn  Protocols, levels of neonatal care, infection control  Prematurity, Post-maturity  Low birth weight  Kangaroo Mother Care  Birth asphyxia/Hypoxic encephalopathy  Neonatal sepsis  Hypothermia  Respiratory distress  Jaundice  Neonatal infections  High fever  Convulsions  Neonatal tetanus  Congenital anomalies  Baby of HIV positive mothers  Birth injuries  SIDS (Sudden Infant Death Syndrome) prevention, Compassionate care  Calculation of fluid requirements, EBM/formula feeds/tube feeding  Home based newborn care program - | Lecture     Discussion     Demonstration     Simulation     Case discussion/     presentation     Drug presentation     Supervised Clinical practice     Integrated Management of Neonatal Childhood Illnesses (IMNCI) | Short answer     Objective type     Assessment of skills with check list     OSCE |

| Unit | Time<br>(Hrs.)  | Learning<br>Outcomes        | Content   | Teaching/ Learning<br>Activities                            | Assessment<br>Methods                                   |
|------|-----------------|-----------------------------|---|---|---|
|      |                 |                             | community facility integration in newborn care                                    |   |   |
|      |                 |                             | Decision making about management and<br>referral                                  |   |   |
|      |                 |                             | Bereavement counseling  |   |   |
|      |                 |                             | Drugs used for high risk newborns   |   |   |
|      |                 |                             | Maintenance of records and reports  |   |   |
| V    | 12 (T)          | Describe the assessment and | with gynecological disorders  | • Lecture   | • Essay   |
|      | 5 (L)<br>80 (C) | management of women with    | Gynecological assessment – History and  | <ul><li> Discussion</li><li> Demonstration</li></ul>        | <ul><li> Short answer</li><li> Objective type</li></ul> |
|      |                 | gynecological disorders.    | *   | Case discussion/  | • Assessment of   |
|      |                 |                             | Congenital abnormalities of female  | presentation  | skills with<br>check list                               |
|      |                 |                             | reproductive system   | <ul> <li>Drug presentation</li> </ul>                       | • OSCE  |
|      |                 |                             | • Eurology, paulophysiology, chinical   | • Videos, films   | OSCE  |
|      |                 |                             | manifestations, diagnosis, treatment modalities and management of women           | Simulated practice  |   |
|      |                 |                             |   | Supervised Clinical   |   |
|      |                 |                             | Menstrual abnormalities   | practice  |   |
|      |                 |                             | Abnormal uterine bleed  | <ul> <li>Visit to infertility<br/>clinic and ART</li> </ul> |   |
|      |                 |                             | o Pelvic inflammatory disease   | centers   |   |
|      |                 |                             | o Infections of the reproductive tract  |   |   |
|      |                 |                             | Uterine displacement  |   |   |
|      |                 |                             | o Endometriosis   |   |   |
|      |                 |                             | <ul> <li>Uterine and cervical fibroids and<br/>polyps</li> </ul>                  |   |   |
|      |                 |                             | <ul> <li>Tumors – uterine, cervical, ovarian,<br/>vaginal, vulval</li> </ul>      |   |   |
|      |                 |                             | ○ Cysts – ovarian, vulval   |   |   |
|      |                 |                             | o Cystocele, urethrocele, rectocele   |   |   |
|      |                 |                             | o Genitor-urinary fistulas  |   |   |
|      |                 |                             | <ul> <li>Breast disorders – infections,<br/>deformities, cysts, tumors</li> </ul> |   |   |
|      |                 |                             | o HPV vaccination   |   |   |
|      |                 |                             | o Disorders of Puberty and menopause  |   |   |
|      |                 |                             | <ul> <li>Hormonal replacement therapy</li> </ul>                                  |   |   |
|      |                 |                             | Assessment and management of couples with infertility                             |   |   |
|      |                 |                             | ○ Infertility – definition, causes  |   |   |
|      |                 |                             | o Counseling the infertile couple   |   |   |
|      |                 |                             | o Investigations – male and female  |   |   |
|      |                 |                             | Artificial reproductive technology  |   |   |
|      |                 |                             | <ul> <li>Surrogacy, sperm and ovum donation,<br/>cryopreservation</li> </ul>      |   |   |
|      |                 |                             |   |   |   |

| Unit | Time<br>(Hrs.) | Learning<br>Outcomes | Content  | Teaching/ Learning<br>Activities | Assessment<br>Methods |
|------|----------------|----------------------|--|----------------------------------|-----------------------|
|      |                |                      | <ul> <li>Adoption – counseling, procedures</li> <li>Injuries and Trauma; Sexual violence</li> <li>Drugs used in treatment of<br/>gynaecological disorders</li> </ul> |                                  |                       |

**Note:** Complete safe delivery app during VII Semester.

### **PRACTICUM**

SKILL LAB & CLINICAL ARE GIVEN UNDER OBG NURSING – I

#### NURSING RESEARCH AND STATISTICS

**PLACEMENT:** VII SEMESTER **THEORY:** 2 Credits (40 hours)

**PRACTICUM:** Lab/Skill Lab: 1 Credit (40 hours) Clinical Project: 40 hours

**DESCRIPTION**: The Course is designed to enable students to develop an understanding of basic concepts of research, research process and statistics. It is further, structured to conduct/ participate in need-based research studies in various settings and utilize the research findings to provide quality nursing care. The hours for practical will be utilized for conducting individual/group research project.

**COMPETENCIES:** On completion of the course, students will be competent to

- 1. Identify research priority areas
- 2. Formulate research questions/problem statement/hypotheses
- 3. Review related literature on selected research problem and prepare annotated bibliography
- 4. Prepare sample data collection tool
- 5. Analyze and interpret the given data
- 6. Practice computing, descriptive statistics and correlation
- 7. Draw figures and types of graphs on given select data
- 8. Develop a research proposal
- 9. Plan and conduct a group/individual research project

#### COURSE OUTLINE

#### T – Theory, P – Practicum

| Unit | Ti | me (Hrs.) | Learning   | Content   | Teaching/ Learning   | Assessment  |
|------|----|-----------|--|---|--|---|
|      | T  | P         | - Outcomes   |   | Activities   | Methods   |
| I    | 6  |           | Describe the concept of research, terms, need and areas of research in nursing Explain the steps of research process State the purposes and steps of Evidence Based Practice | Research and Research Process  Introduction and need for nursing research  Definition of Research & nursing research  Steps of scientific method  Characteristics of good research  Steps of Research process — overview  Evidence Based Practice — Concept, Meaning, Purposes, Steps of EBP Process and Barriers | <ul> <li>Lecture cum<br/>Discussion</li> <li>Narrate steps of<br/>research process<br/>followed from<br/>examples of<br/>published studies</li> <li>Identify research<br/>priorities on a given<br/>area/ specialty</li> <li>List examples of<br/>Evidence Based<br/>Practice</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Short answer</li> <li>Objective type</li> </ul>  |
| II   | 2  | 8         | Identify and state<br>the research<br>problem and<br>objectives  | Research Problem/Question  Identification of problem area  Problem statement  Criteria of a good research problem  Writing objectives and hypotheses  | <ul> <li>Lecture cum         Discussion</li> <li>Exercise on writing         statement of         problem and         objectives</li> </ul>  | <ul> <li>Short answer</li> <li>Objective type</li> <li>Formulation or research questions/ objectives/ hypothesis</li> </ul> |

| Unit | Ti | me (Hrs.) | Learning  | Content  | Teaching/ Learning   | Assessment  |
|------|----|-----------|---|--|--|---|
|      | T  | P         | Outcomes  |  | Activities   | Methods   |
| IV   | 4  | 1         | Review the related literature  Describe the Research                  | Review of Literature  Location Sources On line search; CINHAL, COCHRANE etc. Purposes Method of review Research Approaches and Designs   | <ul> <li>Lecture cum<br/>Discussion</li> <li>Exercise on<br/>reviewing one<br/>research report/<br/>article for a selected<br/>research problem</li> <li>Prepare annotated<br/>Bibliography</li> <li>Lecture cum<br/>Discussion</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Short answer</li> <li>Objective type</li> <li>Assessment of review of literature on given topic presented</li> <li>Short answer</li> </ul> |
|      |    |           | approaches and<br>designs   | <ul> <li>Historical, survey and experimental</li> <li>Qualitative and Quantitative designs</li> </ul>  | <ul> <li>Identify types of<br/>research approaches<br/>used from examples<br/>of published and<br/>unpublished<br/>research</li> <li>Studies with<br/>rationale</li> </ul>   | Objective type  |
| v    | 6  | 6         | Explain the Sampling process  Describe the methods of data collection | <ul> <li>Sampling and data Collection</li> <li>Definition of Population, Sample</li> <li>Sampling criteria, factors influencing sampling process, types of sampling techniques</li> <li>Data – why, what, from whom, when and where to collect</li> <li>Data collection methodsand instruments         <ul> <li>Methods of data collection</li> <li>Questioning, interviewing</li> <li>Observations, record analysis and measurement</li> <li>Types of instruments, Validity &amp; Reliability of the Instrument</li> </ul> </li> <li>Research ethics</li> <li>Pilot study</li> <li>Data collection procedure</li> </ul> | Lecture cum     Discussion     Reading assignment     on examples of data     collection tools     Preparation of     sample data     collection tool     Conduct group     research project   | <ul> <li>Short answer</li> <li>Objective type</li> <li>Developing questionnaire/<br/>Interview Schedule/<br/>Checklist</li> </ul>                   |
| VI   | 4  | 6         | Analyze,<br>Interpret and<br>summarize the<br>research data           | Analysis of data     Compilation, Tabulation, classification, summarization, presentation, interpretation of data  | <ul> <li>Lecture cum<br/>Discussion</li> <li>Preparation of<br/>sample tables</li> </ul>   | <ul> <li>Short answer</li> <li>Objective type</li> <li>Analyze and interpret given data</li> </ul>  |
| VII  | 12 | 8         | Explain the use of statistics, scales of measurement                  | <ul> <li>Introduction to Statistics</li> <li>Definition, use of statistics, scales of measurement.</li> </ul>  | <ul><li>Lecture cum<br/>Discussion</li><li>Practice on</li></ul>   | <ul><li>Short answer</li><li>Objective type</li><li>Computation of</li></ul>  |

| Unit | Ti | me (Hrs.)                       | Learning<br>Outcomes   | Content  | Teaching/ Learning Activities   | Assessment<br>Methods   |
|------|----|---------------------------------|--|--|---|---|
|      | T  | P                               | Outcomes   |  | Activities  | Wiethods  |
|      |    |                                 | and graphical presentation of data  Describe the measures of central tendency and variability and methods of Correlation | <ul> <li>Frequency distribution and graphical presentation of data</li> <li>Mean, Median, Mode, Standard deviation</li> <li>Normal Probability and tests of significance</li> <li>Co-efficient of correlation</li> <li>Statistical packages and its application</li> </ul>                       | graphical presentations  • Practice on computation of measures of central tendency, variability & correlation   | descriptive<br>statistics   |
| VIII | 4  | 40 Hrs<br>(Clinical<br>Project) | Communicate and utilize the research findings  | Communication and utilization of Research  Communication of research findings  Verbal report  Writing research report  Writing scientific article/paper  Critical review of published research including publication ethics  Utilization of research findings  Conducting group research project | <ul> <li>Lecture cum<br/>Discussion</li> <li>Read/ Presentations<br/>of a sample<br/>published/<br/>unpublished<br/>research report</li> <li>Plan, conduct and<br/>Write<br/>individual/group<br/>research project</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Short answer</li> <li>Objective type</li> <li>Oral<br/>Presentation</li> <li>Development of<br/>research<br/>proposal</li> <li>Assessment of<br/>research Project</li> </ul> |

#### References

- 1. Polit , D.F. & Beck CT, Nursing Research, Principles and Methods,7th ed, Lippincott Williams & Wilkins,Philadelphia, 2003.
- 2. Polit Dennis and Hunglar B P, Nursing research principles and methods, 6 th edition Lippincott, Philadephia, 1999.
- 3. Laura A. Talbot, Principles and practice of nursing research, Mosby St. Louis 1995.
- 4. DorothyYB & Marie TH ,Fundamentals of research in Nursing, 3 rd ed,Jones & Bartlett Publishers,Boston,2003.
- 5. Rao TB, Methods in Medical Research, 1st ed, Radha Rani Publishers, Guntur AP, 2002.
- 6. Smith, P ResearchMindedness for Practice> An interactive approach for nursing and health care, Churchill livingstone, New York, 1997
- 7. American Psychological Association publication manual. 2001.
- 8. Mahajan Methods in Bio statistics.
- 9. Trece E.W. & Treece JW: Elements of Research in Nursing, 3 rd ed The CV Mosby Company St, Louis 1986

### **Semester Plan:**

# 8<sup>th</sup> Semester

One semester: 22 weeks

Vacation: 1 week Holidays: 1 week

Examination and Preparatory Holidays: 2 weeks

| 8 | Eight<br>(Internshi | INTE 415 | Community Health Nursing – 4 weeks |   |                           |                             |
|---|---------------------|----------|------------------------------------|---|---------------------------|-----------------------------|
|   | <b>p</b> )          | INTE 420 | Adult Health Nursing – 6 weeks     |   |                           |                             |
|   |                     | INTE 425 | Child Health Nursing – 4 weeks     |   |                           |                             |
|   |                     | INTE 430 | Mental Health Nursing – 4 weeks    |   |                           |                             |
|   | -                   | INTE 435 | Midwifery – 4 weeks                |   |                           |                             |
|   |                     |          | TOTAL = 22 weeks                   | 1 | 12                        | 1056                        |
|   |                     |          |                                    |   | (1 credit<br>= 4<br>hours | 4<br>hours ×<br>22          |
|   |                     |          |                                    |   | per<br>week               | weeks = 88                  |
|   |                     |          |                                    |   | per                       | hours ×                     |
|   |                     |          |                                    |   | semester                  | 12                          |
|   |                     |          |                                    |   | )                         | credits =                   |
|   |                     |          |                                    |   |                           | 1056<br>hours}              |
|   |                     |          |                                    |   |                           | (48<br>hours<br>per<br>week |
|   |                     |          |                                    |   |                           | × 22<br>weeks)              |

#### VIII SEMESTER

### **Scheme of examination**

| S. No. | Course                | Assessment (Marks) |  |     |  |     |  |  |  |
|--------|-----------------------|--------------------|--|-----|--|-----|--|--|--|
|        |                       | Internal           | Internal End Semester College Exam University Exam |     |  |     |  |  |  |
|        | Practical             |                    |  |     |  |     |  |  |  |
| 1      | Competency Assessment | 100                |  | 100 |  | 200 |  |  |  |

### **NURSING RESEARCH ANDSTATISTICS**

Total Hours: Theory – 45 Hour

Practical – 30 Hours per Week

#### **Course Description:**

The course is designed to enable students to develop an understanding of basic concepts of research, research process and statistics and to enable them to conduct/participate in need based research studies in various settings. Further the students will be able to utilize the research findings to provide quality-nursing care.

Total marks - 100

#### **Specific objectives:** At the end of the course, the students will be able to:

- 1. Define the terms and concepts of nursing research.
- 2. Identify needs and scope of nursing research.
- 3. Define research problems.
- 4. Locate and list sources of literature review including operational definitions and conceptual framework.
- 5. Describe different approaches and research designs in nursing research.
- 6. Describe sample and sampling technique.
- 7. Develop tool for data collection.
- 8. Conduct pilot study to confirm reliability and validity of tool before data collection
- 9. To enumerate steps of data analysis and present data summary
- 10. Use descriptive and co-relational statistics in data analysis.
- 11. Conduct group project and write report.

| Unit | Time<br>(Hrs) | Learning<br>Objectives  | Content  | Training Learning Activities  | Assessment<br>Methods                                    |
|------|---------------|---|--|---|--|
| I    | 4             | <ul> <li>Describe the concept of research, terms, need and areas of research in nursing.</li> <li>Explain the steps of research process.</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Research and research process</li> <li>Introduction and need for nursing research.</li> <li>Definition of Research &amp; nursing research.</li> <li>Steps of scientific method.</li> <li>Characteristics of research.</li> <li>Steps of research process -overview</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Lecture         Discussion.</li> <li>Narrate steps of         research process         followed from         examples of         published         studies.</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Short answer</li> <li>Objective type</li> </ul> |

| Unit | Time<br>(Hrs) | Learning<br>Objectives  | Content   | Training Learning Activities  | Assessment<br>Methods                                     |
|------|---------------|---|---|---|---|
| II   | 3             | • Identify and state the research problem and objectives  | Research Problem/Question  Identification of problem area. & Problem statement.  Stating objectives of the research problem.  | <ul> <li>Lecture Discussion.</li> <li>Exercise on writing statement of problem and objectives</li> <li>Each student selects a research problem</li> </ul>                                     | <ul><li>Short answer.</li><li>Objective type</li></ul>    |
| III  | 3             | Review the related literature   | <ul> <li>Review of Literature</li> <li>Steps in review of literature</li> <li>Identification of Publication</li> <li>Keeping a record</li> <li>Writing the review of literature</li> <li>Writing of Bibliography</li> </ul>   | <ul> <li>Lecture Discussion</li> <li>Exercise on reviewing one research report/ article for a selected research problem.</li> <li>Prepare annotated bibliography(5)</li> </ul>                | <ul><li>Short answer</li><li>Objecti ve type</li></ul>    |
| IV   | 4             | Describe<br>the<br>research<br>approach<br>es and<br>designs  | Research approaches and designs  • Historical, survey and experimental  • Qualitative and Quantitative designs  | <ul> <li>Lecture Discussion</li> <li>Explain types of<br/>research approaches<br/>used from examples<br/>of published and<br/>unpublished<br/>research studies<br/>with rationale.</li> </ul> | <ul><li>Short answer</li><li>Objective type</li></ul>     |
| V    | 8             | <ul> <li>Explain the sampling process</li> <li>Describe the methods of data collection</li> <li>Developing and standardizing an instrument</li> </ul> | Sampling and data collection  Definition of Population, Sample, Sampling criteria, factors influencing sampling process, types of sampling techniques.  Data collection Methods and instruments  Questionnaire, interview, records& reports and other techniques  Validity & Reliability of the instrument  Pilot Study | Lecture Discussion     Prepare the tool in respect to the selected research problem.  | <ul> <li>Short answer</li> <li>Objecti ve type</li> </ul> |

| Unit | Time<br>(Hrs) | Learning<br>Objectives   | Content   | Training Learning<br>Activities  | Assessment<br>Methods  |
|------|---------------|--|---|--|--|
| VI   | 15            | <ul> <li>Explain the use of statistics, scales of measuremen t and graphical presentation of data</li> <li>Describe the measures of central tendency and variability and methods of correlation</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Introduction to statistics</li> <li>Definition, use of statistics, scales of measurement</li> <li>Frequency distribution and graphical presentation of data</li> <li>Mean, Median, Mode, standard deviation</li> <li>Normal probability and tests of significance</li> <li>Coefficient of correlation</li> <li>Inferential statistics and types</li> <li>Statistical packages and its application</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Lecture, discussion</li> <li>Practice on graphical presentations</li> <li>Practice on computation of measures of central tendency, variability &amp; correlation</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Short<br/>answer</li> <li>Objectiv<br/>e type</li> </ul>                                      |
| VII  | 4             | <ul> <li>Analyze,<br/>interpret<br/>and<br/>summarize<br/>the research<br/>date</li> </ul>   | <ul> <li>Analysis of Data</li> <li>Compilation,     Tabulation</li> <li>Classification,     summarization,     presentation,     interpretation of data</li> </ul>  | <ul><li>Lecture, discussion</li><li>Preparation of<br/>sample tables</li></ul>   | <ul><li>Short answer</li><li>Objective type</li></ul>  |
| VIII | 4             | Communica<br>te and<br>utilize the<br>research<br>findings.  | Communication and utilization of Research  Communication of research findings  Verbal report  Writing research report  Writing scientific article/ paper-Critical review of published research  Utilization of research findings  | <ul> <li>Lecture, discussion</li> <li>Writing group research project &amp; presentation</li> </ul>   | <ul> <li>Short answer</li> <li>Objective type</li> <li>Assessment of group research Project</li> </ul> |

#### **References**

- **1.** Polit , D.F. & Beck CT, <u>Nursing Research</u>, <u>Principles and Methods</u>, 7<sup>th</sup> ed, Lippincott Williams & Wilkins, Philadelphia, 2003.
- **2.** Polit Dennis and Hunglar B P, Nursing research principles and methods, 6<sup>th</sup> edition Lippincott, Philadephia,1999.
- 3. Laura A.Talbot, Principles and practice of nursing research, Mosby St. Louis 1995.
- **4.** DorothyYB & Marie TH ,<u>Fundamentals of research in Nursing</u>, 3<sup>rd</sup> ed,Jones & Bartlett Publishers,Boston,2003.

- 5. Rao TB, Methods in Medical Research, 1st ed, Radha Rani Publishers, Guntur AP,2002.
- **6.** Smith, P <u>ResearchMindedness for Practice</u>> An interactive approach for nursing and health care, Churchill livingstone, New York,1997
- 7. American Psychological Association publication manual.2001.
- **8.** Mahajan <u>Methods in Biostatistics</u>.
- **9.** Trece E.W. & Treece JW: <u>Elements of Research in Nursing</u>, 3<sup>rd</sup> ed The CV Mosby CompanySt, Louis1986

#### **Evaluation**

| Schem | e of internal Assessment of Theory: out of 25 |       | Weightage        |
|-------|---|-------|------------------|
| marks |   |       |                  |
| S.N.  | Theory Assessment                             | Marks |                  |
| 1     | Midterm                                       | 25    | Average 15 marks |
| 2     | Prefinal                                      | 75    |                  |
|       | Group research project work                   | 100   | Average 10 marks |
|       | Total   | 225   | Average 25 marks |

(Total marks obtained out of 125 to be converted in to 15 and out of 100 to be converted in to 10 and total out of 25 marks to be forwarded to the University towards internal assessment Theory)

#### **Research Project:**

Practical - 45 Hours (1 week)

Selecting and conducting small group research project (The number of students in a group should not exceed 10). Group project may be conducted in community setting during their clinical experience in community phase or during their clinical experience in the wards.

Group studies may include, studying existing health problems and practices, nursing procedures, health records and patient records etc.

#### INTRODUCTION TO NURSING RESEARCH AND STATISTICS

#### PRACTICAL EXPERIENCE GUIDELINE AND EVALUATION FOR

### 3<sup>rd</sup>BSc.Nursing

#### NURSING RESEARCH: "PROJECT"

Time Allotted Practical- 45 hrs.

#### Guideline for Research Project

- I Aim: Student will identify the role of nurse in conducting research, writing research proposal based on scientific steps and will analyze the data using simple statistical methods. While conducting research project.
- II Objectives: Preparing nursing research proposal
  - 1) To get an opportunity to select topic or problem to formulate research proposal.
  - 2) To follow the steps in research while writing research proposal and conducting project.
  - 3) To differentiate and plan specific design in nursing research i.e. experimental and non-experimental including methodology.
  - 4) To get an opportunity to frame/construct simple tool or questionnaire to collect data.
  - 5) To follow the basic principles of data analysis including simple tables and statistical methods for proceedings and interpretation of data.
  - 6) To be familiar to write research report to communicate the findings including bibliography, foot notes and future recommendations.
  - 7) To present nursing research proposal as group activity.
  - 8) Learns to use computers.
- .III Guide line / check list to prepare / Nursing research proposal &project
  - 1) Selection of research problem: Select your interest area of research, based on felt need, issues, social concern in nursing field.
    - a) State the problem, brief concise, clear.
    - b) State the purpose of selected study &topic
    - c) State objective of study/proposal/project.
    - d) State the hypothesis if necessary (optional).
    - e) Prepare conceptual framework based on operational definition (optional).
    - f) Write scope and delimitation of Research Proposal.
- 2) Organizing for Review of Literature
  - a) It ad as in to needs to conduct Research project.
  - b) To study related and relevant literature which helps to decide conceptual framework and research design to be selected for your study.
  - c) To add specific books, bulletins, periodicals, reports, published and unpublished dissertations, encyclopedia, textbooks.
  - d) Organize literature as per operational definition.
  - e) To prepare summary table for review of literature.(Optional)

- 3) Research Methodology: To determine logical structure & methodology for research project
  - a) Decide and state approach of study i.e. experimental or non-experimental.
  - b) To define/find out variables to observe effects on decided items & procedure(optional)
  - c) To prepare simple tool or questionnaire or observational check list to collect data.
  - d) To determined sample and sampling method.
  - i) Mode of selection ii) Criterias iii) Size of sample
    - iv) Plan when, where and how data will be collected
  - e) To test validity of constructed tool (To check content in tool in relation to stated objectives) with experts / teachers opinion.
  - t) To check reliability by implementing tool before pilot study (10% of sample size)
  - g) To conduct pilot study by using constructed tool for 10% selected sample size.
- 4) Data Collection: To implement prepared tool
  - a) To implement constructed tool
  - b) Decide location
  - c) Time
  - d) Write additional information in separate exercise book to support inferences and interpretation.
- 5) Data analysis and processing presentation
  - a) Use appropriate method of statistical analysis i.e. frequency and percentage.
  - b) Use clear frequency tables, appropriate tables, graphs and figures.
  - c) Interpretation of data:
    - i) In relation to objectives
    - ii) Hypothesis(Optional)
    - iii) Variable of study or project(Optional)
    - iv) Writing concise report
- 6) Writing Research report
  - a) Aims:
    - i) To organize materials to write project report
    - ii) To make comprehensive full factual information
    - iii) To use appropriate language and style of writing
    - iv) To make authoritative documentation by checking footnotes, references &bibliography
    - v) To use computers.
  - b) Points to remember
    - a) Develop thinking to write research report.
    - b) Divide narration of nursing research report.
    - c) Use present tense and active voice
    - d) Minimize use of technical language
    - f) Use simple, straightforward, clear, concise language
    - g) Use visual aids in form of table, graphs, figures
    - h) Treat data confidentially
    - i) Review, rewrite if necessary

### **EVALUATION CRITERIA FOR PROJECT REPORT**

Maximum Marks: 100

| Sr.<br>No. |   | Criteria   |   | I | R | atin | g | 1 | Remarks |
|------------|---|--|---|---|---|------|---|---|---------|
| NO.        |   |  | 1 | 2 |   | 3    | 4 | 5 | -       |
| I          | State   | ement of the problem   |   |   |   |      |   |   |         |
|            | 1.  | Significance of the problem selected                                 |   |   |   |      |   |   |         |
|            | 2.  | Framing of title and objectives                                      |   |   |   |      |   |   |         |
| II         | Lite  | rature Review  |   |   |   |      |   |   |         |
|            | 3. Inclusion of related studies on the topic, and its relevance |  |   |   |   |      |   |   |         |
|            | 4.  | Operational definition   |   |   |   |      |   |   |         |
| III        | Rese  | earch Design   |   |   |   |      |   |   |         |
|            | 5.  | Use of appropriate research design                                   |   |   |   |      |   |   |         |
|            | 6.  | Usefulness of the research design to draw the                        |   |   |   |      |   |   |         |
|            |   | inferences among stud variables /conclusion                          |   |   |   |      |   |   |         |
| IV         | Sam   | pling design   |   |   |   |      |   |   |         |
|            | 7.  | Identification and description of the target population              |   |   |   |      |   |   |         |
|            | 8.  | Specification of the inclusion and exclusion criteria                |   |   |   |      |   |   |         |
|            | 9.  | Adequate sample size justifying he study design to draw conclusions. |   |   |   |      |   |   |         |
| V          | Data  | a Collection Procedure   |   |   |   |      |   |   |         |
|            | 10.   | Preparation of appropriate tool                                      |   |   |   |      |   |   |         |
|            | 11.   | Pilot study including validity and reliability of tool               |   |   |   |      |   |   |         |
|            | 12.   | Use of appropriate procedure / method for data collection            |   |   |   |      |   |   |         |
| VI         | Ana   | lysis of Data & Interpretation                                       |   |   |   |      |   |   |         |
|            | 13.   | Clear and logical organization of the findings                       |   |   |   |      |   |   |         |
|            | 14.   | Clear presentation of the tables (Title, table & Column heading)     |   |   |   |      |   |   |         |
|            | 15.   | Selection of appropriate statistical tests                           |   |   |   |      |   |   |         |

| Sr.  |       | Criteria  |   | ı | Remarks |   |   |      |
|------|-------|---|---|---|---------|---|---|------|
|      |       |   | 1 | 2 | 3       | 4 | 5 | -    |
| Vll  | Ethic | eal Aspects                                       |   |   |         |   |   |      |
|      | 16.   | Use of appropriate consent process                |   |   |         |   |   |      |
|      | 17.   | Use appropriate steps to maintain ethical aspects |   |   |         |   |   |      |
|      |       | and principles (physical harm etc.)               |   |   |         |   |   |      |
| VIII | Inter | Interpretation of the findings                    |   |   |         |   |   |      |
|      | 18.   | Consistent and appropriate discussion of the      |   |   |         |   |   |      |
|      |       | Results   |   |   |         |   |   |      |
| IX   | Conc  | clusion   |   |   |         |   |   |      |
|      | 19.   | Summary and recommendations for to Nursing        |   |   |         |   |   |      |
|      |       | Practice / Education / Administration             |   |   |         |   |   |      |
| X    | Prese | entation I Report writing                         |   |   |         |   |   |      |
|      | 20.   | Organization of the project work including        |   |   |         |   |   |      |
|      |       | Language and style of presentation                |   |   |         |   |   |      |
|      |       | Maximum marks                                     |   |   |         |   |   | 100  |
|      |       | Marks obtained                                    |   |   |         |   |   |      |
|      |       | Marks sent to University                          |   |   | •       |   |   | / 50 |

Remarks by the Supervisor / Guide

| Date: | Signature |
|-------|-----------|
|-------|-----------|

**Signature of the students Date** 

# CHILD HEALTH NURSING.

Placement: Third Year.

Time: Theory-90 Hrs. (Class 80 + Lab 10hrs Practical-270Hrs. + 75 Hrs\*

**Course Description:** This course is designed for developing an understanding of the modern approach to child-care, identification, prevention and nursing management of common health problems of neonates and children.

**Specific objectives:** At the end of the course, the students will be able to:

- 1. Explain the modern concept of child care and the principles of child health nursing.
- 2. Describe the normal growth and development of children in various age groups.
- 3. Explain the physiological response of body to disease conditions in children.
- 4. Identify the health needs and problems of neonates and children, plan and implement appropriate nursing interventions.
- 5. Identify the various preventive, promotive and rehabilitative aspects of child care and apply them in providing nursing care to children in the hospital and in the community.

| Unit | LearningObjectives  | Content  | Hrs: allocation.   |
|------|---|--|--------------------|
| I    | *Explain the modern concept of child care & principles of child health nursing.                           | <ul> <li>Introduction: Modern concept of childcare.</li> <li>Introduction to modern concept of child care &amp; history, principles &amp; scope of child health nursing.</li> </ul>  | T 10 hrs. P 05 hrs |
|      | *Describe national policy<br>Progammes & legislations<br>in relation to child health<br>& welfare.        | <ul> <li>Internationally accepted rights of the Child National policy &amp; legislations in relation to child health &amp;welfare.</li> <li>National programmes related to child health &amp; welfare.</li> <li>Agencies related to welfare services to the children.</li> </ul> | 1<br>1<br>1        |
|      | *List major causes of death during infancy, early & late childhood.                                       | <ul> <li>Changing trends in hospital care, preventive, promotive &amp; curative aspects of child health.</li> <li>Child morbidity &amp; mortality rates.</li> <li>Differences between an adult &amp;child.</li> </ul>  | 1                  |
|      | *Describe the major<br>functions & role of the<br>paediatric nurse in caring<br>for a hospitalized child. | <ul> <li>Hospital environment for a sick child.</li> <li>Impact of hospitalization on the child &amp;family.</li> <li>Grief &amp;bereavement.</li> <li>The role of a child health nurse in caring for</li> </ul>   | 1 1 1              |
|      | *Demonstrate various<br>Paediatric nursing<br>procedures  | <ul> <li>a hospitalized child.</li> <li>Principles of pre &amp; post-operative care of infants &amp; children.</li> <li>Child health nursing procedures.</li> </ul>  | 5                  |

| Unit | Learning Objectives   | Content  | Hrs: allocation.   |
|------|---|--|--------------------|
| II   | *Describe the normal growth &development  | The healthy child  • Principles of growth &development.  | T 18 hrs. P 02 hrs |
|      | of children at different ages   | <ul><li>Factors affecting growth &amp;development.</li><li>Growth &amp; development from birth to</li></ul>  | 1<br>1<br>6        |
|      | *Identify the needs of children at different ages & provide parental guidance                                 | <ul> <li>adolescence</li> <li>The needs of normal children through<br/>the stages of developmental &amp; parental<br/>guidance</li> </ul>                                      | 2                  |
|      | *Identify the nutritional needs of children at  | <ul> <li>Nutritional needs of children &amp; infants:         Breast feeding, supplementary &amp; artificial         Feeding &amp; weaning.     </li> </ul>                    | 1                  |
|      | different ages & ways of meeting the needs.   | <ul> <li>Baby friendly hospital concept.</li> <li>Accidents: causes &amp;prevention.</li> <li>Value of play &amp; selection of play material.</li> </ul>                       | 2<br>2<br>2        |
|      | *Appreciate the role of play for normal &sick children.  *Appreciate the preventive massures & strategies for | <ul> <li>Preventive immunization, immunization programme &amp; cold chain.</li> <li>Preventive pediatrics</li> <li>Care of under five &amp; under five clinics/well</li> </ul> | 1 2                |
| III  | measures & strategies for children.  *Provide care to normal  | baby clinic.  Nursing care of a neonate.   | T 12hrs.           |
|      | &high risk neonates. *Perform neonatal resuscitation.   | <ul> <li>Nursing care of a normal newborn /Essential newborn care.</li> <li>Neonatal resuscitation.</li> </ul>   | P 03hrs. 4 1       |
|      | *Recognize &manage common neonatal problems.  | <ul> <li>Nursing management of a low birth weight baby &amp;high risk babies.</li> <li>Kangaroo mother care.</li> </ul>  | 4                  |
|      |   | <ul> <li>Organization of neonatal unit.</li> <li>Identification &amp; nursing management of common neonatal problems.</li> </ul>   | 1<br>1<br>1        |
|      |   | Nursing management of babies with common congenital malformations.   | 2                  |
| IV   | *Explain the concept of IMNCI & other health  | • Control & prevention of infection in N.I.C.U.  Integrated management of neonatal& childhood illnesses(IMNCI).  | 10 hrs.            |
|      | strategies initiated by<br>National population  | Health strategies: National population policy-   |                    |
|      | policy 2000.  | <ul> <li>RCH camps &amp; RCH outreach schemes.</li> <li>Operationalization of district newborn care, home based neonatal care.</li> </ul>                                      | 2 2                |
|      |   | <ul> <li>Border district cluster strategy.</li> <li>Integrated management of infants&amp; children with illnesses like diarrhea,</li> </ul>                                    | 1 3                |
|      |   | <ul><li>A.R.I., malaria, measles &amp; Malnutrition.</li><li>* Nurses' role: IMNCI.</li></ul>  | 2                  |

| U nit | Learning Objectives        | Content   | Hrs: allocation. |
|-------|----------------------------|---|------------------|
| V     | *Provide nursing carein    | Nursing management in common  | 20 hrs.          |
|       | Common childhood diseases. | <ul><li>Childhood diseases-</li><li>Nutritional deficiency disorders.</li></ul>                   |                  |
|       | diseases.                  | <ul> <li>Respiratory disorders &amp; infections.</li> </ul>                                       | 1                |
|       | *Identify measures to      | <ul> <li>Gastro-intestinal infections, infestations,&amp;</li> </ul>                              | 2                |
|       | prevent common             | congenital disorders.   | 2                |
|       | childhood diseases         | <ul> <li>Cardio-vascular problems: congenital</li> </ul>  |                  |
|       | including immunization.    | defects & rheumatic fever, rheumatic heart disease.   | 3                |
|       |                            | Genito-urinary disorders: acute glomerulo   | 2                |
|       |                            | nephritis, nephritic syndrome, Wilm's tumour, infections, calculi, & congenital disorders.        | 2                |
|       |                            | Neurological infections & disorders:  |                  |
|       |                            | convulsions, meningitis, hydrocephalus, head injury.  | 3                |
|       |                            | <ul> <li>Hematological disorders: anemias, thalassemia,<br/>ITP, leukemia, hemophilia.</li> </ul> | 2                |
|       |                            | • Endocrine disorders: juvenile diabetes mellitus&  |                  |
|       |                            | other diseases.   | 1                |
|       |                            | Orthopaedic disorders : club feet, hip  |                  |
|       |                            | dislocation & fracture.   | 1                |
|       |                            | <ul> <li>Disorders of skin, eye &amp;ears.</li> </ul>   | 1                |
|       |                            | • Common communicable diseases in children,   | 1                |
|       |                            | their identification, nursing care in hospital& home &prevention.                                 | 1                |
|       |                            | • Child health emergencies :poisoning,  | 1                |
|       |                            | haemmorrhage, burns &drowning.  |                  |
|       |                            | Nursing care of infant and children with HIV/<br>AIDS   |                  |
| VI    | *Manage the child with     | Management of behavioural & social  | 10 hrs.          |
|       | behavioral & social        | Problems in children.   | 4                |
|       | problems                   | <ul> <li>Management of common behavioral disorders.</li> </ul>                                    | 4                |
|       |                            | <ul> <li>Management of common psychiatric</li> </ul>  | 2                |
|       |                            | problems.   |                  |
|       |                            | <ul> <li>Management of challenged children:</li> </ul>  | 2                |
|       |                            | Mentally, physically, &socially   |                  |
|       |                            | challenged.   | 4                |
|       |                            | Welfare services for challenged children in   | 1                |
|       |                            | India.  | 1                |
|       |                            | Child guidance clinics.   | •                |

#### References-

- 1. GhaiO.p. et al. (2000) Ghai's Essentials of Paediatrics. 1<sup>st</sup>edn. Mehta offset works. NewDelhi.
- 2. Marlow Dorothy & Redding. (2001) Textbook of Paed. Nsg. 6<sup>th</sup>edn. Harbarcourt India ltd. NewDelhi
- 3. Parthsarathy et al. (2000) IAP Textbook of PaediatricNsg. Jaypee bros., 2 nd ed. NewDelhi.
- 4. Vishwanathan& Desai. (1999) Achar's Textbook of Paediatrics 3<sup>rd</sup>ed. Orient Longman. Chennai.
- 5. Wong Dona et al. Whaley & Wong's Nursing care of infants & children.6th edn. Mosby co., Philadelphia.
- 6. Dr. C.S. Waghale, Principles and Practice of Clinical Pediatrics, Vora publication 1996

Time: 270 hrs (9 weeks) 75 Hrs\* (2 weeks)

| Areas l                 | Duration<br>( in<br>weeks) | Objectives   | Skills  | Assignments   | Assessment methods  |
|-------------------------|----------------------------|--|---|---|---|
| Pediatric medicine ward | 3                          | <ul> <li>Provide nursing care to children with various medical disorders</li> <li>Counsel and educate parents</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Taking pediatric history</li> <li>Physical examination and assessment of children</li> <li>Administer of oral, IM/IV medicine and fluids.</li> <li>Calculation fluid requirements</li> <li>Prepare different strengths of IV fluids</li> <li>Apply restraints</li> <li>Administer O2inhalation by different methods</li> <li>Give baby bath</li> <li>Feed children by katori spoon etc</li> <li>Collect specimens for common investigations</li> <li>Assist with common diagnostic procedures</li> <li>Teach mothers/parents</li> <li>Malnutrition</li> <li>Oral rehydration therapy</li> <li>Feeding and weaning</li> <li>Immunization schedule</li> <li>Play therapy</li> <li>Specific disease conditions</li> </ul> | Give care to three assigned pediatric patients Nursing care plan- 1 Case study /Presentatio n - 1 | Assess clinical performance with rating scale. Assess each skill with checklist OSCE/OSPE Evaluation of case study / presentation and health education session. Completion of activity record |

| Pediatric<br>surgery ward                 | 3       | <ul> <li>Recognize         different         pediatric         conditions/         malformations</li> <li>Provide pre and         post operative         care to children         with common         pediatric</li> </ul> | Calculate, prepare and administer IV fluids Do bowel wash Care for ostomies:  Colostomy irrigation Ureterostomy Gastrostomy Enterostomy Urinary catheterisation   | Give care to<br>three assigned<br>pediatric<br>surgical<br>patients<br>Nursing care<br>plan- 1<br>Case study /<br>presentation -<br>1 | • | Assess clinical performance with rating scale. Assess each skill with checklist OSCE/OSPE Evaluation of       |
|---|---------|--|---|---|---|---|
|   |         | surgical conditions/ malformation Counsel and educate parents  | and drainage Feeding  ➤ Nasogastric  ➤ Gastrostomy  ➤ Jejunostomy  Care of surgical  wounds  Dressing  Suture removal   |   | • | case study / presentation and health education session. Completion of activity record                         |
| Pediatric<br>OPD/<br>Immunization<br>room | 1       | Perform assessment of children: Health, developmental and anthropometric Perform immunization Give health education/ nutritional education   | Assessment of children  > Health assessment Developmental assessment Anthropometric assessment Immunization Health / Nutritional education  | Developmental study -1  | • | Assess clinical performance with rating scale Completion of activity record.                                  |
| Pediatric medic surgery ICU               | ine and | 1+1 • Provide Nursi ng care to critic ally ill child ren   | <ul> <li>Care of a baby in incubator /warmer</li> <li>Care of child on ventilator.</li> <li>Endotracheal suction</li> <li>Chest physiotherapy</li> <li>Administer fluids with infusion pump.</li> <li>Total parenteral nutrition</li> <li>Phototherapy</li> <li>Monitoring of babies</li> <li>Cardio pulmonary resuscitation</li> </ul> | Nursing care plan 1 Observation report 1.   |   | Assess clinical performance with rating scale Completion of activity record Evaluation of observation report. |

### \* 75 Hrs 2 Weeks

| Area       | Duration | Objective        | Skills     | Assignments | Assessment  |
|------------|----------|------------------|------------|-------------|-------------|
| Pediatric  | 1 week   | Provide          | Integrated | Bedside     | Assess      |
| medicine   |          | comprehensive    | Practice   | nursing     | clinical    |
| ward / ICU |          | care to children |            | rounds      | performance |
|            |          | with medical     |            |             | with rating |
|            |          | conditions       |            |             | scale       |
| Pediatric  | 1 week   | Provide          | Integrated | Bedside     | Assess      |
| surgery    |          | comprehensive    | Practice   | nursing     | clinical    |
| ward / ICU |          | care to children |            | rounds      | performance |
|            |          | with surgical    |            |             | with rating |
|            |          | conditions       |            |             | scale       |

<sup>\*</sup>shifted from Integrated practice

### **EVALUATION**

### I. <u>Internal assessment</u>:

| Theory:  |             | Maximum marks 25<br>Marks |
|----------|-------------|---------------------------|
| Midterm  |             | 50                        |
| Prefinal |             | 75                        |
|          | Total marks | 125                       |

| Practicum:   | Maximum marks50  |                 |
|--|------------------|-----------------|
| 1. Case presentation-<br>( Paed Medical /Surgical 01)  |                  | 50              |
| 2. Case study - (Paed. medical. / surgical. 01)  |                  | 50              |
| <ul> <li>3. Nursing careplan03</li> <li>4. Clinical evaluation of comprehen (paed. Medical / surgical / P.I.C.U./</li> </ul> |                  | 75              |
| <b>5.</b> Health teaching-01   |                  | 25              |
| <b>6.</b> Assessment of growth & develop (20markseach) (Neonate, infant, toddler, preschooled)                               | 5 X 20           | 0 100           |
| Observation report of NICU surgery   | //Medical 1 x 25 | 25              |
| <u>Practical exam</u> :  |                  |                 |
| <ol> <li>Midtermexam</li> <li>Pretermexam</li> </ol>   |                  | 50<br>50<br>725 |
|  |                  |                 |

# II External assessment : University exam:

| Theory    | 75 |
|-----------|----|
| Practical | 50 |

#### FORMAT FOR CASE PRESENTATION

**Patients Biodata:** Name, address, age, sex, religion, occupation of parent, source of health care, date of admission, provisional diagnosis, date of surgery if any

**Presenting complaints:** Describe the complaints with which the patient has come to hospital

#### **History of illness**

History of present illness – onset, symptoms, duration, precipitating / alleviating factors

History of past illness – illnesses, surgeries, allergies, immunizations, medications

Family history – family tree, history of illness in family members, risk factors, congenital problems, psychological problems.

#### Childs personal data

Obstetric history of - prenatal & natal history of mother, growth an development (compare with normal), immunization status, dietary pattern including weaning, play habits, toilet training, sleep pattern, schooling.

**Economic status of the family:** Monthly income & expenditure on health, food and education material assets (own pacca house car, two wheeler, phone, TV etc...)

**Psychological status:** ethnic background, (geographical information, cultural information) support system available.

#### Physical examination with date and time

#### **Investigations**

| Date | Investigations done | Normal value | Patient value | Inference |
|------|---------------------|--------------|---------------|-----------|
|      |                     |              |               |           |

#### **Treatment**

| Sr.<br>No. | Drug<br>(Pharmacological name) | Dose | Frequency<br>/ Time | Action | Side<br>effects &<br>drug<br>interaction | Nursing<br>responsibi-<br>-lity |
|------------|--------------------------------|------|---------------------|--------|--|---------------------------------|
|            |                                |      |                     |        |  |                                 |

#### **Description of disease**

Definition, related anatomy physiology, etiology, risk factors, clinical features, management and nursing care

Clinical features of the disease condition

| Clinical features present in the book | Description of clinical features of patient | Pathophysiology |
|---------------------------------------|---|-----------------|
|                                       |   |                 |

#### **Nursing process:**

Patients name Date Ward

| Date | Assessment | $\mathcal{C}$ | Objective | Plan of care | Implementation | Rationale | Evaluation |
|------|------------|---------------|-----------|--------------|----------------|-----------|------------|
|      |            | Diagnosis     |           |              |                |           |            |
|      |            |               |           |              |                |           |            |

#### **Discharge planning:**

It should include health education and discharge planning given to patient

#### **Evaluation of care**

Overall evaluation, problem faced while providing care prognosis of the patient and conclusion

### **Evaluation format for case presentation**

| SN | Content                                | Marks |
|----|--|-------|
| 1  | Assessment / Introduction              | 05    |
| 2  | Knowledge and understanding of disease | 10    |
| 3  | Nursing care plan                      | 15    |
| 4  | Presentation skill                     | 10    |
| 5  | A.V. aids                              | 05    |
| 6  | Overall                                |       |
|    | Time                                   | 01    |
|    | Summary& conclusion                    | 02    |
|    | Bibliography                           | 02    |
|    | Total                                  | 50    |

### Format for case study

Format is similar to case presentation but should be in detail The nursing care given to the patient should be at least for 5 continuous days

#### **Evaluation format for case study**

| SN | Content                                |       | Marks |
|----|--|-------|-------|
| 1  | Assessment / Introduction              |       | 05    |
| 2  | Knowledge and understanding of disease |       | 15    |
| 3  | Nursing care plan                      |       | 20    |
| 4  | Discharge plan                         |       | 05    |
| 5  | Summary & evaluation                   |       | 02    |
| 6  | Bibliography                           |       | 03    |
|    |  | Total | 50    |

#### **Nursing care plan**

- **1. Patients Biodata:** Name, address, age, sex, religion, occupation of parents, source of health care, date of admission, provisional diagnosis, date of surgery ifany
- 2. Presenting complaints: Describe the complaints with which the patient has come tohospital
- 3. History of illness

History of present illness – onset, symptoms, duration, precipitating / alleviating factors History of past illness – illnesses, surgeries, allergies, immunizations, medications Family history – family tree, history of illness in family members, risk factors, congenital problems, psychological problems

#### 4. Childs personal data

Obstetric history of - prenatal & natal history of mother, growth an development (compare with normal), immunization status, dietary pattern including weaning, play habits, toilet training, sleep pattern, schooling.

- **5 Economic status:** Monthly income & expenditure on health, food and education, material assets (own pacca house car, two wheeler, phone, TV etc...)
- **6** Psychological status: ethnic background,( geographical information, cultural information) support system available.
- **7 Personal habits:** consumption of alcohol, smoking, tobacco chewing, sleep, exercise, work elimination, nutrition.
- 8 Physical examination with date and time
- 9 Investigations

| Date Investigations done |  | Normal value | Patient value | Inference |  |
|--------------------------|--|--------------|---------------|-----------|--|
|                          |  |              |               |           |  |

#### 10. Treatment

| SN | Drug (pharmacological name) | Dose | Frequency /time | Action | Side<br>effects &<br>drug<br>interaction | Nursing<br>responsibility |
|----|-----------------------------|------|-----------------|--------|--|---------------------------|
|    |                             |      |                 |        |  |                           |

#### 11. Nursing process:

| Patients name |                 | Date |           |           | Ward    |            |           |            |
|---------------|-----------------|------|-----------|-----------|---------|------------|-----------|------------|
|               | Date Assessment |      | Nursing   | Objective | Plan of | Implementa | Rationale | Evaluation |
|               |                 |      | Diagnosis |           | care    | -tion      |           |            |
|               |                 |      |           |           |         |            |           |            |

#### Discharge planning:

It should include health education and discharge planning given to patient

#### 12. Evaluation of care

Overall evaluation, problem faced while providing care prognosis of the patient and conclusion

# Care plan evaluation

| 1. History taking                   | 03 |
|-------------------------------------|----|
| 2. Assessment and nursing diagnosis | 05 |
| 3. Planning of care                 | 05 |
| 4. Implementation and evaluation    | 08 |
| 5. Follow up care                   | 02 |
| 6. Bibliography                     | 02 |
|                                     |    |
|                                     |    |

25

# **EVALUATION FORMAT FOR HEALTH TALK**

| NAME OF THE STUDENT: |                 |
|----------------------|-----------------|
| AREA OFEXPERIENCE:   |                 |
| PERIOD OFEXPERIENCE: |                 |
| SUPERVISOR:          |                 |
|                      | Total 100 Marks |

Scores: 5 = Excellent, 4 = Very good, 3 = Good, 2 = Satisfactory / fair, 1 = Poor

| Particular                                     | 1   | 2   | 3  | 4   | 5   | Score   |
|--|---|---|--|---|---|---|
| I) Planning and organization                   |   |   |  |   |   |   |
| a) Formulation of attainable objectives        |   |   |  |   |   |   |
| b) Adequacy of content                         |   |   |  |   |   |   |
| c) Organization of subject matter              |   |   |  |   |   |   |
| d) Current knowledge related to subject Matter |   |   |  |   |   |   |
| e) Suitable A.V. Aids                          |   |   |  |   |   |   |
| II) Presentation:                              |   |   |  |   |   |   |
| a) Interesting                                 |   |   |  |   |   |   |
| b) Clear Audible                               |   |   |  |   |   |   |
| c) Adequate explanation                        |   |   |  |   |   |   |
| d) Effective use of A.V. Aids                  |   |   |  |   |   |   |
| e) Group Involvement                           |   |   |  |   |   |   |
| f) Time Limit                                  |   |   |  |   |   |   |
| III) Personal qualities:                       |   |   |  |   |   |   |
| a) Self confidence                             |   |   |  |   |   |   |
| b) Personal appearance                         |   |   |  |   |   |   |
| c) Language                                    |   |   |  |   |   |   |
| d) Mannerism                                   |   |   |  |   |   |   |
| e) Self awareness of strong & weak points      |   |   |  |   |   |   |
| IV) Feed back:                                 |   |   |  |   |   |   |
| a) Recapitulation                              |   |   |  |   |   |   |
| b) Effectiveness                               |   |   |  |   |   |   |
| c) Group response                              |   |   |  |   |   |   |
| V) Submits assignment on time                  |   |   |  |   |   |   |
|  | I) Planning and organization a) Formulation of attainable objectives b) Adequacy of content c) Organization of subject matter d) Current knowledge related to subject Matter e) Suitable A.V. Aids II) Presentation: a) Interesting b) Clear Audible c) Adequate explanation d) Effective use of A.V. Aids e) Group Involvement f) Time Limit III) Personal qualities: a) Self confidence b) Personal appearance c) Language d) Mannerism e) Self awareness of strong & weak points IV) Feed back: a) Recapitulation b) Effectiveness c) Group response | I) Planning and organization a) Formulation of attainable objectives b) Adequacy of content c) Organization of subject matter d) Current knowledge related to subject Matter e) Suitable A.V. Aids II) Presentation: a) Interesting b) Clear Audible c) Adequate explanation d) Effective use of A.V. Aids e) Group Involvement f) Time Limit III) Personal qualities: a) Self confidence b) Personal appearance c) Language d) Mannerism e) Self awareness of strong & weak points IV) Feed back: a) Recapitulation b) Effectiveness c) Group response | I) Planning and organization  a) Formulation of attainable objectives b) Adequacy of content c) Organization of subject matter d) Current knowledge related to subject Matter e) Suitable A.V. Aids II) Presentation: a) Interesting b) Clear Audible c) Adequate explanation d) Effective use of A.V. Aids e) Group Involvement f) Time Limit III) Personal qualities: a) Self confidence b) Personal appearance c) Language d) Mannerism e) Self awareness of strong & weak points IV) Feed back: a) Recapitulation b) Effectiveness c) Group response | I) Planning and organization a) Formulation of attainable objectives b) Adequacy of content c) Organization of subject matter d) Current knowledge related to subject Matter e) Suitable A.V. Aids II) Presentation: a) Interesting b) Clear Audible c) Adequate explanation d) Effective use of A.V. Aids e) Group Involvement f) Time Limit III) Personal qualities: a) Self confidence b) Personal appearance c) Language d) Mannerism e) Self awareness of strong & weak points IV) Feed back: a) Recapitulation b) Effectiveness c) Group response | I) Planning and organization a) Formulation of attainable objectives b) Adequacy of content c) Organization of subject matter d) Current knowledge related to subject Matter e) Suitable A.V. Aids II) Presentation: a) Interesting b) Clear Audible c) Adequate explanation d) Effective use of A.V. Aids e) Group Involvement f) Time Limit III) Personal qualities: a) Self confidence b) Personal appearance c) Language d) Mannerism e) Self awareness of strong & weak points IV) Feed back: a) Recapitulation b) Effectiveness c) Group response | I) Planning and organization a) Formulation of attainable objectives b) Adequacy of content c) Organization of subject matter d) Current knowledge related to subject Matter e) Suitable A.V. Aids II) Presentation: a) Interesting b) Clear Audible c) Adequate explanation d) Effective use of A.V. Aids e) Group Involvement f) Time Limit III) Personal qualities: a) Self confidence b) Personal appearance c) Language d) Mannerism e) Self awareness of strong & weak points IV) Feed back: a) Recapitulation b) Effectiveness c) Group response |

<sup>\* 100</sup> marks will be converted into 25

# **CLINICAL EVALUATION PROFORMA**

|                              |           | Tota                   | al Marks: - 100 |            |
|------------------------------|-----------|------------------------|-----------------|------------|
| _                            | Name<br>: | of                     | the             | supervisor |
| Area of clinical experience: |           | on of posting in weeks | s:              |            |
| Year                         | :         |                        |                 |            |
| Name of the student          | :         |                        |                 |            |

Scores:- 4 = Very good, 3 = Good, 2 = Satisfactory / fair, 1 = Poor

| SN | EVALUATION CRITERIA                              | Grades |   |   |   |
|----|--|--------|---|---|---|
|    |  | 4      | 3 | 2 | 1 |
| 1  | Personal & Professional behavior                 |        |   |   |   |
| 1  | Wears clean & neat uniform and well              |        |   |   |   |
|    | groomed.   |        |   |   |   |
| 2  | Arrives and leaves punctually                    |        |   |   |   |
| 3  | Demonstrates understanding of the need for       |        |   |   |   |
|    | quietness in speech & manner & protects the      |        |   |   |   |
|    | patient from undue notice.                       |        |   |   |   |
| 4  | Is notably poised and effective even in          |        |   |   |   |
|    | situations of stress                             |        |   |   |   |
| 5  | Influential & displaced persuasive assertive     |        |   |   |   |
|    | leadership behaviour                             |        |   |   |   |
| II | Attitude to Co-workers and patients              |        |   |   |   |
| 6  | Works well as member of nursing team             |        |   |   |   |
| 7  | Gives assistance to other in clinical situations |        |   |   |   |
| 8  | Understands the child as an individual           |        |   |   |   |
| 9  | Shows skills in gaining the confidence & co-     |        |   |   |   |
|    | operation of child and relatives, tactful and    |        |   |   |   |
|    | considerate.                                     |        |   |   |   |
| IV | Application of knowledge                         |        |   |   |   |
| 10 | Possess sound knowledge of pediatric             |        |   |   |   |
|    | conditions.                                      |        |   |   |   |
| 11 | Has sound knowledge of scientific principles     |        |   |   |   |
| 12 | Has knowledge of normal growth and               |        |   |   |   |
|    | development of children                          |        |   |   |   |
| 13 | Has knowledge of current treatment               |        |   |   |   |
|    | modalities inclusive of medicine, surgery,       |        |   |   |   |
|    | pharmacology and dietetics.                      |        |   |   |   |
| 14 | Takes interest in new learning from current      |        |   |   |   |
|    | literature & seeks help from resourceful         |        |   |   |   |
|    | people.  |        |   |   |   |
|    |  |        |   |   |   |

| SR | EVALUATION CRITERIA  | Grades |   |   |   |
|----|--|--------|---|---|---|
| NO |  | 4      | 3 | 2 | 1 |
| V  | Quality of clinical skill  |        |   |   |   |
| 15 | Able to elicit health history of child and family accurately.                |        |   |   |   |
|    | Skillful in carrying out physical examination, developmental                 |        |   |   |   |
| 16 | screening and detecting deviations from normal                               |        |   |   |   |
|    | Identifies problems & sets priorities and                                    |        |   |   |   |
|    | grasps essentials while performing duties                                    |        |   |   |   |
| 17 | Able to plan and implement care both preoperatively and post operatively.    |        |   |   |   |
| 18 | Applies principles in carrying out procedures & carries out duties promptly. |        |   |   |   |
| 19 | Has technical competence in performing nursing procedures.                   |        |   |   |   |
|    | Able to calculate and administer medicines accurately                        |        |   |   |   |
| 20 | Resourceful and practices economy of time material and                       |        |   |   |   |
|    | energy.  |        |   |   |   |
| 21 | Recognizes the role of play in children and facilitates play                 |        |   |   |   |
|    | therapy in hospitalized children   |        |   |   |   |
| 22 | Observes carefully, reports & records signs & symptoms &                     |        |   |   |   |
| 22 | other relevant information   |        |   |   |   |
| 23 | Uses opportunities to give health education to patients &                    |        |   |   |   |
|    | relatives  |        |   |   |   |
| 24 |  |        |   |   |   |
|    |  |        |   |   |   |
| 25 |  |        |   |   |   |
|    |  |        |   |   |   |
|    | TOTAL  |        |   |   |   |

| - | ٦. | 1  |     |
|---|----|----|-----|
| ( | τĽ | ลด | le. |

Very good = 70 % and above Good = 60 - 69 % Satisfactory = 50- 59 % Poor = Below 50 %

Remarks for improvement:

Student's Remark:

Signature of the student

Signature of the teacher

Assessment of growth & development reports

(Neonate, infant, toddler, preschooler, & School age)

# PROFORMA FOR ASSESSMENT OF GROWTH & DEVELOPMENT

(Age group: birth to 5 yrs.)

I] Identification Data

Name of the child

Age

Sex : Date of admission :

Diagnosis

Type of delivery : Normal/Instrumental/LSCS

Place of delivery : Hospital/Home

Any problem during birth : Yes/No

If yes, give details

Order of birth :

# II] Growth & development of child & comparison with normal:

Anthropometry In the child Normal

Weight Height

Chest circumference

Head circumference

Mid arm circumference

Dentition

# **III] Milestones of development:**

| Development milestones | In Child | Comparison with the normal |
|------------------------|----------|----------------------------|
| 1.Responsive smile     |          |                            |
| 2.Responds to Sound    |          |                            |
| 3.Head control         |          |                            |
| 4.Grasps object        |          |                            |
| 5.Rolls over           |          |                            |
| 6.Sits alone           |          |                            |
| 7.Crawls or creeps     |          |                            |
| 8.Thumb-finger         |          |                            |
| co-ordination          |          |                            |
| (Prehension)           |          |                            |
| 9.Stands with support  |          |                            |
| 10. Stands alone       |          |                            |
| 11. Walks with support |          |                            |
| 12. Walks alone        |          |                            |
| 13. Climbs steps       |          |                            |
| 14. Runs               |          |                            |

### IV] Social, Emotional & Language Development:

| Social & emotional development       | In Child | Comparison with the normal |
|--------------------------------------|----------|----------------------------|
| Responds to closeness when held      |          |                            |
| Smiles in recognition recognized     |          |                            |
| mother coos and gurgles seated       |          |                            |
| before a mirror, regards image       |          |                            |
| Discriminates strangers wants more   |          |                            |
| than one to play says Mamma, Papa    |          |                            |
| responds to name, no or give it to   |          |                            |
| me.                                  |          |                            |
| Increasingly demanding offers cheek  |          |                            |
| to be kissed can speak single word   |          |                            |
| use pronouns like I, Me, You asks    |          |                            |
| for food, drinks, toilet, plays with |          |                            |
| doll gives full name can help put    |          |                            |
| thinks away understands differences  |          |                            |
| between boy & girl washes hands      |          |                            |
| feeds himself/ herself repeats with  |          |                            |
| number understands under, behind,    |          |                            |
| inside, outside Dresses and          |          |                            |
| undresses                            |          |                            |

### V] Play habits

Child favorite toy and play:

Does he play alone or with other children?

### VI] Toilet training

Is the child trained for bowel movement & if yes, at what age:

Has the child attained bladder control & if yes, at what age:

Does the child use the toilet?

### VII] Nutrition

- Breast feeding (as relevant to age)
- Weaning has weaning started for the child: Yes/No If yes, at what age & specify theweaning diet. Any problems observed during weaning:

### Meal pattern at home

Sample of a day's meal: Daily requirements of chief nutrients:

Breakfast: Lunch: Dinner Snacks:

VIII] Immunization status & schedule of completion of immunization.

### IX] Sleep pattern

How many hours does the child sleep during day and night?

Any sleep problems observed & how it is handled:

# X] Schooling

Does the child attend school?

If yes, which grade and report of school performance:

### XI] Parent child relationship

How much time do the parents spend with the child?

Observation of parent-child interaction

### XII] Explain parental reaction to illness and hospitalization

### XIII] Child's reaction to the illness & hospital team

### XIV] Identification of needs on priority

### XV] Conclusion

### XVI] Bibliography

# Evaluation Criteria: Assessment of Growth & Development (birthto5year)

(Maximum Marks: 50)

| S.No. | Item                                       |       | Marks |  |
|-------|--|-------|-------|--|
| 1.    | Adherence to format                        |       | 02    |  |
| 2.    | Skill in Physical examination & assessment |       | 10    |  |
| 3.    | Relevance and accuracy of data recorded    |       | 05    |  |
| 4.    | Interpretation Identification of Needs     |       | 05    |  |
| 5.    | Bibliography                               |       | 03    |  |
|       |  |       |       |  |
|       |  | Total | 25    |  |
|       |  |       |       |  |

Note: - Same format to be used for assessment of infant, Toddler & Preschooler child.

### PROFORMA FOR EXAMINATION AND ASSESSMENT OF NEW BORN

I] Bio data of baby and mother :

Name of the baby (if any) : Age

Birth weight : Present weight: Mother's name : Period of gestation:

Date of delivery

Identification band applied

Type of delivery : Normal/ Instruments/Operation

Place of delivery : Hospital/Home

Any problems during birth : Yes/No

If yes explain

Antenatal history

Mother's age : Height: Weight:

Nutritional status of mother :

Socio-economic background :

II] Examination of the baby

| Characteristics          | In the Baby | Comparison with the normal |
|--------------------------|-------------|----------------------------|
| 1. Weight                |             |                            |
| 2. Length                |             |                            |
| 3. Head circumference    |             |                            |
| 4. Chest circumference   |             |                            |
| 5. Mid-arm circumference |             |                            |
| 6. Temperature           |             |                            |
| 7. heart rate            |             |                            |
| 8. Respiration           |             |                            |

# III] General behavior and observations

Color Skin/ Lanugo Vernixcaseosa Jaundice Cyanosis Rashes Mongolian spot Birthmarks Head

- Anterior fontanel:

- Posterior fontanel:
- Any cephal hematoma / caput succedaneum
- Forceps marks(if any) :

Face:

Eyes:

Cleft lip / palate

Ear Cartilage :

Trunk:

- Breast nodule
- Umbilical cord
- Hands

Feet /Sole creases

<u>Legs</u>

Genitalia

Muscle tone

Reflexes

- Clinging
- Laughing/ sneezing Sucking
- Rooting
- Gagging
- Grasp
- Moro
- Tonic neck reflex

Cry: Good / week APGAR scoring at birth First feed given Type of feed given Total requirement of fluid &calories :<u>Amount of feed accepted</u> : Special observations made during feed: Care of skin Care of eyes, nose, ear, mouth: Care of umbilicus and genitalia Meconium passed /not passed: Urine passed /not passed

IV] Identification of Health Needs in Baby & Mother. V] Health education to mother about Breast feeding

Care of skin, eye and umbilicus etc.

V] Bibliography

# **Evaluation Criteria: Examination & Assessment of Newborn**

(Maximum Marks: 50)

| S.No. | Item   | Marks  |
|-------|--|--------|
| 1     | Adherence to format  | 02     |
| 2     | Skill in Physical examination & assessment                       | 10     |
| 3     | Relevance and accuracy of data recorded                          | 05     |
| 4     | Interpretation of Priority Needs Identification of baby & mother | 06     |
| 5     | Bibliography   | 02     |
|       | Tot  | tal 25 |
|       |  |        |

# Maharashtra University of Health Sciences External Practical Evaluation Guidelines III Basic B.Sc

Nursing Subject : Child Health Nursing

50Marks

|   | Sulviai KS |
|---|------------|
| Internal Examiner   | 25Marks    |
| Nursing Procedure (15 marks)  Planning and Organizing   | 5marks     |
| Preparation of tray   | 3          |
| Environment   | 1          |
| Preparation of patient  | 1          |
| Execution of Procedure  | 7marks     |
| Applies scientific principles   | 3          |
| Proficiency in skill  | 3          |
| Ensures sequential order  | 1          |
| Termination of procedure  | 3marks     |
| <ul> <li>Makes patient comfortable</li> </ul>   | 1          |
| <ul> <li>Reports&amp; Records</li> </ul>  | 1          |
| After care of articles  | 1          |
| Viva(10Marks)   | 10marks    |
| <ul> <li>Knowledge about common pediatric medical surgical condition</li> </ul>   | ns 3       |
| <ul> <li>Preparation of various diagnostic procedures</li> </ul>  | 2          |
| <ul> <li>Instruments and articles</li> </ul>  | 2          |
| Growth and Development  | 3          |
| External Examiner   | 25Marks    |
| Nursing Process(15Marks)  | 15marks    |
| Assessment  | 3          |
| Nursing Diagnosis   | 2          |
| • Goal  | 1          |
| Outcome criteria  | 1          |
| Nursing intervention  | 3          |
| Rationale  Figure 1 and 1 | 2          |
| Evaluation  | 1          |
| Nurses notes  | 2          |
| Viva(10Marks)   | 10marks    |
| National Health Programs for child care including IMNSI   | 2          |
| <ul> <li>Behavioral and social problem in children</li> </ul>   | 3          |
| • Drugs   | 3          |
| <ul> <li>Nursing care of neonates</li> </ul>  | 2          |

# CHILD HEALTH NURSING PRACTICAL EXAMINATION PRACTICAL / ORAL MARK LIST

NAME OF THE EXAMINATION: CHILD

HEALTH NURSING PRACTICALS MONTH: YEAR:

THIRD YEAR Basic B. Schursing: MARKS:

**50 SUBJECT : CHILD HEALTHNURSING** 

CENTRE:

| Roll<br>No | Internal      | Examiner     | External                   | Examiner     | Total  | Total  |
|------------|---------------|--------------|----------------------------|--------------|--------|--------|
|            | Procedu<br>re | Viva<br>voce | Nursin<br>g<br>proce<br>ss | Viva<br>voce |        |        |
|            | 15            | 10           | 1<br>5                     | 10           | 5<br>0 | 2<br>5 |
|            |               |              |                            |              |        |        |
|            |               |              |                            |              |        |        |
|            |               |              |                            |              |        |        |
|            |               |              |                            |              |        |        |
|            |               |              |                            |              |        |        |
|            |               |              |                            |              |        |        |
|            |               |              |                            |              |        |        |
|            |               |              |                            |              |        |        |
|            |               |              |                            |              |        |        |

| Signature of the Internal Examiner | Signature of the External |
|------------------------------------|---------------------------|
|------------------------------------|---------------------------|

Examiner Date: Date:

# **MEDICAL SURGICAL NURSING**

(Adult including Geriatrics) –II

Placement: Thirdyear Time: Theory –120hours (Classroom 103 + Lab17)
Practical- 270 hours + 60 hrs\*

**Course Description**: The purpose of this course is to acquire knowledge and proficiency in caring for patients with medical and surgical disorders in varieties of health care settings and at home.

**Specific objectives:** At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- 1. Provide care for patients with disorders of ear nose andthroat.
- 2. Take care of patients with disorders ofeye.
- 3. Plan, implement and evaluate nursing management of patients with neurological disorders.
- 4. Develop abilities to take care of female patients with reproductive disorders.
- 5. Provide care of patients with burns, reconstructive and cosmeticsurgery.
- 6. Manage patients with oncological conditions
- 7. Develop skill in providing care during emergency and disastersituations
- 8. Plan, implement and evaluate care of elderly
- 9. Develop ability to manage patients in critical careunits.

| Unit | Time (Hrs) | Learning Objectives  | Content   | Teaching<br>Learning<br>Activity   | Assessment<br>Method  |
|------|------------|--|---|--|---|
| I    | T15<br>P02 | •Describe the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestation s, diagnostic measures and management of patients with disorders of of Ear Nose and Throat | Nursing management of patient with disorders of Ear Nose and Throat  Review of anatomyand physiology  of the Ear Noseand Throat  Nursing Assessment-Historyand  Physicalassessment  Etiology, pathphysiology, clinical  Manifestations, diagnosis,  Treatment modalitiesand medical &  Surgicalnursing management of Ear Nose and Throat disorders:  External ear: deformities otalgia, foreign bodies, and tumours  Middle Ear-Impacted wax, Tympanic membrane perforation, otitis media, otosclerosis, mastoiditis, tumours | <ul> <li>Lecture</li> <li>Discussion</li> <li>Explainusing<br/>Charts,graphs</li> <li>Models,films,<br/>slides</li> <li>Demonstration</li> <li>Practicesession</li> <li>Cans<br/>discussions/<br/>seminar</li> <li>Health<br/>education</li> <li>Supervised<br/>clinical practice</li> <li>Drugbook<br/>/presentation</li> <li>Demonstrationof<br/>procedures</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Essaytype</li> <li>Shortanswers</li> <li>Objectivetype</li> <li>Assessment of skills of patient and management of problems.</li> </ul> |

| Unit | Time (Hrs)   | 8   |   | Teaching Learning Activity  | Assessment<br>Method   |
|------|--------------|---|---|---|--|
| II   | T 15<br>P 02 | Describe the etiology, path physiology, clinical manifestations physical assessment assures and management of patients with disorders of eye. | <ul> <li>□ Inner ear-meniere,s         Disease, labyrinthitis, ototoxicity, tumours         ○ Upper airway infections—         Common cold, sinusitis, ethinitis, Rhinitis, Pharyngitis, Tonsillitis and Adenoiditis, Peritonsilarabscess, Laryngitis         ○ Upper respiratory airway—Epistaxis,         ○ Nasal obstruction, laryngeal obstruction, Cancer of thelarynx         ○ Cancer of the oralcavity         ○ Speech defects and speechtherapy         ● Deafness—Prevention, control and rehabilitation         ● Hearing aids, implantedhearing Devices         ● Specialtherapies         ● Drugs used in treatment of disorders of ear nose andthroat         ● Role of nurse Communicatingwith hearing impaired and mute.         ● Nursing procedures Oesophaostomy, Tracheostomy,</li></ul> | Lecture     Discussion     Explainusing Charts, using Models, films. slides     Demonstration practicesession     Case discussions/ seminar     Health education     Supervised clinical practice     Drugbook /presentation     Visit to eye bank     Participation in eye-camps | <ul> <li>Essaytype</li> <li>Short     answers</li> <li>Objective     type</li> <li>Assessmen     t     of skills     with check     list</li> <li>Assessmen     t     of patient     management     problem</li> </ul> |

| Unit | Tim<br>e<br>(Hrs | Learning<br>Objectives  | Content  | Teaching<br>Learning<br>Activity  | Assessment<br>Method  |
|------|------------------|---|--|---|---|
| III  | T17 P02          | Describe the etiology, patho physiology clinical manifestations, diagnostic measures and nursing management of patients with neurological disorders | <ul> <li>Drugs used in treatment of disorders ofeye</li> <li>Blindness</li> <li>National blindness control program</li> <li>EyeBanking</li> <li>Eye prostheses and rehabilitation</li> <li>Role of anurse-Communication with visually impaired patient, Eye camps</li> <li>Specialtherapies</li> <li>Nursing procedures: eyeirrigation, assisting with removal of foreign body.</li> <li>Nursing management of patient With neurological disorders</li> <li>Review of anatomy and physiology of the neurological system</li> <li>Nursing Assessment-History and physical and neurological assessment and Glasgow coma scale</li> <li>Etiology, Pathphysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnosis,treatment modalities and medical &amp; surgical nursing management of neurological disorders</li> <li>Congenitalmalformations</li> <li>Headache</li> <li>Headlnjuries</li> <li>Spinalinjuries</li> <li>Spinalinjuries</li> <li>Paraplegia</li> <li>Quadraplegia</li> <li>Quadraplegia</li> <li>Spinal cordcompression -Herniation of intervertebral disc</li> <li>Tumors of the brain &amp;spinal cord</li> <li>Intra cranial andcerebral aneurysms</li> <li>Infections:Meningitis, Encephalitis, brain abscess, neurocysticercosis</li> <li>Movement disorders :Chorea Seizures / Epilepsy</li> <li>Cerebro vascular accidents (CVA)</li> </ul> | •Lecture discussion     •Explainusing Charts, graphs     • Models, films, slides     •Demonstration     • Practice session     •Case discussions/ Seminar     • Health education     •Supervised clinical practice     •Drugbook /presentation     • Visit to rehabilitation drugs used in treatment of disorders of eye center | <ul> <li>Essay type</li> <li>Short answers</li> <li>Objective type</li> <li>Assessme nt of skills with checklist</li> <li>Assessme nt of patient managem ent problem</li> </ul> |

| Unit | Time (Hrs) | Learning<br>Objectives  | Content  | Teaching Learning Activity   | Assessment<br>Method  |
|------|------------|---|--|--|---|
| IV   | T15 P02    | Describe the etiology, pathophysiology clinical manifestation diagnostic measures and nursing management of patients with disorders of female reproductive system.      Describe concepts of reproductive health and family welfare programmes. | <ul> <li>□ Review of anatomy andphysiology of the female reproductivesystem</li> <li>□ Nursing assessment-historyand physical assessment</li> <li>□ Breast self examination</li> <li>□ Etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnosis, treatment</li> </ul> | Lecture     discussion     Explainusing     Charts, graphs     Models, films,     slides     Demonstratio     n     /Practice     session     Case     discussions/     Seminar     Heath     education     Supervised     clinicalpractice     Drugbook     /presentation | <ul> <li>Essaytype</li> <li>Short answers</li> <li>Objective type</li> <li>Assessmen t of skills withcheck list</li> <li>Assessmen t of patient management problem</li> </ul> |

| Unit | Time   | Learning  | Content  | Teaching Learning   | Assessment |
|------|--|---|--|---|------------|
|      | (Hrs) Objectives   |   |  | Activity  | Method     |
|      | (Hrs)  | Objectives  | <ul> <li>Vaginal disorders; Infections and Discharges, fistulas</li> <li>Vulvur disorders; Infection, cysts, Tumours</li> <li>Diseases of breast Deformities Infections Cysts and Tumours</li> <li>Menopause andhormonal replacement therapy</li> <li>Infertility</li> <li>Contraception; Temporary and Permanent</li> <li>Emergency contraceptionmethods</li> <li>Abortion-natural, medicaland surgical abortion-MTPAct</li> <li>Toxic shockSyndrome</li> <li>Injuries and trauma; sexual violence</li> <li>Drugs used in treatmentof gynaecological disorders Special therapies vaginal douche PAP smear</li> <li>Nursing procedures assistingwith diagnostic and therapeutic procedures, self examination of breast.</li> </ul> | Activity  | Method     |
| V    | T08 P02 Describe the etiology, patho physiology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic measures and nursing management of patients with burns, reconstructive and cosmetic surgery | Nursing management of patients With Burns, reconstructive and Cosmetic surgery  Review of anatomy and physiology of the skin and connectivetissues  Nursing assessment-Historyand physical examination & assessment burns  Etiology, Classification, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnosis, treatment modalities and medical & surgical and nursing management of Burns with special emphasis of fluid replacement therapy.  Types ofsurgeries  Legal Issues,Rehabilitation  Specialtherapies  Psycho socialaspects | Lecture     discussion     Explainusing     Charts, graphs     Models, films,     slides     Demonstration     Practicesession     Case     discussion/     Seminar     Healtheducation     Supervised     clinicalpractice     Drug book/     presentation  | <ul> <li>Essaytype</li> <li>Short     answers</li> <li>Objective     type</li> <li>Assessmen     t     of skills     withcheck     list</li> <li>Assessmen     t     of patient     management     problem</li> </ul> |            |

| Unit | Time  | Learning  | Content   | Teaching Learning   | Assessment |
|------|-------|---|---|---|------------|
|      | (Hrs) | Objectives  |   | Activity  | Method     |
| VI   |       | _   | Nursing management of patients With oncological conditions  Structure & characteristics of normal & cancercells  Nursing Assessment-historyand physical assessment  Prevention, Screening for early detection, warning signs ofcancer  Common malignancies ofvarious body system; Brain Oral cavity, larynx lung liver stomach and colon, breast cervix, ovary, uterus, renal, bladder, prostate leukemias and lymphomas, Oncologicalemergencies.  Epidemiology, etiology, classifications, pathophysiology, staging, clinical manifestations, diagnosis treatment modalities and medical, surgical & nursing management of malignantdiseases  Treatment Modalities— Immunotherapy Chemotherapy, Gene therapy Stem cell & Bone Marrow transplants.  Surgicalinterventions  Psychosocial aspects ofcancer  Rehabilitation & Palliativecare |   |            |
|      |       |   | 3.5   |   |            |
|      |       |   | Assisting with diagnosticand therapeutic procedures   |   |            |
| VII  | 10    | <ul> <li>Describe organization of emergency and disaster care services</li> <li>Describe the role of nurse in disaster management</li> <li>Describe the role of nurse in disaster management</li> </ul> | Nursing management of patient in EMERGENCY & DISASTER situations  Concepts and principles of Disaster Nursing  Causes and types ofdisaster: Natural and man-made Earthquakes, floods, epidemics, Cyclones fire, Explosion, Accidents Violence, Terrorism; Bio-chemical war  Policies related to emergency/disaster Management; International, national, state, institutional  Disaster preparedness: Team, guidelines, protocols, equipments, resources Coordination and involvement of community, various-government departments, non-   | <ul> <li>Lecture discussion</li> <li>Explainusing</li> <li>Charts, graphs</li> <li>Models, films, slides</li> <li>Demonstration</li> <li>Practicesession</li> <li>Case discussion/Seminar</li> <li>Healtheducation</li> <li>Supervised clinical practice</li> </ul> |            |

| Unit | Time (Hrs) | Learning<br>Objectives | Content  | Teaching Learning Activity                            | Assessment<br>Method  |
|------|------------|------------------------|--|---|---|
|      |            |                        | organizations and International agencies  Role of nurse in disaster management  Legal aspects of disasternursing  Impact on Health and aftereffects; post Traumatic Stress Disorder  Rehabilitation; physical, psychosocial Social, Financial, Relocation Emergency Nursing Concept, priorities principle and  Scope of emergencynursing  Organization ofemergency services: physical setup, staffing, equipment and supplies, protocols, Concepts of triage and role of triage nurse  Coordination and involvementof different departments and facilities  Nursing Assessment-Historyand physical assessment  Etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnosis, treatment modalities and medical & surgical nursing management of patient with medical and surgical Emergency  Principles ofemergency management  CommonEmergencies; RespiratoryEmergencies  CardiacEmergencies  Shock and Haemorrhage  Pain  Poly-Trauma, road accidents, crush Injuries, wound  Bites  Poisoning; Food, Gas, Drugs& chemical poisoning  Seizures  Thermal Emergencies; Heatstroke & Cold injuries  PediatricEmergencies  PosychiatricEmergencies  Violence, Abuse, Sexualassault  Cardio pulmonaryResuscitation  CrisisIntervention  Role of the nurse; Communication  And inter personal Relation  Medico-legalAspects; | Disaster management drills     Drugbook /presentation | Essaytype     Short     answers     Objective     type     Assessmen     t     of skills     withcheck     list     Assessmen     t     of patient     management     problem |

| Unit | Time        | Learning   | Content   | Teaching Learning   | Assessment  |
|------|-------------|--|---|---|---|
|      | (Hrs)       | Objectives  • Explainthe   | Nursing care of the elderly   | Activity  | Method<br>• Essaytype   |
| VIII | 10          | <ul> <li>Explainthe concept and problems of aging</li> <li>Describe nursing care of theelderly</li> </ul>                                      | Nursing care of the elderly  Nursing Assessment-History and physical assessment  Ageing;  Demography; Mythsand realities  Concepts and theoriesof ageing  Cognitive Aspects of Ageing  Normal biological ageing  Age related body systems changes  Psychosocial Aspects of Aging  Medications and elderly  Stress & coping in olderadults  Common Health problems & Nursing Management;  Cardiovascular, Respiratory, Musculoskeletal,  Endocrine, genito-urinary, gastrointestinal  Neurological, Skin and other Sensory organs  Psychosocial and Sexual  Abuse of elderly  Role of nurse for care of elderly: ambulation, nutritional, communicational, psychosocial and spiritual  Role of nurse for caregivers of elderly  Role of family and formal and non formal caregivers Use of aids and prosthesis (hearing aids, dentures,  Legal & Ethical Issues  Provisions and Programmes of elderly; Privileges. Community programs and health services; | Lecture discussion     Explainusing Charts, graphs     Models, films, slides     Demonstration     Practicesession     Case discussion/Seminar     Healtheducation     Supervised clinicalpractice     Drugbook /presentation     Visit to old age home | Essaytype     Short     answers     Objective     type     Assessment     ofskills     with check     list     Assessment     of patient     management     problem |
| 137  | TD10        | ·  | Home and institutional care   | *   | -   |
| IX   | T10<br>P 05 | <ul> <li>Describe organization of critical careunits</li> <li>management role ofnurse in management of patients critical care units</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Nursing management of patient in critical care units</li> <li>NursingAssessment-History and</li> <li>Physicalassessment</li> <li>Classification</li> <li>Principles of critical care nursing</li> <li>Organization; physicalsetup, Policies, staffing norms,</li> <li>Protocols, equipment and supplies</li> </ul>   | <ul> <li>Lecture discussion</li> <li>Explainusing Charts, graphs</li> <li>Models, films, slides</li> <li>Demonstration</li> <li>Roleplays</li> <li>counseling</li> <li>Practicesession</li> <li>Case discussion/</li> </ul>                             | <ul> <li>Essaytype</li> <li>Short answers</li> <li>Objective type</li> <li>Assessment ofskills with check list</li> <li>Assessment of patient management</li> </ul> |

| •                           | equipments;            | Seminar | problem |
|-----------------------------|------------------------|---------|---------|
| ventilate                   | ors, cardiac monitors, |         |         |
| defibrill                   | ators,                 |         |         |
| <ul> <li>Resusci</li> </ul> | tation equipments      |         |         |
| • Infectio                  | n Controlprotocols     |         |         |

| Unit | Time  | Learning  | Content   | Teaching Learning  | Assessment |
|------|-------|---|---|--|------------|
|      | (Hrs) | Objectives  | <ul> <li>Nursing management of critically ill patient;</li> <li>Monitoring of critically ill patient</li> <li>CPR-Advance Cardiaclife support</li> <li>Treatments and procedures.</li> <li>Transitional care</li> <li>Ethical and Legal Aspects</li> <li>Communication with patient and family</li> <li>Intensive care records</li> <li>Crisis Intervention</li> <li>Death and Dying-coping with</li> <li>Drugs used in critical careunit</li> <li>Nursing procedures; Monitoring of patients in, assisting in the rapeutic and diagnostic procedures, CPR, ACLS</li> </ul> | Activity  • Healtheducation • Supervised clinicalpractice • Drugbook /presentation | Method     |
| X    | 8     | • Describe the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, assessment, diagnostic measures and management of patients with occupational and industrial healthdisorder | Nursing management of patients adults including elderly with occupational and industrial disorders  Nursing Assessment-Historyand physicalassessment Etiology,pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnosis, diagnosis, treatment modalities and medical & surgical nursing management of occupational and industrial health disorders Role ofnurse Special therapies, alternative therapies Nursing procedures Drugs used in treatmentof Occupational and industrial disorders   |  |            |

### **Student References –**

- 1. Black J.M. Hawk, J.H. (2005) Medical Surgical Nursing Clinical Management for Positive Outcomes. (7<sup>th</sup>ed)Elsevier.
- 2. Brunner S. B., Suddarth D.S. The Lippincott Manual of Nursing practiceJ.B.Lippincott. Philadelphia.

# **Suggested references**

- 1. Lewis, Heitkemper&Dirksen (2000) Medical Surgical Nursing Assessment and Management of Clinical Problem (6 thed)Mosby.
- 2. Black J.M. Hawk, J.H. (2005) Medical Surgical Nursing Clinical Management for Positive Outcomes. (7<sup>th</sup>ed)Elsevier.
- 3. Brunner S. B., Suddarth D.S. The Lippincott Manual of Nursing practiceJ.B.Lippincott. Philadelphia.
- 4. Colmer R.M. (1995) Moroney's Surgery for Nurses (16 thed)ELBS.
- 5. Shah N.S. (2003) A P I textbook of Medicine, The Association of Physicians of IndiaMumbai.
- 6. Satoskar R.S., Bhandarkar S.D. &Rege N.N. (2003) Pharmacology and Pharmacotherapeutics (19 thed) Popular Prakashan, Mumbai.
- 7. Phipps W.J., Long C.B. & Wood N.F. (2001) Shaffer's Medical Surgical NursingB.T.Publication Pvt. Ltd. NewDelhi.
- 8. 11 Haslett C., Chilvers E.R., Hunder J.A.A. &Boon, N.A. (1999)Davidson's Principles and Practice of Medicine (18 thed) Churchill living stone. Edinburgh.
- 9. 13 Walsh M. (2002) Watson's Clinical Nursing and Related Sciences (6<sup>th</sup>ed) BailliereTindall Edinburgh.

# Practical –270 hrs+ 60 hrs\*

| Areas             | Duration (in wks)  | Objectives<br>Posting  | Skills to be developed  | Assignments   | Assessment<br>Method   |
|-------------------|--|--|---|---|--|
| ENT               | 1  | • provide care to patients with ENT disorders counsel and educate patient and families                           | <ul> <li>performexamination of ear, nose and throat</li> <li>Assistwith diagnostic procedures</li> <li>Assistwith therapeutic procedures</li> <li>Instillation ofdrops</li> <li>Perform/assistwith irrigations.</li> <li>Apply earbandage</li> <li>Performtracheotomy care</li> <li>Teach patientsand Families</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Provide care to 2-3 assigned patients</li> <li>Nursing care plan-1</li> <li>Observation reports of OPD</li> <li>Maintain drug book</li> </ul>  | <ul> <li>Assesseach sill with checklist</li> <li>Assess performance with rating scale</li> <li>Evaluation of observation report of OPD</li> <li>Completion of activity record</li> </ul>           |
| Ophtha-<br>mology | 1  | <ul> <li>Provide care to patients with Eye disorders</li> <li>Counsel and educate patientand families</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Performexamination ofeye</li> <li>Assist withdiagnostic procedures</li> <li>Assist with therapeutic procedures Perform/assistwith</li> <li>Irrigations.</li> <li>Apply eyebandage</li> <li>Apply eye drops/ointments</li> <li>Assist withforeign body removal.</li> <li>Teach patientsand Families</li> </ul>    | <ul> <li>Provide care to 2-3 assigned patients</li> <li>Nursing care plan-1</li> <li>Observation reports of OPD &amp; Eye bank</li> <li>Maintain drug book</li> </ul>                         | <ul> <li>Assesseach skill with checklist</li> <li>Assess performance with rating scale</li> <li>Evaluation of observation report of OPD/Eye bank</li> <li>Completion of activity record</li> </ul> |
| Neurology         | eurology 2 • provide care to patients with neurological disorders counsel and educate patient and families |  | <ul> <li>PerformNeurological</li> <li>Examination</li> <li>Use Glasgow coma scale</li> <li>Assist withdiagnostic procedures</li> <li>Assistwith therapeutic procedures</li> <li>Teach patient &amp; families</li> <li>Participatein Rehabilitation program</li> </ul>   | <ul> <li>Provide care to assigned 2-3 patients with neurological disorders</li> <li>Case study/Case presentation-1</li> <li>Maintains drug book</li> <li>Heath</li> <li>Teaching-1</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Assesseach skill with checklist</li> <li>Assess performance with rating scale</li> <li>Evaluation of case study &amp; health</li> <li>Completion of activity record</li> </ul>            |

| Areas               | Duration (in wkg) | Objectives   | Skills to be  | Assignments   | Assessment<br>Method  |
|---------------------|-------------------|--|---|---|---|
| Gynecolo<br>gy ward | (in wks)          | Posting  Provide care to patients with gynecological disorders  Counsel and educate patient and families | developed  Assist with gynecological Examination Assist with diagnostic procedures Assistwith therapeutic procedures Teachpatients families Teaching self Breast Examination Assist withPAP Smearcollection.  | <ul> <li>Provide care to 2-3 assigned patients</li> <li>Nursing care plan-1</li> <li>Maintain drug book</li> </ul>                                | <ul> <li>Assesseach skill with checklist</li> <li>Assess performance with rating scale</li> <li>Evaluation of observation report of OPD/Eye bank</li> <li>Completion of activityrecord</li> </ul> |
| Burns<br>Unit       | 1                 | Provide care   | <ul> <li>Assessment of the burns patient Percentage ofburns</li> <li>Degree ofburns.</li> <li>Fluid &amp;electrolyte replacement therapy</li> <li>Assess</li> <li>Calculate</li> <li>Replace</li> <li>Record intake/output</li> <li>Care of Burnwounds</li> <li>Bathing</li> <li>Dressing</li> <li>Perform active&amp; passive exercises</li> <li>Practiceasepsis surgical asepsis</li> <li>Counsel &amp;Teach patients and families</li> <li>Participatein rehabilitation program</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Provide care to</li> <li>1-2 assigned patients</li> <li>Nursing care paln-1</li> <li>Observation reportof</li> <li>Burns unit</li> </ul> | activity record   |
| Oncology            | 1                 | • provide care to patients with cancer counsel and educate patient and families                          | <ul> <li>Screen forcommon cancers-TNM classification</li> <li>Assist with diagnostic procedures</li> <li>Biopsies</li> <li>Papsmear</li> <li>Bone-marrow aspiration</li> <li>Breastexamination</li> <li>Assistwith</li> <li>Therapeutic</li> <li>Participates</li> <li>Participates invarious modalities of treatment</li> </ul>  | <ul> <li>Providecare to 2-3 assigned patients</li> <li>Nursing care Plan -1</li> <li>Observation report of cancerunit</li> </ul>                  | <ul> <li>Assesseach skill with checklist</li> <li>Assess performance with rating scale</li> <li>Evaluation of Care planand observation report Completion of activity record</li> </ul>            |

| Areas    | Duration | Objectives                     | Skills to be                              | Assignments                    | Assessment      |
|----------|----------|--------------------------------|---|--------------------------------|-----------------|
|          | (in wks) | Posting                        | Developed                                 |                                | Method          |
|          |          |                                | <ul> <li>Chemotherapy</li> </ul>          |                                |                 |
|          |          |                                | Radiotherapy                              |                                |                 |
|          |          |                                | Painmanagement                            |                                |                 |
|          |          |                                | Stomal therapy                            |                                |                 |
|          |          |                                | Hormonaltherapy                           |                                |                 |
|          |          |                                | • Immunotherapy                           |                                |                 |
|          |          |                                | Genetherapy                               |                                |                 |
|          |          |                                | • Alternativetherapy                      |                                |                 |
|          |          |                                |   |                                |                 |
|          |          |                                | Participatein     palliotivacere          |                                |                 |
|          |          |                                | palliativecare  • Counsel andteach        |                                |                 |
|          |          |                                | patients families                         |                                |                 |
| Critical | 2        | • provide                      | Monitoring of patients                    | Provide careto I               | ☐ Assesseach    |
| Care     |          | care                           | inICU                                     | assigned patient               | skill with      |
| unit     |          | to critically ill              | <ul> <li>Maintain flowsheet</li> </ul>    | <ul><li>Observation</li></ul>  | checklist       |
|          |          | patients                       | <ul> <li>Care of patienton</li> </ul>     | report of                      | ☐ Assess        |
|          |          | <ul> <li>counseland</li> </ul> | ventilators                               | Critical care                  | performance     |
|          |          | families for                   | <ul> <li>PerformEndotracheal</li> </ul>   | unit                           | with rating     |
|          |          | grief and                      | suction                                   | <ul> <li>Drugsbook.</li> </ul> | scale           |
|          |          | bereavement                    | • Demonstrates use of                     |                                | ☐ Evaluation of |
|          |          |                                | ventilators, cardiac                      |                                | observation     |
|          |          |                                | monitorsetc.                              |                                | report          |
|          |          |                                | <ul> <li>Collect specimens and</li> </ul> |                                | ☐ Completion of |
|          |          |                                | interprets ABGanalysis                    |                                |                 |
|          |          |                                | Assist witharterial                       |                                | activity record |
|          |          |                                | puncture                                  |                                |                 |
|          |          |                                | Maintain CVPline                          |                                |                 |
|          |          |                                | <ul> <li>Pulseoximetry</li> </ul>         |                                |                 |
|          |          |                                | CPR-ALS                                   |                                |                 |
|          |          |                                | <ul> <li>Defibrillators</li> </ul>        |                                |                 |
|          |          |                                | Pacemakers                                |                                |                 |
|          |          |                                | Bag-m askventilation                      |                                |                 |
|          |          |                                | Emergencytray/                            |                                |                 |
|          |          |                                | trolly-Crash Cart                         |                                |                 |
|          |          |                                | Administration of                         |                                |                 |
|          |          |                                | drugs infusion pump                       |                                |                 |
|          |          |                                | Epidural                                  |                                |                 |
|          |          |                                | Intrathecal                               |                                |                 |
|          |          |                                | Intracardiac                              |                                |                 |
|          |          |                                | Totalparenteral                           |                                |                 |
|          |          |                                | therapy                                   |                                |                 |
|          |          |                                | • Chestphysiotherapy                      |                                |                 |
|          |          |                                | Perform active&                           |                                |                 |
|          |          |                                | passive exercise                          |                                |                 |
|          |          |                                | • Counsel thepatient                      |                                |                 |
|          |          |                                | and family in dealing                     |                                |                 |
|          |          |                                | with grieving and                         |                                |                 |
|          |          |                                | bereavement                               |                                |                 |

| Areas                 | Duration | Objectives   | Skills to be  | Assignments   | Assessment  |
|-----------------------|----------|--|---|---|---|
|                       | (in wks) | Posting  | developed   |   | Method  |
| Causality / emergency | 1        | <ul> <li>provide care to patients in emergency and disaster situation</li> <li>counsel patient and families for grief and bereavement</li> </ul>                             | <ul> <li>Practice 'triage".</li> <li>Assist with assessment, examination, investigations &amp; their interpretations, in emergency and disastersituations</li> <li>Assist in documentations</li> <li>Assist inlegal procedures in emergency unit</li> <li>Participatein managing crowd</li> <li>Counsel patientand Families in grief and bereavement</li> </ul> | Observation     Reportof     Emergency     Unit   | □ Assess Performance with rating scale □ Evaluation of observation report □ Completion of activity record |
| *Neuro ICU,           |          | Develop skill in neurologic al assessment     Give care to the patient with head injury and spinalinjur y.     Care with chest surgery and cranial surgery.  rated Practices | <ul> <li>Assess neurological status.</li> <li>Implement care to head injury spinal injury patients.</li> <li>Drug sheet.</li> <li>Pre and postoperative care with neuro surgery patients.</li> </ul>  | <ul> <li>Assessment for all assigned patients.</li> <li>Nursing care plaln-2</li> <li>Drug sheet</li> </ul> | Record book.     Observati on checklist.  |
| "Sinited              |          | ateu Fractices   |   |   |   |

# **Internal assessment**

# **Evaluation**

| Theory   | Max     | ximum marks25 |  |
|--|---------|---------------|--|
| Midterm 50   |         |               |  |
| Prefinal 75  |         |               |  |
| Total125   |         |               |  |
| Practical  | Max     | ximum marks50 |  |
| Nursingcareplan                                      | 5 x25   | 125           |  |
| (ENT, Ophthalmology, Gynaec, Burns, Oncology)        | 4 70    | <b>-</b> 0    |  |
| Case presentation / casestudy-neuro                  | 1x 50   | 50            |  |
| Healthteaching                                       | 1 x 25  | 25            |  |
| Clinical Evaluation (Neurology and criticalcareunit) | 2 x 100 | 200           |  |
| Internal assessment                                  |         |               |  |
| Practical  |         |               |  |
| Midterm  |         | 50            |  |
| Prefinal   |         | 75            |  |
|  | Tota    | al 525        |  |

# **Practical examination**

University examination
Theory
Practical Marks75 Marks50

# Nursing care plan

- **1. Patients Biodata:** Name, address, age, sex, religion, marital status, occupation, sourceof health care, date of admission, provisional diagnosis, date of surgery ifany
- 2. Presenting complaints: Describe the complaints with which the patient has come tohospital
- 3. History of illness

History of present illness – onset, symptoms, duration, precipitating / alleviating factors History of past illness – illnesses, surgeries, allergies, immunizations, medications Family history – family tree, history of illness in family members, risk factors, congenital problems, psychologicalproblems.

- **4. Economic status:** Monthly income & expenditure on health, marital assets (own pacca house car, two wheeler, phone, TV etc...)
- **5. Psychological status:** ethnic background,( geographical information, cultural information) support systemavailable.
- **6. Personal habits:** consumption of alcohol, smoking, tobacco chewing, sleep, exercise, and work elimination, nutrition.
- 7. Physical examination with date and time
- 8. Investigations

| Date Investigations done |  | Normal value | Patient value | Inference |
|--------------------------|--|--------------|---------------|-----------|
|                          |  |              |               |           |

### 9. Treatment

|     | Drug (pharmacological | Dose | Frequency/ | Action | Side effects &   | Nursing        |
|-----|-----------------------|------|------------|--------|------------------|----------------|
| No. | name)                 |      | time       |        | drug interaction | responsibility |
|     |                       |      |            |        |                  |                |

### 10. Nursingprocess:

| Patientsname    |  | Date      |           |         | Ward       |           |            |
|-----------------|--|-----------|-----------|---------|------------|-----------|------------|
| Date Assessment |  | Nursing   | Objective | Plan of | Implementa | Rationale | Evaluation |
|                 |  | Diagnosis |           | care    | -tion      |           |            |
|                 |  |           |           |         |            |           |            |

### Discharge planning:

It should include health education and discharge planning given to patient

### 11. Evaluation of care

Overall evaluation, problem faced while providing care prognosis of the patient and conclusion

|    |                                  | Care plan evaluation |
|----|----------------------------------|----------------------|
| 1. | Historytaking                    | 03                   |
| 2. | Assessment and nursing diagnosis | 05                   |
| 3. | Planning ofcare                  | 05                   |
| 4. | Implementation andevaluation     | 08                   |
| 5. | Follow upcare                    | 02                   |
| 6. | Bibliography                     | 02                   |

### FORMAT FOR CASE PRESENTATION

**Patients Biodata:** Name, address, age, sex, religion, marital status, occupation, source of health care, date of admission, provisional diagnosis, date of surgery if any

**Presenting complaints:** Describe the complaints with which the patient has come to hospital

### **History of illness**

History of present illness – onset, symptoms, duration, precipitating / alleviating factors History of past illness – illnesses, surgeries, allergies, immunizations, medications Family history – family tree, history of illness in family members, risk factors, congenital problems, psychological problems.

**Economic status:** Monthly income & expenditure on health, marital assets (own pacca house car, two wheeler, phone, TV etc...)

**Psychological status:** ethnic background,( geographical information, cultural information) support system available.

**Personal habits:** consumption of alcohol, smoking, tobacco chewing, sleep, exercise, work elimination, nutrition.

### Physical examination with date and time

### **Investigations**

| Date | Investigations done | Normal value | Patient value | Inference |
|------|---------------------|--------------|---------------|-----------|
|      |                     |              |               |           |

### **Treatment**

| Sr.<br>No. | Drug (pharmacological name) | Dose | Frequency / time | Action | Side effects & drug interaction | Nursing<br>responsibility |
|------------|-----------------------------|------|------------------|--------|---------------------------------|---------------------------|
|            |                             |      |                  |        |                                 |                           |

### **Description of disease**

Definition, related anatomy physiology, etiology, risk factors, clinical features, management and nursing care

Clinical features of the disease condition

| Clinical features present in | Description of clinical | Pathophysiology |
|------------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------|
| the book                     | features of patient     |                 |
|                              |                         |                 |

### **Nursing process:**

| Patients | name       | Date      |           |         | Ward       |           |            |
|----------|------------|-----------|-----------|---------|------------|-----------|------------|
| Date     | Assessment | Nursing   | Objective | Plan of | Implementa | Rationale | Evaluation |
|          |            | Diagnosis | _         | care    | -tion      |           |            |
|          |            |           |           |         |            |           |            |

# **Discharge planning:**

It should include health education and discharge planning given to patient

# **Evaluation of care**

Overall evaluation, problem faced while providing care prognosis of the patient and conclusion

# **Evaluation format for case presentation**

| Sr.No. | Content                                |       | Marks |
|--------|--|-------|-------|
| 1      | Assessment / Introduction              |       | 05    |
| 2      | Knowledge and understanding of disease |       | 10    |
| 3      | Nursing care plan                      |       | 15    |
| 4      | Presentation skill                     |       | 10    |
| 5      | A.V. aids                              |       | 05    |
| 6      | Overall                                |       |       |
|        | Summary& conclusion                    |       | 03    |
|        | Bibliography                           |       | 02    |
|        |  | Total | 50    |

# Format for case study

Format is similar to case presentation but should be in detail The nursing care given to the patient should be at least for 5 continuous days

# **Evaluation format for case study**

| Sr.No. | Content                                |       | Marks |
|--------|--|-------|-------|
| 1      | Assessment / Introduction              |       | 05    |
| 2      | Knowledge and understanding of disease |       | 15    |
| 3      | Nursing care plan                      |       | 20    |
| 4      | Discharge plan                         |       | 05    |
| 5      | Summary & evaluation                   |       | 02    |
| 6      | Bibliography                           |       | 03    |
|        |  | Total | 50    |

# **EVALUATION FORMAT FOR HEALTH TALK**

| NAME OFTHESTUDENT  | : |  |
|--------------------|---|--|
|                    |   |  |
| AREAOFEXPERIENCE   | : |  |
| PERIODOFEXPERIENCE | : |  |
|                    |   |  |
| SUPERVISOR         | : |  |

Total 100 Marks

Scores: 5 = Excellent, 4 = Very good, 3 = Good, 2 = Satisfactory / fair, 1 = Poor

| Sr. No. | Particular                                    | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | Score |
|---------|---|---|---|---|---|---|-------|
| 1       | I) Planning and organization                  |   |   |   |   |   |       |
|         | a) Formulation of attainableobjectives        |   |   |   |   |   |       |
|         | b) Adequacy of content                        |   |   |   |   |   |       |
|         | c) Organization of subjectmatter              |   |   |   |   |   |       |
|         | d) Current knowledge related to subjectMatter |   |   |   |   |   |       |
|         | e) Suitable A.V. Aids                         |   |   |   |   |   |       |
|         | II) Presentation:                             |   |   |   |   |   |       |
|         | a) Interesting                                |   |   |   |   |   |       |
|         | b) ClearAudible                               |   |   |   |   |   |       |
|         | c) Adequateexplanation                        |   |   |   |   |   |       |
|         | d) Effective use of A.V.Aids                  |   |   |   |   |   |       |
|         | e) GroupInvolvement                           |   |   |   |   |   |       |
|         | f) TimeLimit                                  |   |   |   |   |   |       |
|         | III) Personal qualities:                      |   |   |   |   |   |       |
|         | a) Selfconfidence                             |   |   |   |   |   |       |
|         | b) Personalappearance                         |   |   |   |   |   |       |
|         | c) Language                                   |   |   |   |   |   |       |
|         | d) Mannerism                                  |   |   |   |   |   |       |
|         | e) Self awareness of strong & weakpoints      |   |   |   |   |   |       |
|         | IV) Feed back:                                |   |   |   |   |   |       |
|         | a) Recapitulation                             |   |   |   |   |   |       |
|         | b) Effectiveness                              |   |   |   |   |   |       |
|         | c) Groupresponse                              |   |   |   |   |   |       |
|         | V) Submits assignment on time                 |   |   |   |   |   |       |
|         |   |   |   |   |   |   |       |

<sup>\* 100</sup> marks will be converted into25

# CLINICAL EVALUATION PROFORMA

| NAME OFTHESTUDENT :           |  |
|-------------------------------|--|
| VEAD.                         |  |
| YEAR :                        |  |
| AREA OF CLINICAL EXPERIENCE : |  |
| DURATION OF POSTING INWEEKS:  |  |
| NAME OF THE CHIED VICOR       |  |
| NAME OFTHESUPERVISOR :        |  |

Total Marks :- 100

 $Scores: \quad 5 = Excellent, \ 4 = Very\ good, \ 3 = Good, \ 2 = Satisfactory \ /\ fair, \ 1 = Poor$ 

| SR | EVALUATION CRITERIA                                     | Grades |   |   |   |   |
|----|---|--------|---|---|---|---|
| NO |   | 5      | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
| 1  | Personal & Professional behavior                        |        |   |   |   |   |
| 1  | Wears clean & neat uniform and well                     |        |   |   |   |   |
|    | groomed.  |        |   |   |   |   |
| 2  | Arrives and leaves punctually                           |        |   |   |   |   |
| 3  | Demonstrates understanding of the need for              |        |   |   |   |   |
|    | quietness in speech & manner & protects the             |        |   |   |   |   |
|    | patient from undue notice.                              |        |   |   |   |   |
| 4  | Is notably poised and effective even in                 |        |   |   |   |   |
|    | situations of stress                                    |        |   |   |   |   |
| 5  | Influential & displaced persuasive assertive            |        |   |   |   |   |
|    | leadership behaviour                                    |        |   |   |   |   |
| II | Attitude to Co-workers and patients                     |        |   |   |   |   |
| 6  | Works well as member of nursing team                    |        |   |   |   |   |
| 7  | Gives assistance to other in clinical situations        |        |   |   |   |   |
| 8  | Understands the patient as an individual                |        |   |   |   |   |
| 9  | Shows skills in gaining the confidence & co-            |        |   |   |   |   |
|    | operation of patients and relatives, tactful and        |        |   |   |   |   |
|    | considerate.  |        |   |   |   |   |
| IV | Application of knowledge                                |        |   |   |   |   |
| 10 | Possess sound knowledge of medical surgical conditions. |        |   |   |   |   |
| 11 | Has sound knowledge of scientific principles            |        |   |   |   |   |
| 12 | Able to correlate theory with practice                  |        |   |   |   |   |
| 13 | Has knowledge of current treatment                      |        |   |   |   |   |
|    | modalities inclusive of medicine, surgery,              |        |   |   |   |   |
|    | pharmacology and dietetics.                             |        |   |   |   |   |
| 14 | Takes interest in new learning from current             |        |   |   |   |   |
|    | literature & seeks help from resourceful                |        |   |   |   |   |
|    | people.   |        |   |   |   |   |
|    |   |        |   |   |   |   |

| SR | EVALUATION CRITERIA   | Grades |   |   |   |   |
|----|---|--------|---|---|---|---|
| NO |   | 5      | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
| V  | Quality of clinical skill   |        |   |   |   |   |
| 15 | Identifies problems & sets priorities and grasps essentials while performing duties |        |   |   |   |   |
| 16 | Applies principles in carrying out procedures & carries out duties promptly.        |        |   |   |   |   |
| 17 | Has technical competence in performing nursing procedures.                          |        |   |   |   |   |
| 18 | Resourceful and practices economy of time material and energy.                      |        |   |   |   |   |
| 19 | Observes carefully, reports & records signs & symptoms & other relevant information |        |   |   |   |   |
| 20 | Uses opportunities to give health education to patients & relatives                 |        |   |   |   |   |
|    | TOTAL   |        |   |   |   |   |

### Grade

Excellent= 80-100 % Very good = 70 -79 % Good = 60 - 69 % Satisfactory = 50-59 % Poor = Below 50 %

Remarks for improvement:

Student's Remark:

Signature of the student

Signature of theteacher

# Maharashtra University of Health Sciences External Practical Evaluation Guidelines III Basic B.Sc Nursing

III Basic B.Sc Nursing
Subject:-Medical SurgicalNursingII 50

50Marks

| InternalExaminer Nursing Procedure (15 marks)                                      | 25Marks             |
|--|---------------------|
| PlanningandOrganizing  | 5marks              |
| Preparationoftray  | 3                   |
| Environment  | 1                   |
| Preparationof patient  | 1                   |
| ExecutionofProcedure   | 7marks              |
| Appliesscientific principles   | 3                   |
| Proficiencyinskill   | 3                   |
| Ensuressequentialorder   | 1                   |
| Terminationofprocedure   | 3marks              |
| Makespatientcomfortable  | 1                   |
| Reports& Records   | 1                   |
| After careof articles  | 1                   |
| Viva(10Marks)  | 10marks             |
| Knowledge about common medicalsurgicalconditions-                                  | 4                   |
| (ENT, eye, neurological, Reproductive System)                                      | 2                   |
| Nursing Care of Elderly persons     Drangation of various diagnostics read durage. | 2                   |
| Preparation of various diagnostic procedures                                       | 2                   |
| <ul> <li>Instrumentsandarticles</li> </ul>   | 2                   |
| ExternalExaminer   | 25Marks             |
| Nursing Process(15Marks)   | 15marks             |
| <ul> <li>Assessment</li> </ul>   | 3                   |
| <ul> <li>NursingDiagnosis</li> </ul>   | 2                   |
| Goal   | 1                   |
| Outcomecriteria  | 1                   |
| <ul> <li>Nursingintervention</li> </ul>  | 3                   |
| <ul> <li>Rationale</li> </ul>  | 2                   |
| <ul> <li>Evaluation</li> </ul>   | 1                   |
| <ul> <li>Nursesnotes</li> </ul>  | 2                   |
| Viva(10Marks)  | 10marks             |
| <ul> <li>Knowledge about common medicalsurgicalconditions</li> </ul>               |                     |
| (Burns, Reconstructive and cosmetic surgery, Oncological cor                       | 4                   |
| · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·  | nditions)           |
| Care of Patients in CriticalCareUnit   | nditions)<br>2      |
| · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·  | nditions)<br>2<br>2 |
| Care of Patients in CriticalCareUnit   | nditions)<br>2      |

# MEDICAL SURGICAL NURSING-II PRACTICAL EXAMINATION PRACTICAL / ORAL MARK LIST

| NAME OFTHEEXAMINATION: | MEDICAL |
|------------------------|---------|
|------------------------|---------|

SURGICAL -II PRACTICALS MONTH: YEAR:

SECOND YEAR Basic B. Schursing: Marks:

50 SUBJECT: MEDICAL SURGICAL NURSING -

**IPRACTICALS** 

**CENTRE:** 

| Roll<br>No | Internal      | Examiner     | External                   | External Examiner |        | Total  |
|------------|---------------|--------------|----------------------------|-------------------|--------|--------|
|            | Procedu<br>re | Viva<br>voce | Nursin<br>g<br>proce<br>ss | Viva<br>voce      |        |        |
|            | 15            | 10           | 1<br>5                     | 10                | 5<br>0 | 2<br>5 |
|            |               |              |                            |                   |        |        |
|            |               |              |                            |                   |        |        |
|            |               |              |                            |                   |        |        |
|            |               |              |                            |                   |        |        |
|            |               |              |                            |                   |        |        |
|            |               |              |                            |                   |        |        |
|            |               |              |                            |                   |        |        |
|            |               |              |                            |                   |        |        |
|            |               |              |                            |                   |        |        |
|            |               |              |                            |                   |        |        |
|            |               |              |                            |                   |        |        |
|            |               |              |                            |                   |        |        |

| Signature (   | of theInternalExaminer      | Signature of the Externa  |
|---------------|-----------------------------|---------------------------|
| Jiulialui E i | oi illellitelliailkallillei | Sidilatule of the Externa |

**Examiner Date:** Date:

# MENTAL HEALTH NURSING

Placement: Third year Time: Theory –120hours

Practical – 270 Hours+45\* Hrs of Internship (Integrated Practice)

### **Course Description:**

This course is designed for developing an understanding of the modern approach to mental health, identification, prevention, rehabilitation and nursing management of common mental health problems with special emphasis on therapeutic interventions for individuals, family and community.

**Specific objectives:** At the end of the course student will be able to:

- 1. Understand the historical development and current trends in mental health nursing.
- 2. Comprehend and apply principles of psychiatric nursing in clinical practice.
- 3. Understand the etiology, psychodynamics and management of psychiatric disorders.
- 4. Develop competency in assessment, therapeutic communication and assisting with various treatment modalities.
- 5. Understand and accept psychiatric patient as an individual and develop a deeper insight into her own attitudes and emotional reactions.
- 6. Develop skill in providing comprehensive care to various kinds of psychiatric patients.
- 7. Develop understanding regarding psychiatric emergencies and crisis interventions.
- 8. Understand the importance of community health nursing in psychiatry.

| Unit | Time<br>(Hrs) | Learning<br>Objective   | Content   | Teaching<br>Learning<br>Activity | Assessment<br>Method   |
|------|---------------|---|---|----------------------------------|--|
| 1    | 5             | <ul> <li>Describes the historical development &amp; current trends in mental health nursing</li> <li>Describe the epidemiology of mental health problems</li> <li>Describe the National Mental Health Act, programmes and mental health policy.</li> <li>Discusses the scope of mental health nursing</li> <li>Describe the concept of normal &amp; abnormal behaviour</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Introduction</li> <li>Perspectives of Mental Health and Mental Health Nursing: evolution of mental health services, treatments and nursing practices.</li> <li>Prevalence and incidence of mental health problems and disorders.</li> <li>Mental Health Act</li> <li>National Mental health policy vis a vis National Health Policy.</li> <li>National Mental Health programme.</li> <li>Mental health team.</li> <li>Nature and scope of mental health nursing.</li> <li>Role and functions of mental health nurse in various settings and factors affecting the level of nursing practice</li> <li>Concepts of normal and abnormal behaviour.</li> </ul> | • Lecture Discussio n            | <ul> <li>Objective type</li> <li>Short answer</li> <li>Assessmen t of the field visit reports</li> </ul> |

| 2 | 5 | <ul> <li>Defines the various terms used in mental health Nursing.</li> <li>Explains the classification of mental disorders.</li> <li>Explain psychodynamics of maladaptive behaviour.</li> <li>Discuss the etiological factors, psychopathology of mental disorders.</li> <li>Explain the Principles and standards of Mental Health Nursing.</li> <li>Describe the conceptual models of mental health nursing.</li> </ul> | Principles and Concepts of Mental Health Nursing  Definition: mental health nursing and terminology used  Classification of mental disorders: ICD.  Review of personality development, defense mechanisms.  Maladaptive behaviour of individuals and groups: stress, crises and disaster(s).  Etiology: bio-psycho-social factors.  Psychopathology of mental disorders: review of structure and function of brain, limbic system and abnormal neuro transmission.  Principles of Mental health Nursing.  Standards of Mental health Nursing practice.  Conceptual models and the role of nurse:  Existential Model.  Psycho-analytical models.  Behavioral; models. | <ul> <li>Lecture discussion</li> <li>Explain using Charts.</li> <li>Review of personality development.</li> </ul>                                   | <ul> <li>Essay type</li> <li>Short answer.</li> <li>Objective type</li> </ul>                           |
|---|---|---|--|---|---|
| 3 | 8 | Describe nature, purpose and process of assessment of mental health status  | Assessment of mental health status.  History taking.  Mental status examination.  Mini mental status examination.  Neurological examination: Review.  Investigations: Related Blood chemistry, EEG, CT & MRI.  Psychological tests Role and responsibilities of nurse.   | <ul> <li>Lecture         Discussion</li> <li>Demonstrat         ion</li> <li>Practice         session</li> <li>Clinical         practice</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Short answer</li> <li>Objective type</li> <li>Assessment of skills with check list.</li> </ul> |
| 4 | 6 | <ul> <li>Identify therapeutic communication techniques</li> <li>Describe therapeutic relationship.</li> </ul>   | Therapeutic communication and nurse-patient relationship  Therapeutic communication: types, techniques, characteristics  | <ul> <li>Lecture discussion</li> <li>Demonstrat ion</li> <li>Role play</li> <li>Process</li> </ul>  | <ul><li>Short answer</li><li>Objective type</li></ul>   |

|   |    | the<br>im  | escribe<br>erapeutic<br>passe and its<br>ervention.  | • | Types of relationship, Ethics and responsibilities Elements of nurse patient contract Review of technique of IPR- Johari Window Goals, phases, tasks, therapeutic techniques. Therapeutic impasse and its intervention   |         | recording   |   |   |
|---|----|--|--|---|--|---------|---|---|---|
| 5 | 14 | mo<br>the<br>me  | plain treatment dalities and rapies used in ntal disorders d role of the rse.  |   | Treatment modalities and therapies used in mental disorders.  Psycho Pharmacology Psychological therapies: Therapeutic community, psycho therapy – Individual: psychoanalytical, cognitive & supportive, family, Group, Behavioral, Play Psychodrama, Music, Dance, Recreational and Light therapy, Relaxation therapies: Yoga, Meditation, bio feedback.  Alternative systems of medicine. Psychosocial rehabilitation process Occupational therapy. Physical Therapy: electro convulsive therapy. Geriatric considerations Role of nurse in above therapies. | • • • • | Lecture discussion Demonstrati on Group work. Practice session Clinical practice.           | • | Essay type<br>Short<br>answers<br>Objective<br>type                 |
| 6 | 5  | eti<br>par<br>ma<br>dia<br>and<br>of<br>Sc<br>and<br>psy<br>dis<br>• Ge<br>con | escribe the ology, psychothology clinical anifestations, agnostic criteria d management patients with hizophrenia, d other ychotic sorders eriatric ensiderations allow-up and me care and mabilitation. | • | Nursing management of patient with Schizophrenia, and other psychotic disorders Classification: ICD Etiology, psychopathology, types, clinical manifestations, diagnosis Nursing Assessment-History, Physical and mental assessment. Treatment modalities and nursing management of patients with Schizophrenia and other psychotic disorders Geriatric considerations   | •       | Lecture<br>discussion<br>Case<br>discussion<br>Case<br>presentation<br>Clinical<br>practice | • | Essay type Short answers Assessment of patient managemen t problems |

|   |   |  | • Follow – up and home care and rehabilitation  |  |  |
|---|---|--|---|--|--|
| 7 | 5 | Describe the etiology, psychopathology clinical manifestations, diagnostic criteria and management of patients with mood disorders.  | Nursing management of patient with mood disorders  Mood disorders: Bipolar affective disorder, Mania depression and dysthamia etc.  Etiology, psychopathology, clinical manifestations, diagnosis.  Nursing Assessment-History, Physical and mental assessment.  Treatment modalities and nursing management of patients with mood disorders  Geriatric considerations  Follow-up and home care and rehabilitation  | <ul> <li>Lecture discussion</li> <li>Case discussion</li> <li>Case presentation</li> <li>Clinical practice</li> </ul>  | <ul> <li>Essay type</li> <li>Short         <ul> <li>Assessment</li> <li>of patient manageme</li> <li>nt problems</li> </ul> </li> </ul>  |
| 8 | 8 | Describe the etiology, psychopathology, clinical manifestation s, diagnostic criteria and management of patients with neurotic, stress related and somatization disorders. | Nursing management of patient with neurotic, stress related and somatization disorders  Anxiety disorder, Phobias, Dissociation and Conversion disorder, Obsessive compulsive disorder, somatoform disorders, Post traumatic stress disorder.  Etiology, psychopathology, clinical manifestations, diagnosis  Nursing Assessment-History, Physical and mental assessment  Treatment modalities and nursing management of patients with neurotic, stress related and somatization disorders.  Geriatric considerations  Follow-up and home care and rehabilitation | <ul> <li>Lecture discussion</li> <li>Case discussion</li> <li>Case presentatio n</li> <li>Clinical practice</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Essay type</li> <li>Short         <ul> <li>Assessment</li> <li>of patient management</li> <li>t problems</li> </ul> </li> </ul> |

| 10 | 5 | Describe the etiology, psychopathology, clinical manifestation s, diagnostic criteria and management of patients with substance use disorders      Describe the etiology, psychopathology, clinical manifestation s, diagnostic criteria and management of patients with substance use disorders | <ul> <li>patient with substance use disorders</li> <li>Commonly used psychotropic substance: Classification, forms, routes, action, intoxication and withdrawal</li> <li>Etiology of dependence: tolerance, psychological and physical dependence, withdrawal syndrome, diagnosis,</li> <li>Nursing Assessment-History, Physical, mental assessment and drug assay</li> <li>Treatment (detoxification, antabuse and narcotic antagonist therapy and harm reduction) and nursing management of patients with substance use disorders.</li> <li>Geriatric considerations</li> <li>Follow-up and home care and rehabilitation.</li> </ul>   | • Assessment of patient management problems                                   |
|----|---|--|--|---|
|    | 4 | Describe the etiology, psychopathology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic criteria and management of patients with personality, Sexual and Eating disorders  | <ul> <li>Sexual and Eating disorders</li> <li>Classification of disorders</li> <li>Etiology psycho-pathology</li> </ul>  | ussion  Short answers ussion  Assessment of patient management ical  problems |
| 11 | 6 | Describe the etiology, psychopathology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic criteria and management of childhood and adolescent including mental deficiency  | Nursing management of childhood and adolescent disorders including mental deficiency  Classification Etiology, psychopathology, characteristics, diagnosis Nursing Assessment-History,  Classification Case discussion  Case discussion Case d | • Assessment  |

| 12 | 5 | Describe the etiology psychopathology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic criteria and management of organic brain disorders | <ul> <li>Classification: ICD?</li> <li>Etiology, psycho-pathology, clinical features, diagnosis</li> <li>Case discrete</li> <li>Care</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Short answers</li> <li>Assessment of patient management problems</li> </ul> |
|----|---|---|---|--|
| 13 | 6 | Identify psychiatric emergencies and carry out crisis intervention  | Psychiatric emergencies and crisis intervention discr   | answers Objective type tice ion ical   |
| 14 | 4 | Explain legal aspects applied in mental health settings and role of the nurse   | Legal issues in Mental Health Nursing discustance  The Mental Health Act Case   | assion answers   |

| 15 | 4 | <ul> <li>Describe the model of preventive psychiatry</li> <li>Describe Community Mental health</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Admission and discharge procedures</li> <li>Role and responsibilities of nurse</li> <li>Community Mental Health Nursing         <ul> <li>Development of Community Mental Health Services:</li> <li>National Mental Health Programme</li> </ul> </li> </ul>  | <ul> <li>Lecture discussion</li> <li>Clinical/fie ld practice</li> <li>Field visits to mental health</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Short         <ul> <li>answers</li> </ul> </li> <li>Objective         <ul> <li>type</li> </ul> </li> <li>Assessment         <ul> <li>of the field</li> <li>visit reports</li> </ul> </li> </ul> |
|----|---|---|--|---|--|
|    |   | services and role of the nurse  | <ul> <li>Institutionalization         Versus         Deinstitutionalization</li> <li>Model of Preventive         psychiatry :Levels of         Prevention</li> <li>Mental Health Services         available at the primary,         secondary, tertiary         levels including         rehabilitation and Role         of nurse</li> <li>Mental Health         Agencies: Government         and voluntary, National         and International</li> <li>Mental health nursing         issues for special         populations: Children,         Adolescence, Women,         Elderly, Victims of         violence and abuse,         Handicapped,         HIV/AIDS etc.</li> </ul> | service<br>agencies   |  |

## References (Bibliography:)

- 1. Gail Wiscars Stuart.Michele T. Laraia. "Principles and practice of psychiatric nursing", 8<sup>th</sup> edition, , Elseveir, India Pvt.Ltd. New Delhi 2005
- 2. Michael Gelder, Richard Mayou, Philip Cowen, Shorter oxford text book of psychiatry, Oxford medical publication, 4 the ed. 2001.
- 3. M.S. Bhatia, A concised text Book of Psychiatric Nursing, CBS publishers and distributors, Delhi 2<sup>nd</sup> ed. 1999.
- 4. M.S. Bhatia, Essentials of Psychiatry, CBS publishers and distributors, Delhi
- 5. Mary C Townsend. "Psychiatric Mental Health Nursing". Concept of care, 4<sup>th</sup> edition. F.A.Davis Co. Philadelphia 2003.
- 6. Bimla Kapoor, Psychiatric nursing, Vol. I & II Kumar publishing house Delhi, 2001
- 7. Niraj Ahuja, A short textbook of pstchiatry, Jaypee brothers, new delhi, 2002.
- 8. The ICD10, Classification of mental and behavioural disorders, WHO, A.I.T.B.S. publishers, Delhi,2002
- 9. De Souza Alan, De Souza Dhanlaxmi, De Souza A, "National series Child psychiatry" 1<sup>st</sup> ed, Mumbai, The National Book Depot, 2004

- 10. Patricia, Kennedy, Ballard, "Psychiatric Nursing Integration of Theory and Practice", USA, Mc Graw Hill 1999.
- 11. Kathernic M. Fort in ash, Psychiatric Nursing Care plans, Mossby Year book. Toronto
- 12. Sheila M. Sparks, CynthiaM. Jalor, Nursing Diagnosis reference manual 5<sup>th</sup> edition, , Spring house, Corporation Pennsychiram's
- 13. R. Sreevani, A guide to mental health & psychiatric nursing, Jaypee brothers, Medical Publishers (ltd)\_, New Delhi 1<sup>st</sup> edition.
- 14. R. Baby, Psychiatric Nursing N.R. Brothers, Indore, 1st edition 2001.
- 15. Varghese Mary, Essential of psychiatric & mental health nursing,
- 16. Foundations Journals of mental health nursing
- 17. American Journal of Psychiatry
- 18. Deborah Antai Otoing. "Psychiatric Nursing" Biological and behavioral concepts. Thomson. Singapore 2003
- 19. Mary Ann Boyd. "Psychiatric Nursing". Contemporary practice. Lippincott. Williams and Wilkins. Tokyo.

#### Internet Resources –

- 1. Internet Gateway : Psychology\_ http://www.lib.uiowa.edu/gw/psych/index.html
- 2. Psychoanalytic studies\_ http://www.shef.ac.uk~psysc/psastud/index.html
- 3. Psychaitric Times\_ http://www.mhsource.com.psychiatrictimes.html
- 4. Self-help Group sourcebook online <a href="http://www.cmhe.com/selfhelp">http://www.cmhe.com/selfhelp</a>
- 5. National Rehabilitation Information center <a href="http://www.nariic.com/naric">http://www.nariic.com/naric</a>
- 6. Centre for Mental Health Services <a href="http://www.samhsaa.gov/cmhs.htm">http://www.samhsaa.gov/cmhs.htm</a>
- 7. Knowledge Exchange Network <a href="http://www.mentalheaalth.org/">http://www.mentalheaalth.org/</a>
- 8. Communication skills\_ http://www.personal.u-net.com/osl/m263.htm
- 9. Lifeskills Resource center <a href="http://www.rpeurifooy.com">http://www.rpeurifooy.com</a>
- 10. Mental Health Net http://www.cmhe.com

# MENTAL HEALTH NURSING – PRACTICAL

Placement : Third Year

**Time**: Practical – 270 hours (9 weeks)

| A                           | D (-)                     | Ohiooti  |  | ime: Practical – 270  |   |
|-----------------------------|---------------------------|--|--|---|---|
| Areas                       | Ourati<br>on (in<br>week) | Objectives   | Skills   | Assignments   | Assessment<br>Methods   |
| Psychiatric OPD             | 1                         | <ul> <li>Assess patients with mental health problems</li> <li>Observe and assist in therapies</li> <li>Counsel and educate patient, and families</li> </ul>  | <ul> <li>History taking</li> <li>Perform mental status examination (MSE)</li> <li>Assist in Psychometric assessment</li> <li>Perform Neurological examination</li> <li>Observe and assist in therapies</li> <li>Teach patients and family members</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>History taking and Mental status examination-2</li> <li>Health education-1</li> <li>Observation report of OPD</li> </ul>   | <ul> <li>Assess         performance         with rating         scale</li> <li>Assess each         skill with         checklist</li> <li>Evaluation of         health         education</li> <li>Assessment         of         observation         report</li> <li>Completion         of activity         record.</li> </ul>                        |
| Child<br>Guidance<br>clinic | 1                         | <ul> <li>Assessment of children with various mental health problems</li> <li>Counsel and educate children, families and significant others</li> </ul>  | <ul> <li>History taking</li> <li>Assist in psychometric assessment</li> <li>Observe and assist in various therapies</li> <li>Teach family and significant others</li> </ul>  | <ul> <li>Case work – 1</li> <li>Observation report of different therapies -1</li> </ul>   | <ul> <li>Assess performance with rating scale</li> <li>Assess each skill with checklist</li> <li>Evaluation of the observation report</li> </ul>  |
| Inpatient                   | 6                         | <ul> <li>Assess patients with mental health problems</li> <li>To provide nursing care for patients with various mental health problems</li> <li>Assist in various therapies</li> <li>Counsel and educate patients, families and significant</li> </ul> | status examination (MSE)   | <ul> <li>Give care to         2-3 patients         with various         mental         disorders</li> <li>Case study-1</li> <li>Care plan-         2(based on         nursing         process)</li> <li>Clinical         presentation I</li> <li>Process         recording 1</li> <li>Maintain drug         book</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Assess         performance         with rating         scale</li> <li>Assess each         skill with         checklist</li> <li>Evaluation         of the case         study care         plan,         clinical         presentatio,         process         recording</li> <li>Completion         of activity         record.</li> </ul> |

|                      |   | others   | <ul> <li>Participate in all therapies</li> <li>Prepare patients for Activities of Daily living (ADL)</li> <li>Conduct admission and discharge counseling</li> <li>Counsel and teach patients and families</li> </ul> |
|----------------------|---|--|--|
| Community psychiatry | 1 | <ul> <li>To identify patients with various mental disorders</li> <li>To motivate patients for early treatment and follow up</li> <li>To assist in follow up clinic</li> <li>Counsel and educate patient, family and community</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Conduct case work - 1</li></ul>   |

# \* Practical- 1 weeks- (50 hours)

| Area            | Duration | Objective  | Skills                 | Assignments             | Assessment                                    |
|-----------------|----------|--|------------------------|-------------------------|---|
| Psychiatry ward | 1 weeks  | Provide comprehensive care to patients with mental health problems | Integrated<br>Practice | • Journal presentatio n | Assess clinical performance with rating scale |

<sup>\*</sup>Shifted from Integrated Practice

## **Evaluation**

| ILV  | aiuativii |          |                  |
|--|-----------|----------|------------------|
| <b>Evaluation</b>                                |           |          |                  |
| Internal assessment                              |           |          |                  |
| Theory   |           |          | Maximum marks 25 |
| Midterm 50                                       |           |          |                  |
| Prefinal 75                                      |           |          |                  |
|  |           |          |                  |
| Total 125  | i         |          |                  |
| Practical  |           |          | Maximum marks 50 |
| Nursing care plan                                |           | 2 x25    | 50               |
| Case presentation                                |           | 1x 50    | 50               |
| Case study                                       |           | 1x 50    | 50               |
| Health teaching                                  |           | 1 x 25   | 25               |
| History taking & mental status examination       |           | 2 x 50   | 100              |
| & process recording                              |           |          |                  |
| Observation report of various therapies in psych | iatry     | 1x 25    | 25               |
| Clinical Evaluation                              |           | 2 x 100  | 200              |
|  | Total 1   | m o mlza | 500              |
| Practical examination                            | Total I   | narks    | 500              |
| mid term   |           |          | 50               |
|  |           |          | 50 (600)         |
| prefinal   | Total 1   | mork     | 100              |
| University examination                           | 101411    | Hai K    | 100              |
| University examination                           |           |          | 75               |
| Theory<br>Practical                              |           |          |                  |
| Practical  |           |          | 50               |

#### **NURSING CARE PLAN**

1. **Patients Biodata**: Name, sex, bed No., hosp Reg. No, marital status, religion, literacy, language, nationality, identification mark, address, date of admission, method of admission, date of discharge, duration of hospitalization, final diagnosis, informant.

**Presenting complaints:** Describe the complaints with which the patient has come to hospital

- 2. **History of illness**: This includes the following data such as presenting complaints with duration, history of presenting complaints, past history of illness, personal history, legal history, family history, personality (Personality prior to illness)
- 3. **History of present illness** onset, symptoms, duration, precipitating / alleviating factors nature of problem, associated problems ( disturbance in sleep, appetite, wt ), effect of present illness on ADL, patients understanding regarding present problem

**History of past illness** – illnesses, surgeries, allergies, immunizations, medications, history of past hospitalization for psychiatric illness, any complication e.g. suicidal attempt, completeness of recovery.

**Personal history:** Birth, early development, educational, occupational, menstrual, sexual, marital, religious, social activity, interests and hobbies.

**Legal history**: any arrest imprisonment, divorce etc...

**Family history** – family tree, type of family, parental history, occupation, history of illness in family members, risk factors, congenital problems, psychological problems, family dynamics, family events (initiating and exacerbating illness)

**Personality history**: personality traits, habits, hobbies, interest, belief, attitudes, social relationship, coping resources, alcohol or drug use, any criminal record.

#### 4 Mental status examination with conclusion

5. Investigations

| Date | Investigations done | Normal value | Patient value | Inference |
|------|---------------------|--------------|---------------|-----------|
|      |                     |              |               |           |

#### 6. Treatment

| SN | Drug                   | Dose | Frequency/ | Action | Side        | Nursing        |
|----|------------------------|------|------------|--------|-------------|----------------|
|    | (Pharmacological name) |      | Time       |        | effects &   | responsibility |
|    |                        |      |            |        | drug        |                |
|    |                        |      |            |        | interaction |                |
|    |                        |      |            |        |             |                |
|    |                        |      |            |        |             |                |

#### Other modalities of treatment in detail

### 7. Nursing process:

| Patients name |            | Date                 | e         |              | ward              |           |            |
|---------------|------------|----------------------|-----------|--------------|-------------------|-----------|------------|
| Date          | Assessment | Nursing<br>Diagnosis | Objective | Plan of care | Implementa – tion | Rationale | Evaluation |
|               |            | <i>y</i>             |           |              |                   |           |            |

#### Discharge planning:

It should include health education and discharge planning given to patient

#### 8. Evaluation of care

Overall evaluation, problem faced while providing care prognosis of the patient and conclusion

## Care plan evaluation

#### EVALUATION CRITERIA FOR NURSING CARE PLAN -

| S.No. | Topic                             | Max Marks |
|-------|-----------------------------------|-----------|
| 1.    | History                           | 05        |
| 2.    | M.S.E. & Diagnosis                | 05        |
| 3.    | Management & Nursing. Process     | 10        |
| 4.    | Discharge planning and evaluation | 03        |
| 5.    | Bibliography                      | 02        |
|       | TOTAL                             | 25        |

#### FORMAT FOR CASE PRESENTATION

- **1.Patients Biodata**: Name, sex, bed No., hosp Reg. No, marital status, religion, literacy, language, nationality, identification mark, address, date of admission, method of admission, date of discharge, duration of hospitalization, final diagnosis, informant.
- **2. Presenting complaints:** Describe the complaints with which the patient has come to hospital **3.History of illness**: This includes the following data such as presenting complaints with duration, history of presenting complaints, past history of illness, personal history, legal history, family history, personality (Personality prior to illness)
  - **a. History of present illness** onset, symptoms, duration, precipitating / alleviating factors nature of problem, associated problems ( disturbance in sleep, appetite, wt ), effect of present illness on ADL, patients understanding regarding present problem
  - **b. History of past illness** illnesses, surgeries, allergies, immunizations, medications, history of past hospitalization for psychiatric illness, any complication e.g. suicidal attempt, completeness of recovery.
  - **c. Personal history:** Birth, early development, educational, occupational, menstrual, sexual, marital, religious, social activity, interests and hobbies.
  - d. Legal history: any arrest imprisonment, divorce etc...
  - **e. Family history** family tree, type of family, parental history, occupation, history of illness in family members, risk factors, congenital problems, psychological problems, family dynamics, family events (initiating and exacerbating illness)
  - **f. Personality history**: personality traits, habits, hobbies, interest, belief, attitudes, social relationship, coping resources, alcohol or drug use, any criminal record.

### 4. Mental status examination with conclusion

#### 5. Description of disease

Definition, etiology, risk factors, clinical features, management and nursing care Clinical features of the disease condition

| Clinical features present in the book | Description of clinical features of patient | Pathophysiology |
|---------------------------------------|---|-----------------|
|                                       |   |                 |

#### 6. Investigations

| Date | Investigations done | Normal value | Patient value | Inference |
|------|---------------------|--------------|---------------|-----------|
|      |                     |              |               |           |

#### 7. Treatment

| Ī | SN | Drug                   | Dose | Frequency/ | Action | Side        | Nursing        |
|---|----|------------------------|------|------------|--------|-------------|----------------|
|   |    | (Pharmacological name) |      | time       |        | effects &   | responsibility |
|   |    |                        |      |            |        | drug        |                |
|   |    |                        |      |            |        | interaction |                |
| Ī |    |                        |      |            |        |             |                |
|   |    |                        |      |            |        |             |                |

# Other modalities of treatment in detail 8.Nursing process:

| Patient | s name     | Date      | e         |         | Ward       |           |            |
|---------|------------|-----------|-----------|---------|------------|-----------|------------|
| Date    | Assessment | Nursing   | Objective | Plan of | Implementa | Rationale | Evaluation |
|         |            | Diagnosis |           | care    | -tion      |           |            |
|         |            |           |           |         |            |           |            |

## Discharge planning:

It should include health education and discharge planning given to patient

#### 9. Evaluation of care

Overall evaluation, problem faced while providing care prognosis of the patient and conclusion

#### EVALUATION CRITERIA FOR CASE PRESENTATION -

| S.No. | Topic                                    | Max Marks |
|-------|--|-----------|
| 1.    | Orientation of History                   | 10        |
| 2.    | M.S.E.                                   | 10        |
| 3.    | Summarization & Formulation of diagnosis | 10        |
| 4.    | Management & evaluation of care          | 10        |
| 5.    | Style of presentation                    | 05        |
| 6.    | Bibliography                             | 05        |
|       | TOTAL                                    | 50        |

# Format for case study

Format is similar to case presentation but should be in detail The nursing care given to the patient should be at least for 5 continuous days

# **Evaluation format for case study**

| Sr.No. | Content                                |       | Marks |
|--------|--|-------|-------|
| 1      | History & MSE                          |       | 10    |
| 2      | Knowledge and understanding of disease |       | 15    |
| 3      | Nursing care plan                      |       | 20    |
| 4      | Discharge plan& evaluation             |       | 02    |
| 5      | Bibliography                           |       | 03    |
|        | 2 2 3                                  | Total | 50    |

# **EVALUATION FORMAT FOR HEALTH TALK**

| NAME OF THE STUDENT  | : |  |
|----------------------|---|--|
| AREA OF EXPERIENCE   | : |  |
|                      | • |  |
| PERIOD OF EXPERIENCE | : |  |
| SUPERVISOR           | : |  |

Total 100 Marks

Scores: 5 = Excellent, 4 = Very good, 3 = Good, 2 = Satisfactory / fair, 1 = Poor

| Sr. No. | Particular                                     | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | Score |
|---------|--|---|---|---|---|---|-------|
| 1       | I) Planning and organization                   |   |   |   |   |   |       |
|         | a) Formulation of attainable objectives        |   |   |   |   |   |       |
|         | b) Adequacy of content                         |   |   |   |   |   |       |
|         | c) Organization of subject matter              |   |   |   |   |   |       |
|         | d) Current knowledge related to subject Matter |   |   |   |   |   |       |
|         | e) Suitable A.V. Aids                          |   |   |   |   |   |       |
|         | II) Presentation:                              |   |   |   |   |   |       |
|         | a) Interesting                                 |   |   |   |   |   |       |
|         | b) Clear Audible                               |   |   |   |   |   |       |
|         | c) Adequate explanation                        |   |   |   |   |   |       |
|         | d) Effective use of A.V. Aids                  |   |   |   |   |   |       |
|         | e) Group Involvement                           |   |   |   |   |   |       |
|         | f) Time Limit                                  |   |   |   |   |   |       |
|         | III) Personal qualities:                       |   |   |   |   |   |       |
|         | a) Self confidence                             |   |   |   |   |   |       |
|         | b) Personal appearance                         |   |   |   |   |   |       |
|         | c) Language                                    |   |   |   |   |   |       |
|         | d) Mannerism                                   |   |   |   |   |   |       |
|         | e) Self awareness of strong & weak points      |   |   |   |   |   |       |
|         | IV) Feed back:                                 |   |   |   |   |   |       |
|         | a) Recapitulation                              |   |   |   |   |   |       |
|         | b) Effectiveness                               |   |   |   |   |   |       |
|         | c) Group response                              |   |   |   |   |   |       |
|         | V) Submits assignment on time                  |   |   |   |   |   |       |

<sup>\* 100</sup> marks will be converted into 25

# FORMAT FOR PSYCHIATRIC CASE HISTORY MENTAL STATUS EXAMINATION & PROCESS RECORDING

#### **PSYCHIATRIC CASE HISTORY**

- Biodata of the Patient
- Informant
- Rehability
- Reason for referral
- Chief complaints with duration
- History of present illness
- History of past illness
- Family history of illness
  - a. Family history

(Draw family tree, write about each family members & relations with patient mention any history of mental illness, epilepsy renouncing the world.)

- b. Socio-economic data
- Personal History
- 1. Prenatal and perinatal
- 2. Early Childhood
- 3. Middle Childhood
- 4. Late childhood
- 5. Adulthood
- b. Education History
- c. Occupational History
- d. Marital History
- e. Sexual History
- f. Religion
- g. Social activity, interests and hobbies.
- Pre-morbid personality
- Physical examination
- Diagnosis & identification of psychosocial stressors

#### EVALUATION CRITERIA FOR PSYCLATRIC CASE HISTORY-

| S.No. | Topic                                      | Max Marks |
|-------|--|-----------|
| 1.    | Format                                     | 02        |
| 2.    | Organisation of history of present illness | 05        |
| 3.    | Past History of illness                    | 03        |
| 4.    | Family history of illness                  | 03        |
| 5.    | Pre morbid personality                     | 03        |
| 6.    | Examination                                | 02        |
| 7.    | Diagnosis                                  | 02        |
|       | TOTAL                                      | 20        |

## **Mental Status Examination**

1. General Appearance & behaviour & grooming:

LOC- Conscious/ semiconscious/ unconscious

Body Built- Thin

Moderate

Obese

Hygiene- C

Good Fair Poor

Dress- Proper/clean

According to the season

Poor-Untidy, Eccentric, Inappropriate.

Hair- Good Combined in position.

Fair

Poor

Disheveled

Facial expression-

Anxious Depressed Not interested Sad looking

Calm Quiet Happy

Healthy/Sickly

Maintains eye contact

Young / Old Any other

2. Attitude:-

Cooperative Seductive

Friendly (mainia) 1. Attention seeking

Trustful (mainia) 2. Dramatic
Attentive 3. Emotional
Interested Evasive
Negativistic Defensive

Resistive Guarded ) Paranoia

Non-caring Any other

3. Posture:-

Good - Straight/proper

Relaxed

Rigid/Tense/Unsteady Bizarre Position Improper – Explain

4. Gait, Carriage & Psychomotor activities:-

Walks straight / coordinated movements

Uncoordinated movements

Mannerism / Stereotypes / Echolatics

Purposeless/hyperactivity/aimless/purposeless activity

Hypo activity/Tremors/Dystonia

Any other

#### 5. Mood and affect:-

Mood- Pervasive & sustained emotions that columns the person's perception of the world

Range of mood: Adequate

Inadequate Constricted Blunt (sp) Labile

(Frequent changes)

Affect: Emotional state of mind, person's present emotional response.

Congruent / In congruent Relevance/Irrelevant

Appropriateness-according to situations

Inappropriate- Excited

Not responding

Sad

Withdrawn Depressed Any other

## 6. Stability & range of mood:

Extreme

Normal

Any other

#### 7. Voice & speech / stream of talk:

Language- Written

Spoken

Intensity- Above normal

Normal

Below normal

Quantity-Above normal

Normal

Below normal

Quality- Appropriate

Inappropriate

Rate of production:- Appropriate / Inappropriate

Relevance- Relevant / Irrelevant

Reaction time-Immediate / Delayed

Vocabulary- Good / Fair /Poor

Rate, quality, amount and form:- under pressure, retarded, blocked, relevant, logical, coherent, concise, illogical, disorganized, flight of ideas, neologisms, word salad. Circumstantialities, Rhyming, punning, loud. Whispered. Screaming etc.

## 8. Perception:-

The way we perceive our environment with senses

Normal/Abnormal

- A) Illusion:- misinterpretation of perception
- B) Hallucination:- False perception in absence of stimuli.
- 1. Visual-not in psychiatric Organic Brain Disorder.
- 2. Auditory
  - a. Single
- b. Conversation
- c. Command
- 3. Kinaesthetic hallucinations: Feeling movement when none occurs.
- C) Depersonalization and derealization
- d) Other abnormal perceptions

## Déjà vu/Deja pense/Deja entendu/Deja raconte/Deja eprouve/ Deja fait/Jamais

#### 9. Thought process / thinking

At formation level-

At content – continuity / lack of continuity

- I. At progress level / stream
- a. Disorders of Tempo
  - \* Schizophrenia talking-Epilepsy
    - Loose association
    - Thought block
    - Flight of ideas
- \* Circumstantial talking Epilepsy
- \* Tangential-taking without any conclusion
- \* Neologism New words invented by patients.
- \* Incoherence

#### b. Disorders of continuity

- \* Perseveration:- Repetition of the same words over and over again.
- \* Blocking:- Thinking process stops altogether.
- \* Echolalia: Repetition of the interviewer's word like a parrot.

#### II. Possession and control

- \* Obsessions: Persistent occurrence of ideas, thoughts, images, impulses or phobias.
- \* Phobias: Persistent, excessive, irrational fear about a real or an imaginary object, place or a situation.
- \* Thought alienation:- The patient thinks that others are participating in his thinking.
- \* Suicidal/homicidal thoughts.

#### III. Content:-

- \* Primary Delusion:- Fixed unshakable false beliefs, and they cannot be explained on the basis of reality.
- \* Delusional mood
- \* Delusional perception
- \* Sudden delusional ideas
- \* Secondary delusion

## Content of Delusions:-

- Persecution.
- Self reference
- Innocence
- Grandiosity
- III health or Somatic function
- Guilt
- Nihilism
- Poverty
- Love or erotomania
- Jealousy or infidelity

#### 10. Judgement:-

According to the situation

e.g.(If one inmate accidentally falls in a well and you do)

## 11. Insight:-

Awareness

Reason for hospitalization

Accepts / Not accepts / Accepts fees treatment not required

Types - Intellectual-awareness at mental level

- Emotional – aware and accepts

Duration

#### 12. Orientation:-

Oriented to - time

Place Person

## 13. Memory:-

Fairs / Festival

Surrounding environment

PM of country CM of state

#### 15. Attention:-

Normal Moderate Poor attention Any other

#### 16. Concentration:-

Good Fair Poor

Any other

## 17. Special points:-

Bowel & bladder habits

Appetite Sleep Libido Any other

# Instructions for filling the MSE format:

- 1. Tick wherever relevant
- 2. Write brief observations wherever relevant
- 3. Based on the observations make the final conclusion

#### EVALUATION CRITERIA FOR M.S.E.

| S.NO | TOPIC                   | MAX MARKS |  |
|------|-------------------------|-----------|--|
| 1.   | Format                  | 01        |  |
| 2.   | Content (Administration | of test   |  |
|      | and inference)          | 06        |  |
| 3.   | Examination skill       | 02        |  |
| 4.   | Bibliography            | 01        |  |
|      | T                       | OTAL 10   |  |

#### **EVALUATION FORMAT PROCESS RECORDING**

- 1. Identification data of the patient.
- 2. Presenting Complaints
  - a. According to patient
  - b. According to relative
- 3. History of presenting complaints
- 4. Aims and objectives of interview
  - a. Patients point of view
  - b. Students point of view
- 5. 1<sup>st</sup> Interview

Date

Time

Duration

Specific objective

| Sr.No. | Participants | Conversation | Inference | Technique used |
|--------|--------------|--------------|-----------|----------------|
|        |              |              |           |                |
|        |              |              |           |                |
|        |              |              |           |                |

6. Summary

Summary of inferences

Introspection

Interview techniques used: Therapeutic/Non therapeutic

- 7. Over all presentation & understanding.
- 8. Termination.

#### **Evaluation format of process recording**

| History taking Interview technique Inferences drawn from interview Overall understanding | 02<br>03<br>03<br>02 |
|--|----------------------|
| Total marks  | 10                   |

#### **Observation report of various therapies**

## **ECT CARE STUDY**

Select a patient who has to get electro convulsive therapy Preparation of articles for ECT Preparation of physical set up

- Waiting room
- ECT room
- Recovery room

Preparation of patient prior to ECT Helping the patient to undergo ECT

Care of patient after ECT

Recording of care of patient after ECT

## ECT Chart -

Name –

Diagnosis -

Age -

Sex -

Bed No. -

TPR/BP -

Time of ECT -

Patient received back at -

| Time | Pulse | Respiration | Blood    | Level of      | Remarks |
|------|-------|-------------|----------|---------------|---------|
|      |       |             | pressure | Consciousness |         |
|      |       |             |          |               |         |
|      |       |             |          |               |         |
|      |       |             |          |               |         |
|      |       |             |          |               |         |
|      |       |             |          |               |         |

## OBSERVATION REPORT – GROUP THERAPY

(Can be written in the form of report)

- 1. Name of the Hospital –
- 2. Ward No. –
- 3. No. of patients in the ward –
- 4. No. of male patients in the ward –
- 5. No. of female patients in the ward –
- 6. No. of patients for group therapy
- 7. Objectives of group therapy –
- 8. Size of the group –
- 9. Diagnosis of patients in the group –
- 10. Heterogenous group –
- 11. Homogenous group –
- 12. Procedure followed
  - a. Introduction
  - b. Physical set up
  - c. Maintenance of confidentiality & privacy
- 13. Content of group therapy –
- 14. Summary of group therapy –
- 15. Remarks –

## **Evaluation criteria for group therapy**

| Introduction to therapy | 02 |
|-------------------------|----|
| Purposes of therapy     | 03 |
| Preparation for therapy | 05 |
| Care during therapy     | 05 |
| Care after therapy      | 05 |
| Recording               | 05 |

# **CLINICAL POSTING EVALUATION**

| Name of the student          | : |  |
|------------------------------|---|--|
| ¥7                           |   |  |
| Year                         | : |  |
| Area of clinical experience  | : |  |
| Duration of posting in weeks | • |  |
| Duration of posting in weeks | • |  |
| Name of the supervisor       | : |  |

Total Marks: - 100

| S | cores: $5 = \text{excellent}$ , $4 = \text{Very good}$ , $3 = \text{Good}$ , $2 = \text{Satisfacto}$ | ry / fair, 1 = Poor |
|---|--|---------------------|
|   |  | Grades              |

| SN           |  | Grades |   |   |   |   |  |  |  |
|--------------|--|--------|---|---|---|---|--|--|--|
|              | EVALUATION CRITERIA  | 5      | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |  |  |  |
| I            | Understanding of patient as a person                               |        |   |   |   |   |  |  |  |
|              | A] Approach  |        |   |   |   |   |  |  |  |
|              | 1] Rapport with patient (family)relatives                          |        |   |   |   |   |  |  |  |
|              | 2] Has she collected all information regarding the patient/family. |        |   |   |   |   |  |  |  |
|              | B] Understanding patients health problems                          |        |   |   |   |   |  |  |  |
|              | 1] Knowledge about the disease of patient                          |        |   |   |   |   |  |  |  |
|              | 2] Knowledge about investigations done for disease.                |        |   |   |   |   |  |  |  |
|              | 3] Knowledge about treatment given to patient                      |        |   |   |   |   |  |  |  |
|              | 4] Knowledge about progress of patients                            |        |   |   |   |   |  |  |  |
|              | Planning care.   |        |   |   |   |   |  |  |  |
| II           | 1] Correct observation of patient                                  |        |   |   |   |   |  |  |  |
|              | 2] Assessment of the condition of patient                          |        |   |   |   |   |  |  |  |
|              | 3] Identification of the patients needs                            |        |   |   |   |   |  |  |  |
|              | 4] Individualization of planning to meet specific health needs of  |        |   |   |   |   |  |  |  |
|              | the patient.   |        |   |   |   |   |  |  |  |
|              | 5] Identification of priorities                                    |        |   |   |   |   |  |  |  |
|              | Teaching skill.  |        |   |   |   |   |  |  |  |
| III          | 1] Economical and safe adaptation to the situation available       |        |   |   |   |   |  |  |  |
|              | facilities   |        |   |   |   |   |  |  |  |
|              | 2] Implements the procedure with skill/speed, completeness.        |        |   |   |   |   |  |  |  |
|              | 3] Scientific knowledge about the procedure.                       |        |   |   |   |   |  |  |  |
|              | TT141. 4-11.   |        |   |   |   |   |  |  |  |
|              | Health talk  |        |   |   |   |   |  |  |  |
| TX7          | 1] Incidental/planned teaching (Implements teaching principles)    |        |   |   |   |   |  |  |  |
| IV           | 2] Uses visual aids appropriately                                  |        |   |   |   |   |  |  |  |
|              | Personality  |        |   |   |   |   |  |  |  |
|              | 1] Professional appearance (Uniform, dignity, helpfulness,         |        |   |   |   |   |  |  |  |
|              | interpersonal relationship, punctuality, etc.)                     |        |   |   |   |   |  |  |  |
| $\mathbf{V}$ | 2] Sincerity, honesty, sense of responsibility                     |        |   |   |   |   |  |  |  |

Remarks of supervision in terms of professional strength and weakness

# DRUG BOOK / STUDY

| Generic<br>Name | Dosage | Form/Strength<br>Inj/Tab/Syrup | Action of Drug | Indication | Contraindicati<br>on | Side effects | Nursing<br>Implications/<br>Responsibilities |
|-----------------|--------|--------------------------------|----------------|------------|----------------------|--------------|--|
|                 |        |                                |                |            |                      |              |  |
|                 |        |                                |                |            |                      |              |  |
|                 |        |                                |                |            |                      |              |  |
|                 |        |                                |                |            |                      |              |  |
|                 |        |                                |                |            |                      |              |  |
|                 |        |                                |                |            |                      |              |  |
|                 |        |                                |                |            |                      |              |  |
|                 |        |                                |                |            |                      |              |  |
|                 |        |                                |                |            |                      |              |  |
|                 |        |                                |                |            |                      |              |  |
|                 |        |                                |                |            |                      |              |  |
|                 |        |                                |                |            |                      |              |  |

# Maharashtra University of Health Sciences External Practical Evaluation Guidelines III Basic B.Sc Nursing Subject:-Mental Health Nursing

Subject:-Mental Health Nursing 50 Marks

| Internal Examiner  | 25 Marks                       |
|--|--------------------------------|
| <ul> <li>Nursing Process (15 marks)</li> <li>Assessment</li> <li>Nursing Diagnosis</li> <li>Goal</li> <li>Outcome criteria</li> <li>Nursing intervention</li> <li>Rationale</li> <li>Evaluation</li> <li>Nurses notes</li> </ul>   | 15 marks 3 2 1 3 2 1 1 3 2 1 2 |
| <ul> <li>Viva (10 Marks)</li> <li>Knowledge about common psychiatric conditions (psychotic, moods disorders)</li> <li>Therapies used in mental disorders</li> <li>Drugs used in psychiatric disorders</li> </ul>   | 10 Marks<br>5<br>2<br>3        |
|  |                                |
| External Examiner  | 25 Marks                       |
| <ul> <li>Mental Status Examination (15 Marks)</li> <li>General appearance, behavior.</li> <li>Mood and affect</li> <li>Thought Process and speech</li> <li>Perception</li> <li>Cognitive function (memory, orientation, attention, concentration intelligence, Abstraction)</li> <li>Insight and Judgment</li> </ul> | 15 marks<br>2<br>2<br>4<br>2   |

# MENTAL HEALTH NURSING PRACTICAL EXAMINATION PRACTICAL / ORAL MARK LIST

NAME OF THE EXAMINATION: MENTAL HEALTH NURSING

PRACTICALS MONTH: YEAR:

THIRD YEAR Basic B. Sc NURSING: MARKS:

**50 SUBJECT: MENTAL HEALTH NURSING** 

## **CENTRE:**

| Internal E    | Examiner     | xaminer External Examiner  |  |   | Total   |
|---------------|--------------|----------------------------|--|---|---|
| Procedu<br>re | Viva<br>voce | Nursin<br>g<br>proce<br>ss | Viva<br>voce                           |   |   |
| 15            | 10           |                            | 10                                     | 5<br>0  | 2<br>5  |
|               |              |                            |  |   | -   |
|               |              |                            |  |   |   |
|               |              |                            |  |   |   |
|               |              |                            |  |   |   |
|               |              |                            |  |   |   |
|               |              |                            |  |   |   |
|               |              |                            |  |   |   |
|               |              |                            |  |   |   |
|               |              |                            |  |   |   |
|               |              |                            |  |   |   |
|               |              |                            |  |   |   |
|               |              |                            |  |   |   |
|               |              |                            |  |   |   |
|               |              |                            |  |   |   |
|               |              |                            |  |   |   |
|               |              |                            |  |   |   |
|               | Procedu      | Procedu Viva<br>re voce    | Procedu Viva Nursin re voce g proce ss | Procedu Viva Nursin Viva re voce g voce proce ss 15 10 1 10 | Procedu Viva Nursin Viva re voce g voce proce ss 15 10 1 10 5 |

| ignature of the External |
|--------------------------|
|                          |

Examiner Date : Date :

# **MANAGEMENT OF NURSING SERVICE & EDUCATION**

Total hours: Theory: 90 Hrs

(Class 60 + Lab 30 hrs)

## **Course Description:**

This course is designed to enable students to acquire in-depth understanding of management of hospital services, management of nursing services and nursing educational programmes. This is also designed to enable students to acquire understanding of the professional responsibilities, prospects and contribution to the growth of the Nursing profession.

## Specific objectives: At the end of the course student will be able to

- 1. Understand the principles and functions of management
- 2. Understand the elements and process of management
- 3. Appreciate the management of nursing services in the hospital and community.
- 4. Apply the concepts, theories and techniques of organizational behaviour and human relations.
- 5. Develop skills in planning and organizing in service education
- 6. Understand the management of nursing educational institutions.
- 7. Describe the ethical and legal responsibilities of a professional nurse
- 8. Understand the various opportunities for professional advancement.

| TT .*4 | Time<br>nit (Hrs)       |            | OL: A:  | Contract  | Teaching  | Assessment  |
|--------|-------------------------|------------|---|---|---|---|
| Unit   | Th.                     | rs)<br>Pr. | Objectives  | Content   | Learning activities   | methods   |
| I      | (4)<br>1<br>1<br>1<br>1 |            | <ul> <li>Explain the principles and functions of managemen t</li> </ul> |   | <ul> <li>Lecture         Discussion</li> <li>Explain         using         organizatio         n chart</li> </ul> | • Short answers   |
| II     | (6) 1 1 1 1 1 1         |            | Describe elements and process of management                             | <ul> <li>Management Process</li> <li>Planning, mission, philosophy, objectives, operational plan</li> <li>Staffing: Philosophy, staffing study, norms, activities, patient classification system, scheduling</li> <li>Human resource management, recruiting, selecting, deployment, retaining, promoting, superannuation.</li> <li>Budgeting: Concept, principles, types, cost benefit analysis audit</li> <li>Material management: equipment and supplies</li> <li>Directing process (Leading)</li> <li>Controlling: Quality management</li> <li>Program Evaluation Review Technique (PERT), Bench marking, Activity Plan (Gantt Chart)</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Lecture         Discussion</li> <li>Simulated         Exercises</li> <li>Case         studies</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Essay<br/>type</li> <li>Short<br/>answers</li> </ul> |

| Unit |                            |     | Ohioativaa   | Content   |   | Teaching   |     | Assessment  |
|------|----------------------------|-----|--|---|---|--|-----|---|
|      | Th.                        | Pr. | Objectives   | Content   |   | Learning activities  |     | methods   |
| III  | (8)                        | 5   | To understand  | Hospital Organization   | • | Lecture  | •   | Essay type  |
|      | 1<br>1<br>1<br>2<br>1<br>2 | 20  | the modern concepts, components and changing trends in hospital organization | <ul> <li>Definition, types and functions of hospital</li> <li>Governing body- Hospital administration</li> <li>Control &amp; line of authority</li> <li>Hospital statistics including hospital utilization indices</li> <li>Role of hospital in comprehensive health care</li> <li>Development of new management practices:         <ul> <li>Marketing of Hospitals</li> </ul> </li> </ul>  | • | Discussion<br>Preparation<br>of<br>organizatio<br>n chart of<br>hospital   | •   | Short<br>answers<br>MCQ   |
| IV   | (8)                        | 20  | Describe the   | Management of nursing services in the hospital  | • | Lecture  | •   | Essay type  |
|      | 1<br>1<br>1                |     | management of nursing services in the hospital and community                 | <ul> <li>Planning</li> <li>Hospital &amp; patient care units including ward management</li> <li>Emergency and disaster management</li> <li>Human resource management</li> <li>Recruiting, selecting, deployment, retaining, promoting, superannuation</li> <li>Categories of nursing personnel including job description of all levels</li> <li>Patients/ population classification system</li> <li>Patients/ population assignment and nursing care responsibilities</li> <li>Staff development and welfare programmes</li> <li>Budgeting: Proposal, projecting requirements for staff, equipments and supplies for</li> <li>Hospital and patient care units</li> <li>Emergency and disaster management</li> <li>Material management: Procurement, inventory control, auditing and maintenance in</li> <li>Hospital and patient care units</li> <li>Emergency and disaster management</li> <li>Material management: Procurement, inventory control, auditing and maintenance in</li> <li>Hospital and patient care units</li> <li>Emergency and disaster management</li> </ul> | • | Discussion Demonstra tion Case studies Supervised practice in ward- writing indents, preparing rotation plan and duty roaster, ward supervisio n Assignme nt on duties and responsibi lities of ward sister Writing report Preparing diet sheets | • • | Short answers Assessmen t of problem solving exercises Assessmen t of the assignment s Performanc e evaluation by ward sister with rating scale |

| Unit | Tin<br>(Hr<br>Th.            |   | Objectives   | Content  | Teaching<br>Learning<br>activities   | Assessment methods   |
|------|------------------------------|---|--|--|--|--|
|      | 2                            |   |  | <ul> <li>Directing &amp; Leading: delegation, participatory management</li> <li>Assignments, rotations, delegations</li> <li>Supervision &amp; guidance</li> <li>Implement standards, policies, procedures and practices</li> <li>Staff development &amp; welfare</li> <li>Maintenance of discipline</li> <li>Controlling/ Evaluation</li> <li>Nursing rounds/ visits, Nursing protocols, Manuals</li> <li>Quality assurance model, documentation</li> <li>Records and reports</li> <li>Performance appraisal</li> </ul> |  |  |
| V    | (5)<br>1<br>1<br>1<br>1<br>1 | 5 | <ul> <li>Describe the concepts, theories and techniques of</li> <li>Organizational behavior and human relations</li> </ul> | Organizational behavior and human relations  Concepts and theories of organizational behaviors  Review of channels of communication  Leadership styles, Power, types  Review of motivation: concepts and theories  Group dynamics  Techniques of:  Communication and  Interpersonal relationships  Human relations  Public relations in context of nursing  Relations with professional associations and employee union  Collective bargaining  In-service education   | <ul> <li>Lecture         Discussion</li> <li>Role plays</li> <li>Group         games</li> <li>Self         assessmen         t</li> <li>Case         discussion</li> <li>Practice         session</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Essay type</li> <li>Short answers</li> <li>Assessmen t of problem solving</li> </ul>                          |
| VI   | (5)<br>1<br>1<br>1<br>1<br>1 | 5 | in planning and organizing in-service education program  | <ul> <li>Nature &amp; scope of in-service education program</li> <li>Organization of in-service education</li> <li>Principles of adult learning</li> <li>Planning for in-service education program, techniques, methods, and evaluation of staff education program</li> <li>Preparation of report</li> </ul>   | <ul> <li>Lecture         Discussion</li> <li>Plan and         conduct         an         education         al session         for inservice         nursing         personnel</li> </ul>                     | <ul> <li>Essay type</li> <li>Short answers</li> <li>Assess the planning and conduct of education al session</li> </ul> |

| VII | (10) | Describe     | Management of Nursing         | Lecture      | • Essay |
|-----|------|--------------|-------------------------------|--------------|---------|
|     |      | management   | educational institutions      | Discussion   | type    |
|     | 1    | of Nursing   | Establishment of nursing      | • Role plays | • Short |
|     |      | educational  | educational institution – INC | • Counselin  | answers |
|     |      | institutions | norms and guidelines          | g session    |         |

| Unit | Time (Hrs) Th. Pr. |     | Objectives   | Content   | Teaching<br>Learning<br>activities   | Assessment methods                              |
|------|--------------------|-----|--|---|--|---|
|      | 1 1 1 1 1 3        | Pr. |  | <ul> <li>Co-ordination with</li> <li>Regulatory bodies</li> <li>Accreditation</li> <li>Affiliation – Philosophy/ Objectives, Organization</li> <li>Structure</li> <li>Committees</li> <li>Physical facilities</li> <li>College / School</li> <li>Hostel – Students</li> <li>Selection</li> <li>Admission procedures</li> <li>Guidance and counseling</li> <li>Maintaining discipline- Faculty and staff</li> <li>Selection</li> <li>Recruitment</li> <li>Job description</li> <li>Placement</li> <li>Performance appraisal</li> <li>Development and welfare</li> <li>Budgeting</li> <li>Equipments and supplies: audio visual equipments, laboratory equipments, books, journals etc.</li> <li>Curriculum: Planning, Implementation and Evaluation</li> </ul> | • Group exercises  |   |
|      | 1 1                |     |  | <ul><li>Clinical facilities</li><li>Transport facilities</li><li>Institutional Records, and</li></ul>   |  |   |
|      |                    |     |  | reports – Administrative, Faculty, Staff and Students.  |  |   |
| VIII | (10) 4             | 2   | ethical and<br>legal<br>responsibilitie<br>s of a<br>professional<br>nurse | Nursing as a Profession  Nursing as a Profession  Philosophy; nursing practice  Aims and Objectives  Characteristics of a professional nurse  Regulatory bodies; INC, SNC Acts:- Constitution, functions  Current trends and issues in Nursing  Professional ethics  Code of ethics; INC, ICN  Code of professional conduct; INC, ICN.  | <ul> <li>Lecture         Discussion</li> <li>Case         discussion</li> <li>Panel         discussion</li> <li>Role plays</li> <li>Critical         incidents</li> <li>Visit to         INC/         SNRCs</li> </ul> | Short answers Assessme nt of critical incidents |

| Unit | Init Time (Hrs) Objectives Th. Pr. |  | Objectives                     | Content  | Teaching<br>Learning   | Assessme |
|------|------------------------------------|--|--------------------------------|--|--|----------|
| Omt  |                                    |  | Objectives                     | Content  | activities   | methods  |
|      | 2 1 2                              |  |                                | <ul> <li>Practice standards for nursing; INC</li> <li>Consumer Protection Act</li> <li>Legal aspects in Nursing</li> <li>Legal terms related to practice; Registration and licensing</li> <li>Legal terms related to Nursing practice; Breach and penalties</li> <li>Malpractice and Negligence</li> </ul> |  |          |
| IX   | (4)                                |  | Explain various                | Professional Advancement   | • Lecture  | • Short  |
|      | 1                                  |  | opportunities for professional | Continuing education   | Discussion   | answer   |
|      | 1                                  |  | advancement                    | <ul><li>Career opportunities</li><li>Collective bargaining</li></ul>   | • Review/ Presentatio  | S        |
|      | 1                                  |  |                                | Membership with Professional<br>Organizations; National and<br>International   | n of published articles  |          |
|      | 1                                  |  |                                | <ul> <li>Participation in research activities</li> <li>Publications; Journals, Newspaper etc.</li> </ul>   | Group     work on     maintenanc     e of     bulletin     board |          |

## **REFERENCES:** (Bibliography)

- 1. TNAI. Nursing Administration and Management, 1st edn, Academic Press: New Delhi, 2000.
- 2. Shakharkar, B M. <u>Principles of Hospital Administration and Planning</u>, Jaypee Brothers: Banglore, 1998.
- 3. Pai, Pragna. <u>Effective Hospital Management</u>, 1<sup>st</sup> edn, The National Book Depot: Mumbai, 2002.
- 4. Srinivasan, A V. Managing a Modern Hospital, 1st edn, Sage Publications: New Delhi, 2002.
- 5. Basavanthappa, B T. <u>Nursing Administration</u>, 1<sup>st</sup> edn, J P Brothers Medical Publishers: New Delhi, 2000.
- 6. Goel, s & Kumar, R. <u>Hospital Administration and Management</u>, 1<sup>st</sup> edn, Deep and Deep Publications: New Delhi, 2000.
- 7. Park K. <u>Park's Textbook of Preventive and Social Medicine</u>, 17<sup>th</sup> edn, M/S Banarsidas Bhanot Publishers: Jabalpur, 2003.
- 8. Russels, C S. <u>Management & Leadership for Nurse Managers</u>, 3<sup>rd</sup> edn, Jones Bartlett Publishers: London, 2002.
- 9. Francis, E M & Desouza, Mario. <u>Hospital Administration</u>, 3<sup>rd</sup> edn, Jaypee Brothers Medical Publishers: New Delhi, 2000.
- 10. Goddard, H.A. <u>Principles of Administration applied to Nursing Practice</u>, WHO: Geneva, 1966.
- 11. Hersey, P., Blanchard, H K & Johnson, E D. <u>Management of Organizational Behavior</u>, Pearson Education Indian Branch: New Delhi, 2002.
- 12. Barret, Jean. Ward Management and Teaching, 2<sup>nd</sup> edn, English Book Society: New Delhi, 1967.

# **Evaluation**

## **Internal assessment**

**Theory:** Maximum marks 25

Midterm 50 Prefinal 75

Total marks 125

Out of 15

Assignment:

Seminar 100

Ward management 25

Diet sheet 25

Clinical evaluation 100

Total marks 250 Out of 10

## **External assessment**

University examination

Theory Marks 75

| Examination    | Sec - A | Sec - B | Total | Duration |
|----------------|---------|---------|-------|----------|
| Marks allotted |         |         |       |          |
| Mid term       | 30      | 20      | 50    | 2 hours  |
| Pre-final      | 40      | 35      | 75    | 3 hours  |
| Final          | 40      | 35      | 75    | 3 hours  |

## ASSIGNMENT FORMAT FOR GROUP SEMINAR

- 1. Introduction to the topic
- 2. Concept, Definition
- 3. History
- 4. Subject matter
- 5. Application in nursing field
- 6. Summary
- 7. Conclusion
- 8. References

# **EVALUATION CRITERIA**

Subject :

Topic : Date:
Name of the student : Time:

Group : Total Marks: 100 Marks allotted:

| S No | Criteria                               | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | Remarks |
|------|--|---|---|---|---|---|---------|
| I    | Subject Matter                         |   |   |   |   |   |         |
|      | 1. Introduction                        |   |   |   |   |   |         |
|      | 2. Organization of Content             |   |   |   |   |   |         |
|      | 3. Presentation of topic               |   |   |   |   |   |         |
|      | 4. Relevant examples                   |   |   |   |   |   |         |
|      | 5. Relevant statistical data           |   |   |   |   |   |         |
|      | 6. Group participation                 |   |   |   |   |   |         |
|      | 7. Control of group                    |   |   |   |   |   |         |
|      | 8. Conclusion                          |   |   |   |   |   |         |
| II   | A V Aids                               |   |   |   |   |   |         |
|      | <ol><li>Appropriate to topic</li></ol> |   |   |   |   |   |         |
|      | 10. Self Explanatory                   |   |   |   |   |   |         |
|      | 11. Useful                             |   |   |   |   |   |         |
|      | 12. Attractive                         |   |   |   |   |   |         |
|      | 13. Planning and preparation           |   |   |   |   |   |         |
|      | 14. Use of appropriate technology      |   |   |   |   |   |         |
| III  | Physical facilities                    |   |   |   |   |   |         |
|      | 15. Environment                        |   |   |   |   |   |         |
|      | 16. Classroom preparation              |   |   |   |   |   |         |
|      | 17. Classroom management               |   |   |   |   |   |         |
| IV   | Personal Qualities                     |   |   |   |   |   |         |
|      | 18. Voice and clarity                  |   |   |   |   |   |         |
|      | 19. Mannerism                          |   |   |   |   |   |         |
|      | 20. References                         |   |   |   |   |   |         |

## **Guidelines for Ward Management Report**

- 1. Introduction
  - ➤ Name of the ward
  - > Duration of experience with dates
  - > Objective of ward administration experience
- 2. Organization chart of the ward
  - > Draw the organization chart of the ward and hospital depicting staff position along with communication channels and hierarchical lines
- 3. Ward lay out and physical facilities of the ward
  - > Describe the ward lay out and physical facilities available and compare it with the standards of an ideal ward
- 4. Reports and Records
  - > Describe the various reports and records maintained in the ward
  - > Study these documents critically for completeness, accuracy and relevance and give your suggestions and recommendations.
- 5. Procedures & Policies
  - > Study the policies and procedures and critically evaluate them
  - ➤ Indenting drugs, stores, supplies & describe them briefly
  - ➤ Admission & discharge and transfer
  - Visitors
  - > Outpass, absconding
  - > Critically ill patient, Death
  - > Treatments
  - > Emergency care
  - > SOP for Anaphylaxis, HIV infections, Needle stick injuries, Hospital waste management
  - > Security of the ward
  - > Fire drills
  - > Preparation of diet sheet
- 6. Classify the various types of drugs, stores, supplies and equipments in the ward Study the procedure for maintenance, store and supplies
- 7. Enlist the suggestions and recommendations
- 8. Conclusion

### **EVALUATION CRITERIA**

1 Community

|    | Total                         | 25 |
|----|-------------------------------|----|
| 5. | Conclusion                    | 5  |
| 4. | Suggestions & Recommendations | 5  |
| 3. | Critical analysis             | 5  |
| 2. | Clear & Relevant              | 5  |
| 1. | Comprenensive                 | 3  |

## **GUIDELINES FOR ASSIGNMENTS: DIET SHEET**

## 1. Diet sheet

- a) Daily basis
  - > Study the different types of hospital diets & their dietary allowances and write a brief report
  - Notes the prescribed diet for each patient
  - > Records in diet sheet
- b) Give references and illustrations (Figure, graph and picture)
- c) Conclusion (Highlight learning achieved)

# **EVALUATION CRITERIA**

| 1.   | Clarity and comprehensiveness | 5         |
|------|-------------------------------|-----------|
| 2.   | Accuracy of diet sheet        | 5         |
| 3.   | Preparation of diet sheet     | 5         |
| 4.   | Reference & Illustration      | 5         |
| 5. ( | Conclusion                    | 5         |
|      |                               |           |
|      |                               | Total: 25 |

# **BASIC B Sc NURSING**

## **LAB EVALUATION: WARD ADMINISTRATION**

Total Marks: 100

Student's Name:

Placement:

| S No | Criteria  | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
|------|---|---|---|---|---|
| I    | Professional Appearance                                       |   |   |   |   |
|      | 1. Is well groomed & neat uniform                             |   |   |   |   |
|      | 2. Is able to maintain good poise                             |   |   |   |   |
| II   | KNOWLEDGE   |   |   |   |   |
|      | 3. Has knowledge regarding nursing responsibilities in        |   |   |   |   |
|      | a. Organization & planning in days work                       |   |   |   |   |
|      | b. Meeting emergency needs                                    |   |   |   |   |
|      | c. Providing comprehensive patient care                       |   |   |   |   |
|      | d. Indenting, maintaining & dispensing of drugs               |   |   |   |   |
|      | e. Holding of inventories and care of equipments              |   |   |   |   |
|      | 4. Has knowledge of various records related to patient care.  |   |   |   |   |
|      | 5. Has knowledge of communication process                     |   |   |   |   |
| III  | PRACTICE  |   |   |   |   |
|      | 6. Is able to communicate effectively with different health   |   |   |   |   |
|      | team members  |   |   |   |   |
|      | 7. Is able to coordinate with healthy member                  |   |   |   |   |
|      | 8. Is able to plan & conduct clinical teaching programmes     |   |   |   |   |
|      | 9. Is able to conduct incidental teaching at the bed side     |   |   |   |   |
|      | 10. Is able to render nursing according to identified nursing |   |   |   |   |
|      | needs & problems  |   |   |   |   |
| IV   | LEADERSHIP  |   |   |   |   |
|      | 11. Is able to inspire confidence and has patience in dealing |   |   |   |   |
|      | at all times  |   |   |   |   |
|      | 12. Is enthusiastic and approachable                          |   |   |   |   |
|      | 13. Is willing to accept consequences of decision and action  |   |   |   |   |
|      | 14. Is able to accept leadership roles voluntarily            |   |   |   |   |
|      | 15. Co-operative and maintains good IPR                       |   |   |   |   |
|      | 16. Avails opportunities for personal & professional growth   |   |   |   |   |
|      | 17. Practices democratic approach in all dealings             |   |   |   |   |
| V    | RECORDING, REPORTING AND EVALUATING                           |   |   |   |   |
|      | 18. Able to record & report all relevant facts accurately     |   |   |   |   |
|      | 19. Evaluate objectively                                      |   |   |   | · |
|      | TOTAL   |   |   |   |   |

GRADING: KEY:

1. A+ : 80% & above 4 - Always

2. A : 70 – 79% 3 – Most often

3. B : 60-69% 2-Occasionally

4. C : 50 - 59% 1 - Seldom

5. D : Below 49%

## MARKS OBTAINED

| Pen picture of student |                                  |
|------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Signature of student   | Signature of clinical supervisor |
|                        | Signature of Coordinator         |
|                        | Signature of Principal           |

## **GUIDELINES FOR LAB / PRACTICAL EXPERIENCE**

- ❖ Admission and discharge and transfer of patients
- Assignment of duties in ward
- Preparation of duty roaster
- Supervision of nursing care
- Indenting of drugs, stores and supplies
- ❖ Maintenance of dangerous drugs Indenting, Storing, Accounting, Recording
- ❖ Diet Maintenance of diet sheet
- Inventories Expendable and non-expendable
- \* Repair and replacements
- ❖ Ward report Written and Oral reports
- ❖ Supervision and guidance of paramedical staff and domestic staff

## **Evaluation formats for Nursing service Administration and Education**

- 1. Duties and responsibilities of ward sister 25 mark
- 2. Planning and implementation of an in service education programme 25 mark
- 3. Performance appraisal preparation of format 25mark

## Assessment of group assignment

| Sr. | Particulars                           | Total |
|-----|---------------------------------------|-------|
|     | Objectives                            | 02    |
| 1)  | Contents                              |       |
|     | <ul><li>Adequacy</li></ul>            | 3     |
|     | Organization                          | 3     |
|     | Relevance                             | 3     |
|     | Illustration                          | 2     |
| 2)  | Presentation                          |       |
|     | Clarity                               | 2     |
|     | Appropriate use of AV aids            | 3     |
|     | <ul><li>Group Participation</li></ul> | 3     |
| 3)  | Conclusion and summary                | 2     |
| 4)  | Reference                             | 2     |
|     | Total                                 | 25    |

**MIDWIFERY AND OBSTETRICAL NURSING** 

Placement: Fourth Year (N) **Time: Theory-90 Hours** 

**Practical-180Hours** 

**Course Description:** 

This course is designed for students to appreciate the concepts and principles of Midwifery and

obstetrical nursing. It helps them to acquire knowledge and skills in rendering nursing care to normal

and high risk pregnant woman during antenatal, natal and post natal periods in hospitals and

community settings. It also helps to develop skills in managing normal and high-risk neonates and

participate in family welfare programme.

**Specific objectives:** At the end of the course student will be able to:

1. Describe the normal pregnancy, labor and peurperium and demonstrate the application of

knowledge and skill in giving need -based care.

2. Demonstrate safe management of all stages of labour.

3. Identify the high risk factor during pregnancy, labor and peurperium as well as neonates and take

appropriate interventions.

4. Motivate the mother for care of the baby and adapting family planning methods to maintain

small family norms.

5. Prepare the mothers for self care during the pregnancy, labor and peurperium.

| Unit | Time<br>(Hrs) | Learning<br>Objective | Content   | Teaching<br>Learning<br>Activities                     | Assessment<br>Method                    |
|------|---------------|-----------------------|---|--|---|
| 1    | 5             |                       | Introduction to midwifery and obstetrical Nursing  Introduction to concepts of Midwifery and obstetrical nursing.  Trends in Midwifery and obstetrical nursing.  Historical perspectives and currents trends.  Legal and ethical aspects  Pre-conception care and preparing for parenthood  Role of nurse in midwifery and obstetrical care.  National policy and legislation in relation to maternal health &welfare  Maternal, morbidity, mortality rates  Perinatal, morbidity & mortality rates | * Lecture discussion  *Explain using Charts and graphs | *Short<br>answers<br>*Objective<br>type |

| (Hrs) Objective Lea   | Assessment Arning Method Livities |
|---|-----------------------------------|
| anatomy and physiology of female reproductive reproductive system and foetal development *Reference with the state of the | rts and                           |

| Unit | Time<br>(Hrs) | Learning<br>Objective   | Content  | Teaching<br>Learning  | Assessment<br>Method  |
|------|---------------|---|--|---|---|
|      |               |   |  | Activities  |   |
| III  |               | Describe the Diagnosis and management of women during antenatal | Assessment and management of pregnancy (ante-natal)  | <ul><li>Lecture discussion</li><li>Demonstratio</li><li>n</li></ul>   | <ul><li>Short answers</li><li>Objective type</li></ul>                              |
|      |               | History and p   | Normal pregnancy Psychological changes during pregnancy. Reproductive system Cardio vascular system Respiratory system Urinary system Gastero intestinal system Metabolic changes Skeletal changes Skin changes Bindocrine system Psychological changes Discomforts of pregnancy Diagnosis of pregnancy Diagnosis of pregnancy Signs Differential diagnosis Confirmatory tests Ante-nantal care Objectives Assessment ysicalexamination AntenatalEx amination Signs of previouschild-birth | <ul> <li>Case discussion/pr esentation</li> <li>Health talk</li> <li>Practice session</li> <li>Supervised</li> <li>Clinical practice</li> </ul> | • Assessme nt of skills with check list  *Assessment of patient management problems |

| Unit | Time<br>(Hrs) | Learning<br>Objective | Content   | Teaching Learning Activities | Assessment<br>Method |
|------|---------------|-----------------------|---|------------------------------|----------------------|
|      |               |                       | Antenatal preparation                           |                              |                      |
|      |               |                       | □ Antenatal counseling                          |                              |                      |
|      |               |                       | □ Antenatal exercises                           |                              |                      |
|      |               |                       | □ Diet  |                              |                      |
|      |               |                       | □ Substance use Education for child-birth       |                              |                      |
|      |               |                       | <ul> <li>Husband and families</li> </ul>        |                              |                      |
|      |               |                       | □ Preparation for safe-<br>confinement          |                              |                      |
|      |               |                       | □ Prevention from radiation                     |                              |                      |
|      |               |                       | Psycho-social and cultural aspects of pregnancy |                              |                      |
|      |               |                       | □ Adjustment to pregnancy                       |                              |                      |
|      |               |                       | □ Unwed mother                                  |                              |                      |
|      |               |                       | □ Single parent                                 |                              |                      |
|      |               |                       | □ Teenage pregnancy                             |                              |                      |
|      |               |                       | □ Sexual violence                               |                              |                      |
|      |               |                       | * Adoption                                      |                              |                      |

| IV 12 | • Describe the -Signs &sy management of Poeparation during intranatal | Assessment and management of intranatal period.  Physiology of labour, mechanism of labour.  Management of labour  First stage mptoms of onset of labour  of:  √ Labour room  √ Woman  -Assessment and observation of women in labour; partogram — maternal & foetal monitoring  - Active management of labour  - Pain relief & comfort in Labor  - Pain relief & comfort in Labor  - Second stage  □ Signs and symptoms; normal & abnormal  □ Duration  □ Conduct of delivery; Principles & techniques  □ Episiotomy (only if required) | <ul> <li>Lecture discussion</li> <li>Demonstrat ion</li> <li>Practice session</li> <li>Supervised</li> <li>Clinical practice</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Essay type</li> <li>Short answers</li> <li>Objective type</li> <li>Assessment of skills with checklist</li> <li>*Assessment of patient management problems</li> </ul> |
|-------|---|--|---|--|
|-------|---|--|---|--|

| Unit | Time<br>(Hrs) | Learning<br>Objective | Content   | Teaching<br>Learning<br>Activities | Assessment<br>Method |
|------|---------------|-----------------------|---|------------------------------------|----------------------|
|      |               |                       | □ Receiving the newborn   |                                    |                      |
|      |               |                       | - Neonatal resuscitation initial steps & subsequent resuscitation   |                                    |                      |
|      |               |                       | - Care of umbilical cord  |                                    |                      |
|      |               |                       | - Immediate assessment including screening for congenital anomalies |                                    |                      |
|      |               |                       | - Identification  |                                    |                      |
|      |               |                       | - Bonding   |                                    |                      |
|      |               |                       | - Initiate feeding  |                                    |                      |
|      |               |                       | - Screening and transportation of the neonate                       |                                    |                      |
|      |               |                       | Third Stage   |                                    |                      |
|      |               |                       | □ Signs and symptoms; normal and abnormal                           |                                    |                      |
|      |               |                       | <ul><li>Duration</li></ul>  |                                    |                      |
|      |               |                       | <ul><li>Method of placenta expulsion</li></ul>                      |                                    |                      |
|      |               |                       | <ul><li>Management;</li><li>Principles and techniques</li></ul>     |                                    |                      |
|      |               |                       | <ul><li>Examination of the placenta</li></ul>                       |                                    |                      |
|      |               |                       | □ Examination of perineum   |                                    |                      |
|      |               |                       | <ul><li>Maintaining records</li><li>&amp; reports</li></ul>         |                                    |                      |
|      |               |                       | Fourth Stage  |                                    |                      |

| V | 5 | • Describe            | Assessment and management • Lecture                                      | • | Essay                       |
|---|---|-----------------------|--|---|-----------------------------|
|   |   | the                   | of women during post natal discussion                                    |   | type                        |
|   |   | physiology of         | period • Demonstratio  | • | Short                       |
|   |   | puerperium            | <ul> <li>Normal puerperium; n</li> <li>Physiology Duration</li> </ul>    |   | answers                     |
|   |   | • Describe the        | • Postnatal assessment • Health talk                                     | • | Objective type              |
|   |   | management            | and management  • Practice session                                       | • | Assessme                    |
|   |   | of women during post- | <ul><li>Promoting physical &amp; supervised</li><li>Supervised</li></ul> |   | nt of                       |
|   |   | natal period          | □ Lactation management Clinical practice                                 |   | skills with checklist       |
|   |   |                       | <ul><li>Immunization</li></ul>   | • | Assessm                     |
|   |   |                       | Family dynamics after child-birth.                                       |   | ent of<br>patient<br>manage |
|   |   |                       | • Family welfare   |   | ment<br>problem             |
|   |   |                       | services; methods, counseling  |   | S                           |
|   |   |                       | • Follow –up   |   |                             |
|   |   |                       | Records and reports  |   |                             |

| Unit | Time<br>(Hrs) | Learning<br>Objective  | Content  | Teaching<br>Learning<br>Activities  | Assessment<br>Method  |
|------|---------------|--|--|---|---|
| VI   | 6             | Describe the assessment and management of normal neonate                         | Assessment and management of normal neonates.  Normal neonates; Physiological adaptation, Initial & Daily assessment Essential newborn care; Thermal control, Breast feeding, prevention of infections Immunization Minor disorders of newborn and its management Levels of neonatal care (level I,II& III) At primary, secondary and tertiary levels Maintenance of Reports & Records | <ul> <li>Lecture discussion</li> <li>Demonstratio n</li> <li>Practice session</li> <li>Supervised</li> <li>Clinical practice</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Essay type</li> <li>Short answers</li> <li>Objective type</li> <li>Assessment of skills with check list</li> <li>*Assessment of patient management problems</li> </ul> |
| VII  | 10            | Describe the identification     and management of women with high risk pregnancy | High risk pregnancy- assessment &management  Screening &assessment  Ultrasonics, cardiotomography, NST, CST, non-invasive & invasive,  Newer modalities of diagnosis  High – risk approach Levels of care ;primary,  | <ul><li>discussion</li><li>Demonstratio</li><li>n</li></ul>   | <ul> <li>Essay type</li> <li>Short answers</li> <li>Objective type</li> <li>Assessment of skills with check list</li> <li>Assessment of patient management problems</li> </ul>  |

| secondary & tertiary levels  |  |
|--|--|
| Disorders of pregnancy   |  |
| ☐ Hyper- emesis<br>gravidarum, bleeding in<br>early pregnancy, abortion,<br>ectopic. |  |
| □ Pregnancy, vesicular mole,   |  |
| □ Ante-partum haemorrage   |  |
| Uterine abnormality and  |  |
| displacement.  |  |
| • Diseases complicating  |  |
| pregnancy  |  |
| <ul><li>Medical &amp; surgical conditions</li></ul>                                  |  |
| □ Infections, RTI(STD), UTI,HIV,TORCH  |  |
| ☐ Gynecological diseases complicating pregnancy                                      |  |

| □ Pregnancy induced  |
|--|
| hypertension & diabetes,                                       |
| Toxemia of pregnancy,  |
| Hydramnios,  |
| □ Rh incompatibility   |
| □ Mental disorders   |
| Adolscent pregnancy,     Elderly primi and grand     multipara |
| Multiple Pregnancy   |
| Abnormalities of placenta &cord                                |
| Intra – uterine growth–  |
| retardation  |
| Nursing management of mothers with high- risk pregnancy        |
| Maintenance of Records     & Report                            |

| VIII | 10 | • Describe  | Abnormal Labour-  |  | • Essay type   |
|------|----|---|---|--|--|
| VIII | 10 | <ul> <li>Describe manageme nt of abnormal labour.</li> <li>And Obstetrical emergencies</li> </ul> | Assessment and management  Disorders in labour  CPD & contracted pelvis  Malpositions and malpresentations  Premature labour, disorders of uterine actions—precipitate  labour prolonged labour  Complications of third stage: injuries to birth canal  *Obstetrical emergencies  | <ul> <li>Lecture discussion</li> <li>Demonstration</li> <li>Practice session</li> <li>Supervised</li> <li>Clinical practice</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Essay type</li> <li>Short answers</li> <li>Objective type</li> <li>Assessment of skills with check list</li> <li>Assessment of patient management problems</li> </ul> |
|      |    |   | *Obstetrical emergencies and their management;  Presentation & prolapse of cord, Vasa praevia, amniotic fluid embolism ruoture of uterus, shoulder dystocia, obstretical shock  Obstetrical procedures & operations;  Induction of labour, forceps, vacuum version, manual removal of placenta, caesarean section, destructive operations |  |  |

|  | * Nursing management women undergoin Obstetrical operations arprocedures  | ng   |   |
|--|---|--|---|
| IX 4 *Description of post compliance of post compli | postnatal periods  Assessment ar management of woma with postnat complications  Puerperial infection breast engorgement infections, UTI, thromb Embolic disorders, Pospartum haemorrage | discussion  Demonstratio  n  Practice session  Supervised Clinical practice  Clinical practice  manage probler | answers tive type sment of with check ment of |

| Unit | Time<br>(Hrs) | Learning<br>Objective  | Content  | Teaching<br>Learning<br>Activities   | Assessment<br>Method   |
|------|---------------|--|--|--|--|
| X    | 8             | * Identify the high risk neonates and their nursing management   | Assessment and  Management High risk newborn.  Admission of neonates in the neonatal intensive care units protocols  Nursing management of: Low birth weight babies Infections Respiratory problems Haemolytic disorders Birth injuries Malformations Monitoring of high risk neonates Feeding of high risk neonates Organization & Management of neonatal intensive care units Maintenance of reports and records | <ul> <li>Lecture discussion</li> <li>Demonstratio n</li> <li>Practice session</li> <li>Supervised Clinical practice</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Essaytype</li> <li>Short answers</li> <li>Objective type</li> <li>Assessme nt of skills with check list</li> <li>Assessme nt of patient managem ent problems</li> </ul> |
| XI   | 4             | * Describe indication, dosage, action, side effects & nurses responsibilities in the administration of drugs used for mothers. | <ul> <li>Pharmaco- therapeutics in obstetrics</li> <li>Indication, dosage, action contraindication &amp; side effects of drugs</li> <li>Effect of drugs on pregnancy, labour &amp; peurperium,</li> <li>Nursing responsibilities in the administration of drug in Obstetrics – Oxytocins, antihypertensives, diuretics, tocolytic agents, anti-</li> </ul>   | discussion   | <ul> <li>Essay type</li> <li>Short answers</li> <li>Objective type</li> <li>Assessme nt of skills with checklist</li> <li>Assessme nt of</li> </ul>                              |

|  | convulsants;                   | patient             |
|--|--------------------------------|---------------------|
|  | Analgesics and anesthetics     | management problems |
|  |                                |                     |
|  |                                |                     |
|  |                                |                     |
|  | in obstetrics.                 |                     |
|  | • Effects of maternal          |                     |
|  | medication on foetus & neonate |                     |

| Unit    | Time<br>(Hrs) | Learning<br>Objective | Content   | Teaching<br>Learning<br>Activities | Assessment<br>Method  |
|---------|---------------|-----------------------|---|------------------------------------|---|
| NII XII |               | _                     | Family welfare programme  Population trends and problems in India  Concepts, aims, importance and history of family welfare programme  National Population: dynamics, policy & education  National family welfare programme; RCH, ICDS, MCH. Safe motherhood  Organization and administration; at national state, district, block and village levels  Methods of contraception; spacing, temporary& permanent, Emergency contraception  Infertility &its management  Counseling for family welfare programme  Latest research in contraception  Maintenance of vital statistics  Role of national ,international and voluntary organizations  Role of a nurse in family | C                                  | <ul> <li>Method</li> <li>Essay type</li> <li>Short answers</li> <li>Objective type</li> <li>Assessmen t of skills with check list</li> <li>Assessmen t of patient manageme nt problems</li> </ul> |

| <ul><li>welfare programme</li><li>Training /Supervision/</li></ul>  |  |
|---|--|
| Collaboration with other functionaries in community like ANMs. LHVs, Anganwadi workers, TBAs(Traditional birth attendant-Dai) |  |

| 1. DUTTA-   |
|---|
| -Text book of Obstetrics 4 <sup>th</sup> Ed.,                               |
| -Text book of Gynecology 3 <sup>rd</sup> ed.,                               |
| 2. C.S.DAWN-  |
| - Textbook of Gynecology Contraception and Demography 13 <sup>th</sup> ed., |
| 3. BOBAK JENSEN-  |
| - Essentials of Maternity Nursing 3 <sup>rd</sup> ed.,                      |
| 4. LONGMAN  |
| - Clinical Obstetrics 9 <sup>th</sup> ed.,                                  |
| 5. CAMPBELL   |
| -Gynecology by ten teachers 17 <sup>th</sup> ed.,                           |

- Text book of Midwifes 14<sup>th</sup>ed.,

6. MYLES

# **Practical**

Placement: Fourth Year Time: Practical-180 Hours

**Practical 180 hrs (Integrated Practice) \*** 

| Areas  Antenatal Clinic/OPD | Duration<br>(Weeks) | * Assessment of pregnant women     | <ul> <li>Skills</li> <li>Antenatal history taking</li> <li>Physical</li> <li>Examination</li> <li>Recording of weight &amp;B.P</li> </ul>  | *Conduct Antenatal  *Examinations 30  • Health talk-1 | *Verification of findings of Antenatal examinations  * Completion of casebook recordings |
|-----------------------------|---------------------|------------------------------------|--|---|--|
| Post note!                  |                     | Duccide                            | <ul> <li>Hb &amp; Urine testing for sugar and albumin</li> <li>Antenatal examinationabdomen &amp; breast</li> <li>Immunization</li> <li>Assessment of risk status</li> <li>Teaching antenatal mothers</li> <li>Maintenance of Antenatal records</li> </ul> | • Case book recordings                                |  |
| Post natal<br>ward          | 4                   | Provide nursing care to post natal | • Examination & assessment of mother & baby  | • Give care to post natal mothers-20                  | Assessment<br>of clinical<br>performanc  |

| • Cortea mo | unsel & | Identification of deviations  Care of postnatal mother & baby  Perineal care  Lactation management | Case study- | e Assessment of each skill with checklists  Completion of case book recording  Evaluation |
|-------------|---------|--|-------------|---|
|             | •       | Baby bath  |             | study and   |
|             | •       | Immunization,  |             | presentatio<br>n and  |
|             | •       | Teaching   |             | health  |
|             |         | postnatal mother:  |             | education<br>sessions   |
|             |         | Mother craft   |             |   |
|             |         | Post natal care  |             |   |
|             |         | &  |             |   |
|             |         | Exercises  |             |   |
|             |         | Immunization   |             |   |

| Areas              | Duration (week) | Objectives                                     | Skills  | Assessments   | Assessment<br>Methods   |
|--------------------|-----------------|--|---|---|---|
| Newborn<br>nursery | 2               | *Provide nursing<br>care to Newborn<br>at risk | <ul> <li>Newborn assessment</li> <li>Admission of neonates</li> <li>Feeding of at risk neonates</li> </ul>  | <ul><li>Case study-</li><li>1</li><li>Observation</li><li>study-1</li></ul> | *Assessment of clinical performance  • Assessment of each skill with checklists |
|                    |                 |  | <ul> <li>Katori spoon, paladi, tube feeding, total parenteralnutrition</li> <li>Thermal management of neonates-kangaroo mother care, care of baby in incubator</li> </ul> |   | Evaluation of & Observation study   |
|                    |                 |  | <ul><li>Monitoring and care of neonates</li><li>Administering</li></ul>   |   |   |
|                    |                 |  | <ul> <li>medications</li> <li>Intravenous therapy</li> <li>Assisting with diagnostic procedure</li> </ul>   |   |   |
|                    |                 |  | <ul> <li>Assisting with exchange transfusion</li> <li>Care of baby on</li> </ul>  |   |   |
|                    |                 |  | <ul> <li>ventilator</li> <li>Phototherapy</li> <li>Infection control protocols in the</li> </ul>  |   |   |
|                    |                 |  | <ul> <li>nursery</li> <li>Teaching &amp; counseling of parents</li> <li>Maintenance of neonatal records</li> </ul>  |   |   |

| Family          | Rotation     | 00000000            | • | Counselling                        | • | IUD                   | • | Assessment of each skill |
|-----------------|--------------|---------------------|---|------------------------------------|---|-----------------------|---|--------------------------|
| Planning clinic | from<br>post | & provide family    |   | technique                          |   | insertion-5           |   | with                     |
|                 | natal        | welfare<br>services | • | Insertion of IUD                   | • | Observatio            |   | checklists               |
|                 | ward 1<br>wk | Scrvices            | • | Teaching on use of family planning |   | n Study-1             | • | Evaluation               |
|                 | WK           |                     |   | methods                            | • | Counselling           |   | of &                     |
|                 |              |                     | • | Arrange for & Assist               |   | -2                    |   | Observation              |
|                 |              |                     |   | with family planning operations    | • | Simulation            |   | study                    |
|                 |              |                     | • | Maintenance of                     |   | exercise on recording |   |                          |
|                 |              |                     |   | records and reports                |   | and reporting-1       |   |                          |
|                 |              |                     |   |                                    |   | Toporting 1           |   |                          |

## MIDWIFERY & OBSTETRIC PRACTICE

## **HOURS:**

| Hours prescribed | IV year<br>(Hours) | Integr. Practice (Hours) |
|------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|
| Theory           | 90                 | -                        |
| Practical        | 180                | 240+180                  |

TOTALHRS: THEORY 90 + PRACTICAL 600

## **EXAMINATIONS:**

|           |       | THEORY |          | PRAC  |     | ΓICAL    |
|-----------|-------|--------|----------|-------|-----|----------|
|           | Marks |        | IV year  | Marks |     | IV year  |
| Viva      |       |        |          |       |     |          |
| Midterm   | 50    |        | <b>✓</b> | 50    |     | V        |
| Pre final | 75    |        | √        | 50    |     | <b>√</b> |
| TOTAL     |       | 125    |          |       | 100 |          |

## **ASSIGNMENTS:**

|    | THEORY     |       |          |         |  |  |  |
|----|------------|-------|----------|---------|--|--|--|
| NO | ASSIGNMENT | MARKS | III YEAR | IV YEAR |  |  |  |
| 1  | Seminar    | 50    | V        | -       |  |  |  |
| 2  | Drug study | 50    | -        | √ ·     |  |  |  |
|    | TOTAL      | 100   | -        | -       |  |  |  |

| NO | ASSIGNMENT / CLINICAL | NUMBER | MARKS | PLACEMENT |
|----|-----------------------|--------|-------|-----------|
|    | EVALUATION            |        |       |           |
| 1  | Health talk           | 1      | 25    | IV        |
| 2  | Care study: ANC PNC   | 1      | 50    | IV<br>IV  |
|    | New born              | 1      | 50    | IV        |
|    | New boll              | 1      | 50    |           |

| 3 | Case presentation:<br>ANC / PNC |   |     |         |
|---|---------------------------------|---|-----|---------|
|   |                                 | 1 | 50  | IV      |
| 4 | New born assessment             | 1 | 25  | IV      |
| 5 | Case book                       | 1 | 100 | IV, I.P |
| 6 | Clinical evaluation:            |   |     |         |
|   | ANC                             | 1 | 100 | IV      |
|   | PNC                             | 1 | 100 |         |
|   | Nursery<br>Labour ward          | 1 | 100 |         |
|   |                                 | 1 | 100 |         |
|   | TOTAL                           | 7 | 750 |         |

### **Evaluation**

### **Internal assessment**

**Theory:** Maximum marks 25

Mid term examination – 50 Pre final – 75

125

Out of 15

**Assignments:** 

Seminar01 50

Drugstudy 01 50

\_\_\_\_100\_\_\_\_

Out of 10

### **Practical**

Casepresentation01 Marks 50

Antenatal ward / postnatal ward

Care study 03 Marks 150

Antenatal ward-01 (50 marks each)

Postnatal ward 01

Newborn 01

Healtheducation01 Marks25

Newborn assessment 01 Marks25

Casebook 4<sup>th year</sup> & internship) Mark 100

Clinicalevaluation04 Marks 400

ANC ward 01

| PNC ward 01            | (100 marks each) |         |               |  |
|------------------------|------------------|---------|---------------|--|
| Nursery01              |                  |         |               |  |
| Labor room01           |                  |         |               |  |
|                        |                  |         |               |  |
| Practical examination  |                  |         |               |  |
| Viva                   |                  |         | Marks50       |  |
| Midterm examination    |                  |         | Marks50       |  |
| Prefinal examination   |                  |         | Marks50       |  |
|                        |                  |         |               |  |
|                        |                  | Total   | 900           |  |
|                        |                  | Maximum | n marks = 100 |  |
| External assessment    |                  |         |               |  |
| University examination | on               |         |               |  |
| Theory                 |                  |         | Marks75       |  |
| Practical              |                  |         | Marks50       |  |
|                        |                  |         |               |  |

## **SEMINAR EVALUATION CRITERIA**

| NAME :-    | DATE:-   |
|------------|----------|
| AUDIENCE:- | TIME:-   |
| TOPIC:-    | MARKS :- |

| Sr. No. | Factors/ Elements                                  | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | Total | Remarks |
|---------|--|---|---|---|---|---|-------|---------|
| Ι       | Subject Matter                                     |   |   |   |   |   |       |         |
|         | 1) Introduction                                    |   |   |   |   |   |       |         |
|         | 2) Organization of Topic                           |   |   |   |   |   |       |         |
|         | 3) Presentation of Topic                           |   |   |   |   |   |       |         |
|         | 4) Relevant Examples                               |   |   |   |   |   |       |         |
|         | 5) Relevant Statistical date                       |   |   |   |   |   |       |         |
|         | 6) Group participation                             |   |   |   |   |   |       |         |
|         | 7) Control of group                                |   |   |   |   |   |       |         |
|         | 8) Conclusion                                      |   |   |   |   |   |       |         |
| II      | A.V. AIDS  |   |   |   |   |   |       |         |
|         | 1) Appropriate to subject                          |   |   |   |   |   |       |         |
|         | 2) Proper use of A.V. Aids                         |   |   |   |   |   |       |         |
|         | 3) Self –Explanatory                               |   |   |   |   |   |       |         |
|         | 4) Attractive                                      |   |   |   |   |   |       |         |
|         | 5) Planning &Preparation                           |   |   |   |   |   |       |         |
|         | 6) Use of Modern Technology                        |   |   |   |   |   |       |         |
| III     | Personal Appearance                                |   |   |   |   |   |       |         |
|         | 1) Voice and Clarity                               |   |   |   |   |   |       |         |
|         | 2) Mannerism                                       |   |   |   |   |   |       |         |
| IV      | References( Books, Journals & Resource<br>Person ) |   |   |   |   |   |       |         |

| V         | Physical facilities      |  |       |         |        |        |  |
|-----------|--------------------------|--|-------|---------|--------|--------|--|
|           | 1) Environment           |  |       |         |        |        |  |
|           | 2) Classroom Preparation |  |       |         |        |        |  |
| Overall ( | Observation              |  | Signa | nture ( | of Tea | acher  |  |
| Signatur  | e of the Candidate       |  |       |         |        |        |  |
|           |                          |  |       |         |        |        |  |
|           |                          |  | Signa | iture ( | of Pri | ncipal |  |

## **Drug study**

| • | Index of drug |
|---|---------------|
| • | Introduction  |

- Classification of drugs
- Factors affecting action of drugs
- Name of the drug (Trade & Pharmaceutical name)
- Preparation, strength and dose
- Indications and contraindications
- Actions
- Adverse effects and drug interactions
- Nursing responsibility
- Conclusion
- References

### **Evaluation criteria**

| Planning and organization | 05 |
|---------------------------|----|
| Content                   | 10 |
| Nursing responsibility    | 05 |
| Conclusion & References   | 05 |
| Total                     | 25 |

#### ANC CASE STUDY / PRESENTATION FORMAT

### **Identification data**

Patient: Name, Age in years, Dr's unit, reg. no education, occupation, income, religion, marital

status, duration of marriage

Gravida, para, abortion, living, blood group

Husband: Name, Age, education, occupation, income

### **Present complaints**

**History of illness** 

<u>Menstrual history:</u> age of menarche, duration of menstrual cycle, duration of cycle in days, regularity, amount of flow, LMP, EDD, associated complaints

### **Contraceptive history:**

#### **Antenatal attendance:**

Date, weight, pallor, edema, BP, Ut. Ht, presentation/position, FHS, Hb, Urine albumin/sugar, treatment

### **Obstetric history:**

H/O Previous pregnancy / deliveries,

Period of pregnancy, type of labour/delivery, birth weight, PNC condition, remarks Present pregnancy:

Date of booking, number of ANC visits, H/O minor ailments Past medical, surgical history:

Family history:

Diet history:

Socioeconomic status

Personal habits

Psychosocial status

**Physical assessment:** 

General examination: head to foot Obstetric palpation, Auscultation

Conclusion

Investigation

Ultrasonograhy

**Treatment** 

**Description of disease** 

Therapeutic diet plan

Nursing care plan

Nurse's notes

Discharge planning

Antenatal advice

**Evaluation of care** 

References

#### PNC CASE STUDY / PRESENTATION FORMAT

### **Identification data**

Patient: Name, Age in years, Dr's unit, reg. no education, occupation, income, religion, marital status, duration of marriage

Gravida, para, abortion, living, blood group Husband: Name, Age, education, occupation, income

### **Present complaints**

**History of illness** 

<u>Menstrual history:</u> age of menarche, duration of menstrual cycle, duration of cycle in days, regularity, amount of flow, LMP, EDD, associated complaints

### **Contraceptive history:**

#### **Antenatal attendance:**

Date, weight, pallor, edema, BP, Ut. Ht, presentation/position, FHS, Hb, Urine albumin/sugar, treatment

#### **Obstetric history:**

H/O Previous pregnancy / deliveries,

Period of pregnancy, type of labour/delivery, birth weight, PNC condition, Condition of new born, remarks

#### **Present pregnancy:**

Date of booking, number of ANC visits, H/O minor ailments Past medical, surgical history:

Family history:

**Diet history:** 

**Socioeconomic status** 

Personal habits

**Psychosocial status** 

**Physical assessment:** 

Mother: General examination: head to foot

Baby: new born assessment

Conclusion

Investigation

<u>Ultrasonograhy</u>

**Treatment** 

**Description of disease** 

Therapeutic diet plan

Nursing care plan
Nurse's notes
Discharge planning
Antenatal advice
Evaluation of care
References

## NEW BORN CASE STUDY FORMAT

Name, date of birth / discharge, reg. no, Dr's unit,

Mother's previous obstetric history, present pregnancy, labour history, baby's birth history General examination: head to foot

Daily observation chart Nursing care plan

## **EVALUATION CRITERIA CASE STUDY**

| Assessment / Introduction              |           | 05        |
|--|-----------|-----------|
| Knowledge & understanding of disease / | condition | 15        |
| Nursing care plan                      |           | 20        |
| Discharge plan                         |           | 05        |
| Summary & evaluation                   |           | 03        |
| Bibliography                           |           | <u>02</u> |
|  | TOTAL     | 50        |

## **EVALUATION CRITERIA CASE PRESENTATION**

| Assessment / Introduction                        | 05        |
|--|-----------|
| Knowledge & understanding of disease / condition | 10        |
| Presentation skill                               | 10        |
| Nursing care plan                                | 15        |
| A.V. aids  | 05        |
| Summary & evaluation                             | 03        |
| Bibliography                                     | <u>02</u> |
| TOTAL  | 50        |

## **EVALUATION FORMAT FOR HEALTH TALK**

| IAME OF THE STUDENT: |
|----------------------|
| REAOFEXPERIENCE:     |
| ERIODOFEXPERIENCE:   |
| UPERVISOR:           |

Total 100 Marks

Scores: 5 = Excellent, 4 = Very good, 3 = Good, 2 = Satisfactory / fair, 1 = Poor

| Sr. No. | Particular                                     | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | Score |
|---------|--|---|---|---|---|---|-------|
| 1       | I) Planning and organization                   |   |   |   |   |   |       |
|         | a) Formulation of attainable objectives        |   |   |   |   |   |       |
|         | b) Adequacy of content                         |   |   |   |   |   |       |
|         | c) Organization of subject matter              |   |   |   |   |   |       |
|         | d) Current knowledge related to subject Matter |   |   |   |   |   |       |
|         | e) Suitable A.V. Aids                          |   |   |   |   |   |       |
|         | II) Presentation:                              |   |   |   |   |   |       |
|         | a) Interesting                                 |   |   |   |   |   |       |
|         | b) Clear Audible                               |   |   |   |   |   |       |
|         | c) Adequate explanation                        |   |   |   |   |   |       |
|         | d) Effective use of A.V. Aids                  |   |   |   |   |   |       |
|         | e) Group Involvement                           |   |   |   |   |   |       |
|         | f) Time Limit                                  |   |   |   |   |   |       |
|         | III) Personal qualities:                       |   |   |   |   |   |       |
|         | a) Self confidence                             |   |   |   |   |   |       |
|         | b) Personal appearance                         |   |   |   |   |   |       |
|         | c) Language                                    |   |   |   |   |   |       |
|         | d) Mannerism                                   |   |   |   |   |   |       |
|         | e) Self awareness of strong & weak points      |   |   |   |   |   |       |
|         | IV) Feed back:                                 |   |   |   |   |   |       |
|         | a) Recapitulation                              |   |   |   |   |   |       |
|         | b) Effectiveness                               |   |   |   |   |   |       |
|         | c) Group response                              |   |   |   |   |   |       |
|         | V) Submits assignment on time                  |   |   |   |   |   |       |

## **NEW BORN ASSESSMENT**

## Refer "child health nursing "Subject, III Year page no20to 22

-

### Case book

| Note: 1. Case book contents                                |    |
|--|----|
| Antenatal examinations                                     | 30 |
| Conducted normal deliveries                                | 20 |
| PV examinations  | 05 |
| Episiotomy & suturing                                      | 05 |
| Neonatal resuscitations                                    | 05 |
| Assist with caesarian section                              | 02 |
| Witness / assist abnormal deliveries                       | 05 |
| Post natal cases nursed in hospital / health centre / home | 20 |
| Insertion of IUCD  | 05 |

2. All cases should be certified by teacher on completion of essential requirements.

## **COMMUNITY HEALTH NURSING - II**

Time: Theory – 90 hours

Practical – 135 hours

## **Course description:**

This course is designed for students to practice community health nursing for the individual, family and groups at both urban and rural setting by using concept and principles of health and community health nursing

### **Specific objectives:** At the end of the course student will be able to:

- 1. Understand the concepts, scope, principles and historical development of community health and community health nursing.
- 2. Appreciate the national health planning, polices, problems.
- 3. Describe the system of delivery of community health services in rural and urban area.
- 4. Develop understanding about community health nursing approaches, concepts and roles and responsibilities of nursing personnel.
- 5. Participate in assisting individuals and groups to promote and maintain their health.
- 6. Appreciate the national health and family welfare programme and the role of the nurse.
- 7. Understand the health agencies at the international and national level.

| Unit | Time<br>(hrs) | Learning<br>Objectives  | Contents   | Teaching<br>Learning<br>Activities | Assessment<br>Methods                              |
|------|---------------|---|--|------------------------------------|--|
| I    | 4             | •Define Concepts, scope, Principles and historical development of Community Health and Community health Nursing | Introduction  Definition, concept & scope of community health nursing Historical development of Community Health Community Health Nursing Pre- Independence Independence Independence Independence Client's rights-CPA Professional responsibility in community health care Ethical principles Application of ethics in Community health practice Govt. & legal influence on community health nursing practice Law in community health nursing | • Lecture discussion               | <ul><li>Essay Type</li><li>Short answers</li></ul> |

| Unit | Time<br>(hrs) | Learning<br>Objectives  | Contents  | Teaching<br>Learning<br>Activities   | Assessment<br>Methods                                 |
|------|---------------|---|---|--|---|
| II   | 6             | Describe     health plans,     polices,     various     health     committees     and health     problems in     India  | Health Planning and Polices and Problems  National health planning in India Five year Plan's  Various committees and commissions on health and family welfare  Central council for health and family welfare (CCH and FW)  National Health polices (1983, 2002)  National population policy  Rural health mission  Health problems in India   | Lecture discussion     Panel discussion  | <ul><li>Essay type</li><li>Short answers</li></ul>    |
| III  | 15            | <ul> <li>Describe the system of delivery of community health services in rural and urban areas</li> <li>List the functions of various levels and their staffing pattern</li> <li>Explain the components of health services</li> <li>Describe alternative systems of health promotion and health maintenance</li> <li>Describe the chain of referral system</li> </ul> | Delivery of community health services  Planning, budgeting and material management of SCs, PHC and CHC  Rural: Organization, staffing and functions of rural health services provided by government at:  Village Sub centre Primary health center Community health center/sub divisional Hospitals District State Center  Urban: Organization, staffing and functions of urban health services provided by government at:  Slums Dispensaries Material and child health centers Special Clinics Hospitals Corporation/Municipality/ Board | <ul> <li>Lecture discussion</li> <li>Visits to various health delivery systems</li> <li>Supervised field practice</li> <li>Panel discussion</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Essay type</li> <li>Short answers</li> </ul> |

| Unit | Time<br>(hrs) | Learning<br>Objectives   | Contents   | Teaching<br>Learning<br>Activities  | Assessment<br>Methods                                     |
|------|---------------|--|--|---|---|
|      |               |  | <ul> <li>Components of health services</li> <li>Environmental sanitation</li> <li>Health education</li> <li>Vital statistics</li> <li>M.C.H. antenatal, natal, postnatal, MTP         Act, female feticide act, child adoption act</li> <li>Family welfare</li> <li>National health programmes</li> <li>School health services</li> <li>Occupational health</li> <li>Defense service</li> <li>Institutional services</li> <li>Systems of medicine and health care</li> <li>Allopathy</li> <li>Indian system of medicine and Homeopathy</li> <li>Alternative health care systems like yoga, meditation, social and spiritual healing etc.</li> <li>Referral system</li> </ul> |   |   |
| IV   | 25            | <ul> <li>Describe         Community         Health         Nursing         approaches         and concepts</li> <li>Describe the         roles and         responsibility         of         Community         health         nursing         personnel</li> </ul> | Community health nursing approaches, concepts and roles and responsibilities of nursing personnel  Approaches  Nursing theories and nursing process  Epidemiological approach  Problem solving approach  Evidence based approach empowering people to care for themselves  Concepts of primary Health Care:  Equitable distribution  Community participation  Focus on prevention  Use of appropriate technology  Multi sectoral approach  | <ul> <li>Lecture discussion</li> <li>Demonstrat ion</li> <li>Practice session</li> <li>Supervised field practice</li> <li>Participatio n in camps</li> <li>Group project</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Essay type</li> <li>Short<br/>answers</li> </ul> |

| Unit | Time<br>(hrs) | Learning<br>Objectives  | Contents  | Teaching<br>Learning<br>Activities  | Assessment<br>Methods                              |
|------|---------------|---|---|---|--|
|      |               |   | <ul> <li>Roles and responsibilities of Community health nursing personnel in</li> <li>Family health services</li> <li>Information Education Communication (IEC)</li> <li>Management information System (MIS): maintenance of Records &amp; Reports</li> <li>Training and supervision of various categories of health workers</li> <li>National Health Programmes</li> <li>Environmental sanitation</li> <li>Maternal and child health and family welfare</li> <li>Treatment of minor ailments</li> <li>School health services</li> <li>Occupational health</li> <li>Organization of clinics, camps: types, preparation, planning, conduct and evaluation</li> <li>Waste management in the center, clinics etc.</li> <li>Home visit: Concept, Principles, Process, techniques: Bag Technique home visit</li> <li>Qualities of Community Health Nurse</li> <li>Job description of Community health nursing</li> </ul> |   |  |
| V    | 15            | Describe and appreciate the activities of Community health nurse in assisting individuals and groups to promote and maintain their health | personnel  Assisting individuals and groups to promote and maintain their health  Empowerment for self care of individuals, families and groups in —  A. Assessment of Self and family  Monitoring growth and development  Mile stones  Weight measurement  Social development  | <ul> <li>Lecture discussion</li> <li>Demonstrati on</li> <li>Practice session</li> <li>Supervised field practice</li> </ul> | <ul><li>Essay type</li><li>Short answers</li></ul> |

| Unit | Time<br>(hrs) | Learning<br>Objectives | Contents   | Teaching<br>Learning<br>Activities                     | Assessment<br>Methods |
|------|---------------|------------------------|--|--|-----------------------|
|      |               |                        | □ Temperature and Blood pressure monitoring □ Menstrual cycle □ Breast, self examination and testicles □ Warning signs of various diseases □ Tests: Urine for sugar and albumin, blood sugar  B. Seek health services for □ Routine checkup □ Immunization □ Counseling diagnosis □ Treatment □ Follow up  C. Maintenance of health records for self and family D. Continue medical care and follow up in community for various diseases and disabilities E. Carryout therapeutic procedures as prescribed/required for self and family F. Waste Management □ Collection and disposable of waste at home and community G. Sensitize and handle social issues affecting health and development for self and family ■ Women Empowerment ■ Women and child abuse ■ Abuse of elders ■ Female feticide ■ Commercial sex workers ■ Food adulteration ■ Substance abuse H. Utilize community resources for self and family □ Trauma services □ Old age homes □ Orphanage □ Homes for physically and mentally challenged individuals □ Homes for destitute | • Individual group/ family/ community health education |                       |

| Unit | Time<br>(hrs) | Learning<br>Objectives  | Contents   | Teaching<br>Learning<br>Activities  | Assessment<br>Methods        |
|------|---------------|---|--|---|------------------------------|
| VI   | 20            | Describe national health and family welfare programmes and role of a nurse     Describe the various health schemes in India | National health and family welfare programmes and the role of a nurse  1. National API programme 2. Revised National tuberculosis control programme (RNTCP) 3. National Anti- Malaria programme 4. National Filaria control programme 5. National Guinea worm eradication programme 6. National Leprosy eradication programme 7. National AIDS control programme 8. STD control programme 9. National Programme for Control of blindness 10. Iodine deficiency disorder programme 11. Expanded programme on immunization 12. National Family welfare Programme – RCH programme historical development, organization, administration, research, constraints 13. National water supply and sanitation programme 14. Minimum Need programme 15. National diabetics control programme 16. Polio eradication: pulse polio programme 17. National diabetics control programme 18. Yaws eradication 19. National Nutritional Anemia Prophylaxis programme 20.20 point programme 21. ICDS programme 22. Mid day meal applied nutritional programme 23. National mental health programme 24. Health Schemes 25. ESI 26. CGHS 26. Health insurance | • Lecture discussion • Participation in national health programmes • Field visits | • Essay type • Short answers |

| Unit | Time<br>(hrs) | Learning<br>Objectives  | Contents  | Teaching<br>Learning<br>Activities                        | Assessment<br>Methods                                  |
|------|---------------|---|---|---|--|
| VII  | 5             | • Explain the roles and functions of various national and international health agencies | Health Agencies International  - WHO, UNFPA, UNDP, World Bank, FAO, UNICERF, DANIDA, European, Commission (EC), Red Cross, USAID, UNESCO, Colombo plan, ILO, CARE etc. National – Indian Red Cross, Indian Council for child welfare, Family planning Association of India etc. | <ul><li>Lecture discussion</li><li>Field visits</li></ul> | <ul><li>Essay type</li><li>Short<br/>answers</li></ul> |

### **Student References** (Bibliography)

- 1) Jayawanti, TNAI Nursing Manual, TNAI publication
- 2) K.Park, 'Text Book Of Preventive & Social Medicine'
- 3) K.Park, Essentials Of Community Health Nursing,
- 4) Rao Kasturi, 'An Introduction To Community Health Nursing', I publications.
- 5) Freeman Ruth, 'Community Health Nursing Practice'
- 6) Stanthope Lancaster, 'Community Health Nursing Process & Practice', Popular publication.
- 7) Basvantappa B.T, 'Community Health Nursing'
- 8) Anderson, 'Community as Partner, Theory & Practice'.
- 9) Allender, 'Community Health Nursing' B.I. Publications
- 10) Harpson, 'Hand Book of Community Health Nursing'
- 11) Shastr, 'Preventive & Social Medicine', National Publications
- 12) Sathe, 'Epidemiology & management of Health Care', Popular Publications
- 13) Vasundhara & Basvantappa, 'Community Health Nursing', Jaypee Publication
- 14) Mc. Evens M. 'Community based Nursing', Sanmdess publication
- 15) Kulkarni & Baride, 'Text Book of Community medicine', Vora Publications.
- 16) Cookfair Joan, 'Nursing Care in Community', Moby Publications
- 17) Maxey Public, 'Health & Preventive Medicine', Applin Colage Publications
- 18) Lippincotts, 'Community Health Nursing', Lrppincotts Publications
- 19) K.Park, 'Text Book of Preventive & Social Medicine'
- 20) Saunder, 'Essentials of Community based Nursing', Jones & Balet Publications
- 21) Mahajan Gupta, 'Textbook of Preventive & Social Medicine', Jaypee Publications
- 22) Walton, 'Community Concepts & Practice', Scuzt Foresmen Publications
- 23) Ghai Gupta, 'Essential Preventive Medicine', Vikas Publications
- 24) Babu Sheshu, 'Review in Community Medicine', Paras Publication
- 25) Lancaster, 'Community Health Nursing Process and Practice for Promoting Health', Morby Publications
- 26) Bhalerao, 'Synopsis in Preventive & Social Medicine', National Publications
- 27) Fromer Margareg, 'Community Health care & the Nursing Process', CV Mosby & Company Publications
- 28) Clarke, 'Preventive & Community Medicine', Boston Little Brown Company.

# **COMMUNITY HEALTH NURSING - II - PRACITCAL**

Placement: Fourth Year Time: Practical – 135 hours

| Areas                    | Duration (in week)            | Objectives  | Skills  | Assignments  | Assessment<br>Methods  |
|--------------------------|-------------------------------|---|---|--|--|
| Community health nursing | 1 wk for urban 4 wk for rural | <ul> <li>Identify community profile</li> <li>Identify prevalent communicable and non-communicable diseases</li> <li>Diagnose health needs of Individual, families and community</li> <li>Plan, provide and evaluate care</li> <li>Participate in school health programme</li> <li>Participate in national health programmes</li> <li>Organize group for self help and involve clients in their own health activities</li> <li>Provide family welfare services</li> <li>Counsel and educate individual, family and community</li> <li>Collect vital health statistics</li> <li>Maintain records &amp; reports</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Community health survey</li> <li>Community diagnosis</li> <li>Family care: Home adaptation of common procedures</li> <li>Home visit: Bag technique</li> <li>Organize and conduct clinics antenatal, postnatal, well baby clinic, camps etc.</li> <li>Screen manage and referrals for:         <ul> <li>High risk mothers and neonates</li> <li>Accidents and emergencies</li> <li>Illness: Physical and mental</li> <li>Disabilities</li> </ul> </li> <li>Conduct delivery at center/home: episiotomy and suturing</li> <li>Resuscitate newborn</li> <li>School Health programme</li> <li>Screen, Manage refer children</li> <li>Collaborate with health and allied agencies</li> <li>Train and supervise health workers</li> <li>Provide family welfare services: insertion of IUD</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Community survey report</li> <li>Family care study-1</li> <li>Project –1</li> <li>Health talk</li> <li>Case book recording</li> </ul> | Assess clinical performance with rating scale     Evaluation of community survey report family care study, project and health talk     Completion of activity record |

| Areas | Duration  | Objectives | Skills                           | Assignments | Assessment |
|-------|-----------|------------|----------------------------------|-------------|------------|
|       | (in week) |            |                                  |             | Methods    |
|       |           |            | <ul> <li>Counsel and</li> </ul>  |             |            |
|       |           |            | teach                            |             |            |
|       |           |            | individual,                      |             |            |
|       |           |            | family and                       |             |            |
|       |           |            | community                        |             |            |
|       |           |            | about: HIV, TB,                  |             |            |
|       |           |            | Diabetes,                        |             |            |
|       |           |            | Hypertension,                    |             |            |
|       |           |            | Mental Health,                   |             |            |
|       |           |            | Adolescents,                     |             |            |
|       |           |            | elderly's health,                |             |            |
|       |           |            | physically and                   |             |            |
|       |           |            | mentally                         |             |            |
|       |           |            | challenged                       |             |            |
|       |           |            | individuals etc.                 |             |            |
|       |           |            | <ul> <li>Collect and</li> </ul>  |             |            |
|       |           |            | calculate vital                  |             |            |
|       |           |            | health statistics                |             |            |
|       |           |            | <ul> <li>Document and</li> </ul> |             |            |
|       |           |            | maintain                         |             |            |
|       |           |            | <ul><li>Individual,</li></ul>    |             |            |
|       |           |            | family and                       |             |            |
|       |           |            | administrativ                    |             |            |
|       |           |            | e records                        |             |            |
|       |           |            | □ Write reports                  |             |            |
|       |           |            | center,                          |             |            |
|       |           |            | disease, and                     |             |            |
|       |           |            | national                         |             |            |
|       |           |            | health                           |             |            |
|       |           |            | programme/                       |             |            |
|       |           |            | projects.                        |             |            |

## **Evaluation**

### **Internal assessment**

**Theory** Maximum marks 25

Midterm – 50 Marks Prefinals – 75 Marks

TOTAL – 125 Marks
Convert to 15

## Assignment

Seminar – 50 Marks

### **Convert to 10 Marks**

**Practical** Maximum marks 50

Family Care Study – 50 Marks
Health Talk – 100 Marks
Procedure evaluation – 50 Marks
Family Folders (5x10) – 50 Marks
Clinical evaluation – 200 Marks

**Practical examination** 

Midterm – 50 Marks Prefinal – 50 Marks

TOTAL – 550 Marks

### **External assessment**

University examination

Theory Marks 75
Practical Marks 50

Below mentioned assignment have to be completed during clinical posting, however they are not for evaluation.

Group project 01(Exhibition/ Street Play/ Puppet Show)

 $Survey\ report-01$ 

Daily diary -

### **FAMILY CARE STUDY (FORMAT)**

### I Initial Data

- 1. Name of head of family
- 2. Address
- 3. Date of visit commenced
- 4. Date of visit conducted

### II Bio data

| Name of | Relation |    |                       |     |           |       |         |        |            |   |  |
|---------|----------|----|-----------------------|-----|-----------|-------|---------|--------|------------|---|--|
| Family  | With     |    | Socio Economic Health |     |           |       |         |        |            |   |  |
| Member  | Head of  |    |                       |     |           |       |         |        |            |   |  |
| S       | Family   |    |                       |     |           |       |         |        |            |   |  |
|         |          | Ag | Se                    | Edn | Occupatio | Incom | Marital | Healt  | Nutritiona | F |  |
|         |          | e  | X                     |     | n         | e     | Status  | h      | 1          | P |  |
|         |          |    |                       |     |           |       |         | Status | Status     |   |  |
|         |          |    |                       |     |           |       |         |        |            |   |  |

| Immunization |    |    |   |     |    |   |         |         |           |        |
|--------------|----|----|---|-----|----|---|---------|---------|-----------|--------|
| BCG          | DI | PT |   | Pol | io |   | Measles | Booster | Any Other | Remark |
|              | 1  | 2  | 3 | 1   | 2  | 3 |         |         |           |        |
|              |    |    |   |     |    |   |         |         |           |        |
|              |    |    |   |     |    |   |         |         |           |        |

### **III** Resources

- A. Community Resource used by family members
  - a. Regular
  - b. In emergencies
- B. Financial
- a. Monthly family income
- b. Possessions
- c. Cattle & pets
- d. Numbers of dependents
- e. Monthly pattern of family expenditure
- f. i. Food
  - ii. Education
  - iii. Medical
  - iv. Electricity bill
  - v. Clothing & entertainment

### **IV** Environment

### A. Community

- Socio economic Status
- Cleanliness
- Water Facility
- Toilet
- Location of Slum area

### B. Family

- Environmental hygiene
- Toilets
- Sewage Sullage
- Water disposal

## C. Physical Environment

- 1. Housing location
- 2. Type of floor
- 3. Lighting
- 4. Ventilltion
- 5. Water supply
- 6. Attitude towards drinking
- 7. Waste disposal
  - Garbage
  - Latrines
  - Liquid Waste
  - Mosquitoes & fly breeds

### V Social Environment

- 1. Type of community
- 2. Socio economic background
- 3. Relationship among family members
- 4. Relationship with neighbors
- 5. Relationship with others
- 6. Common Health Habits
  - a. In community
  - b. In family
- 7. Family concept about health
- 8. family concept about disease
  - a. In community
  - b. In Family
- 9. Festival celebration
  - a. In community
  - b. In family

### 10. Number of working mothers

- a. In community
- b. In family
- 11. Care during pregnancy
  - a. In community
  - b. In family
- 12. Care of infant
  - a. In community
  - b. In family
- 13. Concept about education
  - a. In community
  - b. In family
- 14. Concept about girls education
  - a. In community
  - b. In family
- 15. Knowledge & attitudes of people towards health
  - a. In community
  - b. In family

## VI Family Health

- 1. Health of family past & present
- 2. Gynaec & Obst. history of female adults

### VII. Nutrition

## **VIII.** Family life style

- a. Basic life style of family
- b. Family decision-making pattern
- c. Family relationship & communication
- d. Family response in crisis situation
- e. Family attitude towards health

| Nu | rsing | Care | Plan |
|----|-------|------|------|
|    |       |      |      |

Summary:

Conclusion:

# $\frac{\textbf{FAMILY CARE STUDY (EVALUATION CRITERIA)}}{\underline{\textbf{50 MARKS}}}$

| Sr.<br>No. | Particular                   | TOTAL<br>MARK | MARKS        | TOTAL |
|------------|------------------------------|---------------|--------------|-------|
| NO.        |                              | S             | OBTAINE<br>D |       |
| I          | Personal and professional    | S             | D            |       |
| 1          | qualities                    |               |              |       |
|            | 1. Grooming                  | 1             |              |       |
|            | 2. Mannerisms                | 1             |              |       |
|            | 3. Language                  | 1             |              |       |
|            | 4. Voice                     | 1             |              |       |
|            | 5. Confident                 | 1             |              |       |
|            | 3. Comident                  | 1             |              |       |
| II         | Identification of family     |               |              |       |
|            | 1. Type of family            | 1             |              |       |
|            | 2. Initial data              | 1             |              |       |
|            | 3. Basic information         | 1             |              |       |
|            | 4. Resources used            | 1             |              |       |
|            | 5. Environment               | 6             |              |       |
|            | 3. Environment               | U             |              |       |
| III        | FAMILY HEALTH                |               |              |       |
|            | 1. Health of each member     | 2             |              |       |
|            | 2. Gynae & Obstetric health  |               |              |       |
|            | 3. Nutritional data          | 2<br>2<br>2   |              |       |
|            | 4. Rest & sleep              | $\frac{1}{2}$ |              |       |
|            | 5. Use of health resources   | 2             |              |       |
|            | 6. Family planning status    | 2 2           |              |       |
|            | 7. Health practices for each | 2             |              |       |
|            | member                       |               |              |       |
|            | 8. Family life style         | 2             |              |       |
| IV         | NURSING CARE                 |               |              |       |
|            | 1. Identification of needs & | 2             |              |       |
|            | problems                     |               |              |       |
|            | 2. Aims& Objectives          | 2             |              |       |
|            | 3. Nursing interventions     | 8             |              |       |
|            | 4. Evaluation of care given  | 4             |              |       |
|            | 5. Self assessment           | 3             |              |       |

### **COMMUNITY HEALTH NURSING** HEALTH TALK FORMAT

| Name Topic: | of the stu | dent: |            |                |          |      |            |
|-------------|------------|-------|------------|----------------|----------|------|------------|
| -           | to be tau  | ght:  |            |                |          |      |            |
| aid         | ls:        |       |            |                |          |      |            |
| Are         | ea:        |       |            |                |          |      |            |
| Date &      | t Time:    |       |            |                |          |      |            |
| Metho       | d of teach | ning: |            |                |          |      |            |
| Langua      | age:       |       |            |                |          |      |            |
| Aim:        |            |       |            |                |          |      |            |
| Specifi     | ic objecti | ves:  |            |                |          |      |            |
| Introdu     | action:    |       |            |                |          |      |            |
|             | Sr.        | Time  | Specific   | Subject matter | T/L      | A.V  | Evaluation |
|             | No.        |       | objectives | _              | activity | aids |            |

Summary Bibliography

## **EVALUATION FORMAT FOR HEALTH TALK**

| NAME OF THE STUDENT:  |                 |
|-----------------------|-----------------|
| AREA OF EXPERIENCE:   |                 |
| PERIOD OF EXPERIENCE: |                 |
| SUPERVISOR:           |                 |
|                       | Total 100 Marks |

Scores: 5 = Excellent, 4 = Very good, 3 = Good, 2 = Satisfactory / fair, 1 = Poor

| Sr. No. | Particular                                     | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
|---------|--|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1       | I) Planning and organization                   |   |   |   |   |   |
|         | a) Formulation of attainable objectives        |   |   |   |   |   |
|         | b) Adequacy of content                         |   |   |   |   |   |
|         | c) Organization of subject matter              |   |   |   |   |   |
|         | d) Current knowledge related to subject Matter |   |   |   |   |   |
|         | e) Suitable A.V.Aids                           |   |   |   |   |   |
|         | II) Presentation:                              |   |   |   |   |   |
|         | a) Interesting                                 |   |   |   |   |   |
|         | b) Clear Audible                               |   |   |   |   |   |
|         | c) Adequate explanation                        |   |   |   |   |   |
|         | d) Effective use of A.V. Aids                  |   |   |   |   |   |
|         | e) Group Involvement                           |   |   |   |   |   |
|         | f) Time Limit                                  |   |   |   |   |   |
|         | III) Personal qualities:                       |   |   |   |   |   |
|         | a) Self confidence                             |   |   |   |   |   |
|         | b) Personal appearance                         |   |   |   |   |   |
|         | c) Language                                    |   |   |   |   |   |
|         | d) Mannerism                                   |   |   |   |   |   |
|         | e) Self awareness of strong & weak points      |   |   |   |   |   |
|         | IV) Feed back:                                 |   |   |   |   |   |
|         | a) Recapitulation                              |   |   |   |   |   |
|         | b) Effectiveness                               |   |   |   |   |   |
|         | c) Group response                              |   |   |   |   |   |
|         | V) Submits assignment on time                  |   |   |   |   |   |

### EVALUATION CRITERIA FOR PROCEDURE EVALUATION USING BAG TECHNIQUE NAME OF THE STUDENT: -----AREA OF EXPERIENCE: \_\_\_\_ PERIOD OF EXPERIENCE: SUPERVISOR: Total - 50Scores: 5 = Excellent, 4 = Very good, 3 = Good, 2 = Satisfactory / fair, 1 = Poor Particular 4 Sr. No. 5 Approach to the family 1) 2) Selection of procedures based on family needs 3) Preparation of the bag for the procedure Caring out all the steps of procedure correctly 4) 5) Scientific principles followed while doing procedure 6) Involvement of family while doing procedure 7) Post care of bag and equipment 8) Health education while during and the procedure Disposal of waste 9) 10) Recording and reporting **FAMILY FOLDER FORMAT** Learners Name: Family Name: Address: Date Of Service Directions: **BASIC INFORMATION** Age Occupation Education Health Health Name Sex Position Language Nutritional Income Spoken **Problems** in Status Status Family 2. RESOURCES (COMMUNITY RESOURCES IN EMERGENCY) Resources Location Member Using Reason Frequency

### 3. PHYSICAL & SOCIAL ENVIRONMENT

- a) Community
- b) Family

Provided

### 4. FAMILY HEALTH

| Name | Age | Height | Weight | Immunizations | Habits/    | Developmental | Summary   | Current     |
|------|-----|--------|--------|---------------|------------|---------------|-----------|-------------|
|      |     |        |        |               | Addictions | Stage         | of Health | Status      |
|      |     |        |        |               |            |               | History   | including   |
|      |     |        |        |               |            |               |           | Medications |
|      |     |        |        |               |            |               |           |             |
|      |     |        |        |               |            |               |           |             |

- 5. Family Health Practice
- a. Nutritional status diet, meal pattern, shopping habits, knowledge of good nutrition.
- b. Recreation & exercise
- c. Sleeping pattern.
- d. Family use of health resource, person responsible for health care decision-making
- e. Any other attitudes, which significantly relate to health status.
- f. Family strengths & limitations related to their health practice
- 6. Family life style
- a. Basic life style
- b. Inter family relationship & communication pattern
- c. Family decision-making
- d. Family response in crisis
- e. Dominant values of family
- f. Family attitude towards health care & health care providers
- 7. Nursing Care Plan
- 8. Student remarks
- a. How did family perceive overall expenses of your visit (give supportive data)
- b. Discuss achievement of goals & nursing interventions
- c. In what aspect of nursing practice did your experience most growth & in what area would you like to improve?

# FAMILY FOLDERS 10 marks

| Sr. No. | Particular          | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | Score |
|---------|---------------------|---|---|---|---|---|-------|
| I       | Subject Matter      |   |   |   |   |   |       |
| III     | Nursing Care Plan   |   |   |   |   |   |       |
| 11      | Truising Care I fan |   |   |   |   |   |       |

| CI       | IN | <b>ICAT</b> | . FV A    | TITA | TION |
|----------|----|-------------|-----------|------|------|
| <b>\</b> |    |             | 1 1 V V A | 1111 |      |

| Name of the student  |                 |
|----------------------|-----------------|
| Area of experience   |                 |
| Period of experience |                 |
| Supervisor           |                 |
|                      | Total 100 Marks |

Scores: 5 = Excellent, 4 = Very good, 3 = Good, 2 = Satisfactory / fair, 1 = Poor

| Sr. No. | Particular                                   | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
|---------|--|---|---|---|---|---|
| I       | Personal and Professional Qualities:         |   |   |   |   |   |
|         | a) Leadership                                |   |   |   |   |   |
|         | b) Punctuality                               |   |   |   |   |   |
|         | c) Grooming                                  |   |   |   |   |   |
|         | d) Relationship with others                  |   |   |   |   |   |
|         | e) Attitude Towards suggestions              |   |   |   |   |   |
| II      | Assessment In Home and Clinic:               |   |   |   |   |   |
|         | a) History taking                            |   |   |   |   |   |
|         | b) Physical assessment                       |   |   |   |   |   |
|         | c) Assisting & guiding for investigation     |   |   |   |   |   |
|         | d) Home / clinic observation of signs &      |   |   |   |   |   |
|         | symptoms                                     |   |   |   |   |   |
|         | e) Identification of needs & problems        |   |   |   |   |   |
| III     | Planning                                     |   |   |   |   |   |
|         | a) Selection of priority needs / problems    |   |   |   |   |   |
|         | b) Setting objectives                        |   |   |   |   |   |
|         | c) Planning appropriate interventions        |   |   |   |   |   |
|         | d) Resource allocation                       |   |   |   |   |   |
| IV      | Implementation:                              |   |   |   |   |   |
|         | a) Approach to family & manner of greeting   |   |   |   |   |   |
|         | b) Explaining the purpose of visit to family |   |   |   |   |   |
|         | c) Providing home care                       |   |   |   |   |   |
|         | d) Doing simple procedure at home/Clinic     |   |   |   |   |   |
|         | e) Assisting in clinical services            |   |   |   |   |   |
|         | f) Giving health education in home clinic    |   |   |   |   |   |
|         | g) Recording and reporting                   |   |   |   |   |   |
| V       | Evaluation:                                  |   |   |   |   |   |
|         | a) Health teaching                           |   |   |   |   |   |
|         | b) Family care                               |   |   |   |   |   |
|         | c) Self assessment                           |   |   |   |   |   |
|         | d) Submitting assignment on time             |   |   |   |   |   |

Remarks:

### **COMMUNITY SURVEY REPORT FORMAT**

### INTRODUCTION

### Objectives:

- To assess the area & identify health problems of people
- To understand the socioeconomic status of the community
- To identify the sources of health services available in community
- To identify various health practices prevailing in the community

Community as a place – boundaries, environment, housing

Community as a social system –recreational facilities, transportation, stores & shops, official health agencies, communication media, education, socioeconomic status, occupational status, social activities related to health.

Health problems and needs in the area Conclusion

### SURVEY REPORT

- Sr. No. Particular
  - 1 Introduction
  - 2 Community as a place
    - Boundary
    - Environment
    - Housing
  - 3 Social system
    - Recreational facilities
    - Transportation
    - Stores & Shops
    - Official health Agencies
    - Communication media
    - Education
    - Socioeconomic status
    - Occupational Status
  - Social activities related to health Planning and organization
    - Formulation of objectives
    - Selection of method of presentation
    - Adequacy of content
    - Organisation of Subject matter
  - Presentation
  - 6 Individual participation Submission on time

### **DAILY DAIRY**

| NAME C        | OF THE STUDENT:    |          |
|---------------|--------------------|----------|
| AREA O        | F EXPERIENCE:      |          |
| <b>PERIOD</b> | OF EXPERIENCE:     |          |
| <b>SUPERV</b> | ISOR:              | <u> </u> |
|               |                    |          |
| Sr. No.       | Particular         |          |
| 1             | Activities planned |          |

## **ASSIGNMENT FORMAT FOR GROUP SEMINAR**

1. Introduction to the topic

Activities done

- 2. Concept, Definition
- 3. History

2

- 4. Subject matter
- 5. Application in nursing field
- 6. Summary
- 7. Conclusion
- 8. References

### **VISITS SUGGESTED**

### I Community Resources For Self & Family

- 1. Trauma center
- 2. Old Age Home
- 3. Orphanage
- 4. Home for physically & mentally challenged individuals
- 5. Home for Destitutes

### II Social Nurse affecting health

- 1. Mahila Mandal
- 2. Food & Adulteration Lab
- 3. Community Kitchen
- 4. NARI

### III. Others

- 1. Family Welfare Bureau
- 2. Industrial Visit
- 3. IEC Bureau
- 4. B.D.O.
- 5. Gram Panchayat
- 6. Zilla Parishad
- 7. Panchayat Samiti
- 8. PHC
- 9. Sub Center
- 10. Rural Hospital
- 11. Community Health Center
- 12. Anganwadi

Above visits should be completed in related subject during 4 years

## Maharashtra University of Health Sciences External Practical Evaluation Guidelines IV Basic B.Sc Nursing

B.Sc Nursing
Subject:- Community Health Nursing 50 Marks

| Internal Examiner Nursing Procedure (Home visit) (15 marks)                   | 25 Marks |  |  |
|---|----------|--|--|
| Nuising Frocedure (nome visit) (13 marks)                                     | 15 marks |  |  |
| Approach to family  | 3        |  |  |
| Selection of need based procedure   | 3        |  |  |
| <ul> <li>Bag Technique(Skills in performing procedure)</li> </ul>             | 4        |  |  |
| Follow the scientific principles  | 3        |  |  |
| <ul> <li>Post care of bag and equipment</li> </ul>                            | 2        |  |  |
| Viva (10 Marks)   | 10 Marks |  |  |
| <ul> <li>Health planning and national health policies</li> </ul>              | 2        |  |  |
| Family health care  | 3        |  |  |
| <ul> <li>Role and responsibilities of CHN in primary health care</li> </ul>   | 3        |  |  |
| <ul> <li>National and International agencies</li> </ul>                       | 2        |  |  |
| External Examiner   | 25 Marks |  |  |
| Nursing Process (Health Education) (15 Marks)                                 | 15 marks |  |  |
| <ul> <li>Need based health teaching</li> </ul>                                | 3        |  |  |
| <ul> <li>Content, Organization and Presentation</li> </ul>                    | 4        |  |  |
| <ul> <li>Used of A.V.aids</li> </ul>  | 3        |  |  |
| <ul> <li>Professional qualities</li> </ul>                                    | 3        |  |  |
| Effectiveness   | 2        |  |  |
| Viva (10 Marks)   | 10 Marks |  |  |
| <ul> <li>National Health and family welfare programmes</li> </ul>             | 3        |  |  |
| <ul> <li>Public health and community health nursing administration</li> </ul> | 3        |  |  |
| <ul> <li>Health Care delivery system (Rural and Urban)</li> </ul>             | 4        |  |  |

## COMMUNITY HEALTH NURSING PRACTICAL EXAMINATION PRACTICAL / ORAL MARK LIST

NAME OF THE EXAMINATION: COMMUNITY HEALTH NURSING

PRACTICALS MONTH: YEAR:

FOURTH YEAR Basic B. Sc NURSING: MARKS:

**50 SUBJECT : COMMUNITY HEALTH NURSING** 

## **CENTRE:**

| Roll<br>No | Internal I    | Internal Examiner External Examiner |                            | Total        | Total  |        |
|------------|---------------|-------------------------------------|----------------------------|--------------|--------|--------|
|            | Procedu<br>re | Viva<br>voce                        | Nursin<br>g<br>proce<br>ss | Viva<br>voce |        |        |
|            | 15            | 10                                  | 1<br>5                     | 10           | 5<br>0 | 2<br>5 |
|            |               |                                     |                            |              |        |        |
|            |               |                                     |                            |              |        |        |
|            |               |                                     |                            |              |        |        |
|            |               |                                     |                            |              |        |        |
|            |               |                                     |                            |              |        |        |
|            |               |                                     |                            |              |        |        |
|            |               |                                     |                            |              |        |        |
|            |               |                                     |                            |              |        |        |
|            |               |                                     |                            |              |        |        |

|  | Signature of the Interna | al Examiner | Signature of the Exte | rna |
|--|--------------------------|-------------|-----------------------|-----|
|--|--------------------------|-------------|-----------------------|-----|

Examiner Date : Date :

#### NURSING FOUNDATION - I (including First Aid module)

PLACEMENT: I SEMESTER
THEORY: 6 Credits (120 hours)

PRACTICUM: Skill Lab: 2 Credits (80 hours) and Clinical: 2 Credits (160 hours)

**DESCRIPTION:** This course is designed to help novice nursing students develop knowledge and competencies required toprovide evidence-based, comprehensive basic nursing care for adult patients, using nursing process approach.

**COMPETENCIES:** On completion of the course, the students will be able to

- 1. Develop understanding about the concept of health, illness and scope of nursing within health care services.
- 2. Apply values, code of ethics and professional conduct in professional life.
- 3. Apply the principles and methods of effective communication in establishing communication links with patients, families and other health team members.
- 4. Develop skill in recording and reporting.
- 5. Demonstrate competency in monitoring and documenting vital signs.
- 6. Describe the fundamental principles and techniques of infection control and biomedical waste management.
- 7. Identify and meet the comfort needs of the patients.
- 8. Perform admission, transfer, and discharge of a patient under supervision applying the knowledge.
- 9. Demonstrate understanding and application of knowledge in caring for patients with restricted mobility.
- 10. Perform first aid measures during emergencies.
- 11. Identify the educational needs of patients and demonstrate basic skills of patient education.

### \*Mandatory Module used in Teaching/Learning:

First Aid: 40 Hours (including Basic CPR)

### **COURSE OUTLINE**

### T - Theory, SL - Skill Lab

| Unit | Time<br>(Hrs) | Learning Outcomes                | Content | Teahing/ Learning<br>Activities | Assessment<br>Methods                      |
|------|---------------|----------------------------------|---------|---------------------------------|--|
| I    |               | concept of health<br>and illness |         | Discussion                      | Essay<br>Short answer<br>Objective<br>type |

| II  | 5 (T)                           | Describe the levels  | Health Care Delivery Systems –   | • Lecture   | • Essay   |
|-----|---------------------------------|--|--|---|---|
|     | ` ′                             | of illness prevention and care,  | Introduction of Basic Concepts &   | • Discussion  | • Short answer  |
|     |                                 | health care services   | Meanings   |   | <ul> <li>Objective</li> </ul>                         |
|     |                                 |  | <ul> <li>Levels of Illness Prevention – Primary<br/>(Health Promotion), Secondary and<br/>Tertiary</li> </ul>  |   | type  |
|     |                                 |  | <ul> <li>Levels of Care – Primary, Secondary and<br/>Tertiary</li> </ul>   |   |   |
|     |                                 |  | <ul> <li>Types of health care agencies/ services –<br/>Hospitals, clinics, Hospice, rehabilitation<br/>centres, extended care facilities</li> </ul>  |   |   |
|     |                                 |  | <ul> <li>Hospitals – Types, Organization and<br/>Functions</li> </ul>  |   |   |
|     |                                 |  | Health care teams in hospitals – members<br>and their role   |   |   |
| III | 12 (T)                          | Trace the history of Nursing   | History of Nursing and Nursing as a profession   | • Lecture   | • Essay   |
|     |                                 | C  | History of Nursing, History of Nursing   | • Discussion  | Short answers   |
|     |                                 | Explain the  | in India   | Case discussion   | • Objective type                                      |
|     |                                 | concept, nature and  | • Contributions of Florence Nightingale  | Role plays  | type  |
|     |                                 | Describe values, code of ethics and  | <ul> <li>Nursing – Definition – Nurse,<br/>Nursing, Concepts, philosophy,<br/>objectives, Characteristics, nature<br/>and Scope of Nursing/ Nursing<br/>practice, Functions of nurse, Qualities</li> </ul> |   |   |
|     |                                 | professional<br>conduct for nurses<br>in India                               | of a nurse, Categories of nursing personnel  |   |   |
|     |                                 |  | <ul> <li>Nursing as a profession – definition<br/>and characteristics/criteria of<br/>profession</li> </ul>  |   |   |
|     |                                 |  | <ul> <li>Values – Introduction – meaning<br/>and importance</li> </ul>   |   |   |
|     | 0.000                           |  | Code of ethics and professional<br>conduct for nurses – Introduction   |   |   |
| IV  | 8 (T)<br>3 (SL)                 | Describe the process, principles,  | Communication and Nurse Patient<br>Relationship  | • Lecture   | • Essay   |
|     |                                 | and types of communication   | • Communication – Levels, Elements<br>and Process, Types, Modes, Factors<br>influencing communication  | <ul> <li>Discussion</li> <li>Role play and video<br/>film on Therapeutic<br/>Communication</li> </ul> | <ul><li>Short answer</li><li>Objective type</li></ul> |
|     |                                 | Explain therapeutic,<br>non-therapeutic and<br>professional<br>communication | <ul> <li>Methods of effective<br/>communication/therapeu<br/>tic communication<br/>techniques</li> </ul>   |   |   |
|     |                                 | Communicate effectively with   | Barriers to effective<br>communication/non- therapeutic<br>communication techniques  |   |   |
|     | patients, their families and te |  | Professional communication   |   |   |
|     | members                         |  | <ul> <li>Helping Relationships (Nurse<br/>Patient Relationship) – Purposes<br/>and Phases</li> </ul>   |   |   |
|     |                                 |  | • Communicating effectively with patient, families and team members  |   |   |
|     |                                 |  | Maintaining effective human relations<br>and communication with vulnerable   |   |   |

|                |   | groups (children, women, physically<br>and mentally challenged and elderly)   |  |   |
|----------------|---|---|--|---|
| V 4 (T) 2 (SL) | Describe the purposes, types and techniques of recording and reporting  Maintain records and reports accurately | Documentation and Reporting  Documentation – Purposes of Reports and Records  Confidentiality  Types of Client records/Common Record- keeping forms  Methods/Systems of documentation/Recording  Guidelines for documentation  Do's and Don'ts of documentation/Legal guidelines for Documentation/Recording  Reporting – Change of shift reports, Transfer reports, Incident reports | <ul><li>Lecture</li><li>Discussion</li><li>Demonstration</li></ul> | <ul><li>Essay</li><li>Short answer</li><li>Objective type</li></ul> |

| Unit     | Time<br>(Hrs) | <b>Learning Outcomes</b>         | Content   | Teaching/Learning<br>Activities | Assessment<br>Methods                                       |
|----------|---------------|----------------------------------|---|---------------------------------|---|
| VI       | 15 (T)        | Describe principles              | Vital signs   | • Lecture                       | • Essay   |
|          | 20            | and techniques of monitoring and | Guidelines for taking vital signs   | • Discussion                    | Short answer  |
|          | (SL)          | maintaining vital signs          | Body temperature –  | • Demonstration &               | • Objective   |
|          |               | 315113                           | <ul> <li>Definition, Physiology, Regulation,</li> <li>Factors affecting body temperature</li> </ul>                                       | Re-demonstration                | <ul><li>type</li><li>Document the</li></ul>                 |
|          |               |                                  | <ul> <li>Assessment of body temperature – sites,<br/>equipment and technique</li> </ul>   |                                 | given values<br>of  |
|          |               |                                  | <ul> <li>Temperature alterations –</li> <li>Hyperthermia, Heat Cramps, Heat</li> <li>Exhaustion, Heatstroke, Hypothermia</li> </ul>       |                                 | temperature,<br>pulse, and<br>respiration in<br>the graphic |
|          |               |                                  | <ul> <li>Fever/Pyrexia – Definition, Causes,<br/>Stages, Types</li> </ul>   |                                 | sheet  OSCE   |
|          |               |                                  | Nursing Management  |                                 | OBCL  |
|          |               |                                  | <ul> <li>Hot and Cold applications</li> </ul>   |                                 |   |
|          |               |                                  | • Pulse:  |                                 |   |
|          |               |                                  | <ul> <li>Definition, Physiology and Regulation,<br/>Characteristics, Factors affecting pulse</li> </ul>                                   |                                 |   |
|          |               | Assess and record                | Assessment of pulse – sites, equipment and technique  |                                 |   |
|          |               | vital signs accurately           | o Alterations in pulse  |                                 |   |
|          |               |                                  | • Respiration:  |                                 |   |
|          |               |                                  | <ul> <li>Definition, Physiology and Regulation,<br/>Mechanics of breathing, Characteristics,<br/>Factors affecting respiration</li> </ul> |                                 |   |
|          |               |                                  | Assessment of respirations – technique  |                                 |   |
|          |               |                                  | <ul><li>Arterial Oxygen saturation</li><li>Alterations in respiration</li></ul>   |                                 |   |
|          |               |                                  | • Blood pressure:   |                                 |   |
|          |               |                                  | Definition, Physiology and Regulation,     Characteristics, Factors affecting BP  |                                 |   |
|          |               |                                  | Assessment of BP – sites, equipment and technique, Common Errors in BP Assessment   |                                 |   |
|          |               |                                  | Alterations in Blood Pressure   |                                 |   |
|          |               |                                  | Documenting Vital Signs   |                                 |   |
| VII      | 3 (T)         | Maintain equipment               | Equipment and Linen   |                                 |   |
|          |               | and linen                        | • Types – Disposables and reusable  |                                 |   |
|          |               |                                  | <ul> <li>Linen, rubber goods, glassware, metal,<br/>plastics, furniture</li> </ul>  |                                 |   |
|          |               |                                  | • Introduction – Indent, maintenance, Inventory   |                                 |   |
| <u> </u> |               | <u> </u>                         | <u>I</u>  | <u> </u>                        | <u> </u>  |

| Unit | Time<br>(Hrs)                            | <b>Learning Outcomes</b>          | Content   | Teaching/ Learning<br>Activities  | Assessment<br>Methods |
|------|--|-----------------------------------|---|-----------------------------------|-----------------------|
| VIII | 10 (T) Describe the basic principles and |                                   | Introduction to Infection Control in<br>Clinical setting Infection  | • Lecture                         | • Essay               |
|      | 3 (SL)                                   | techniques of infection control   | Nature of infection   | • Discussion                      | • Short answer        |
|      |  | and biomedical                    | Chain of infection  | Demonstration                     | Objective type        |
|      |  | waste management                  | Types of infection  | Observation of<br>autoclaving and | 5) P 0                |
|      |  |                                   | Stages of infection   | other sterilization               |                       |
|      |  |                                   | • Factors increasing susceptibility to  | techniques                        |                       |
|      |  |                                   | infection   | • Video presentation on medical & |                       |
|      |  |                                   | Body defenses against infection – Inflammatory response & Immune response   | surgical asepsis                  |                       |
|      |  |                                   | Health care associated infection<br>(Nosocomial infection)  |                                   |                       |
|      |  |                                   | Introductory concept of Asepsis –<br>Medical & Surgical asepsis   |                                   |                       |
|      |  |                                   | Precautions   |                                   |                       |
|      |  |                                   | Hand Hygiene  |                                   |                       |
|      |  |                                   | • (Hand washing and use of hand Rub)  |                                   |                       |
|      |  |                                   | Use of Personal Protective Equipment<br>(PPE)   |                                   |                       |
|      |  |                                   | Standard precautions  |                                   |                       |
|      |  |                                   | Biomedical Waste management   |                                   |                       |
|      |  |                                   | Types of hospital waste, waste segregation<br>and hazards – Introduction  |                                   |                       |
| IX   | 15 (T)                                   | Identify and meet                 | Comfort, Rest & Sleep and Pain  | • Lecture                         | • Essay               |
|      | 15                                       | the comfort needs of the patients | Comfort   | • Discussion                      | Short answer          |
|      | (SL)                                     | ) or me panents                   | <ul> <li>Factors Influencing Comfort</li> </ul>   | Demonstration &                   | Objective             |
|      |  |                                   | <ul> <li>Types of beds including latest beds,<br/>purposes &amp; bed making</li> </ul>                                | Re-demonstration                  | type • OSCE           |
|      |  |                                   | o Therapeutic positions   |                                   |                       |
|      |  |                                   | ○ Comfort devices   |                                   |                       |
|      |  |                                   | Sleep and Rest  |                                   |                       |
|      |  |                                   | o Physiology of sleep   |                                   |                       |
|      |  |                                   | Factors affecting sleep   |                                   |                       |
|      |  |                                   | o Promoting Rest and sleep  |                                   |                       |
|      |  |                                   | o Sleep Disorders   |                                   |                       |
|      |  |                                   | • Pain (Discomfort)   |                                   |                       |
|      |  |                                   | O Physiology     Common course of pain  |                                   |                       |
|      |  |                                   | Common cause of pain     Types  |                                   |                       |
|      |  |                                   | O Types     O Assessment – pain scales and narcotic scales  |                                   |                       |
|      |  |                                   | <ul> <li>Pharmacological and Non-<br/>pharmacological pain relieving<br/>measures – Use of narcotics, TENS</li> </ul> |                                   |                       |

|   | 1               |   | T   |  | <del></del>  |
|---|-----------------|---|---|--|--|
|   |                 |   | devices, PCA  |  |  |
|   |                 |   | Invasive techniques of pain<br>management   |  |  |
|   |                 |   | Any other newer measures  |  |  |
|   |                 |   | o CAM (Complementary & Alternative healing Modalities)  |  |  |
| X | 5 (T)<br>3 (SL) | Describe the concept of patient environment | Promoting Safety in Health Care Environment  • Physical environment – Temperature, Humidity, Noise, Ventilation, Light,   | <ul><li>Lecture</li><li>Discussion</li><li>Demonstration</li></ul> | <ul><li>Essay</li><li>Short answer</li><li>Objective</li></ul> |
|   |                 |   | • Reduction of Physical hazards – fire, accidents   |  | type   |
|   |                 |   | • Fall Risk Assessment  |  |  |
|   |                 |   | Role of nurse in providing safe and clean environment   |  |  |
|   |                 |   | • Safety devices –  |  |  |
|   |                 |   | <ul> <li>Restraints – Types, Purposes,         Indications, Legal Implications         and Consent, Application of         Restraints-     </li> <li>Skill and Practice guidelines</li> </ul> |  |  |
|   |                 |   | <ul> <li>Other Safety Devices – Side rails,<br/>Grab bars, Ambu alarms, non-skid<br/>slippers etc.</li> </ul>   |  |  |
|   |                 |   |   |  |  |

| XI  | 6 (T)      | Explain and perform                                   | Hospital Admission and discharge   | • Lecture         | • Essay        |
|-----|------------|---|--|-------------------|----------------|
|     | 2 (SL)     | admission, transfer,<br>and discharge of a<br>patient | Admission to the hospital Unit and<br>preparation of unit                                    | Discussion        | • Short answer |
|     |            | <b>.</b>  | o Admission bed  | Demonstration     | Objective type |
|     |            |   | o Admission procedure  |                   |                |
|     |            |   | o Medico-legal issues  |                   |                |
|     |            |   | o Roles and Responsibilities of the nurse  |                   |                |
|     |            |   | Discharge from the hospital  |                   |                |
|     |            |   | <ul> <li>Types – Planned discharge, LAMA and<br/>Abscond, Referrals and transfers</li> </ul> |                   |                |
|     |            |   | <ul> <li>Discharge Planning</li> </ul>   |                   |                |
|     |            |   | Discharge procedure  |                   |                |
|     |            |   | o Medico-legal issues  |                   |                |
|     |            |   | o Roles and Responsibilities of the nurse  |                   |                |
|     |            |   | <ul> <li>Care of the unit after discharge</li> </ul>   |                   |                |
|     | 0.000      |   |  |                   |                |
| XII | 8 (T)      | Demonstrate skill in caring for patients              | Mobility and Immobility  | • Lecture         | • Essay        |
|     | 10<br>(SL) | with restricted                                       | • Elements of Normal Movement,<br>Alignment & Posture, Joint Mobility,                       | • Discussion      | Short answer   |
|     | (SL)       | mobility  | Balance, Coordinated Movement  | • Demonstration & | Objective      |

| Unit | Time<br>(Hrs)                        | Learning Outcomes   | Content   | Teaching/ Learning<br>Activities  | Assessment<br>Methods  |
|------|--------------------------------------|---|---|---|--|
|      |                                      |   | <ul> <li>Principles of body mechanics</li> <li>Factors affecting Body Alignment and activity</li> <li>Exercise – Types and benefits</li> <li>Effects of Immobility</li> <li>Maintenance of normal Body Alignment and Activity</li> <li>Alteration in Body Alignment and mobility</li> <li>Nursing interventions for impaired Body Alignment and Mobility – assessment, types, devices used, method         <ul> <li>Range of motion exercises</li> <li>Muscle strengthening exercises</li> <li>Maintaining body alignment – positions</li> <li>Moving</li> <li>Lifting</li> <li>Transferring</li> <li>Walking</li> </ul> </li> <li>Assisting clients with ambulation</li> <li>Care of patients with Immobility using Nursing process approach</li> <li>Care of patients with casts and splints</li> </ul> | Re-demonstration  | type • OSCE  |
| XIII | 4 (T)<br>2 (SL)<br>20 (T)<br>20 (SL) | Describe the principles and practice of patient education  Explain and apply principles of First Aid during emergencies | Patient education  Patient Teaching – Importance, Purposes, Process  Integrating nursing process in patient teaching  First Aid*  Definition, Basic Principles, Scope & Rules  First Aid Management  Wounds, Hemorrhage & Shock   | <ul> <li>Discussion</li> <li>Role plays</li> <li>Lecture</li> <li>Discussion</li> <li>Demonstration &amp; Re-demonstration</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Essay</li> <li>Short answer</li> <li>Objective type</li> <li>Essay</li> <li>Short answer</li> <li>Objective type</li> </ul> |
|      |                                      |   | <ul> <li>Musculoskeletal Injuries – Fractures,         Dislocation, Muscle injuries</li> <li>Transportation of Injured persons</li> <li>Respiratory Emergencies &amp; Basic CPR</li> <li>Unconsciousness</li> <li>Foreign Bodies – Skin, Eye, Ear, Nose,         Throat &amp; Stomach</li> <li>Burns &amp; Scalds</li> <li>Poisoning, Bites &amp; Stings</li> <li>Frostbite &amp; Effects of Heat</li> <li>Community Emergencies</li> </ul>   | Module completion     National Disaster<br>Management<br>Authority (NDMA)<br>/ Indian Red Cross<br>Society (IRCS)<br>First Aid module | • OSCE   |

### **CLINICAL PRACTICUM**

Clinical Practicum: 2 Credits (160 hours), 10 weeks  $\times$  16 hours per week

PRACTICE COMPETENCIES: On completion of the clinical practicum, the students will be able to

- 1. Maintain effective human relations (projecting professional image)
- 2. Communicate effectively with patient, families and team members
- 3. Demonstrate skills in techniques of recording and reporting
- 4. Demonstrate skill in monitoring vital signs
- 5. Care for patients with altered vital signs
- 6. Demonstrate skill in implementing standard precautions and use of PPE
- 7. Demonstrate skill in meeting the comfort needs of the patients
- 8. Provide safe and clean environment
- 9. Demonstrate skill in admission, transfer, and discharge of a patient
- 10. Demonstrate skill in caring for patients with restricted mobility
- 11. Plan and provide appropriate health teaching following the principles
- 12. Acquire skills in assessing and performing First Aid during emergencies.

### SKILL LAB

## Use of Mannequins and Simulators

| S.No. | Competencies                                       | Mode of Teaching               |
|-------|--|--------------------------------|
| 1.    | Therapeutic Communication and Documentation        | Role Play                      |
| 2.    | Vital signs  | Simulator/Standardized patient |
| 3.    | Medical and Surgical Asepsis                       | Videos/Mannequin               |
| 4.    | Pain Assessment                                    | Standardized patient           |
| 5.    | Comfort Devices                                    | Mannequin                      |
| 6.    | Therapeutic Positions                              | Mannequin                      |
| 7.    | Physical Restraints and Side rails                 | Mannequin                      |
| 8.    | ROM Exercises                                      | Standardized patient           |
| 9.    | Ambulation   | Standardized patient           |
| 10.   | Moving and Turning patients in bed                 | Mannequin                      |
| 11.   | Changing position of helpless patients             | Mannequin/Standardized patient |
| 12.   | Transferring patients bed to stretcher/wheel chair | Mannequin/Standardized patient |
| 13.   | Admission, Transfer, Discharge & Health Teaching   | Role Play                      |

## ${\bf CLINICAL\ POSTINGS-General\ Medical/Surgical\ Wards}$

## 10 weeks $\times$ 16 hours/week = 160 Hours

| Clinical<br>Unit                         | Duration<br>(in Weeks) | <b>Learning Outcomes</b>   | Procedural Competencies/ Clinical<br>Skills<br>(Supervised Clinical Practice)  | Clinical<br>Requirements                              | Assessment<br>Methods   |
|--|------------------------|--|--|---|---|
| General<br>Medical/<br>Surgical<br>wards | 2                      | Maintain effective<br>human relations<br>(projecting<br>professional image)    | Communication and Nurse patient relationship  • Maintaining Communication with patient and family and interpersonal relationship |   | • OSCE  |
|  |                        | Communicate effectively with patient, families and team members                | <ul> <li>Documentation and Reporting</li> <li>Documenting patient care and procedures</li> <li>Verbal report</li> </ul>          |   |   |
|  |                        | Demonstrate skills in<br>techniques of<br>recording and<br>reporting           | ○ Written report   |   |   |
|  | 2                      | Demonstrate skill in<br>monitoring vital<br>signs                              | <ul><li>Vital signs</li><li>Monitor/measure and document vital signs in a graphic sheet</li></ul>                                | • Care of patients with alterations in vital signs- 1 | <ul> <li>Assessment of<br/>clinical skills<br/>using checklist</li> <li>OSCE</li> </ul> |
|  |                        | Care for patients with altered vital signs                                     | <ul> <li>Temperature (oral, tympanic, axillary)</li> <li>Pulse (Apical and peripheral pulses)</li> </ul>                         |   | OSCE  |
|  |                        | Demonstrate skill in<br>implementing<br>standard precautions<br>and use of PPE | <ul><li> Respiration</li><li> Blood pressure</li><li> Pulse oximetry</li></ul>   |   |   |
|  |                        |  | <ul> <li>Interpret and report alteration</li> <li>Cold Applications – Cold<br/>Compress, Ice cap, Tepid<br/>Sponging</li> </ul>  |   |   |
|  |                        |  | Care of equipment – thermometer,<br>BP apparatus, Stethoscope, Pulse<br>oximeter      Infection control in Clinical              |   |   |
|  |                        |  | settings  • Hand hygiene   |   |   |
|  | 3                      | Demonstrate skill in meeting the comfort                                       | • Use of PPE  Comfort, Rest & Sleep, Pain and Promoting Safety in Health Care  |   | Assessment of clinical skills   |
|  |                        | needs of the patients  | Environment  Comfort, Rest & Sleep  Bed making-  |   | <ul><li>using checklist</li><li>OSCE</li></ul>  |
|  |                        |  | <ul><li>○ Open</li><li>○ Closed</li></ul>  |   |   |
|  |                        |  | <ul><li>Occupied</li><li>Post-operative</li></ul>  |   |   |

| Cardiae bed OFracture bed Comfort devices Of Pillows Over bed table/cardiac table Back rest Dake Treat Demonstrate skill in admission, transfer, and discharge of a patient  Demonstrate skill in admission, transfer, and discharge of a patient  Demonstrate skill in caring for patients with restricted mobility  Demonstrate skill in caring for patients with restricted mobility  Demonstrate skill in caring for patients with restricted mobility  Demonstrate skill in caring for patients with restricted mobility  Assessment in condition for care for the patient of the patient o |  | ı | T                      |                              | 1            | T               |
|--|--|---|------------------------|------------------------------|--------------|-----------------|
| Comfort devices     Pillows     Over bed table/cardiac table     Back rest     Bed Cradle     Therapeutic Positions     Supine     Fowlers (low, semi, high)     Lateral     Prone     Sim's     Trendelenburg     Dorsal recumbent     Lithotomy     Knee chest     Pain     Pain assessment and provision for comfort     Promoting Safety in Health Care     Environment     Varies of Safety devices:     Side Rails     Restraints (Physical)     Fall risk assessment     Restraints (Physical)     Fall risk assessment     Restraints (Physical)     Fall risk assessment  Demonstrate skill in admission, transfer, and discharge of a patient  Demonstrate skill in carning for patients     Admission     Transfer     Planned Discharge     Perform & Document:     Admission     Transfer     Planned Discharge     Panned Discharge     Admission     Transfer     Planned Discharge     Assessment of clinical skills using checklist     OSCE  |  |   |                        |                              |              |                 |
| o Pillows o Over bed table/cardiac table o Back rest o Bed Cradle  * Therapeutic Positions o Supine o Fowlers (low, semi, high) o Lateral o Prone o Sim's o Trendelenburg o Dorsal recumbent o Lithotomy o Knee chest  * Pain  Provide safe and clean environment  Provide safe and clean environment  * Care of Patient's Unit Use of Safety devices: o Side Rails Restraints (Physical) • Fall risk assessment-1  * Restraints (Physical) • Fall risk assessment-1  * Hospital Admission and discharge Admission and discharge of a patient  * Admission Hospital Admission and discharge Perform & Document: • Admission  • Transfer • Planned Discharge  Demonstrate skill in caring for patients with restricted mobility with restricted mobility • Range of Motion Exercises • Assist patient in:  • Individual teaching-1  • Assessment of clinical skills using checklist • OSCE  |  |   |                        |                              |              |                 |
| Over bed table/cardiac table Back rest Back rest Back Cradle Therapetuic Positions Supine Fowlers (low, semi, high) Lateral Prone Sim's Trendelenburg Domains Safery in Health Care Environment  Provide safe and clean environment  Provide safe and clean environment  Care of Patient's Unit Use of Safety devices: Side Rails Restraints (Physical) Fall risk assessment and Post Fall Assessment Assessment  Mospital Admission and discharge Perform & Document: Admission Hospital Admission and discharge Perform & Document: Admission Transfer Planned Discharge  Demonstrate skill in Transfer Planned Discharge  Demonstrate skill in Admission Transfer Planned Discharge Perform & Document: Admission Transfer Planned Discharge  Demonstrate skill in OSCE  |  |   |                        | Comfort devices              |              |                 |
| O Back rest O Bed Cradle  Therapeutic Positions O Supine O Fowlers (low, semi, high) O Lateral O Prone O Sim's Trendelenburg O Dorsal recumbent O Lithotomy O Knee chest Pain Promoting Safety in Health Care Environment O Care of Patient's Unit Use of Safety devices: O Side Rails Pall risk assessment and Post Fall Assessment Assessment  Demonstrate skill in admission, transfer, and discharge of a patient Demonstrate skill in raring for patients With restricted mobility  Demonstrate skill in Admission Assessment  Demonstrate skill in Admission and discharge Perform & Document: Admission Transfer Planned Discharge  Assist patient in:  I Individual teaching-1 Vice Conditional Skills OSCE  |  |   |                        | o Pillows                    |              |                 |
| o Bed Cradle  Therapeutic Positions Supine Fowlers (low, semi, high) Lateral Prone Sim's Trendelenburg Dorsal recumbent Lithotomy Knee chest Pain  Provide safe and clean environment  Provide safe and clean environment  Provide safe and clean environment  Demonstrate skill in admission, transfer, and discharge of a patient Demonstrate skill in Caring for patients with restricted mobility  Demonstrate skill in Caring for patients with restricted mobility  Demonstrate skill in Caring for patients with restricted mobility  Assist patient in:  O Bed Cradle Therapeutic Positions Supine Powlers (low, semi, high)  Patient Provide safe and clean environment  O Pain assessment and provision for comfort Promoting Safety in Health Care Environment  O Care of Patient's Unit Use of Safety devices: O Side Rails O Fall risk assessment-1  O Fall risk assessment-1  O Assessment of clinical skills using checklist O OSCE  O SCE  |  |   |                        | Over bed table/cardiac table |              |                 |
| • Therapeutic Positions • Supine • Fowlers (low, semi, high) • Lateral • Prone • Sim's • Trendelenburg • Dorsal recumbent • Lithotomy • Knee chest  Pain • Pain assessment and provision for comfort  Promoting Safery in Health Care Environment  • Provide safe and clean environment  • Care of Patient's Unit • Use of Safety devices: • Side Rails • Restraints (Physical) • Fall risk assessment and Post Fall Assessment • Restraints (Physical) • Fall risk assessment and Post Fall Assessment  Demonstrate skill in admission, transfer, and discharge of a patient • Admission • Transfer • Planned Discharge  Demonstrate skill in caring for patients with restricted mobility • Assessment of climical skills using checklist • OSCE  • Assessment of climical skills using checklist • OSCE  • Assessment of climical skills using checklist • OSCE   |  |   |                        | o Back rest                  |              |                 |
| o Supine o Fowlers (low, semi, high) o Lateral o Prone o Sim's o Trendelenburg o Dorsal recumbent o Lithotomy o Knee chest Pain • Pain assessment and provision for comfort Promoting Safety in Health Care Environment • Care of Patient's Unit • Use of Safety devices: o Side Rails • Restraints (Physical) • Fall risk assessment and Post Fall Assessment  Demonstrate skill in admission, transfer, and discharge of a patient  Demonstrate skill in caring for patients with restricted mobility  Demonstrate skill in caring for patients with restricted mobility  Assessment in: • Admission • Transfer • Planned Discharge  Demonstrate skill in caring for patients with restricted mobility • Assessment of clinical skills using checklist • OSCE  • Assessment of clinical skills using checklist • OSCE  • Assessment of clinical skills using checklist • Assessment of clinical skills using checklist • OSCE  |  |   |                        | o Bed Cradle                 |              |                 |
| o Fowlers (low, semi, high) o Lateral o Prone o Sim's o Trendelenburg o Dorsal recumbent o Lithotomy o Knee chest Pain  Provide safe and clean environment  Care of Patient's Unit Use of Safety devices: o Side Rails Restraints (Physical) Fall risk assessment and Post Fall Assessment  Restraints (Physical) Fall risk assessment and Post Fall Assessment  Assessment  Browlity and Internet education Hospital Admission and discharge Perform & Document: Admission Transfer Planned Discharge  Demonstrate skill in caring for patients with restricted mobility Range of Motion Exercises Assist patient in:  OSCE   |  |   |                        | Therapeutic Positions        |              |                 |
| O Lateral O Prone O Sim's O Trendelenburg O Dorsal recumbent O Lithotomy O Knee chest Pain Provide safe and clean environment  Provide safe and clean environment  Provide safe and clean environment  O Promoting Safety in Health Care Environment  Use of Safety devices: O Side Rails O Restraints (Physical) Fall risk assessment and Post Fall Assessment  O Eare of Patient's Unit Use of Safety devices: O Side Rails O Restraints (Physical) Fall risk assessment-1  O Emonstrate skill in admission, transfer, and discharge of a patient  Hospital Admission and discharge Perform & Document: O Assessment of clinical skills using checklist O SCE  Demonstrate skill in caring for patients with restricted mobility  Range of Motion Exercises Assist patient in: O SCE   |  |   |                        | o Supine                     |              |                 |
| o Prone o Sim's o Trendelenburg o Dorsal recumbent o Lithotomy o Knee chest Pain  • Pain assessment and provision for comfort Promoting Safety in Health Care Environment  • Care of Patient's Unit • Use of Safety devices: o Side Rails • Restraints (Physical) • Fall risk assessment-1  Demonstrate skill in admission, transfer, and discharge of a patient    Demonstrate skill in caring for patients with restricted mobility   Assist patient in:   Operation   Operation   |  |   |                        | o Fowlers (low, semi, high)  |              |                 |
| O Sim's O Trendelenburg O Dorsal recumbent Lithotomy O Knee chest  Pain  Pain Pain Sassessment and provision for comfort Promoting Safety in Health Care Environment  Provide safe and clean environment  Care of Patient's Unit Use of Safety devices: O Side Rails Restraints (Physical) Fall risk assessment and Post Fall Assessment  Hospital Admission and discharge of a patient  Mobility and Patient education Hospital Admission and discharge Perform & Document: Admission Transfer Planned Discharge Planned Discharge Range of Motion Exercises Assist patient in:  Notice  Individual teaching-1  Passessment of clinical skills using checklist OSCE   |  |   |                        | o Lateral                    |              |                 |
| O Trendelenburg O Dorsal recumbent O Lithotomy O Knee chest  Pain  Pain Pain assessment and provision for comfort Promoting Safety in Health Care Environment  Care of Patient's Unit Use of Safety devices: O Side Rails Restraints (Physical) Fall risk assessment and Post Fall Assessment  Demonstrate skill in admission, transfer, and discharge of a patient  Demonstrate skill in Assessment  Hospital Admission and discharge Perform & Document: Admission Transfer Planned Discharge Perform & Document: Admission Transfer Planned Discharge Perform & Planned Discharge Perform & Planned Discharge Perform & Range of Motion Exercises Assist patient in:  Assessment of clinical skills using checklist OSCE  |  |   |                        | o Prone                      |              |                 |
| O Dorsal recumbent O Lithotomy O Knee chest  Pain Provide safe and clean environment  O Care of Patient's Unit Use of Safety devices: O Side Rails Restraints (Physical) Fall risk assessment and Post Fall Assessment  Assessment  Demonstrate skill in admission, transfer, and discharge, Mobility and Immobility and Patient education Hospital Admission and discharge Perform & Document: Admission Transfer Planned Discharge Perform & Document: Admission Transfer Planned Discharge Range of Motion Exercises Assist patient in:  Assessment of clinical skills using checklist OSCE   |  |   |                        | o Sim's                      |              |                 |
| Demonstrate skill in admission, transfer, and discharge of a patient  Demonstrate skill in caring for patients with restricted mobility  Demonstrate skill in caring for patients with restricted mobility  Demonstrate skill in caring for patients with restricted mobility  - Lithotomy - Knee chest - Pain - Pain assessment and provision for comfort  Promoting Safety in Health Care - Environment  - Care of Patient's Unit - Use of Safety devices: - Side Rails - Restraints (Physical) - Fall risk assessment-1  - Fall risk assessment of clinical skills using checklist - OSCE  - Assessment of clinical skills using checklist - OSCE  - Individual teaching-1 - Assessment of clinical skills using checklist - OSCE   |  |   |                        | o Trendelenburg              |              |                 |
| o Knee chest  Pain  Pain assessment and provision for comfort  Promoting Safety in Health Care Environment  Care of Patient's Unit  Use of Safety devices: o Side Rails  Restraints (Physical)  Fall risk assessment-1  Pating admission, transfer, and discharge of a patient  Demonstrate skill in Admission and discharge Perform & Document: Admission  Transfer Planned Discharge  Demonstrate skill in Admission and discharge Perform & Document: Admission  Transfer Planned Discharge  Demonstrate skill in Caring for patients with restricted mobility  Assist patient in:  OKNee chest  Pain  Provide safe and clean  Fall risk assessment-1  Okassessment of clinical skills using checklist  OSCE  |  |   |                        | o Dorsal recumbent           |              |                 |
| Pain  Pain assessment and provision for comfort  Promoting Safety in Health Care Environment  Care of Patient's Unit  Use of Safety devices:  O Side Rails  Restraints (Physical)  Fall risk assessment and Post Fall Assessment  Assessment  Demonstrate skill in admission, transfer, and discharge of a patient  Hospital Admission and discharge Perform & Document:  Admission  Transfer  Planned Discharge  Demonstrate skill in caring for patients with restricted mobility  Assist patient in:  Provide safe and clean  Use of Safety devices:  Side Rails  Fall risk assessment-1  Fall risk assessment-1  Fall risk assessment-1  Assessment of clinical skills using checklist  OSCE  Individual teaching-1  Individual teaching-1  Fall risk assessment of clinical skills using checklist  OSCE  |  |   |                        | o Lithotomy                  |              |                 |
| Provide safe and clean environment  Provide safe and clean environment  Provide safe and clean environment  Care of Patient's Unit Use of Safety devices: O Side Rails Restraints (Physical) Fall risk assessment and Post Fall Assessment  Demonstrate skill in admission, transfer, and discharge of a patient  Hospital Admission and discharge Perform & Document: Admission Transfer Planned Discharge  Demonstrate skill in caring for patients with restricted mobility  Mobility and Immobility Range of Motion Exercises Assist patient in:  Individual teaching-1  Individual teaching-1  Clinical skills using checklist OSCE   |  |   |                        | o Knee chest                 |              |                 |
| comfort Promoting Safety in Health Care Environment  Provide safe and clean environment  • Care of Patient's Unit • Use of Safety devices: • Side Rails • Restraints (Physical) • Fall risk assessment and Post Fall Assessment  • Assessment of clinical skills using checklist • Admission Hospital Admission and discharge Perform & Document: • Admission • Transfer • Planned Discharge  Demonstrate skill in caring for patients with restricted mobility • Range of Motion Exercises • Assist patient in:  • Assessment of clinical skills using checklist • OSCE   |  |   |                        | Pain                         |              |                 |
| Provide safe and clean environment  Provide safe and clean environment  • Care of Patient's Unit • Use of Safety devices: • Side Rails • Restraints (Physical) • Fall risk assessment and Post Fall Assessment  Demonstrate skill in admission, transfer, and discharge of a patient  Hospital Admission and discharge Perform & Document: • Admission  • Transfer • Planned Discharge  Demonstrate skill in caring for patients with restricted mobility  Mobility and Immobility • Range of Motion Exercises • Assist patient in:  • Fall risk assessment-1  |  |   |                        |                              |              |                 |
| Perform & Document:  Admission  Transfer  Perform & Document:  Admission  Transfer  Planned Discharge  Demonstrate skill in caring for patients with restricted mobility  Assess patient  Puse of Safety devices:  O Side Rails  Restraints (Physical)  Fall risk assessment and Post Fall Assessment and Post Fall Assessment  Phospital Admission and discharge  Perform & Document:  Admission  Transfer  Planned Discharge  Mobility and Immobility  Range of Motion Exercises  Assist patient in:  Pall risk assessment-1  Assessment of clinical skills using checklist  OSCE  Assessment of clinical skills using checklist  Assessment of clinical skills using checklist  OSCE  |  |   |                        |                              |              |                 |
| Demonstrate skill in admission, transfer, and discharge of a patient  Demonstrate skill in admission, transfer, and discharge of a patient  Hospital Admission and discharge Mobility and Immobility and Patient education Hospital Admission and discharge Perform & Document:  Admission  Transfer  Planned Discharge  Demonstrate skill in caring for patients with restricted mobility  Assist patient in:  Fall risk assessment-1  Assessment of clinical skills using checklist  OSCE  Assessment of clinical skills using checklist  Assessment of clinical skills using checklist  Assessment of clinical skills using checklist  OSCE   |  |   | Provide safe and clean | • Care of Patient's Unit     |              |                 |
| Demonstrate skill in admission, transfer, and discharge of a patient  Demonstrate skill in admission, transfer, and discharge of a patient  Hospital Admission and discharge Perform & Document:  Admission  Transfer  Planned Discharge  Demonstrate skill in caring for patients with restricted mobility  Assist patient in:  Passessment of clinical skills using checklist  OSCE  Assessment of clinical skills using checklist  Individual teaching-1  Assessment of clinical skills using checklist  Individual teaching-1  Assessment of clinical skills using checklist  Assist patient in:  OSCE   |  |   | environment            | • Use of Safety devices:     | • Fall risk  |                 |
| Perform & Document:  Admission  Admission  Hospital Admission and discharge, Mobility and Immobility and discharge Perform & Document:  Admission  Transfer  Planned Discharge  Planned Discharge  Range of Motion Exercises  Assessment of clinical skills using checklist  OSCE   Assessment of clinical skills using checklist  OSCE   Assessment of clinical skills using checklist  Fall risk assessment and Post Fall  Assessment of clinical skills using checklist  OSCE   Assessment of clinical skills using checklist  OSCE   |  |   |                        | ○ Side Rails                 | assessment-1 |                 |
| Demonstrate skill in admission, transfer, and discharge of a patient  Hospital Admission and discharge Mobility and Immobility and Patient education Hospital Admission and discharge Perform & Document:  • Admission • Transfer • Planned Discharge  Demonstrate skill in caring for patients with restricted mobility  • Assist patient in:  • Assessment of clinical skills using checklist • OSCE  • Assessment of clinical skills using checklist • OSCE  • Individual teaching-1 • Assessment of clinical skills using checklist • OSCE   |  |   |                        | • Restraints (Physical)      |              |                 |
| admission, transfer, and discharge of a patient    Abspital Admission   Admission   Admission   Admission  |  |   |                        |                              |              |                 |
| admission, transfer, and discharge of a patient    Abspital Admission   Admission   Admission   Admission  |  |   |                        |                              |              |                 |
| Perform & Document:  Admission  Transfer  Planned Discharge  Demonstrate skill in caring for patients with restricted mobility  Assist patient in:  Hospital Admission and discharge  • OSCE  • OSCE  • OSCE  • OSCE  • OSCE   |  |   | admission, transfer,   | discharge, Mobility and      |              | clinical skills |
| Perform & Document:  • Admission  • Transfer  • Planned Discharge  Demonstrate skill in caring for patients with restricted mobility  • Range of Motion Exercises  • Assessment of clinical skills using checklist  • OSCE   |  |   |                        |                              |              |                 |
| • Admission • Transfer • Planned Discharge  Demonstrate skill in caring for patients with restricted mobility • Range of Motion Exercises • Assist patient in: • Admission • Transfer • Planned Discharge • Individual teaching-1 • Clinical skills using checklist • OSCE   |  |   |                        |                              |              |                 |
| • Transfer • Planned Discharge  Demonstrate skill in caring for patients with restricted mobility • Range of Motion Exercises • Assist patient in:  • Individual teaching-1 • Assessment of clinical skills using checklist • OSCE   |  |   |                        |                              |              |                 |
| Demonstrate skill in caring for patients with restricted mobility  • Planned Discharge    Mobility and Immobility   • Individual teaching-1   • Assessment of clinical skills using checklist   • Assist patient in: • OSCE  |  |   |                        |                              |              |                 |
| Demonstrate skill in caring for patients with restricted mobility  • Range of Motion Exercises • Assist patient in:  • Individual teaching-1 clinical skills using checklist • OSCE  |  | 2 |                        |                              |              |                 |
| caring for patients with restricted mobility  • Range of Motion Exercises  • Assist patient in:  teaching-1  clinical skills using checklist  • OSCE   |  |   |                        | -                            |              |                 |
| with restricted mobility  • Range of Motion Exercises using checklist  • Assist patient in:  • OSCE  |  |   |                        |                              |              |                 |
| • OSCE   |  |   | with restricted        | Range of Motion Exercises    |              |                 |
| o Moving   |  |   | mobility               | • Assist patient in:         |              | • OSCE          |
|  |  |   |                        | o Moving                     |              |                 |
|  |  |   |                        |                              |              |                 |

| Clinical<br>Unit | Duration<br>(in Weeks) | <b>Learning Outcomes</b>   | Procedural Competencies/ Clinical<br>Skills<br>(Supervised Clinical Practice)  | Clinical<br>Requirements   | Assessment<br>Methods  |
|------------------|------------------------|--|--|--|--|
|                  |                        | Plan and provide<br>appropriate health<br>teaching following<br>the principles | <ul> <li>Turning</li> <li>Logrolling</li> <li>Changing position of helpless patient</li> <li>Transferring (Bed to and from chair/wheelchair/ stretcher)</li> <li>Patient education</li> </ul>                      |  |  |
|                  | 1                      |  |  |  |  |
|                  |                        | assessing and performing First Aid during emergencies                          | <ul> <li>Bandaging Techniques</li> <li>Basic Bandages:</li> <li>Circular</li> <li>Spiral</li> <li>Reverse-Spiral</li> <li>Recurrent</li> <li>Figure of Eight</li> <li>Special Bandages:</li> <li>Caplin</li> </ul> | Module completion National Disaster Management Authority (NDMA) First Aid module (To complete it in clinicals if not completed during lab) | Assessment of clinical skills using checklist  OSCE (first aid competencies) |

### **BIBLIOGRAPHY....**

- 1. Potter A.P., Perry A.G. Fundamentals of Nursing, C.V. Mosby company, Louis 6th edition 2005.
- 2. Kozier B et al, Fundamentals of Nursing concepts, process and practice, Pearson education, Inc 2nd Indian Print 2004.
- 3. Dugas B.W. Introduction to patient care Saunders, 4th edition 1983.
- 4. Brunnerr and Suddarth Test book of Medical surgical nursing 10th edition 2002
- 5. Brunner & Sudharth Lippincot manual of nursing practice JB Lippincot company
- 6. Zwemer A. professional Adjustments and Ethics for nurse in India BI Publications. Bangalore 6 th edition 1995.
- 7. Rosdhal, Fundamentals of nursing, Lippincott company 2003.
- 8. Bolander, fundamentals of nursing, Saunders 1994
- 9. Basavanthappa B.T. Fundamental of Nursing, Jaypee Brother, 2002
- 10. Carl Taylor Fundamental of Nursing, Carol Lillis et al Lippincot, 5th edition 2005.

## **Suggested Assessment/ Evaluation Methods**

| S  | cheme of Internal Assessment of the  |          |       |           |           |
|--|--|----------|-------|-----------|-----------|
| Sr.  | Theory   | Quantity | Marks | Round     | Final     |
| No   |  |          |       | off       | Round off |
|  |  |          |       |           | IA        |
| 1.   | Class Test I   | 50 marks | 30    | Out of 15 |           |
| 2.   | Class Test II  |          | 75    | 30        |           |
|  |  |          | Marks |           |           |
| 3.   | Written Assignment   | 2        | 50    | 10        |           |
| 4.   | Seminar/Microteaching/individual presentation  | 2        | 50    | 12        | Out of 10 |
| 5.   | Group project/Work/Report  | 1        | 50    | 6         |           |
| 6  | ttendance (95-100%: 2 marks, 90-94: 1.5 marks, 85-89: 1 mark, 80-84: 0.5 mark, <80: 0) |          |       | 2         |           |
| (Marks of each component to be rounded of the respective       |  |          |       |           |           |
| columns marks and the final IA need to be calculated out of 25 |  |          |       |           |           |
| (15+10).   |  |          |       |           |           |

| Scheme | of Internal Assessi   | ment of Practical -              | out of 25 marks |           |                        |
|--------|-----------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------|-----------|------------------------|
| Sr. No | Theory                | Quantity                         | Marks           | Round off | Final Round off for IA |
| 1.     | Clinical              | 1                                |                 |           |                        |
|        | Assignments: -        | 1                                | 3               |           |                        |
|        | 1 Clinical            | 1                                | 2               | 10        |                        |
|        | Presentation          |                                  | _               | 10        |                        |
|        | 2 Drug                | 1                                | 5               |           |                        |
|        | presentation &        |                                  |                 |           |                        |
|        | report                |                                  |                 |           |                        |
|        | 3 Case study          |                                  |                 |           | Total=30/3=10          |
|        | Report                |                                  |                 |           |                        |
| 2      | Completion of         | 1                                | 50              | 3         |                        |
|        | <b>Procedure and</b>  |                                  |                 |           |                        |
|        | Clinical              |                                  |                 |           |                        |
|        | performance           |                                  |                 |           | Round off to 10        |
| 3      | Continuous            | 1                                | 100             | 10        |                        |
|        | evaluation of         |                                  |                 |           |                        |
|        | clinical              |                                  |                 |           |                        |
|        | performance           |                                  |                 |           |                        |
| 4      | Attendance            | (95-100%: 2 mar)                 | ks, 90-94: 1.5  | 2         |                        |
|        |                       | marks, 85-89: 1 mark, 80-84: 0.5 |                 |           |                        |
|        |                       | mark, <80: 0)                    | •               |           |                        |
| 5.     | <b>End of Posting</b> | , ,                              |                 | 5         |                        |
|        | OSCE                  |                                  |                 |           |                        |

| Sessiona | l Examin                   | ations = 15 ma | arks            |       |                     |
|----------|----------------------------|----------------|-----------------|-------|---------------------|
| Sr. No   | Theory                     | Quantity       | Marks           | Round | Final Round off for |
|          |                            |                |                 | off   | IA                  |
| 1.       | OSCE                       | 1              | 50              | 10    |                     |
| 2.       | DOP                        | 1              | 50              | 20    | Total=30/2=15       |
|          | Total                      |                | 100             |       |                     |
| `        | f each comp<br>narks and t |                | Round off to 15 |       |                     |

#### **SYLLABUS**

#### **COMMUNICATIVE ENGLISH**

**PLACEMENT:** I SEMESTER **THEORY:** 2 Credits (40 hours)

**DESCRIPTION:** The course is designed to enable students to enhance their ability to speak and write the language (and use English) required for effective communication in their professional work. Students will practice their skills in verbal and written English during clinical and classroom experience.

**COMPETENCIES:** On completion of the course, the students will be able to

- 1. Identify the significance of Communicative English for healthcare professionals.
- 2. Apply the concepts and principles of English Language use in professional development such as pronunciation, vocabulary, grammar, paraphrasing, voice modulation, Spelling, pause and silence.
- 3. Demonstrate attentive listening in different hypothetical situations.
- 4. Converse effectively, appropriately and timely within the given context and the individual or team they are communicating with either face to face or by other means.
- 5. Read, interpret and comprehend content in text, flow sheet, framework, figures, tables, reports, anecdotes etc.
- 6. Analyse the situation and apply critical thinking strategies.
- 7. Enhance expressions through writing skills.
- 8. Apply LSRW (Listening, Speaking, Reading and Writing) Skill in combination to learn, teach, educate and share information, ideas and results.

#### **COURSE OUTLINE**

#### T - Theory

| Unit | Time<br>(Hrs) | Learning<br>Outcomes                               | Content  | Teaching/ Learning<br>Activities  | Assessment<br>Methods                          |
|------|---------------|--|--|---|--|
| Ι    | 3 (T)         | Identify the significance of communicative English | What is communication?     What are communication roles of listeners, speakers, readers and writers as healthcare professionals? | <ul> <li>Definitions with examples, illustrations and explanations</li> <li>Identifying competencies/communicative strategies in LSRW</li> <li>Reading excerpts on the above and interpreting them through tasks</li> </ul> | Checking for<br>understanding<br>through tasks |

| II | 5 (T) | Describe concepts  | Introduction to LSRGW   | • Exercises on   | • Through _check                    |
|----|-------|--|---|--|-------------------------------------|
|    |       | and principles of Language (English) use in professional development such as pronunciation, vocabulary, grammar, paraphrasing, voice modulation, spelling, pause and silence | <ul> <li>L – Listening: Different types of listening</li> <li>S – Speaking: Understanding Consonants, Vowels, Word and Sentence Stress, Intonation</li> <li>R – Reading: Medical vocabulary,</li> <li>Gr – Grammar: Understanding tenses, linkers</li> <li>W – Writing simple sentences and short paragraphs – emphasis on correct grammar</li> </ul> | listening to news, announcements, telephone conversations and instructions from others  Information on fundamentals of Speech – Consonant, Vowel, Stress and Intonation with tasks based on these through audio/video and texts  Reading a medical dictionary/ glossary of medical terms with matching exercises  Information on tenses and basic concepts of correct grammar through fill in the blanks, true/false questions | your<br>understanding'<br>exercises |
|    |       |  |   |  |                                     |

| Unit | Time<br>(Hrs) | Learning<br>Outcomes  | Content  | Teaching/ Learning<br>Activities  | Assessment<br>Methods   |
|------|---------------|---|--|---|---|
| ш    | 5 (T)         | Demonstrate attentive listening in different hypothetical situations  | Focusing on listening in different situations     – announcements, descriptions, narratives, instructions, discussions, demonstrations     Reproducing Verbatim     Listening to academic talks/ lectures     Listening to presentation  | Listening to announcements, news, documentaries with tasks based on listening     With multiple choice, Yes/No and fill in the blank activities   | <ul> <li>Checking individually against correct answers</li> <li>Listening for specific information</li> <li>Listening for overall meaning and instructions</li> <li>Listening to attitudes and opinions</li> <li>Listening to audio, video and identify key points</li> </ul>   |
| IV   | 9 (T)         | Converse effectively, appropriately and timely within the given context and the individual or team they are communicating with either face to face or other means | <ul> <li>Speaking – Effective Conversation</li> <li>Conversation situations – informal, formal and neutral</li> <li>Factors influencing way of speaking – setting, topic, social relationship, attitude and language</li> <li>Greetings, introductions, requesting, asking for and giving permission, speaking personally and casual conversations</li> <li>Asking for information, giving instructions and directions</li> <li>Agreeing and disagreeing, giving opinions</li> <li>Describing people, places, events and things, narrating, reporting &amp; reaching conclusions</li> <li>Evaluating and comparing</li> <li>Complaints and suggestions</li> <li>Telephone conversations</li> <li>Delivering presentations</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Different types of speaking activities related to the content</li> <li>Guided with prompts and free discussions</li> <li>Presentation techniques</li> <li>Talking to peers and other adults.</li> <li>Talking to patients and Patient attenders</li> <li>Talking to other healthcare professionals</li> <li>Classroom conversation</li> <li>Scenario based learning tasks</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Individual and group/peer assessment through live speaking tests</li> <li>Presentation of situation in emergency and routine</li> <li>Handoff</li> <li>Reporting in doctors/nurses' rounds</li> <li>Case presentation</li> <li>Face to face oral communication</li> <li>Speaking individually (Nurse to nurse/patient/ doctor) and to others in the group</li> <li>Telephonic talking</li> </ul> |
| V    | 5 (T)         | Read, interpret<br>and comprehend<br>content in text,<br>flow sheet,<br>framework,<br>figures, tables,<br>reports, anecdotes                                      | <ul> <li>Reading</li> <li>Reading strategies, reading notes and messages</li> <li>Reading relevant articles and news items</li> <li>Vocabulary for everyday activities, abbreviations and medical vocabulary</li> <li>Understanding visuals, graphs, figures and notes on instructions</li> </ul>  | <ul> <li>Detailed tasks and exercises on reading for information, inference and evaluation</li> <li>Vocabulary games and puzzles for medical lexis</li> </ul>   | <ul> <li>Reading/<br/>summarizing/<br/>justifying answers<br/>orally</li> <li>Patient document</li> <li>Doctor's<br/>prescription of<br/>care</li> <li>Journal/news</li> </ul>  |

| Unit | Time<br>(Hrs) | Learning<br>Outcomes  | Content   | Teaching/ Learning<br>Activities   | Assessment<br>Methods  |
|------|---------------|---|---|--|--|
|      |               |   | <ul> <li>Reading reports and interpreting them</li> <li>Using idioms and phrases, spotting errors, vocabulary for presentations</li> <li>Remedial Grammar</li> </ul>  | Grammar activities   | reading and interpretation  Notes/Reports  |
| VI   | 5 (T)         | Enhance<br>expressions<br>through writing<br>skills   | <ul> <li>Writing Skills</li> <li>Writing patient history</li> <li>Note taking</li> <li>Summarising</li> <li>Anecdotal records</li> <li>Letter writing</li> <li>Diary/Journal writing</li> <li>Report writing</li> <li>Paper writing skills</li> <li>Abstract writing</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Writing tasks with focus on task fulfilment, coherence and cohesion, appropriate vocabulary and correct grammar</li> <li>Guided and free tasks</li> <li>Different kinds of letter writing tasks</li> </ul>  | <ul> <li>Paper based assessment by the teacher/ trainer against set band descriptors</li> <li>Presentation of situation</li> <li>Documentation</li> <li>Report writing</li> <li>Paper writing skills</li> <li>Verbatim reproducing</li> <li>Letter writing</li> <li>Resume/CV</li> </ul> |
| VII  | 8 (T)         | Apply LSRW Skill in combination to learn, teach, educate and share information, ideas and results | <ul> <li>LSRW Skills</li> <li>Critical thinking strategies for listening and reading</li> <li>Oral reports, presentations</li> <li>Writing instructions, letters and reports</li> <li>Error analysis regarding LSRW</li> </ul>  | <ul> <li>Valuating different options/multiple answers and interpreting decisions through situational activities</li> <li>Demonstration – individually and in groups</li> <li>Group Discussion</li> <li>Presentation</li> <li>Role Play</li> <li>Writing reports</li> </ul> | Consolidated     assessment orally     and through     written     tasks/exercises   |

### **Books Recommended**

- 1. Living English Grammar & Composition Tickoo M.L. & Subramanian A.E, Oriental Longman, New Delhi.
- 2. English for practical purposes Valke, Thorat Patil & Merchant, Macmillan Publication, New Delhi.
- 3. Enriching your competence in English, by Thorat, Valke, Orient Publication, Pune
- 4. English Grammar & Composition Wren & Martin, S. Chand Publications-2005, Delhi.
- 5.Selva Rose, Carrier English for Nurses, 1st edition -1999, published by Orient Long man Pvt. Ltd. 1997, Chennai.

# Suggested Assessment/ Evaluation Methods <u>EXAMINATION SCHEME</u>

| S.No. | Course/Subject<br>Title | Internal | End<br>Semester<br>College<br>Exam | End<br>Semester<br>University<br>Exam | Hours | Total<br>Marks |
|-------|-------------------------|----------|------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|-------|----------------|
| 1.    | Communicative English   | 25       | 25                                 |                                       | 2     | 50             |

EVALUATION: INTERNAL ASSESSMENT

| S.No. | Name of the<br>Course | Continuous<br>Assessment | Sessional<br>Theory/<br>Practical Exams | Total Marks |
|-------|-----------------------|--------------------------|---|-------------|
| 1.    | Communicative         | 10                       | 15                                      | 25          |
|       | English               |                          |   |             |

|       | Scheme of Internal Assessment of th           | neory out of 25 | marks  |       |           |
|-------|---|-----------------|--|-------|-----------|
| Sr.   | Theory  | Quantity        | Marks  | Round | Final     |
| No    |   |                 |  | off   | Round off |
|       |   |                 |  |       | IA        |
| 1.    | Class Test I                                  |                 | 50 marks                                     | 30    | Out of 15 |
| 2.    | Class Test II                                 |                 | 75   | 30    |           |
|       |   |                 | Marks  |       |           |
| 3.    | Written Assignment                            | 2               | 50   | 10    |           |
| 4.    | Seminar/Microteaching/individual presentation | 2               | 50   | 12    | Out of 10 |
| 5.    | Group project/Work/Report                     | 1               | 50   | 6     |           |
| 6     | Attendance                                    | ,               | marks, 90-94:<br>5-89: 1 mark,<br>k, <80: 0) | 2     |           |
|       | Total   |                 | 255  |       | 25        |
| (Mar  | ks of each component to be ro                 |                 |  |       |           |
| colun | nns marks and the final IA need t             | o be calculated | l out of 25                                  |       |           |
| (15+1 | 10).  |                 |  |       |           |

#### **APPLIED ANATOMY**

**PLACEMENT:** I SEMESTER

**THEORY**: 3 Credits (60 hours)

**DESCRIPTION**: The course is designed to assists student to recall and further acquire the knowledge of the normal structure of human body, identify alteration in anatomical structure with emphasis on clinical application to practice nursing.

**COMPETENCIES:** On completion of the course, the students will be able to

- 1. Describe anatomical terms.
- 2. Explain the general and microscopic structure of each system of the body.
- 3. Identify relative positions of the major body organs as well as their general anatomic locations.
- 4. Explore the effect of alterations in structure.
- 5. Apply knowledge of anatomic structures to analyze clinical situations and therapeutic applications.

### **COURSE OUTLINE**

#### T – Theory

| Unit | Time<br>(Hrs) | Learning<br>Outcomes   | Content   | Teaching/<br>Learning<br>Activities  | Assessment<br>Methods                                      |
|------|---------------|--|---|--|--|
| I    | 8 (T)         | Define the terms relative to the anatomical position           | Introduction to anatomical terms and organization of the human body  • Introduction to anatomical terms relative to position – anterior, ventral, posterior dorsal, superior, inferior, median, lateral, proximal, distal, superficial, deep, prone, supine, palmar and plantar | <ul> <li>Lecture cum<br/>Discussion</li> <li>Use of models</li> <li>Video</li> </ul> | <ul><li> Quiz</li><li> MCQ</li><li> Short answer</li></ul> |
|      |               | Describe the anatomical planes                                 | Anatomical planes (axial/ transverse/<br>horizontal, sagittal/vertical plane and<br>coronal/frontal/oblique plane)  | Use of microscopic slides  |  |
|      |               | Define and describe<br>the terms used to<br>describe movements | Movements (flexion, extension, abduction,<br>adduction, medial rotation, lateral rotation,<br>inversion, eversion, supination, pronation,<br>plantar flexion, dorsal flexion and<br>circumduction   | Lecture cum     Discussion   |  |
|      |               |  | Cell structure, Cell division   | Video/Slides   |  |

|    |       | Organization of human body and structure of cell, tissues membranes and glands  Describe the types of cartilage | <ul> <li>Tissue – definition, types, characteristics, classification, location</li> <li>Membrane, glands – classification and structure</li> <li>Identify major surface and bony landmarks in each body region, Organization of human body</li> <li>Hyaline, fibro cartilage, elastic cartilage</li> <li>Features of skeletal, smooth and cardiac muscle</li> <li>Application and implication in nursing</li> </ul>  | • Anatomical Torso  |   |
|----|-------|---|--|---|---|
|    |       | Compare and contrast<br>the features of<br>skeletal, smooth and<br>cardiac muscle                               | 1 approximation and improving in the state of the state o |   |   |
| II | 6 (T) | Describe the structure of respiratory system  | The Respiratory system  • Structure of the organs of respiration   | <ul><li>Lecture cum<br/>Discussion</li><li>Models</li></ul> | <ul><li>Short answer</li><li>Objective type</li></ul> |
|    |       | Identify the muscles of respiration and examine their contribution to the mechanism of breathing                | <ul><li> Muscles of respiration</li><li> Application and implication in nursing</li></ul>  | • Video/Slides  |   |

| Unit | Time<br>(Hrs) | Learning<br>Outcomes  | Content   | Teaching/<br>Learning<br>Activities  | Assessment<br>Methods                                 |
|------|---------------|---|---|--|---|
| III  | 6 (T)         | Describe the structure of digestive system  | <ul> <li>The Digestive system</li> <li>Structure of alimentary canal and accessory organs of digestion</li> <li>Application and implications in nursing</li> </ul>  | <ul> <li>Lecture cum<br/>Discussion</li> <li>Video/Slides</li> <li>Anatomical<br/>Torso</li> </ul> | <ul><li>Short answer</li><li>Objective type</li></ul> |
| IV   | 6 (T)         | Describe the structure of circulatory and lymphatic system.                                 | <ul> <li>The Circulatory and Lymphatic system</li> <li>Structure of blood components, blood vessels         <ul> <li>Arterial and Venous system</li> </ul> </li> <li>Position of heart relative to the associated structures</li> <li>Chambers of heart, layers of heart</li> <li>Heart valves, coronary arteries</li> <li>Nerve and blood supply to heart</li> <li>Lymphatic tissue</li> <li>Veins used for IV injections</li> <li>Application and implication in nursing</li> </ul> | <ul><li>Lecture</li><li>Models</li><li>Video/Slides</li></ul>                                      | <ul><li>Short answer</li><li>MCQ</li></ul>            |
| V    | 4 (T)         | Identify the major<br>endocrine glands and<br>describe the structure<br>of endocrine Glands | <ul> <li>The Endocrine system</li> <li>Structure of Hypothalamus, Pineal Gland,<br/>Pituitary gland, Thyroid, Parathyroid,<br/>Thymus, Pancreas and Adrenal glands</li> </ul>   | Lecture     Models/charts  | <ul><li>Short answer</li><li>Objective type</li></ul> |
| VI   | 4 (           | Describe the structure of various sensory organs  | <ul> <li>The Sensory organs</li> <li>Structure of skin, eye, ear, nose and tongue</li> <li>Application and implications in nursing</li> </ul>   | <ul> <li>Lecture</li> <li>Explain with<br/>Video/<br/>models/charts</li> </ul>                     | <ul><li>Short answer</li><li>MCQ</li></ul>            |

| VII | 10 (T) | Describe anatomical                                  | The Musculoskeletal system:  | • Review –   | Short answer   |
|-----|--------|--|--|--|----------------|
|     |        | position and structure of bones and joints           | TDI CLIAI A  | discussion • Lecture   | Objective type |
|     |        | Identify major bones that make up the axial          | <ul><li>The Skeletal system</li><li>Anatomical positions</li></ul> | <ul><li>Discussions</li><li>Explain using phorts challenge</li></ul> |                |
|     |        | and appendicular skeleton                            | Bones – types, structure, growth and ossification                  | charts, skeleton<br>and loose bones<br>and torso                     |                |
|     |        | Classify the joints                                  | Axial and appendicular skeleton                                    | • Identifying muscles involved in nursing                            |                |
|     |        | Identify the application and implications in nursing | Joints – classification, major joints and structure                | procedures in lab  |                |
|     |        | Describe the structure of muscle                     | Application and implications in nursing                            |  |                |

| Unit | Time<br>(Hrs) | Learning<br>Outcomes  | Content   | Teaching/<br>Learning<br>Activities             | Assessment<br>Methods |
|------|---------------|---|---|---|-----------------------|
|      |               | Apply the knowledge<br>in performing nursing<br>procedures/skills | <ul> <li>The Muscular system</li> <li>Types and structure of muscles</li> <li>Muscle groups – muscles of the head, neck, thorax, abdomen, pelvis, upper limb and lower limbs</li> <li>Principal muscles – deltoid, biceps, triceps, respiratory, abdominal, pelvic floor, pelvic floor muscles, gluteal muscles and vastus lateralis</li> <li>Major muscles involved in nursing procedures</li> </ul> |   |                       |
| VIII | ` /           | Describe the structure of renal system                            | The Renal system  • Structure of kidney, ureters, bladder, urethra  • Application and implication in nursing  | <ul><li>Lecture</li><li>Models/charts</li></ul> | MCQ     Short answer  |

| IX | 5 (T) | Describe the structure of reproductive system  | <ul> <li>The Reproductive system</li> <li>Structure of male reproductive organs</li> <li>Structure of female reproductive organs</li> <li>Structure of breast</li> </ul> | <ul><li>Lecture</li><li>Models/charts</li></ul>                                | MCQ     Short answer |
|----|-------|--|--|--|----------------------|
| X  |       | Describe the structure of nervous system including the distribution of the nerves, nerve plexuses  Describe the ventricular system |  | <ul> <li>Lecture</li> <li>Explain with models</li> <li>Video slides</li> </ul> | MCQ     Short answer |

**Note:** Few lab hours can be planned for visits, observation and handling(less than 1 credit lab hours are not specified separately)

### **BIBLIOGRAPHY**

- 1. Waugh, Anne (2003), "Ross & Wilson's Anatomy & Physiology in health & illness' 10th ed., Churchill Livingstone.
- 2. Anthony & Thibodcon (2000), "Anatomy & Physiology for nurses" 11th ed., C.V. Mosby Co., London.
- 3. Greig, Rhind, "Riddle's Anatomy & Physiology", 7th ed., Churchill Livingstone.
- 4. Singh, I. B. (2005), "Anatomy & Physiology for nurses", 1st ed., Jaypee.
- 5. Tortora, (2003), "Principles of Anatomy & Physiology," 10th ed., Wiley inter.
- 6. Chaurasia, B.D. (2004), "Human Anatomy", 4th ed., CBS publishers.
- 7. Sembulingam, "Essentials of Medical Physiology," 3rd Edition 2004 J.P. Publications.
- 8. Ganong. F. William, "Review of Medical Physiology", 15th Edition, Prentice Hall International Inc., Appleton and Lange.
- 9. Guyton and Hall, "Textbook of Medical Physiology," 9 th Edition, A Prism2. Indian Edn. Pvt. Ltd
- 10.T Clenister and Jean Rosy (1974). "Anatomy and Physiology for Nurses" 2 nd Edition, William Hernmarni Medical BK, Ltd.

### **Suggested Assessment/ Evaluation Methods**

|       | Scheme of Internal Assessment of th           | neory out of 25                     | marks   |       |           |
|-------|---|-------------------------------------|---|-------|-----------|
| Sr.   | Theory  | Quantity                            | Marks   | Round | Final     |
| No    |   |                                     |   | off   | Round off |
|       |   |                                     |   |       | IA        |
| 1.    | Class Test I                                  |                                     | 50 marks                                      | 30    | Out of 15 |
| 2.    | Class Test II                                 |                                     | 75  | 30    |           |
|       |   |                                     | Marks   |       |           |
| 3.    | Written Assignment                            | 2                                   | 50  | 10    |           |
| 4.    | Seminar/Microteaching/individual presentation | 2                                   | 50  | 12    | Out of 10 |
| 5.    | Group project/Work/Report                     | 1                                   | 50  | 6     |           |
| 6     | Attendance                                    | ,                                   | marks, 90-94:<br>5-89: 1 mark,<br>rk, <80: 0) | 2     |           |
| (Mar  | ks of each component to be ro                 | ounded of $\overline{\mathbf{the}}$ | respective                                    |       |           |
| colun | nns marks and the final IA need t             | o be calculated                     | d out of 25                                   |       |           |
| (15+1 | 10).  |                                     |   |       |           |

### **EVALUATION PERFORMA FOR WRITTEN ASSIGNMENT** Name of student: -Name of evaluator: -Mark: 10 SR.NO CRITERIA MARK ALLOTTED MARK OBTAINED Format 03 2 Objective 02 3 02 Setting 4 Bibliography 01 5 Summary and Evaluation 02 Total 10 Remarks:\_\_\_\_

SIGN OF STUDENT

## EVALUATION PERFORMA FOR SEMINAR/ MICROTEACHING/ INDIVIDUAL PRESENTATION

| Name   | of topic:                          |                | Dota           |
|--------|------------------------------------|----------------|----------------|
| Name   | of evaluator:                      |                | Date:          |
| Name   | of student:                        |                |                |
| Group  | :                                  |                |                |
|        |                                    |                |                |
| Sr no. | Criteria                           | Marks Allotted | Marks Obtained |
| 1      | Introduction                       | 01             |                |
|        | Organization of Content            | 01             |                |
| 3      | Presentation of topic              | 01             |                |
| 4      | Relevant examples                  | 01             |                |
| 5      | Relevant statistical data          | 01             |                |
|        | Group participation                | 01             |                |
| 6<br>7 | AV Aids                            | 01             |                |
| 8      | Use of Modern technology           | 01             |                |
| 9      | Physical facilities                | 01             |                |
| 10     | Personal Appearance and Mannerisms | 01             |                |
| 11     | Voice & Clarity                    | 01             |                |
| 12     | References                         | 01             |                |
|        | TOTAL                              | 12             |                |
|        | al Remarks of the Teacher:         |                |                |
| •••••  |                                    |                |                |
| Remai  | rks for Improvement:               |                |                |

### SIGNATURE OF STUDENT

### SIGNATURE OF EVALUATOR

### EVALUATION PERFORMA FOR GROUP PROJECT/WORK/REPORT

| Name of Student: -   |  |  |
|----------------------|--|--|
| Name of Evaluator: - |  |  |

**Mark: 06** 

| SR.NO | CRITERIA               | MARK ALLOTTED | MARK OBTAINED |
|-------|------------------------|---------------|---------------|
|       |                        |               |               |
| 1     | Organization           | 01            |               |
| 2     | Adequacy of content    | 01            |               |
| 3     | Neatness               | 01            |               |
| 4     | Presentation           | 02            |               |
| 5     | Summary and Evaluation | 01            |               |
|       | Total                  | 06            |               |

| Remarks: |      | <br> |  |
|----------|------|------|--|
|          | <br> | <br> |  |
|          |      |      |  |
|          |      |      |  |
|          |      |      |  |
|          |      |      |  |

**SIGN OF STUDENT** 

### **EVALUATION PERFORMA FOR CLINICAL PRESENTATION**

| Name of student :-   |  |
|----------------------|--|
| Name of evaluator :- |  |

Mark: 10

| SR.NO | CRITERIA               | MARK ALLOTTED | MARK OBTAINED |
|-------|------------------------|---------------|---------------|
|       |                        |               |               |
| 1     | Format                 | 02            |               |
| 2     | Objective              | 01            |               |
| 3     | Setting                | 01            |               |
| 4     | A.V Aids               | 01            |               |
| 5     | Communication skills   | 02            |               |
| 6     | Bibliography           | 01            |               |
| 7     | Summary and Evaluation | 02            |               |
|       | Total                  | 10            |               |

| Remarks: |  |  |
|----------|--|--|
|          |  |  |
|          |  |  |
|          |  |  |
|          |  |  |

**SIGN OF STUDENT** 

### **EVALUATION PERFORMA FOR DRUG PRESENTATION AND REPORT**

| Name of Student: -   |  |  |
|----------------------|--|--|
| Name of Evaluator: - |  |  |

**Mark: 10** 

| SR.NO | CRITERIA               | MARK ALLOTTED | MARK OBTAINED |
|-------|------------------------|---------------|---------------|
|       |                        |               |               |
| 1     | Content                | 02            |               |
| 2     | Organization           | 02            |               |
| 3     | Nursing responsibility | 02            |               |
| 4     | Resource used          | 01            |               |
| 5     | Completeness           | 01            |               |
| 6     | Neatness               | 01            |               |
| 7     | Bibliography           | 01            |               |
|       | Total                  | 10            |               |

| Remarks: |      |  |
|----------|------|--|
|          | <br> |  |
|          |      |  |
|          |      |  |
|          |      |  |

SIGN OF STUDENT

### **EVALUATION PERFORMA FOR CASE STUDY REPORT**

| Name o | of evaluator: -                        |               |               |
|--------|--|---------------|---------------|
|        |  |               | Mark: 1       |
| SR.NO  | CRITERIA                               | MARK ALLOTTED | MARK OBTAINED |
| 1      | Assessment/Introduction                | 01            |               |
| 2      | Knowledge and Understanding of Disease | 02            |               |
| 3      | Nursing Care Plan                      | 02            |               |
| 4      | Discharge plan                         | 01            |               |
| 5      | Prognosis                              | 01            |               |
| 6      | Summary and Evaluation                 | 02            |               |
| 7      | Bibliography                           | 01            |               |
|        | Total                                  | 10            |               |

SIGN OF STUDENT

### **CLINICAL EVALUATION PERFORMA**

| Name of the student:          |
|-------------------------------|
| Year:                         |
| Subject:                      |
| Area of clinical experience:  |
| Duration of posting in weeks: |
| Name of the supervisor:       |

Total Marks: - 10

Scores:- 5 = Excellent, 4 = Very good, 3 = Good, 2 = Satisfactory / fair, 1 = Poor

| Sr.No. | EVALUATION CRITERIA  | MARKS ALLOTTED | MARKS OBTAINED |
|--------|--|----------------|----------------|
| I.     | Personal & Professional behavior  1. Wears clean & neat uniform and well groomed.  2. Arrives and leaves punctually.  3. Demonstrates understanding of the need for quietness in speech & manner & protects the patient from undue notice.  4. Influential & displaced persuasive assertive leadership behavior                            | 02             |                |
| II.    | <ol> <li>Attitude to Co-workers and patients</li> <li>Works well as member of nursing team.</li> <li>Gives assistance to other in clinical situations.</li> <li>Understands the patient as an individual.</li> <li>Shows skills in gaining the confidence &amp; cooperation of patients and relatives, tactful and considerate.</li> </ol> | 02             |                |
| III.   | <ol> <li>Application of knowledge</li> <li>Possess sound knowledge of medical surgical conditions.</li> <li>Has sound knowledge of scientific principles.</li> <li>Able to correlate theory with practice.</li> </ol>  | 02             |                |

|     | <ul> <li>4. Has knowledge of current treatment modalities inclusive of medicine, surgery, pharmacology and dietetics.</li> <li>5. Takes interest in new learning from current literature &amp; seeks help from resourceful people.</li> </ul>   |    |  |
|-----|---|----|--|
|     | Nursing Process  1. Assessment and Nursing Diagnosis 2. Planning 3. Implementation 4. Evaluation 5. Documentation   | 02 |  |
| IV. | <ol> <li>Quality of clinical skill</li> <li>Identifies problems &amp; sets priorities and grasps essentials while performing duties.</li> <li>Applies principles in carrying out procedures&amp; carries out duties promptly.</li> <li>Has technical competence in performing nursing procedures.</li> <li>Resourceful and practices economy of time material and energy.</li> <li>Observes carefully, reports &amp; records signs &amp; symptoms &amp; other relevant information.</li> <li>Uses opportunities to give health education to patients &amp; relatives</li> </ol> | 02 |  |
|     | Grant Total   | 10 |  |

| R | ρm | arl | ZC · | for | imp | rov | em | ent | • |
|---|----|-----|------|-----|-----|-----|----|-----|---|
| ĸ | еш | arı | 85   | Юľ  |     | TOV | еш | еш  |   |

| ~ -  |       | _   | _    |
|------|-------|-----|------|
| Stud | ent's | Rem | ark. |

Signature of the student

Signature of the teacher

### **EVALUATION PERFORMA FOR OSCE**

| Name o |  |               |               |
|--------|--|---------------|---------------|
| Name o | f Evaluator: -   |               |               |
|        |  |               |               |
|        |  |               | Mark: 05      |
| SR.NO  | CRITERIA   | MARK ALLOTTED | MARK OBTAINED |
| SK.NO  | CKITERIA   | MARK ALLOTTED | WARK ODIAINED |
| 1      | T1 ('C' 11 0 ( ''')  | 0.1           |               |
| 1      | Identifies problems & sets priorities                          | 01            |               |
| 2      | Applies Scientific principles                                  | 01            |               |
| 3      | Competence in performing Nursing procedures.                   | 01            |               |
| 4      | Resourceful and practices economy of time material and energy. | 01            |               |
| 5      | Recording and Reporting  | 01            |               |
| 6      | Uses opportunities to give health education to                 |               |               |
| -      | patients & relatives   |               |               |
|        | Total  | 05            |               |

| Remarks: |      | <br> |
|----------|------|------|
|          | <br> | <br> |
|          | <br> | <br> |
|          |      |      |
|          |      |      |

**SIGN OF STUDENT** 

## COMPLETION OF PROCEDUREAND CLINICAL REQUIREMENT

| Year: - | ·                                   |                |                   |
|---------|-------------------------------------|----------------|-------------------|
| Subjec  | t:                                  |                |                   |
| Area o  | f clinical experience:              |                |                   |
| Durati  | on of posting in weeks:             |                |                   |
| Name o  | of the supervisor:                  |                |                   |
|         |                                     |                | Total Marks: - 03 |
| Sr. No. | EVALUATION CRITERIA                 | MARKS ALLOTTED | MARKS OBTAINED    |
| I.      | Personal & Professional behavior    | 0.5            |                   |
| II.     | Attitude to Co-workers and patients | 0.5            |                   |
| III.    | Application of knowledge            | 0.5            |                   |
| IV.     | Quality of clinical skill           | 1.5            |                   |
|         | Total                               |                |                   |
| Remar   | ks for Improvement:                 |                |                   |

**Signature of the Teacher** 

**Student's Remark:** 

**Signature of the Student** 

#### APPLIED PHYSIOLOGY

**PLACEMENT**: I SEMESTER **THEORY:** 3 Credits (60 hours)

**DESCRIPTION**: The course is designed to assists student to acquire comprehensive knowledge of the normal functions of the organ systems of the human body to facilitate understanding of physiological basis of health, identify alteration in functions and provide the student with the necessary physiological knowledge to practice nursing.

**COMPETENCIES:** On completion of the course, the students will be able to

- 1. Develop understanding of the normal functioning of various organ systems of the body.
- 2. Identify the relative contribution of each organ system towards maintenance of homeostasis.
- 3. Describe the effect of alterations in functions.
- 4. Apply knowledge of physiological basis to analyze clinical situations and therapeutic applications.

#### **COURSE OUTLINE**

### T – Theory

| Unit | Time<br>(Hrs) | Learning<br>Outcomes   | Content  | Teaching/ Learning<br>Activities               | Assessment<br>Methods                                      |
|------|---------------|--|--|--|--|
| I    | 4 (T)         | Describe the<br>physiology of cell,<br>tissues,<br>membranes and<br>glands | <ul> <li>General Physiology – Basic concepts</li> <li>Cell physiology including transportation across cell membrane</li> <li>Body fluid compartments, Distribution of total body fluid, intracellular and extracellular compartments, major electrolytes and maintenance of homeostasis</li> <li>Cell cycle</li> <li>Tissue – formation, repair</li> <li>Membranes and glands – functions</li> <li>Application and implication in nursing</li> </ul> | Lecture cum     Discussion                     | <ul><li> Quiz</li><li> MCQ</li><li> Short answer</li></ul> |
| II   | 6 (T)         | Describe the<br>physiology and<br>mechanism of<br>respiration              | <ul><li>Respiratory system</li><li>Functions of respiratory organs</li><li>Physiology of respiration</li></ul>   | <ul><li>Lecture</li><li>Video slides</li></ul> | <ul><li>Essay</li><li>Short answer</li><li>MCQ</li></ul>   |

| 1    | l     | İ                                 | 1   | İ                                | İ                     |
|------|-------|-----------------------------------|---|----------------------------------|-----------------------|
|      |       | Identify the                      | Pulmonary circulation – functional features   |                                  |                       |
|      |       | muscles of respiration and        | Pulmonary ventilation, exchange of gases  |                                  |                       |
|      |       | examine their contribution to the | Carriage of oxygen and carbon-dioxide,<br>Exchange of gases in tissue                       |                                  |                       |
|      |       | mechanism of breathing            | Regulation of respiration   |                                  |                       |
|      |       |                                   | Hypoxia, cyanosis, dyspnea, periodic<br>breathing   |                                  |                       |
|      |       |                                   | Respiratory changes during exercise   |                                  |                       |
|      |       |                                   | Application and implication in nursing  |                                  |                       |
| III  | 8 (T) | Describe the                      | Digestive system  | Lecture cum                      | • Essay               |
|      |       | functions of digestive system     | • Functions of the organs of digestive tract  | Discussion                       | Short answer          |
|      |       |                                   | Saliva – composition, regulation of secretion<br>and functions of saliva                    | Video slides                     | • MCQ                 |
|      |       |                                   | Composition and function of gastric juice,<br>mechanism and regulation of gastric secretion |                                  |                       |
|      |       |                                   | Composition of pancreatic juice, function,<br>regulation of pancreatic secretion            |                                  |                       |
|      |       |                                   | • Functions of liver, gall bladder and pancreas   |                                  |                       |
|      |       |                                   | Composition of bile and function  |                                  |                       |
|      |       |                                   | Secretion and function of small and large intestine   |                                  |                       |
|      |       |                                   | Movements of alimentary tract   |                                  |                       |
|      |       |                                   | • Digestion in mouth, stomach, small intestine, large intestine, absorption of food         |                                  |                       |
|      |       |                                   | Application and implications in nursing   |                                  |                       |
| IV   | 6 (T) | Explain the                       | Circulatory and Lymphatic system  | • Lecture                        | Short answer          |
|      |       | functions of the                  | • Functions of heart, conduction system,  |                                  |                       |
| Unit |       | Learning<br>Outcomes              | Content   | Teaching/ Learning<br>Activities | Assessment<br>Methods |
|      |       | heart, and                        | cardiac cycle, Stroke volume and cardiac  | • Discussion                     | • MCQ                 |
|      |       | physiology of circulation         | output  | Video/Slides                     |                       |
|      |       |                                   | Blood pressure and Pulse  |                                  |                       |
|      |       |                                   | Circulation – principles, factors<br>influencing blood pressure, pulse                      |                                  |                       |
|      |       |                                   | Coronary circulation, Pulmonary<br>and systemic circulation                                 |                                  |                       |
|      |       |                                   | • Heart rate – regulation of heart rate   |                                  |                       |
|      |       |                                   | Normal value and variations   |                                  |                       |
|      |       |                                   | Cardiovascular homeostasis in exercise  |                                  |                       |

|  | and posture                            |  |
|--|--|--|
|  | Application and implication in nursing |  |

| V    | 5 (T) | Describe the  | Blood   | • Lecture            | • Essay          |
|------|-------|---|---|----------------------|------------------|
|      |       | composition and functions of blood                  | Blood – Functions, Physical characteristics   | • Discussion         | • Short answer   |
|      |       |   | Formation of blood cells  | • Videos             | • MCQ            |
|      |       |   | • Erythropoiesis – Functions of RBC, RBC life cycle   |                      |                  |
|      |       |   | • WBC – types, functions  |                      |                  |
|      |       |   | Platelets – Function and production of platelets  |                      |                  |
|      |       |   | Clotting mechanism of blood, clotting time,<br>bleeding time, PTT   |                      |                  |
|      |       |   | Hemostasis – role of vasoconstriction, platelet<br>plug formation in hemostasis, coagulation<br>factors, intrinsic and extrinsic pathways of<br>coagulation |                      |                  |
|      |       |   | Blood groups and types  |                      |                  |
|      |       |   | Functions of reticuloendothelial system,<br>immunity  |                      |                  |
|      |       |   | Application in nursing  |                      |                  |
| VI   | 5 (T) | Identify the major                                  | The Endocrine system  | • Lecture            | Short answer     |
|      |       | endocrine glands<br>and describe their<br>functions | <ul> <li>Functions and hormones of Pineal Gland,<br/>Pituitary gland, Thyroid, Parathyroid,<br/>Thymus, Pancreas and Adrenal glands.</li> </ul>             | Explain using charts | • MCQ            |
|      |       |   | Other hormones  |                      |                  |
|      |       |   | Alterations in disease  |                      |                  |
|      |       |   | Application and implication in nursing  |                      |                  |
| VII  | 4 (T) | Describe the  | The Sensory Organs  | • Lecture            | • Short answer   |
|      |       | structure of various sensory                        | • Functions of skin   | • Video              | • MCQ            |
|      |       | organs  | Vision, hearing, taste and smell  |                      |                  |
|      |       |   | Errors of refraction, aging changes   |                      |                  |
|      |       |   | Application and implications in nursing   |                      |                  |
| VIII | 6 (T) | Describe the functions of                           | Musculoskeletal system  | Lecture              | Structured essay |

| U | nit | Time<br>(Hrs) | Learning<br>Outcomes | Content | Teaching/ Learning<br>Activities | Assessment<br>Methods |
|---|-----|---------------|----------------------|---------|----------------------------------|-----------------------|
|   |     |               |                      |         |                                  |                       |

| bones, joints,<br>various types of<br>muscles, its<br>special properties<br>and nerves<br>supplying them |
|--|
|--|

| IX | 4 (T) | Describe the   | Renal system   | • Lecture   | Short answer                               |
|----|-------|--|--|---|--|
|    |       | physiology of<br>renal system                          | Functions of kidney in maintaining<br>homeostasis  | Charts and models   | • MCQ                                      |
|    |       |  | • GFR  |   |  |
|    |       |  | Functions of ureters, bladder and urethra  |   |  |
|    |       |  | Micturition  |   |  |
|    |       |  | Regulation of renal function   |   |  |
|    |       |  | Application and implication in nursing   |   |  |
| X  | 4 (T) | Describe the<br>structure of<br>reproductive<br>system | The Reproductive system  • Female reproductive system – Menstrual cycle, function and hormones of ovary, oogenesis, fertilization, implantation, Functions of breast | <ul><li>Lecture</li><li>Explain using charts, models, specimens</li></ul> | <ul><li>Short answer</li><li>MCQ</li></ul> |
|    |       |  | • Male reproductive system – Spermatogenesis, hormones and its functions, semen  |   |  |
|    |       |  | Application and implication in providing<br>nursing care   |   |  |

| XI 8 (T) Describe the functions of brain, physiology of nerve stimulus, reflexes, cranial and spinal nerves  Nerve impulse  Review functions of Brain-Medull Cerebrum, Cerebellum  Sensory and Motor Nervous system  Peripheral Nervous system  Autonomic Nervous system  Limbic system and higher mental I Hippocampus, Thalamus, Hypothat Vestibular apparatus  Functions of cranial nerves  Autonomic functions  Physiology of Pain-somatic, viscen referred | • MCQ • Critical reflection  Em  Functions- halamus |
|---|---|
|---|---|

| Unit | Time<br>(Hrs) | Learning<br>Outcomes | Content   | Teaching/ Learning<br>Activities | Assessment<br>Methods |
|------|---------------|----------------------|---|----------------------------------|-----------------------|
|      |               |                      | <ul> <li>Reflexes</li> <li>CSF formation, composition, circulation of<br/>CSF, blood brain barrier and blood CSF<br/>barrier</li> <li>Application and implication in nursing</li> </ul> |                                  |                       |

**Note:** Few lab hours can be planned for visits, observation and handling(less than 1 credit lab hours are not specified separately)

### **BIBLIOGRAPHY**

- 1. Waugh, Anne (2003), "Ross & Wilson's Anatomy & Physiology in health & illness" 10th ed., Churchill Livingstone.
- 2. Anthony & Thibodcon (2000), "Anatomy & Physiology for nurses" 11th ed., C.V. Mosby Co., London.
- 3. Greig, Rhind, "Riddle's Anatomy & Physiology", 7th ed., Churchill Livingstone.
- 4. Singh, I. B. (2005), "Anatomy & Physiology for nurses", 1st ed., Jaypee.

- 5. Tortora, (2003), "Principles of Anatomy & Physiology," 10th ed., Wiley inter.
- 6. Chaurasia, B.D. (2004), "Human Anatomy", 4th ed., CBS publishers.
- 7. Sembulingam, "Essentials of Medical Physiology," 3rd Edition 2004 J.P. Publications.
- 8. Ganong. F. William, "Review of Medical Physiology", 15th Edition, Prentice Hall International Inc., Appleton and Lange.
- 9. Guyton and Hall, "Textbook of Medical Physiology," 9 th Edition, A Prism2. Indian Edn. Pvt. Ltd.
- 10.T Clenister and Jean Rosy (1974). "Anatomy and Physiology for Nurses" 2 nd Edition, William Hernmarni Medical BK. Ltd.

### **Suggested Assessment/ Evaluation Methods**

| S  | scheme of Internal Assessment of theo         |               |           |       |           |
|--|---|---------------|-----------|-------|-----------|
| Sr.  | Theory  | Quantity      | Marks     | Round | Final     |
| No   |   |               |           | off   | Round off |
|  |   |               |           |       | IA        |
| 1.   | . Class Test I 50 marks                       |               |           |       | Out of 15 |
| 2.   | Class Test II                                 |               | 75        | 30    |           |
|  |   |               | Marks     |       |           |
| 3.   | Written Assignment                            | 2             | 50        | 10    |           |
| 4.   | Seminar/Microteaching/individual presentation | 2             | 50        | 12    | Out of 10 |
| 5.   | Group project/Work/Report                     | 1             | 50        | 6     |           |
| 6. Attendance (95-100%: 2 marks, 90-94: 1.5 marks, 85-89: 1 mark, 80-84: 0.5 mark, <80: 0) |   |               |           |       |           |
| (Marks of each component to be rounded of the respective                                   |   |               |           |       |           |
| colum  | nns marks and the final IA need to l          | oe calculated | out of 25 |       |           |
| (15+1  | 0).   |               |           |       |           |

### APPLIED SOCIOLOGY

PLACEMENT: I SEMESTER
THEORY: 3 Credits (60 hours)

**DESCRIPTION:** This course is designed to enable the students to develop understanding about basic concepts of sociologyand its application in personal and community life, health, illness and nursing.

**COMPETENCIES:** On completion of the course, the students will be able to

- 1. Identify the scope and significance of sociology in nursing.
- 2. Apply the knowledge of social structure and different culture in a society in identifying social needs of sick clients.
- 3. Identify the impact of culture on health and illness.
- 4. Develop understanding about types of family, marriage and its legislation.
- 5. Identify different types of caste, class, social change and its influence on health and health practices.
- 6. Develop understanding about social organization and disorganization and social problems in India.
- 7. Integrate the knowledge of clinical sociology and its uses in crisis intervention.

#### **COURSE OUTLINE**

### T - Theory

| Unit | Time<br>(Hrs) | Learning Outcomes   | Content  | Teaching/<br>Learning<br>Activities | Assessment<br>Methods   |
|------|---------------|---|--|-------------------------------------|---|
| I    |               | Describe the scope<br>and significance of<br>sociology in nursing             | <ul> <li>Introduction</li> <li>Definition, nature and scope of sociology</li> <li>Significance of sociology in nursing</li> </ul>  | Lecture     Discussion              | <ul><li>Essay</li><li>Short answer</li></ul>                        |
| п    | 15 (T)        | Groups, processes of<br>Socialization, social<br>change and its<br>importance | <ul> <li>Social structure</li> <li>Basic concept of society, community, association and institution</li> <li>Individual and society</li> <li>Personal disorganization</li> <li>Social group – meaning, characteristics, and classification.</li> <li>Social processes – definition and forms, Cooperation, competition, conflict, accommodation, assimilation, isolation</li> <li>Socialization – characteristics, process, agencies of socialization</li> <li>Social change – nature, process, and role of nurse</li> </ul> | Lecture cum<br>Discussion           | <ul><li>Essay</li><li>Short answer</li><li>Objective type</li></ul> |

| Unit | Time<br>(Hrs) | Learning Outcomes   | Content   | Teaching/<br>Learning<br>Activities  | Assessment<br>Methods  |
|------|---------------|---|---|--|--|
| III  | 8 (T)         | Describe culture and its impact on health and disease   | <ul> <li>Structure and characteristics of urban, rural and tribal community.</li> <li>Major health problems in urban, rural and tribal communities</li> <li>Importance of social structure in nursing profession</li> <li>Culture</li> <li>Nature, characteristic and evolution of culture</li> </ul>   | Lecture     Panel     discussion   | • Essay • Short answer   |
|      |               |   | <ul> <li>Diversity and uniformity of culture</li> <li>Difference between culture and civilization</li> <li>Culture and socialization</li> <li>Transcultural society</li> <li>Culture, Modernization and its impact on health and disease</li> </ul>   | discussion   |  |
| IV   | 8 (T)         | Explain family,<br>marriage and<br>legislation related to<br>marriage                                       | <ul> <li>Family and Marriage</li> <li>Family – characteristics, basic need, types and functions of family</li> <li>Marriage – forms of marriage, social custom relating to marriage and importance of marriage</li> <li>Legislation on Indian marriage and family.</li> <li>Influence of marriage and family on health and health practices</li> </ul>  | • Lecture  | <ul><li>Essay</li><li>Short answer</li><li>Case<br/>study<br/>report</li></ul>           |
| V    | 8 (T)         | Explain different<br>types of caste and<br>classes in society<br>and its influence on<br>health             | <ul> <li>Social stratification</li> <li>Introduction – Characteristics &amp; forms of stratification</li> <li>Function of stratification</li> <li>Indian caste system – origin and characteristics</li> <li>Positive and negative impact of caste in society.</li> <li>Class system and status</li> <li>Social mobility-meaning and types</li> <li>Race – concept, criteria of racial classification</li> <li>Influence of class, caste and race system on health.</li> </ul> | Lecture     Panel discussion   | <ul><li>Essay</li><li>Short answer</li><li>Objective type</li></ul>                      |
| VI   | 15 (T)        | Explain social organization, disorganization, social problems and role of nurse in reducing social problems | <ul> <li>Social organization and disorganization</li> <li>Social organization – meaning, elements and types</li> <li>Voluntary associations</li> <li>Social system – definition, types, role and status as structural element of social system.</li> <li>Interrelationship of institutions</li> <li>Social control – meaning, aims and process of social control</li> </ul>   | <ul><li>Lecture</li><li>Group<br/>discussion</li><li>Observational<br/>visit</li></ul> | <ul><li>Essay</li><li>Short answer</li><li>Objective type</li><li>Visit report</li></ul> |

| Unit | Time<br>(Hrs) | Learning Outcomes  | Content   | Teaching/<br>Learning<br>Activities                                   | Assessment<br>Methods                        |
|------|---------------|--|---|---|--|
|      |               |  | <ul> <li>Social norms, moral and values</li> <li>Social disorganization – definition, causes, Control and planning</li> <li>Major social problems – poverty, housing, food supplies, illiteracy, prostitution, dowry, Child labour, child abuse, delinquency, crime, substance abuse, HIV/AIDS, COVID-19</li> <li>Vulnerable group – elderly, handicapped, minority and other marginal group.</li> <li>Fundamental rights of individual, women and children</li> <li>Role of nurse in reducing social problem and enhance coping</li> <li>Social welfare programs in India</li> </ul> |   |  |
| VII  | 5 (T)         | Explain clinical sociology and its application in the hospital and community | <ul> <li>Clinical sociology</li> <li>Introduction to clinical sociology</li> <li>Sociological strategies for developing services for the abused</li> <li>Use of clinical sociology in crisis intervention</li> </ul>  | <ul><li>Lecture,</li><li>Group discussion</li><li>Role play</li></ul> | <ul><li>Essay</li><li>Short answer</li></ul> |

### **BIBLIOGRAPHY:**

- 1. Sachadeva Y.V., An introduction to sociology, kithab mahal: Allahabad
- 2. R.K.Manelkar, Sociology for Nurses, Sivosankar T.P., Vora Medical Publications
- 3. K.P.Pothen, S.Pothen, Sociology for Nurses, 3rd Edition, N.R.Brothers, Indore. C.N. Shankar Rao Principals of sociology with introduction to social thoughts, S Chand E Company Publishers
- 4. Ashok N.Patel, S.S.Hooda, Sociology
- 5. Dr.N.H.Groenman, Dr.O D'aslevin, M A Bockenham, Social and Behvioural sciences for Nurses, 1st edition, Campanion Press Ltd.
- 6. Dr.Ajithkumar Sinha, Principles of Sociology, Lakshmi Narain Agarwal educational publishers
- 7. T.B.Bottomore, Sociology A guide to problem and literature, 2nd edition, Blockie & Sons Publishers Pvt. Ltd.

### **Suggested Assessment/ Evaluation Methods**

|  | Scheme of Internal Assessment of th           | neory out of 25              | marks   |       |           |
|--|---|------------------------------|---|-------|-----------|
| Sr.  | Theory Qua                                    |                              | Marks   | Round | Final     |
| No   |   |                              |   | off   | Round off |
|  |   |                              |   |       | IA        |
| 1.   | Class Test I                                  | Class Test I 50 marks        |   |       |           |
| 2.   | Class Test II 75                              |                              |   | 30    |           |
|  |   |                              | Marks   |       |           |
| 3.   | Written Assignment                            | 2                            | 50  | 10    |           |
| 4.   | Seminar/Microteaching/individual presentation | 2                            | 50  | 12    | Out of 10 |
| 5.   | Group project/Work/Report                     | oup project/Work/Report 1 50 |   | 6     |           |
| 6  | Attendance                                    |                              | marks, 90-94:<br>5-89: 1 mark,<br>rk, <80: 0) | 2     |           |
| (Marks of each component to be rounded of the respective |   |                              |   |       |           |
| colun  | nns marks and the final IA need t             |                              |   |       |           |
| <b>(15+10).</b>  |   |                              |   |       |           |

### APPLIED PSYCHOLOGY

PLACEMENT: I SEMESTER
THEORY: 3 Credits (60 Hours)

**DESCRIPTION:** This course is designed to enable the students to develop understanding about basic concepts of psychology and its application in personal and community life, health, illness and nursing. It further provides students opportunity to recognize the significance and application of soft skills and self-empowerment in the practice of nursing.

**COMPETENCIES:** On completion of the course, the students will be able to

- 1. Identify the importance of psychology in individual and professional life.
- 2. Develop understanding of the biological and psychological basis of human behaviour.
- 3. Identify the role of nurse in promoting mental health and dealing with altered personality.
- 4. Perform the role of nurses applicable to the psychology of different age groups.
- 5. Identify the cognitive and affective needs of clients.
- 6. Integrate the principles of motivation and emotion in performing the role of nurse in caring for emotionally sick client.
- 7. Demonstrate basic understanding of psychological assessment and nurse's role.
- 8. Apply the knowledge of soft skills in workplace and society.
- 9. Apply the knowledge of self-empowerment in workplace, society and personal life.

#### **COURSE OUTLINE**

#### T - Theory

|      | T – Theory    |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|------|---------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Unit | Time<br>(Hrs) | Learning<br>Outcomes   | Content  | Teaching/ Learning<br>Activities             | Assessment<br>Methods                        |  |  |
| I    | 2 (T)         | Describe scope,<br>branches and<br>significance of<br>psychology in<br>nursing | <ul> <li>Introduction</li> <li>Meaning of Psychology</li> <li>Development of psychology – Scope, branches and methods of psychology</li> <li>Relationship with other subjects</li> <li>Significance of psychology in nursing</li> <li>Applied psychology to solve everyday issues</li> </ul> | • Lecture cum<br>Discussion                  | <ul><li>Essay</li><li>Short answer</li></ul> |  |  |
| II   |               | Describe biology of<br>human behaviour   | <ul> <li>Biological basis of behavior –Introduction</li> <li>Body mind relationship</li> <li>Genetics and behaviour</li> <li>Inheritance of behaviour</li> <li>Brain and behaviour.</li> <li>Psychology and sensation – sensory process – normal and abnormal</li> </ul>                     | <ul><li>Lecture</li><li>Discussion</li></ul> | <ul><li>Essay</li><li>Short answer</li></ul> |  |  |

| III | 5 (T) | Describe mentally                 | Mental health and mental hygiene  | • Lecture   | • Essay   |
|-----|-------|-----------------------------------|---|---|---|
|     |       | hygiene                           |   | <ul><li>Case discussion</li><li>Role play</li></ul> | <ul><li>Short answer</li><li>Objective type</li></ul> |
|     |       |                                   | • Role play   | • Objective type                                    |   |
|     |       |                                   | Warning signs of poor mental health   |   |   |
|     |       |                                   | Promotive and preventive mental health<br>strategies and services   |   |   |
|     |       |                                   | Defense mechanism and its implication   |   |   |
|     |       |                                   | • Frustration and conflict – types of conflicts and measurements to overcome  |   |   |
|     |       |                                   | Role of nurse in reducing frustration and conflict and enhancing coping   |   |   |
|     |       |                                   | • Dealing with ego  |   |   |
| IV  | 7 (T) | Describe                          | Developmental psychology  | • Lecture   | • Essay   |
|     |       | psychology of people in different | Physical, psychosocial and cognitive  | • Group   | Short answer  |
|     |       | age groups and role<br>of nurse   | development across life span – Prenatal through early childhood, middle to late childhood through adolescence, early and mid-adulthood, late adulthood, death and dying | • discussion  |   |
|     |       |                                   | Role of nurse in supporting normal growth<br>and development across the life span   |   |   |
|     |       |                                   | Psychological needs of various groups in<br>health and sickness – Infancy, childhood,<br>adolescence, adulthood and older adult   |   |   |
|     |       |                                   | Introduction to child psychology and role of<br>nurse in meeting the psychological needs of   |   |   |

| Unit | Time<br>(Hrs) | Learning<br>Outcomes   | Content  | Teaching/ Learning<br>Activities                                   | Assessment<br>Methods   |
|------|---------------|--|--|--|---|
|      |               |  | <ul> <li>children</li> <li>Psychology of vulnerable individuals – challenged, women, sick etc.</li> <li>Role of nurse with vulnerable groups</li> </ul>  |  |   |
| V    |               | Explain personality<br>and role of nurse in<br>identification and<br>improvement in<br>altered personality | <ul> <li>Personality</li> <li>Meaning, definition of personality</li> <li>Classification of personality</li> <li>Measurement and evaluation of personality  – Introduction</li> <li>Alteration in personality</li> <li>Role of nurse in identification of individual personality and improvement in altered personality</li> </ul> | <ul><li>Lecture</li><li>Discussion</li><li>Demonstration</li></ul> | <ul><li>Essay and short<br/>answer</li><li>Objective type</li></ul> |

| VI  | 16 (T) | Explain cognitive process and their applications   | <ul> <li>Cognitive process</li> <li>Attention – definition, types, determinants, duration, degree and alteration in attention</li> <li>Perception – Meaning of Perception, principles, factor affecting perception,</li> <li>Intelligence – Meaning of intelligence – Effect of heredity and environment in intelligence, classification, Introduction to measurement of intelligence tests – Mental deficiencies</li> <li>Learning – Definition of learning, types of learning, Factors influencing learning – Learning process, Habit formation</li> <li>Memory-meaning and nature of memory, factors influencing memory, methods to improve memory, forgetting</li> <li>Thinking – types, level, reasoning and problem solving.</li> <li>Aptitude – concept, types, individual differences and variability</li> <li>Psychometric assessment of cognitive processes – Introduction</li> <li>Alteration in cognitive processes</li> </ul> | • Lecture • Discussion       | <ul> <li>Essay and short answer</li> <li>Objective type</li> </ul>     |
|-----|--------|--|--|------------------------------|--|
| VII | 6 (T)  | Describe<br>motivation,<br>emotion, attitude<br>and role of nurse in<br>emotionally sick<br>client | Motivation and emotional processes  Motivation – meaning, concept, types, theories of motivation, motivation cycle, biological and special motives  Emotions – Meaning of emotions, development of emotions, alteration of emotion, emotions in sickness – handling emotions in self and other  Stress and adaptation – stress, stressor, cycle, effect, adaptation and coping   | Lecture     Group discussion | <ul> <li>Essay and short<br/>answer</li> <li>Objective type</li> </ul> |

| Unit | Time<br>(Hrs) | Learning<br>Outcomes | Content  | Teaching/ Learning<br>Activities | Assessment<br>Methods |
|------|---------------|----------------------|--|----------------------------------|-----------------------|
|      |               |                      | <ul> <li>Attitudes – Meaning of attitudes, nature, factor affecting attitude, attitudinal change, Role of attitude in health and sickness</li> <li>Psychometric assessment of emotions and attitude – Introduction</li> <li>Role of nurse in caring for emotionally sick client</li> </ul> |                                  |                       |

| IX |       | Explain psychological assessment and tests and role of nurse  Explain concept of soft skill and its application in work place and society | Psychological assessment and tests – introduction  Types, development, characteristics, principles, uses, interpretation  Role of nurse in psychological assessment  Application of soft skill  Concept of soft skill – visual, aural and communication skill  Types of soft skill – visual, aural and communication skill  The way of communication  Building relationship with client and society  Interpersonal Relationships (IPR): Definition, Types, and Purposes, Interpersonal skills, Barriers, Strategies to overcome barriers  Survival strategies – managing time, coping stress, resilience, work – life balance  Applying soft skill to workplace and society – Presentation skills, social etiquette, telephone etiquette, motivational skills, teamwork etc. | <ul> <li>Lecture</li> <li>Discussion</li> <li>Demonstration</li> <li>Lecture</li> <li>Group discussion</li> <li>Role play</li> <li>Refer/Complete Soft skills module</li> </ul> | Short answer     Assessment of practice     Essay and short answer |
|----|-------|---|--|---|--|
|    |       |   | • Use of soft skill in nursing   |   |  |
| X  | 2 (T) | Explain self-<br>empowerment  | <ul> <li>Self-empowerment</li> <li>Dimensions of self-empowerment</li> <li>Self-empowerment development</li> <li>Importance of women's empowerment in society</li> <li>Professional etiquette and personal grooming</li> <li>Role of nurse in empowering others</li> </ul>   | <ul><li>Lecture</li><li>Discussion</li></ul>  | <ul><li>Short answer</li><li>Objective type</li></ul>              |

### **Bibilography:**

- 1. Bhcetic B. D. & Craig M : Element of psychology and mental hygien for Nurses, Chennai. Orient Longmal.
- 2. Dodge Fernald and Peter S. Fernald, Introduction to Psychology, 5 edition, AITBS, 2004.
- 3. Jacob Anthikad, Psychology for Graduate Nurses, 3 edition, Jaypee, 2004.
- 4. Morgan C.T. & King, Introduction to Psychology, 7 edition, Megrow bill international.
- 5. Second course in psycholog, Higher secondary std. XII K.T. Basantani, Sheth publishers Pvt.

### Ltd,9th ed. 2005

- 6. Second course in Psycholog, Higher secondary std. XI K.T. Basantani, Sheth publishers Pvt. Ltd,8th ed. 2005
- 7. Hurlock E : Development psychology : Tata MC grow Hill Book Co.

| Sr.   | Scheme of Internal Assessment of the Theory   | Quantity        | Marks   | Round | Final     |
|-------|---|-----------------|---|-------|-----------|
| No    |   |                 |   | off   | Round off |
|       |   |                 |   |       | IA        |
| 1.    | Class Test I                                  | 1               | 50 marks                                      | 30    | Out of 15 |
| 2.    | Class Test II                                 |                 | 75  | 30    | -         |
|       |   |                 | Marks   |       |           |
| 3.    | Written Assignment                            | 2               | 50  | 10    |           |
| 4.    | Seminar/Microteaching/individual presentation | 2               | 50  | 12    | Out of 10 |
| 5.    | Group project/Work/Report                     | 1               | 50  | 6     |           |
| 6     | Attendance                                    | ,               | marks, 90-94:<br>5-89: 1 mark,<br>rk, <80: 0) | 2     |           |
| (Mar  | ks of each component to be ro                 |                 |   |       |           |
| colur | nns marks and the final IA need t             | o be calculated | l out of 25                                   |       |           |
| (15+2 | 10)   |                 |   |       |           |

#### APPLIED BIOCHEMISTRY

PLACEMENT: II SEMESTER

THEORY: 2 credits (40 hours) (includes lab hours also)

DESCRIPTION: The course is designed to assist the students to acquire knowledge of the normal biochemical composition and functioning of human body, its alterations in disease conditions and to apply this knowledge in the practice of nursing.

COMPETENCIES: On completion of the course, the students will be able to

- 1. Describe the metabolism of carbohydrates and its alterations.
- 2. Explain the metabolism of lipids and its alterations.
- 3. Explain the metabolism of proteins and amino acids and its alterations.
- 4. Explain clinical enzymology in various disease conditions.
- 5. Explain acid base balance, imbalance and its clinical significance.
- 6. Describe the metabolism of hemoglobin and its clinical significance.
- 7. Explain different function tests and interpret the findings.
- 8. Illustrate the immunochemistry.

### **COURSE OUTLINE**

### T-Theory

| Unit | Time<br>(Hrs) | Learning<br>Outcomes   | Content  | Teaching/ Learning<br>Activities   | Assessment<br>Methods  |
|------|---------------|--|--|--|--|
| I    | 8 (T)         | Describe the metabolism of carbohydrates and its alterations | <ul> <li>Carbohydrates</li> <li>Digestion, absorption and metabolism of carbohydrates and related disorders</li> <li>Regulation of blood glucose</li> <li>Diabetes Mellitus – type 1 and type 2, symptoms, complications &amp; management in brief</li> <li>Investigations of Diabetes Mellitus         <ul> <li>OGTT – Indications, Procedure, Interpretation and types of GTT curve</li> <li>Mini GTT, extended GTT, GCT, IV GTT</li> <li>HbA1c (Only definition)</li> </ul> </li> <li>Hypoglycemia – Definition &amp; causes</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Lecture cum<br/>Discussion</li> <li>Explain using<br/>charts and slides</li> <li>Demonstration of<br/>laboratory tests</li> </ul> | <ul><li>Essay</li><li>Short answer</li><li>Very short answer</li></ul> |

| II  | 8 (T) | Explain the metabolism of lipids and its alterations   | <ul> <li>Lipids</li> <li>Fatty acids – Definition, classification</li> <li>Definition &amp; Clinical significance of MUFA &amp; PUFA, Essential fatty acids, Trans fatty acids</li> <li>Digestion, absorption &amp; metabolism of lipids &amp; related disorders</li> <li>Compounds formed from cholesterol</li> <li>Ketone bodies (name, types &amp; significance only)</li> <li>Lipoproteins – types &amp; functions (metabolism not required)</li> <li>Lipid profile</li> <li>Atherosclerosis (in brief)</li> </ul>   | <ul> <li>Lecture cum<br/>Discussion</li> <li>Explain using<br/>charts and slides</li> <li>Demonstration of<br/>laboratory tests</li> </ul> | <ul><li>Essay</li><li>Short answer</li><li>Very short<br/>answer</li></ul> |
|-----|-------|--|--|--|--|
| III | 9 (T) | Explain the metabolism of amino acids and proteins  Identify alterations in disease conditions | <ul> <li>Proteins</li> <li>Classification of amino acids based on nutrition, metabolic rate with examples</li> <li>Digestion, absorption &amp; metabolism of protein &amp; related disorders</li> <li>Biologically important compounds synthesized from various amino acids (only names)</li> <li>In born errors of amino acid metabolism – only aromatic amino acids (in brief)</li> <li>Plasma protein – types, function &amp; normal values</li> <li>Causes of proteinuria, hypoproteinemia, hyper-gamma globinemia</li> <li>Principle of electrophoresis, normal &amp; abnormal electrophoretic patterns (in brief)</li> </ul> | Lecture cum     Discussion     Explain using     charts, models and     slides   | <ul><li>Essay</li><li>Short answer</li><li>Very short<br/>answer</li></ul> |

| Unit | Time<br>(Hrs) | Learning<br>Outcomes  | Content   | Teaching/<br>Learnin<br>g<br>Activiti  | Assessment<br>Methods  |
|------|---------------|---|---|--|--|
| IV   | 4 (T)         | Explain clinical<br>enzymology in<br>various disease<br>conditions          | Clinical Enzymology  Isoenzymes – Definition & properties  Enzymes of diagnostic importance in  Liver Diseases – ALT, AST, ALP, GGT  Myocardial infarction – CK, cardiac troponins, AST, LDH  Muscle diseases – CK, Aldolase  Bone diseases – ALP  Prostate cancer – PSA, ACP | es  Lect ure cum Disc ussi on Explain using charts and slides  | Essay     Short answer     Very short answer                 |
| V    | 3 (T)         | Explain acid base<br>balance, imbalance<br>and its clinical<br>significance | <ul> <li>Acid base maintenance</li> <li>pH – definition, normal value</li> <li>Regulation of blood pH – blood buffer, respiratory &amp; renal</li> <li>ABG – normal values</li> <li>Acid base disorders – types, definition &amp; causes</li> </ul>                           | Lect     ure     cum     Disc     ussi     on     Explain     using     charts     and     slides                  | Short answer     Very short answer                           |
| VI   | 2 (T)         | Describe the metabolism of hemoglobin and its clinical significance         | <ul> <li>Heme catabolism</li> <li>Heme degradation pathway</li> <li>Jaundice – type, causes, urine &amp; blood investigations (van den berg test)</li> </ul>  | Lect     ure     cum     Disc     ussi     on     Explain     using     charts     and     slides                  | <ul><li>Short answer</li><li>Very short<br/>answer</li></ul> |
| VII  | 3 (T)         | Explain different function tests and interpret the findings                 | Organ function tests (biochemical parameters & normal values only)  • Renal  • Liver  • Thyroid   | Lect     ure     cum     Disc     ussi     on     Visit to Lab     Explain     using     charts     and     slides | <ul><li>Short answer</li><li>Very short answer</li></ul>     |

| VIII | 3 (T) | Illustrate the immunochemistry | Immunochemistry     Structure & functions of immunoglobulin     Investigations & interpretation – ELISA | • | Lect<br>ure<br>cum<br>Disc                   | <ul><li>Short answer</li><li>Very short<br/>answer</li></ul> |
|------|-------|--------------------------------|---|---|--|--|
|      |       |                                | Investigations & Interpretation – ELISA   |   | ussi<br>on                                   |  |
|      |       |                                |   | • | Explain<br>using<br>charts<br>and<br>slides  |  |
|      |       |                                |   | • | Demonstr<br>ation of<br>laborator<br>y tests |  |

Note: Few lab hours can be planned for observation and visits (Less than 1 credit, lab hours are not specified separately).

### **Bibliography:**

- 1. U. Satyanarayan, Essentials of biochemistry, Books & allied (P) Ltd., Kolkata publisher, 2004.
- 2. Deb A.C.: Concepts of biochemistry (Theory & Practical) 1st edition, books & allied (P) Ltd. Publisher, Kolkata, 1999.
- 3. Deb. A.C. Fundamentals of biochemistry of biochemistry: 1st edition New central book Ag (P) Ltd., 2004.
- 4. Jacob Anthikad, Biochemistry for nurses; 2nd edition, Jaypee; 2001...
- 5. Gupta. R.C., Multiple choice questions in Biochemistry, 2nd edition, Jaypee, 2004

| S     | scheme of Internal Assessment of theo         | ory out of 25 i                          | marks         |       |           |
|-------|---|--|---------------|-------|-----------|
| Sr.   | Theory  | Quantity                                 | Marks         | Round | Final     |
| No    |   |  |               | off   | Round off |
|       |   |  |               |       | IA        |
| 1.    | Class Test I                                  |  | 50 marks      | 30    | Out of 15 |
| 2.    | Class Test II                                 |  | 75            | 30    |           |
|       |   |  | Marks         |       |           |
| 3.    | Written Assignment                            | 2  | 50            | 10    |           |
| 4.    | Seminar/Microteaching/individual presentation | 2  | 50            | 12    | Out of 10 |
| 5.    | Group project/Work/Report                     | 1  | 50            | 6     |           |
| 6     | Attendance                                    | (95-100%: 2 1.5 marks, 85 80-84: 0.5 mar | 5-89: 1 mark, | 2     |           |
| (Mar  | ks of each component to be roun               | _i                                       |               |       |           |
| colun | nns marks and the final IA need to            | be calculated                            | out of 25     |       |           |
| (15+1 | 0).   |  |               |       |           |

#### APPLIED NUTRITION AND DIETETICS

PLACEMENT: II SEMESTER

THEORY: 3 cred credits (60 hours)

Theory: 45 hours

Lab : 15 hours

DESCRIPTION: The course is designed to assist the students to acquire basic knowledge and understanding of the principles of Nutrition and Dietetics and apply this knowledge in the practice of Nursing.

COMPETENCIES: On completion of the course, the students will be able to

- 1. Identify the importance of nutrition in health and wellness.
- 2. Apply nutrient and dietary modifications in caring patients.
- 3. Explain the principles and practices of Nutrition and Dietetics.
- 4. Identify nutritional needs of different age groups and plan a balanced diet for them.
- 5. Identify the dietary principles for different diseases.
- 6. Plan therapeutic diet for patients suffering from various disease conditions.
- 7. Prepare meals using different methods and cookery rules.

  COURSE OUTLINE

#### T-Theory

| Unit | Time<br>(Hrs) | Learning<br>Outcomes                            | content   | Teaching/<br>Learning<br>Activities           | Assessment<br>Methods  |
|------|---------------|---|---|---|--|
| I    | 2 (T)         | Define nutrition and its relationship to Health | Introduction to Nutrition  Concepts  Definition of Nutrition & Health  Malnutrition – Under Nutrition & OverNutrition  Role of Nutrition in maintaining health  Factors affecting food and nutrition  Nutrients  Classification  Macro & Micronutrients  Organic & Inorganic  Energy Yielding & Non-Energy Yielding  Food  Classification – Food groups  Origin | Lecture cum     Discussi on     Charts/Slides | <ul> <li>Essay</li> <li>Short answer</li> <li>Very short<br/>answer</li> </ul> |

| II | 3 (T) | Describe the classification, functions, sources and recommended daily allowances (RDA) of carbohydrates  Explain BMR and factors affecting BMR | Carbohydrates  Composition – Starches, sugar andcellulose  Recommended Daily Allowance (RDA)  Dietary sources  Functions  Energy  Unit of energy – Kcal  Basal Metabolic Rate (BMR)  Factors affecting BMR   | Lecture cum     Discussi on     Charts/Slides     Models     Display of fooditems  | <ul> <li>Essay</li> <li>Short answer</li> <li>Very short<br/>answer</li> </ul> |
|----|-------|--|--|--|--|
|    |       | classification, Functions, sources and RDA ofproteins.   | <ul> <li>Composition</li> <li>Eight essential amino acids</li> <li>Functions</li> <li>Dietary sources</li> <li>Protein requirements – RDA</li> </ul>   | <ul> <li>Lecture cum         Discussi on     </li> <li>Charts/Slides</li> <li>Models</li> <li>Display of food items</li> </ul>                   | <ul><li>Essay</li><li>Short answer</li><li>Very short<br/>answer</li></ul>     |
| IV | 2 (T) | Describe the classification, Functions, sources and RDA of fats  | <ul> <li>Fats</li> <li>Classification – Saturated &amp; unsaturated</li> <li>Calorie value</li> <li>Functions</li> <li>Dietary sources of fats and fatty acids</li> <li>Fat requirements – RDA</li> </ul>  | <ul> <li>Lecture         cum         Discussi         on</li> <li>Charts/Slides</li> <li>Models</li> <li>Display of         fooditems</li> </ul> | <ul><li>Essay</li><li>Short answer</li><li>Very short<br/>answer</li></ul>     |
| V  | 3 (T) | Describe the classification, functions, sources and RDA of vitamins  | <ul> <li>Vitamins</li> <li>Classification – fat soluble &amp; water soluble</li> <li>Fat soluble – Vitamins A, D, E, and K</li> <li>Water soluble – Thiamine (vitamin B1), Riboflavin (vitamin B2), Nicotinic acid, Pyridoxine (vitamin B6), Pantothenic acid, Folic acid, Vitamin B12, Ascorbic acid (vitamin C)</li> <li>Functions, Dietary Sources &amp; Requirements – RDA of every vitamin</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Lecture cum     Discussi     on</li> <li>Charts/Slides</li> <li>Models</li> <li>Display of food items</li> </ul>                        | <ul><li>Essay</li><li>Short answer</li><li>Very short<br/>answer</li></ul>     |
| VI | 3 (T) | Describe the classification, functions, sources and RDA of minerals  | Minerals  • Classification – Major minerals (Calcium, phosphorus, sodium, potassium and magnesium) and Trace elements  • Functions  • Dietary Sources  • Requirements – RDA  | <ul> <li>Lecture cum Discussi on</li> <li>Charts/Slides</li> <li>Models</li> <li>Display of food items</li> </ul>                                | <ul><li>Short answer</li><li>Very short<br/>answer</li></ul>                   |

| VII  | 7 (T)          | Describe and   | Balanced diet  | • Lacture  | • Chart anaryan   |
|------|----------------|--|--|--|---|
| V 11 | 8 (L)          | plan balanced  |  | • Lecture cum  | Short answer  |
|      | \ 7            | diet for   | Definition, principles, steps  | Discussi   | Very short<br>answer  |
|      |                | different age groups,                                      | • Food guides – Basic Four Food Groups   | on   | answor  |
|      |                | pregnancy, and lactation                                   | • RDA – Definition, limitations, uses  | Meal planning  |   |
|      |                | lactation  | Food Exchange System   | Lab session on   |   |
|      |                |  | • Calculation of nutritive value of foods  | <ul> <li>Preparation<br/>of balanced</li> </ul>  |   |
|      |                |  | • Dietary fibre  | diet for   |   |
|      |                |  | Nutrition across life cycle  | different categories   |   |
|      |                |  | <ul> <li>Meal planning/Menu planning</li> <li>Definition, principles, steps</li> </ul>   | o Low cost<br>nutritious   |   |
|      |                |  | <ul> <li>Infant and Young Child Feeding<br/>(IYCF) guidelines – breast feeding,<br/>infant foods</li> </ul>  | dishes   |   |
|      |                |  | • Diet plan for different age  |  |   |
|      |                |  | groups –<br>Children, adolescents and elderly  |  |   |
|      |                |  | <ul> <li>Diet in pregnancy – nutritional<br/>requirements and balanced diet<br/>plan</li> </ul>  |  |   |
|      |                |  | • Anemia in pregnancy – diagnosis, diet foranemic pregnant women, iron & folic acid supplementation and counseling   |  |   |
|      |                |  | Nutrition in lactation – nutritional requirements, diet for lactating mothers, complementary feeding/ weaning  |  |   |
| VIII | 6 (T)          | Classify and describe the common                           | Nutritional deficiency disorders   | • Lecture cum  | • Essay   |
|      |                | nutritionaldeficiency                                      | Protein energy malnutrition –  magnitude of the problem, gauges  | Discussi   | Short answer  |
|      |                | disordersand identify nurses role in                       | magnitudeof the problem, causes, classification, signs & symptoms,   | on   | • Very short  |
|      |                |  |  |  | answer  |
|      |                |  | Severe acute malnutrition (SAM),   | <ul> <li>Charts/Slides</li> </ul>  | answer  |
|      |                | assessment,<br>management and                              | Severe acute malnutrition (SAM),<br>management & prevention and nurses'<br>role  | <ul><li> Charts/Slides</li><li> Models</li></ul>   | unswer  |
|      |                | assessment,  | management & prevention and nurses' role  • Childhood obesity – signs &  |  | answer  |
|      |                | assessment,<br>management and                              | management & prevention and nurses' role   |  | uniswer   |
|      |                | assessment,<br>management and                              | management & prevention and nurses' role  • Childhood obesity – signs & symptoms, assessment, management & prevention and nurses' role  • Vitamin deficiency disorders – vitamin   |  | uniswer   |
|      |                | assessment,<br>management and                              | management & prevention and nurses' role  • Childhood obesity – signs & symptoms, assessment, management & prevention and nurses' role   |  | ans wer   |
|      |                | assessment,<br>management and                              | management & prevention and nurses' role  • Childhood obesity – signs & symptoms, assessment, management & prevention and nurses' role  • Vitamin deficiency disorders – vitamin A,B, C & D deficiency disorders –   |  | unis wer  |
|      |                | assessment,<br>management and                              | management & prevention and nurses' role  • Childhood obesity – signs & symptoms, assessment, management & prevention and nurses' role  • Vitamin deficiency disorders – vitamin A,B, C & D deficiency disorders – causes, signs & symptoms, management & prevention and nurses' role  • Mineral deficiency diseases – iron, iodineand calcium deficiencies –causes,   |  | unis wer  |
|      |                | assessment,<br>management and                              | management & prevention and nurses' role  • Childhood obesity – signs & symptoms, assessment, management & prevention and nurses' role  • Vitamin deficiency disorders – vitamin A,B, C & D deficiency disorders – causes, signs & symptoms, management & prevention and nurses' role  • Mineral deficiency diseases – iron, iodineand calcium deficiencies –causes, signs & symptoms, management & prevention and nurses' role  |  | unis wer  |
| IX   | 4 (T)          | assessment, management and prevention  Principles of diets | management & prevention and nurses' role  • Childhood obesity – signs & symptoms, assessment, management & prevention and nurses' role  • Vitamin deficiency disorders – vitamin A,B, C & D deficiency disorders – causes, signs & symptoms, management & prevention and nurses' role  • Mineral deficiency diseases – iron, iodineand calcium deficiencies –causes, signs & symptoms, management &  | • Models • Lecture   | • Essay   |
| IX   | 4 (T)<br>7 (L) | assessment, management and prevention                      | management & prevention and nurses' role  • Childhood obesity – signs & symptoms, assessment, management & prevention and nurses' role  • Vitamin deficiency disorders – vitamin A,B, C & D deficiency disorders – causes, signs & symptoms, management & prevention and nurses' role  • Mineral deficiency diseases – iron, iodineand calcium deficiencies –causes, signs & symptoms, management & prevention and nurses' role  | • Models   |   |
| IX   | , ,            | assessment, management and prevention  Principles of diets | management & prevention and nurses' role  • Childhood obesity – signs & symptoms, assessment, management & prevention and nurses' role  • Vitamin deficiency disorders – vitamin A,B, C & D deficiency disorders – causes, signs & symptoms, management & prevention and nurses' role  • Mineral deficiency diseases – iron, iodineand calcium deficiencies –causes, signs & symptoms, management & prevention and nurses' role  Therapeutic diets   | • Models  • Lecture cum  | <ul><li>Essay</li><li>Short answer</li><li>Very short</li></ul> |
| IX   | , ,            | assessment, management and prevention  Principles of diets | management & prevention and nurses' role  • Childhood obesity – signs & symptoms, assessment, management & prevention and nurses' role  • Vitamin deficiency disorders – vitamin A,B, C & D deficiency disorders – causes, signs & symptoms, management & prevention and nurses' role  • Mineral deficiency diseases – iron, iodineand calcium deficiencies –causes, signs & symptoms, management & prevention and nurses' role  Therapeutic diets  • Definition, Objectives, Principles   | • Models  • Lecture cum Discussi   | • Essay • Short answer  |
| IX   | , ,            | assessment, management and prevention  Principles of diets | management & prevention and nurses' role  Childhood obesity – signs & symptoms, assessment, management & prevention and nurses' role  Vitamin deficiency disorders – vitamin A,B, C & D deficiency disorders – causes, signs & symptoms, management & prevention and nurses' role  Mineral deficiency diseases – iron, iodineand calcium deficiencies –causes, signs & symptoms, management & prevention and nurses' role  Therapeutic diets  Definition, Objectives, Principles  Modifications – Consistency, Nutrients,  Feeding techniques.  Diet in Diseases – Obesity, Diabetes   | <ul> <li>Models</li> <li>Lecture cum Discussi on</li> <li>Meal planning</li> <li>Lab session</li> </ul>    | <ul><li>Essay</li><li>Short answer</li><li>Very short</li></ul> |
| IX   | , ,            | assessment, management and prevention  Principles of diets | <ul> <li>management &amp; prevention and nurses' role</li> <li>Childhood obesity – signs &amp; symptoms, assessment, management &amp; prevention and nurses' role</li> <li>Vitamin deficiency disorders – vitamin A,B, C &amp; D deficiency disorders – causes, signs &amp; symptoms, management &amp; prevention and nurses' role</li> <li>Mineral deficiency diseases – iron, iodineand calcium deficiencies –causes, signs &amp; symptoms, management &amp; prevention and nurses' role</li> <li>Therapeutic diets</li> <li>Definition, Objectives, Principles</li> <li>Modifications – Consistency, Nutrients,</li> <li>Feeding techniques.</li> <li>Diet in Diseases – Obesity, Diabetes Mellitus, CVD, Underweight, Renal</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Models</li> <li>Lecture cum Discussi on</li> <li>Meal planning</li> <li>Lab session on</li> </ul> | <ul><li>Essay</li><li>Short answer</li><li>Very short</li></ul> |
| IX   | , ,            | assessment, management and prevention  Principles of diets | management & prevention and nurses' role  Childhood obesity – signs & symptoms, assessment, management & prevention and nurses' role  Vitamin deficiency disorders – vitamin A,B, C & D deficiency disorders – causes, signs & symptoms, management & prevention and nurses' role  Mineral deficiency diseases – iron, iodineand calcium deficiencies –causes, signs & symptoms, management & prevention and nurses' role  Therapeutic diets  Definition, Objectives, Principles  Modifications – Consistency, Nutrients,  Feeding techniques.  Diet in Diseases – Obesity, Diabetes   | <ul> <li>Models</li> <li>Lecture cum Discussi on</li> <li>Meal planning</li> <li>Lab session</li> </ul>    | <ul><li>Essay</li><li>Short answer</li><li>Very short</li></ul> |

| X  | 3 (T) | Describe the rules and preservation of nutrients                      | Cookery rules and preservation ofnutrients  Cooking – Methods, Advantages andDisadvantages  Preservation of nutrients  Measures to prevent loss of nutrientsduring preparation  Safe food handling and Storage of foods  Food preservation  Food additives and food adulteration  Prevention of Food Adulteration  Act(PFA)  Food standards | <ul> <li>Lecture         cum         Discussi         on</li> <li>Charts/Slides</li> </ul>                                     | <ul><li>Essay</li><li>Short answer</li><li>Very short<br/>answer</li></ul>                                   |
|----|-------|---|---|--|--|
| XI | 4 (T) | Explain the methods of nutritional assessment and nutrition education | Nutrition assessment and nutrition education  Objectives of nutritional assessment  Methods of assessment – clinical examination, anthropometry, laboratory & biochemical assessment, assessment ofdietary intake including Food frequency questionnaire (FFQ) method  Nutrition education – purposes, principlesand methods                | <ul> <li>Lecture cum         Discussi on     </li> <li>Demonstration</li> <li>Writing nutritional assessment report</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Essay</li> <li>Short answer</li> <li>Evaluation of<br/>Nutritional<br/>assessment report</li> </ul> |

| XII  | 3 (T) | Describe nutritional<br>problems in India<br>and nutritional<br>programs                        | National Nutritional Programs and roleof nurse  Nutritional problems in India  National nutritional policy  National nutritional programs – Vitamin A Supplementation, Anemia Mukt Bharat Program, Integrated Child Development Services (ICDS), Mid-day Meal Scheme (MDMS), National Iodine Deficiency Disorders Control Program (NIDDCP), Weekly Iron Folic Acid Supplementation (WIFS) and others as introduced  Role of nurse in every program | Lecture cum<br>Discussion         | <ul><li>Essay</li><li>Short answer</li><li>Very short<br/>answer</li></ul> |
|------|-------|---|--|-----------------------------------|--|
| XIII | 2 (T) | Discuss the importance of food hygiene and food safety  Explain the Acts related to food safety | Food safety  Definition, Food safety considerations & measures  Food safety regulatory measures in India Relevant Acts  Five keys to safer food  Food storage, food handling and cooking  General principles of food storage of food items (ex. milk, meat)  Role of food handlers in food borne diseases  Essential steps in safe cooking practices   | Guided reading on<br>related acts | • Quiz • Short answer  |
| XIII | 2 (T) | Discuss the importance of food hygiene and food safety  Explain the Acts related to food safety | Food safety  Definition, Food safety considerations & measures  Food safety regulatory measures in India – Relevant Acts  Five keys to safer food  Food storage, food handling and cooking  General principles of food storage of food items (ex. milk, meat)  Role of food handlers in food borne diseases  Essential steps in safe cooking practices   | Guided reading on<br>related acts | • Quiz • Short answer  |

### **Bibliography:**

- 1) Shubhangi Joshi, Nutrition and Dietetics 2 nd edition, Tata McGraw Hill publishing company Limited, New Delhi, 2002.
- 2) Dr. M. Swaminathan, Handbook of Food and Nutrition, The Banglore printing and publishing Co. Ltd. (Banglore press) 2004.
- 3) C. Gopalan, B. V. Ramasastri and S.C. Balasubramanian Nutritive value of Indian Foods, National Institute of Nutrition, Indian Council of Medical Research, Hyderabad 1999.
- 4) Joshi V.D. Handbook of Nutrition and Dietetics vora medical publications, 1999.
- 5) Kusum Gupta (L. C.Guple, Abhishek Gupta) Food and Nutrition Facts and Figures, 5th edition Jaypee brothers Medical publications (P) Ltd., New Delhi, India 2003.
- 6) T. K. Indrani, Nursing Manual of Nutrition and Therapeutic Diet, 1st edition Jaypee Brothers medical publishers (P) Ltd., 2003.
- 7) Antia Clinical Dietetics and Nutrition, ed., 4th.

| S     | cheme of Internal Assessment of theo          |  |               |       |           |
|-------|---|--|---------------|-------|-----------|
| Sr.   | Theory  | Quantity                                   | Marks         | Round | Final     |
| No    |   |  |               | off   | Round off |
|       |   |  |               |       | IA        |
| 1.    | Class Test I                                  |  | 50 marks      | 30    | Out of 15 |
| 2.    | Class Test II                                 |  | 75            | 30    |           |
|       |   |  | Marks         |       |           |
| 3.    | Written Assignment                            | 2  | 50            | 10    |           |
| 4.    | Seminar/Microteaching/individual presentation | 2  | 50            | 12    | Out of 10 |
| 5.    | Group project/Work/Report                     | 1  | 50            | 6     |           |
| 6     | Attendance                                    | (95-100%: 2 : 1.5 marks, 85 80-84: 0.5 mar | 5-89: 1 mark, | 2     |           |
| (Mar  | ks of each component to be roun               |  |               |       |           |
| colun | nns marks and the final IA need to            |  |               |       |           |
| (15+1 | 0).   |  |               |       |           |

#### **NURSING FOUNDATION - II**

#### (Including Health Assessment Module)

PLACEMENT: II SEMESTER

THEORY: 6 Credits (120 hours)

PRACTICUM: Skill Lab: 3 Credits (120 hours), Clinical: 4 Credits (320 hours)

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed to help novice nursing students develop knowledge and competencies required to provide evidence-based, comprehensive basic nursing care for adult patients, using nursing process approach.

COMPETENCIES: On completion of the course, the students will be able to

- 1. Develop understanding about fundamentals of health assessment and perform health assessment in supervised clinical settings
- 2. Demonstrate fundamental skills of assessment, planning, implementation and evaluation of nursing care using Nursing process approach in supervised clinical settings
- 3. Assess the Nutritional needs of patients and provide relevant care under supervision
- 4. Identify and meet the hygienic needs of patients
- 5. Identify and meet the elimination needs of patient
- 6. Interpret findings of specimen testing applying the knowledge of normal values
- 7. Promote oxygenation based on identified oxygenation needs of patients under supervision
- 8. Review the concept of fluid, electrolyte balance integrating the knowledge of applied physiology
- 9. Apply the knowledge of the principles, routes, effects of administration of medications in administering medication
- 10. Calculate conversions of drugs and dosages within and between systems of measurements
- 11. Demonstrate knowledge and understanding in caring for patients with altered functioning of sense organs and unconsciousness
- 12. Explain loss, death and grief
- 13. Describe sexual development and sexuality
- 14. Identify stressors and stress adaptation modes
- 15. Integrate the knowledge of culture and cultural differences in meeting the spiritual needs
- 16. Explain the introductory concepts relevant to models of health and illness in patient care

\*Mandatory Module used in Teaching/Learning:

Health Assessment Module: 40 hours

### COURSE OUTLINE

### $T-Theory,\,SL-Skill\;Lab$

| Unit | Time<br>(Hrs)        | Learning Outcomes  | Content   | Teaching/ Learning<br>Activities   | Assessment<br>Methods   |
|------|----------------------|--|---|--|---|
| I    | 20 (T)<br>20<br>(SL) | Describe the purpose and process of health assessment and perform assessment under supervised clinical practice      | <ul> <li>Health Assessment</li> <li>Interview techniques</li> <li>Observation techniques</li> <li>Purposes of health assessment</li> <li>Process of Health assessment oHealth history         <ul> <li>Physical examination:</li> <li>Methods: Inspection, Palpation, Percussion, Auscultation, Olfaction</li> <li>Preparation for examination: patient and unit</li> <li>General assessment</li> <li>Assessment of each body system</li> <li>Documenting health assessment findings</li> </ul> </li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Modular Learning</li> <li>*Health Assessment<br/>Module</li> <li>Lecture cum<br/>Discussion</li> <li>Demonstration</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Essay</li> <li>Short answer</li> <li>Objective type</li> <li>OSCE</li> </ul>               |
| II   | 13 (T)<br>8 (SL)     | Describe<br>assessment,<br>planning,<br>implementation and<br>evaluation of<br>nursing care using<br>Nursing process | <ul> <li>The Nursing Process</li> <li>Critical Thinking Competencies,<br/>Attitudes for Critical Thinking, Levels of<br/>critical thinking in Nursing</li> <li>Nursing Process Overview</li> </ul>  | <ul><li>Lecture</li><li>Discussion</li><li>Demonstration</li><li>Supervised<br/>Clinical Practice</li></ul>                            | <ul><li>Essay</li><li>Short answer</li><li>Objective type</li><li>Evaluation of care plan</li></ul> |

| Unit | Time<br>(Hrs) | Learning Outcomes                 | Content  | Teaching/ Learning<br>Activities | Assessment<br>Methods                        |
|------|---------------|-----------------------------------|--|----------------------------------|--|
|      |               | approach                          | oAssessment  |                                  |  |
|      |               |                                   | <ul> <li>Collection of Data: Types,<br/>Sources, Methods</li> </ul>  |                                  |  |
|      |               |                                   | <ul> <li>Organizing Data</li> </ul>  |                                  |  |
|      |               |                                   | <ul> <li>Validating Data</li> </ul>  |                                  |  |
|      |               |                                   | <ul> <li>Documenting Data</li> </ul>   |                                  |  |
|      |               |                                   | o Nursing Diagnosis  |                                  |  |
|      |               |                                   | ☐ Identification of client problems, risks and strengths   |                                  |  |
|      |               |                                   | ☐ Nursing diagnosis statement — parts, Types, Formulating, Guidelines for formulating Nursing Diagnosis              |                                  |  |
|      |               |                                   | □ NANDA approved diagnoses   |                                  |  |
|      |               |                                   | ☐ Difference between medical and nursing diagnosis   |                                  |  |
|      |               |                                   | o Planning   |                                  |  |
|      |               |                                   | ☐ Types of planning  |                                  |  |
|      |               |                                   | <ul> <li>Establishing Priorities</li> </ul>  |                                  |  |
|      |               |                                   | ☐ Establishing Goals and Expected Outcomes – Purposes, types, guidelines, Components of goals and outcome statements |                                  |  |
|      |               |                                   | ☐ Types of Nursing Interventions,<br>Selecting interventions: Protocols<br>and Standing Orders                       |                                  |  |
|      |               |                                   | ☐ Introduction to Nursing Intervention Classification and Nursing Outcome Classification                             |                                  |  |
|      |               |                                   | ☐ Guidelines for writing care plan   |                                  |  |
|      |               |                                   | <ul> <li>Implementation</li> </ul>   |                                  |  |
|      |               |                                   | ☐ Process of Implementing the plan of care   |                                  |  |
|      |               |                                   | ☐ Types of care – Direct and Indirect  |                                  |  |
|      |               |                                   | o Evaluation   |                                  |  |
|      |               |                                   | <ul> <li>Evaluation Process,</li> <li>Documentation and Reporting</li> </ul>   |                                  |  |
| III  | 5 (T)         | Identify and meet                 | Nutritional needs  | • Lecture                        | • Essay                                      |
|      | 5 (SL)        | the Nutritional needs of patients | Importance   | • Discussion                     | Short answer                                 |
|      |               | or parionio                       | Factors affecting nutritional needs  | Demonstration                    | Objective type                               |
|      |               |                                   | Assessment of nutritional status   | • Exercise                       | • Evaluation of                              |
|      |               |                                   | • Review: special diets – Solid, Liquid, Soft  | • Supervised Clinical practice   | nutritional<br>assessment &<br>diet planning |
|      |               |                                   | • Review on therapeutic diets  | 1                                | uici piaiiiiiig                              |
|      |               |                                   | Care of patient with Dysphagia,  |                                  |  |

| Unit | Time<br>(Hrs) | Learning Outcomes              | Content   | Teaching/ Learning<br>Activities | Assessment<br>Methods                         |
|------|---------------|--------------------------------|---|----------------------------------|---|
|      |               |                                | Anorexia, Nausea, Vomiting  |                                  |   |
|      |               |                                | Meeting Nutritional needs: Principles,<br>equipment, procedure, indications   |                                  |   |
|      |               |                                | o Oral  |                                  |   |
|      |               |                                | o Enteral: Nasogastric/<br>Orogastric   |                                  |   |
|      |               |                                | Introduction to other enteral feeds – types, indications,     Gastrostomy, Jejunostomy  |                                  |   |
|      |               |                                | o Parenteral – TPN (Total Parenteral Nutrition)   |                                  |   |
| IV   | 5 (T)         | Identify and meet              | Hygiene   | • Lecture                        | • Essay                                       |
|      | 15            | the hygienic needs of patients | Factors Influencing Hygienic Practice   | <ul> <li>Discussion</li> </ul>   | Short answer                                  |
|      | (SL)          | or patients                    | Hygienic care: Indications and purposes, effects of neglected care  | • Demonstration                  | Objective type                                |
|      |               |                                | o Care of the Skin – (Bath, feet and nail,<br>Hair Care)  |                                  | • OSCE  |
|      |               |                                | o Care of pressure points   |                                  |   |
|      |               |                                | Assessment of Pressure Ulcers using<br>Braden Scale and Norton Scale  |                                  |   |
|      |               |                                | <ul> <li>Pressure ulcers – causes, stages and<br/>manifestations, care and prevention</li> </ul>  |                                  |   |
|      |               |                                | o Perineal care/Meatal care   |                                  |   |
|      |               |                                | <ul> <li>Oral care, Care of Eyes, Ears and<br/>Nose including assistive devices (eye<br/>glasses, contact lens, dentures, hearing<br/>aid)</li> </ul> |                                  |   |
| V    | 10 (T)        | Identify and meet              | Elimination needs   | Lecture                          | • Essay                                       |
|      | 10            | the elimination                | Urinary Elimination   | • Discussion                     | Short answer                                  |
|      | (SL)          | needs of patient               | Review of Physiology of Urine<br>Elimination, Composition and<br>characteristics of urine   | • Demonstration                  | <ul><li>Objective type</li><li>OSCE</li></ul> |
|      |               |                                | <ul> <li>Factors Influencing Urination</li> </ul>   |                                  |   |
|      |               |                                | <ul> <li>Alteration in Urinary Elimination</li> </ul>   |                                  |   |
|      |               |                                | <ul> <li>Facilitating urine elimination:<br/>assessment, types, equipment,<br/>procedures and special<br/>considerations</li> </ul>                   |                                  |   |
|      |               |                                | <ul> <li>Providing urinal/bed pan</li> </ul>  |                                  |   |
|      |               |                                | <ul> <li>Care of patients with</li> </ul>   |                                  |   |
|      |               |                                | ■ Condom drainage   |                                  |   |
|      |               |                                | <ul> <li>Intermittent Catheterization</li> </ul>  |                                  |   |
|      |               |                                | <ul> <li>Indwelling Urinary catheter and urinary drainage</li> </ul>  |                                  |   |
|      |               |                                | <ul> <li>Urinary diversions</li> </ul>  |                                  |   |
|      |               |                                | <ul> <li>Bladder irrigation</li> </ul>  |                                  |   |
|      |               |                                |   |                                  |   |

| Unit | Time<br>(Hrs) | Learning Outcomes                                  | Content   | Teaching/ Learning Activities  | Assessment<br>Methods |                |
|------|---------------|--|---|--|-----------------------|----------------|
|      |               |  | Bowel Elimination   |  |                       |                |
|      |               |  | <ul> <li>Review of Physiology of Bowel<br/>Elimination, Composition and<br/>characteristics of feces</li> </ul> |  |                       |                |
|      |               |  | <ul> <li>Factors affecting Bowel elimination</li> </ul>   |  |                       |                |
|      |               |  | <ul> <li>Alteration in Bowel Elimination</li> </ul>   |  |                       |                |
|      |               |  | <ul> <li>Facilitating bowel elimination:</li> <li>Assessment, equipment, procedures</li> </ul>                  |  |                       |                |
|      |               |  | <ul><li>Enemas</li></ul>  |  |                       |                |
|      |               |  | <ul> <li>Suppository</li> </ul>   |  |                       |                |
|      |               |  | <ul> <li>Bowel wash</li> </ul>  |  |                       |                |
|      |               |  | <ul> <li>Digital Evacuation of impacted feces</li> </ul>  |  |                       |                |
|      |               |  | <ul> <li>Care of patients with Ostomies<br/>(Bowel Diversion Procedures)</li> </ul>                             |  |                       |                |
| VI   | 3 (T)         | Explain various                                    | Diagnostic testing  | • Lecture  | • Essay               |                |
|      | 4 (SL)        | types of specimens and identify normal             | Phases of diagnostic testing (pre-test,   | • Discussion   | Short answer          |                |
|      |               | values of tests                                    |   | intra-test & post-test) in Common investigations and clinical implications | Demonstration         | Objective type |
|      |               | Develop skill in                                   | Complete Blood Count  |  |                       |                |
|      |               | specimen   | Serum Electrolytes  |  |                       |                |
|      |               | collection, handling and transport                 |   |  |                       |                |
|      |               | and transport                                      | Lipid/Lipoprotein profile   |  |                       |                |
|      |               |  | O Serum Glucose – AC, PC,<br>HbA1c  |  |                       |                |
|      |               |  | <ul> <li>Monitoring Capillary Blood<br/>Glucose (Glucometer Random<br/>Blood Sugar – GRBS)</li> </ul>           |  |                       |                |
|      |               |  | <ul> <li>Stool Routine Examination</li> </ul>   |  |                       |                |
|      |               |  | <ul> <li>Urine Testing – Albumin,</li> <li>Acetone, pH, Specific Gravity</li> </ul>                             |  |                       |                |
|      |               |  | <ul> <li>Urine Culture, Routine, Timed</li> <li>Urine Specimen</li> </ul>                                       |  |                       |                |
|      |               |  | Sputum culture  |  |                       |                |
|      |               |  | Overview of Radiologic & Endoscopic Procedures  |  |                       |                |
| VII  | 11 (T)        | Assess patients for                                | Oxygenation needs   | Lecture  | • Essay               |                |
|      | 10<br>(SL)    | oxygenation needs, promote                         | ☐ Review of Cardiovascular and Respiratory Physiology   | • Discussion   | Short answer          |                |
|      |               | oxygenation and provide care during oxygen therapy | ☐ Factors affecting respiratory functioning   | Demonstration & Re-demonstration   | Objective type        |                |
|      |               |  | ☐ Alterations in Respiratory Functioning  |  |                       |                |
|      |               |  | ☐ Conditions affecting  |  |                       |                |
|      |               |  | o Airway  |  |                       |                |
|      |               |  | o Movement of air   |  |                       |                |
| 1    | Ī             | 1  | İ   | I  | I                     |                |

| Unit | Time<br>(Hrs) | Learning Outcomes                                  | Content   | Teaching/ Learning Activities  | Assessment<br>Methods  |
|------|---------------|--|---|--------------------------------|--|
| VIII |               | Describe the concept of fluid, electrolyte balance | Content  O Diffusion O Oxygen transport Alterations in oxygenation Nursing interventions to promote oxygenation: assessment, types, equipment used & procedure O Maintenance of patent airway O Oxygen administration O Suctioning – oral, tracheal O Chest physiotherapy – Percussion, Vibration & Postural drainage O Care of Chest drainage – principles & purposes O Pulse Oximetry – Factors affecting measurement of oxygen saturation using pulse oximeter, Interpretation Restorative & continuing care O Hydration O Coughing techniques O Breathing exercises O Incentive spirometry  Fluid, Electrolyte, and Acid – Base Balances  Review of Physiological Regulation of Fluid, Electrolyte and Acid-Base Balances |                                | <ul> <li>Essay</li> <li>Short answer</li> <li>Objective type</li> <li>Problem</li> </ul> |
| VIII | 10            | concept of fluid,                                  | <ul> <li>Incentive spirometry</li> <li>Fluid, Electrolyte, and Acid – Base Balances</li> <li>Review of Physiological Regulation of Fluid, Electrolyte and Acid-Base</li> </ul>  | <ul> <li>Discussion</li> </ul> | <ul><li>Short answer</li><li>Objective type</li></ul>                                    |

| Unit | Time<br>(Hrs) | Learning Outcomes                                   | Content  | Teaching/ Learning<br>Activities | Assessment<br>Methods |
|------|---------------|---|--|----------------------------------|-----------------------|
|      |               |   | Peripheral venipuncture sites  |                                  |                       |
|      |               |   | <ul> <li>Types of IV fluids</li> </ul>   |                                  |                       |
|      |               |   | <ul> <li>Calculation for making IV fluid plan</li> </ul>   |                                  |                       |
|      |               |   | <ul> <li>Complications of IV fluid therapy</li> </ul>  |                                  |                       |
|      |               |   | <ul> <li>Measuring fluid intake and output</li> </ul>  |                                  |                       |
|      |               |   | <ul> <li>Administering Blood and Blood components</li> </ul>   |                                  |                       |
|      |               |   | <ul> <li>Restricting fluid intake</li> </ul>   |                                  |                       |
|      |               |   | <ul><li>Enhancing Fluid intake</li></ul>   |                                  |                       |
| IX   | 20 (T)        | Explain the   | Administration of Medications  | • Lecture                        | • Essay               |
|      | 22            | principles, routes, effects of                      | Introduction – Definition of   | <ul> <li>Discussion</li> </ul>   | Short answer          |
|      | (SL)          | administration of                                   | Medication, Administration of  | Demonstration &                  | Objective type        |
|      |               | medications  Calculate                              | Medication, Drug Nomenclature, Effects of Drugs, Forms of Medications, Purposes, Pharmacodynamics and Pharmacokinetics   | Re-demonstration                 | • OSCE                |
|      |               | conversions of                                      | Factors influencing Medication Action  |                                  |                       |
|      |               | drugs and dosages within and between                | Medication orders and Prescriptions  |                                  |                       |
|      |               | systems of  | Systems of measurement   |                                  |                       |
|      |               | measurements  | Medication dose calculation  |                                  |                       |
|      |               | A dualistic and and                                 |  |                                  |                       |
|      |               | Administer oral and topical medication and document | Administration   |                                  |                       |
|      |               | accurately under                                    | Errors in Medication administration  |                                  |                       |
|      |               | supervision   | Routes of administration   |                                  |                       |
|      |               |   | Storage and maintenance of drugs and<br>Nurses responsibility  |                                  |                       |
|      |               |   | Terminologies and abbreviations used<br>in prescriptions and medications orders  |                                  |                       |
|      |               |   | Developmental considerations   |                                  |                       |
|      |               |   | Oral, Sublingual and Buccal routes:<br>Equipment, procedure  |                                  |                       |
|      |               |   | Introduction to Parenteral     Administration of Drugs —     Intramuscular, Intravenous,     Subcutaneous, Intradermal: Location of site, Advantages and disadvantages of the specific sites, Indication and contraindications for the different routes and sites. |                                  |                       |
|      |               |   | • Equipment – Syringes & needles, cannulas, Infusion sets – parts, types, sizes  |                                  |                       |
|      |               |   | Types of vials and ampoules,     Preparing Injectable medicines from vials and ampoules  |                                  |                       |
|      |               |   | oCare of equipment: decontamination and disposal of syringes, needles,   |                                  |                       |

| Unit | Time<br>(Hrs) | Learning Outcomes                          | Content   | Teaching/ Learning<br>Activities | Assessment<br>Methods            |
|------|---------------|--|---|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
|      |               |  | infusion sets   |                                  |                                  |
|      |               |  | oPrevention of Needle-Stick Injuries  |                                  |                                  |
|      |               |  | Topical Administration: Types,<br>purposes, site, equipment, procedure  |                                  |                                  |
|      |               |  | <ul> <li>Application to skin &amp; mucous<br/>membrane</li> </ul>   |                                  |                                  |
|      |               |  | <ul> <li>Direct application of liquids, Gargle<br/>and swabbing the throat</li> </ul>   |                                  |                                  |
|      |               |  | <ul> <li>Insertion of Drug into body cavity:<br/>Suppository/ medicated packing in<br/>rectum/vagina</li> </ul>   |                                  |                                  |
|      |               |  | <ul> <li>Instillations: Ear, Eye, Nasal, Bladder,<br/>and Rectal</li> </ul>   |                                  |                                  |
|      |               |  | <ul> <li>Irrigations: Eye, Ear, Bladder, Vaginal<br/>and Rectal</li> </ul>  |                                  |                                  |
|      |               |  | Spraying: Nose and throat   |                                  |                                  |
|      |               |  | Inhalation: Nasal, oral,<br>endotracheal/tracheal (steam, oxygen<br>and medications) – purposes, types,<br>equipment, procedure, recording and<br>reporting of medications administered |                                  |                                  |
|      |               |  | Other Parenteral Routes: Meaning of<br>epidural, intrathecal, intraosseous,<br>intraperitoneal, intra-pleural, intra-<br>arterial   |                                  |                                  |
| X    | 5 (T)         | Provide care to                            | Sensory needs   | • Lecture                        | • Essay                          |
|      | 6 (SL)        | patients with altered functioning of sense | Introduction  | Discussion                       | <ul> <li>Short answer</li> </ul> |
|      |               | organs and unconsciousness in              | Components of sensory experience – Reception, Perception & Reaction   | Demonstration                    | Objective type                   |
|      |               | supervised clinical practice               | Arousal Mechanism   |                                  |                                  |
|      |               | Familia                                    | Factors affecting sensory function  |                                  |                                  |
|      |               |  | Assessment of Sensory alterations – sensory deficit, deprivation, overload & sensory poverty  |                                  |                                  |
|      |               |  | Management  |                                  |                                  |
|      |               |  | oPromoting meaningful communication<br>(patients with Aphasia, artificial<br>airway & Visual and Hearing<br>impairment)   |                                  |                                  |
|      |               |  | Care of Unconscious Patients  |                                  |                                  |
|      |               |  | Unconsciousness: Definition, causes & risk factors, pathophysiology, stages of Unconsciousness, Clinical Manifestations   |                                  |                                  |
|      |               |  | Assessment and nursing management<br>of patient with unconsciousness,<br>complications  |                                  |                                  |

| Unit  | Time<br>(Hrs) | Learning Outcomes               | Content  | Teaching/ Learning<br>Activities |   | Assessment<br>Methods |
|-------|---------------|---------------------------------|--|----------------------------------|---|-----------------------|
| XI    | 4 (T)         | Explain loss, death             | Care of Terminally ill, death and dying  | • Lecture                        | • | Essay                 |
|       | 6 (SL)        | and grief                       | • Loss – Types   | <ul> <li>Discussion</li> </ul>   | • | Short answer          |
|       |               |                                 | Grief, Bereavement & Mourning  | Case discussions                 | • | Objective type        |
|       |               |                                 | Types of Grief responses   | Death care/last                  |   |                       |
|       |               |                                 | Manifestations of Grief  | office                           |   |                       |
|       |               |                                 | Factors influencing Loss & Grief<br>Responses  |                                  |   |                       |
|       |               |                                 | Theories of Grief & Loss – Kubler<br>Ross  |                                  |   |                       |
|       |               |                                 | • 5 Stages of Dying  |                                  |   |                       |
|       |               |                                 | • The R Process model (Rando's)  |                                  |   |                       |
|       |               |                                 | Death – Definition, Meaning, Types     (Brain & Circulatory Deaths)                          |                                  |   |                       |
|       |               |                                 | Signs of Impending Death   |                                  |   |                       |
|       |               |                                 | Dying patient's Bill of Rights   |                                  |   |                       |
|       |               |                                 | Care of Dying Patient  |                                  |   |                       |
|       |               |                                 | Physiological changes occurring after<br>Death   |                                  |   |                       |
|       |               |                                 | Death Declaration, Certification   |                                  |   |                       |
|       |               |                                 | Autopsy  |                                  |   |                       |
|       |               |                                 | Embalming  |                                  |   |                       |
|       |               |                                 | Last office/Death Care   |                                  |   |                       |
|       |               |                                 | Counseling & supporting grieving relatives   |                                  |   |                       |
|       |               |                                 | Placing body in the Mortuary   |                                  |   |                       |
|       |               |                                 | Releasing body from Mortuary   |                                  |   |                       |
|       |               |                                 | Overview – Medico-legal Cases,<br>Advance directives, DNI/DNR, Organ<br>Donation, Euthanasia |                                  |   |                       |
|       |               |                                 | PSYCHOSOCIAL NEEDS (A-D)   |                                  |   |                       |
| XII   | 3 (T)         | Develop basic                   | A. Self-concept  | • Lecture                        | • | Essay                 |
|       |               | understanding of self-concept   | Introduction   | <ul> <li>Discussion</li> </ul>   | • | Short answer          |
|       |               |                                 | Components (Personal Identity, Body  | • Demonstration                  | • | Objective type        |
|       |               |                                 | Image, Role Performance, Self Esteem)  | • Case Discussion/               |   |                       |
|       |               |                                 | Factors affecting Self Concept   | Role play                        |   |                       |
| 37777 | 2 (T)         | December                        | Nursing Management  D. Samuelian   | <b>T</b>                         |   |                       |
| XIII  | 2 (T)         | Describe sexual development and | B. Sexuality   | • Lecture                        | • | Essay                 |
|       |               | sexuality                       | <ul><li>Sexual development throughout life</li><li>Sexual health</li></ul>                   | • Discussion                     | • | Short answer          |
|       |               |                                 |  |                                  | • | Objective<br>type     |
|       |               |                                 | Sexual orientation     Factors affecting sexuality   |                                  |   |                       |
|       |               |                                 | Factors affecting sexuality  |                                  |   |                       |

| Unit | Time<br>(Hrs)   | Learning Outcomes  | Content  | Teaching/ Learning Activities                   | Assessment<br>Methods   |
|------|-----------------|--|--|---|---|
|      |                 |  | Prevention of STIs, unwanted<br>pregnancy, avoiding sexual harassment<br>and abuse   |   |   |
|      |                 |  | Dealing with inappropriate sexual behavior   |   |   |
| XIV  | 2 (T)<br>4 (SL) | Describe stress and adaptation   | <ul> <li>C. Stress and Adaptation –         Introductory concepts     </li> <li>Introduction</li> <li>Sources, Effects, Indicators &amp; Types of Stress</li> <li>Types of stressors</li> <li>Stress Adaptation – General Adaptation Syndrome (GAS), Local Adaptation Syndrome (LAS)</li> <li>Manifestation of stress – Physical &amp;</li> </ul>  | <ul><li>Lecture</li><li>Discussion</li></ul>    | <ul><li>Essay</li><li>Short answer</li><li>Objective type</li></ul>     |
|      |                 |  | <ul> <li>Coping strategies/ Mechanisms</li> <li>Stress Management         <ul> <li>Assist with coping and adaptation</li> <li>Creating therapeutic environment</li> </ul> </li> <li>Recreational and diversion therapies</li> </ul>  |   |   |
| XV   | 6 (T)           | Explain culture and cultural norms  Integrate cultural differences and spiritual needs in providing care to patients under supervision | D. Concepts of Cultural Diversity and Spirituality  Cultural diversity Cultural Concepts – Culture, Subculture, Multicultural, Diversity, Race, Acculturation, Assimilation Transcultural Nursing Cultural Competence Providing Culturally Responsive Care Spirituality Concepts – Faith, Hope, Religion, Spirituality, Spiritual Wellbeing Factors affecting Spirituality Spiritual Problems in Acute, Chronic, Terminal illnesses & Near-Death Experience Dealing with Spiritual Distress/Problems | <ul> <li>Lecture</li> <li>Discussion</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Essay</li> <li>Short answer</li> <li>Objective type</li> </ul> |
| XVI  | 6 (T)           | Explain the significance of nursing theories   | <ul> <li>Nursing Theories: Introduction</li> <li>Meaning &amp;Definition, Purposes, Types of theories with examples, Overview of selected nursing theories – Nightingale, Orem, Roy</li> <li>Use of theories in nursing practice</li> </ul>  | <ul><li>Lecture</li><li>Discussion</li></ul>    | <ul><li>Essay</li><li>Short answer</li><li>Objective type</li></ul>     |

#### CLINICAL PRACTICUM

Clinical: 4 Credits (320 hours)

PRACT|ICE COMPETENCIES: On completion of the course, the student will be able to

- 1. Perform health assessment of each body system
- 2. Develop skills in assessment, planning, implementation and evaluation of nursing care using Nursing process approach
- 3. Identify and meet the Nutritional needs of patients
- 4. Implement basic nursing techniques in meeting hygienic needs of patients
- 5. Plan and Implement care to meet the elimination needs of patient
- 6. Develop skills in instructing and collecting samples for investigation.
- 7. Perform simple lab tests and analyze & interpret common diagnostic values
- 8. Identify patients with impaired oxygenation and demonstrate skill in caring for patients with impaired oxygenation
- 9. Identify and demonstrate skill in caring for patients with fluid, electrolyte and acid base imbalances
- 10. Assess, plan, implement & evaluate the basic care needs of patients with altered functioning of sense organs andunconsciousness
- 11. Care for terminally ill and dying patients

#### SKILL LAB

#### Use of Mannequins and Simulators

| S.No. | Competencies  | Mode of Teaching   |
|-------|---|--|
| 1.    | Health Assessment   | Standardized Patient   |
| 2.    | Nutritional Assessment  | Standardized Patient   |
| 3.    | Sponge bath, oral hygiene, perineal care                                  | Mannequin  |
| 4.    | Nasogastric tube feeding  | Trainer/ Simulator   |
| 5.    | Providing bed pan & urinal  | Mannequin  |
| 6.    | Catheter care   | Catheterization Trainer                                      |
| 7.    | Bowel wash, enema, insertion of suppository                               | Simulator/ Mannequin   |
| 8.    | Oxygen administration – face mask, venture mask, nasal prongs             | Mannequin  |
| 9.    | Administration of medication through<br>Parenteral route – IM, SC, ID, IV | IM injection trainer, ID injection trainer, IV arm (Trainer) |
| 10.   | Last Office   | Mannequin  |

### **CLINICAL POSTINGS – General Medical/Surgical Wards**

### (16 weeks × 20 hours per week = 320 hours)

| Clinical<br>Unit                         | Duration<br>(Weeks) | Learning Outcomes                                   | Procedural Competencies/<br>Clinical Skills (Supervised<br>Clinical Practice)  | Clinical<br>Requirements   | Assessment<br>Methods   |
|--|---------------------|---|--|--|---|
| General<br>Medical/<br>Surgical<br>wards | 3                   | Perform health<br>assessment of each<br>body system | <ul> <li>Health Assessment</li> <li>Nursing/Health history taking</li> <li>Perform physical examination:         <ul> <li>General</li> <li>Body systems</li> </ul> </li> <li>Use various methods of physical examination –         <ul> <li>Inspection, Palpation,</li> <li>Percussion, Auscultation,</li> <li>Olfaction</li> </ul> </li> <li>Identification of system wise deviations</li> <li>Documentation of findings</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>History<br/>Taking – 2</li> <li>Physical<br/>examination – 2</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Assessment of clinical skills using checklist</li> <li>OSCE</li> </ul> |

| Clinical<br>Unit | Duration<br>(Weeks) | <b>Learning Outcomes</b>  | Procedural Competencies/<br>Clinical Skills (Supervised<br>Clinical Practice)  | Clinical<br>Requirements  | Assessment<br>Methods   |
|------------------|---------------------|---|--|---|---|
|                  | 1                   | Develop skills in<br>assessment, planning,<br>implementation and<br>evaluation of nursing<br>care using Nursing<br>process approach       | The Nursing Process  • Prepare Nursing care plan for the patient based on the given case scenario  | • Nursing process – 1   | Evaluation of<br>Nursing process<br>with criteria                               |
|                  | 2                   | Identify and meet the Nutritional needs of patients  Implement basic nursing techniques in meeting hygienic needs of patients             | Nutritional needs, Elimination needs& Diagnostic testing Nutritional needs  Nutritional needs  Nutritional Assessment  Preparation of Nasogastric tube feed  Nasogastric tube feeding Hygiene  Care of Skin & Hair: Sponge Bath/ Bed bath Care of pressure points & back massage  Pressure sore risk assessment using Braden/Norton scale Hair wash Pediculosis treatment  Oral Hygiene Perineal Hygiene Catheter care | <ul> <li>Nutritional<br/>Assessment and<br/>Clinical<br/>Presentation – 1</li> <li>Pressure sore<br/>assessment – 1</li> </ul>  | <ul> <li>Assessment of clinical skills using checklist</li> <li>OSCE</li> </ul> |
|                  | 2                   | Plan and Implement care to meet the elimination needs of patient  Develop skills in instructing and collecting samples for investigation. | Elimination needs  Providing Urinal Bedpan  Insertion of Suppository Enema Urinary Catheter care Care of urinary drainage  Diagnostic testing  | <ul> <li>Clinical         Presentation on             Care of patient             with             Constipation – 1     </li> <li>Lab values –             inter-pretation</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Assessment of clinical skills using checklist</li> <li>OSCE</li> </ul> |

| Clinical<br>Unit | Duration<br>(Weeks) | Learning Outcomes  | Procedural Competencies/<br>Clinical Skills (Supervised<br>Clinical Practice)  | Clinical<br>Requirements | Assessment<br>Methods  |
|------------------|---------------------|--|--|--------------------------|--|
|                  |                     | Perform simple lab<br>tests and analyze &<br>interpret common<br>diagnostic values   | <ul> <li>Specimen Collection         <ul> <li>Urine routine and culture</li> <li>Stool routine</li> <li>Sputum Culture</li> </ul> </li> <li>Perform simple Lab Tests using reagent strips         <ul> <li>Urine – Glucose, Albumin, Acetone, pH, Specific gravity</li> </ul> </li> <li>Blood – GRBS Monitoring</li> </ul>   |                          |  |
|                  | 3                   | Identify patients with impaired oxygenation and demonstrate skill in caring for patients with impaired oxygenation  Identify and demonstrate skill in caring for patients with fluid, electrolyte and acid – base imbalances | Oxygenation needs, Fluid, Electrolyte, and Acid – Base Balances  Oxygenation needs  Oxygenation needs  Oxygen administration methods  Nasal Prongs  Face Mask/Venturi Mask  Steam inhalation  Chest Physiotherapy  Deep Breathing & Coughing Exercises  Oral Suctioning  Fluid, Electrolyte, and Acid – Base Balances  Maintaining intake output chart  Identify & report complications of IV therapy  Observe Blood & Blood Component therapy  Identify & Report Complications of Blood & Blood Component therapy |                          | <ul> <li>Assessment of clinical skills using checklist</li> <li>OSCE</li> <li>Assessment of clinical skills using checklist</li> <li>OSCE</li> </ul> |
|                  | 3                   | Explain the principles, routes, effects of administration of medications  Calculate conversions of drugs and dosages within and between systems of Measurements  Administer drugs by the following routes-                   | Administration of Medications  Calculate Drug Dosages  Preparation of lotions & solutions  Administer Medications  Oral  Topical Inhalations Parenteral  |                          | <ul> <li>Assessment of clinical skills using checklist</li> <li>OSCE</li> </ul>  |

| Clinical<br>Unit | Duration<br>(Weeks) | <b>Learning Outcomes</b>   | Procedural Competencies/<br>Clinical Skills (Supervised<br>Clinical Practice)   | Clinical<br>Requirements   | Assessment<br>Methods   |
|------------------|---------------------|--|---|--|---|
|                  |                     | Subcutaneous,<br>Intramuscular, Intra<br>Venous Topical,<br>inhalation   | <ul> <li>Instillations</li> <li>Eye, Ear, Nose –instillation of medicated drops, nasal sprays, irrigations</li> </ul>   |  |   |
|                  | 2                   | Assess, plan,<br>implement & evaluate<br>the basic care needs of<br>patients with altered<br>functioning of sense<br>organs and<br>unconsciousness | Sensory Needs and Care of Unconscious patients, Care of Terminally ill, death and dying Sensory Needs and Care of Unconscious patients  Assessment of Level of Consciousness using Glasgow Coma Scale Terminally ill, death and dying | Nursing<br>rounds on care<br>of patient with<br>altered<br>sensorium | <ul> <li>Assessment of clinical skills using checklist</li> <li>OSCE</li> </ul> |
|                  |                     | Care for terminally ill and dying patients   | Death Care  |  | Assessment of<br>clinical skills<br>using checklist                             |

|           | Scheme of Internal Assessment of th  |               |  |              |                       |
|-----------|--|---------------|--|--------------|-----------------------|
| Sr.<br>No | Theory   | Quantity      | Marks  | Round<br>off | Final Round<br>off IA |
| 1.        | Class Test I   | l             | 50<br>marks  | 30           | Out of 15             |
| 2.        | Class Test II  |               | 75<br>Marks  | 30           |                       |
| 3.        | Written Assignment   | 2             | 50   | 10           |                       |
| 4.        | Seminar/Microteaching/individual presentation                              | 2             | 50   | 12           | Out of 10             |
| 5.        | Group project/Work/Report  | 1             | 50   | 6            |                       |
| 6         | Attendance   | 1.5 marks, 85 | (95-100%: 2 marks, 90-94: 1.5 marks, 85-89: 1 mark, 80-84: 0.5 mark, <80: 0) |              |                       |
|           | Total  |               | 255  |              | 25                    |
| •         | ks of each component to be rounded as and the final IA need to be calculat |               |  |              |                       |

| Scheme | of Internal Assessn | nent of Practical - o | ut of 25 marks  |       |                        |
|--------|---------------------|-----------------------|-----------------|-------|------------------------|
| Sr. No | Theory              | Quantity              | Marks           | Round | Final Round off for IA |
| 1.     | Clinical            |                       |                 |       |                        |
|        | Assignments: -      | 1                     | 3               |       |                        |
|        | 1 Clinical          | 1                     | 2               |       |                        |
|        | Presentation        |                       |                 | 10    |                        |
|        | 2 Drug              | 1                     | 5               |       |                        |
|        | presentation &      |                       |                 |       |                        |
|        | report              |                       |                 |       |                        |
|        | 3 Case study        |                       |                 |       | Total=30/3=10          |
|        | Report              |                       |                 |       |                        |
| 2      | Completion of       | 1                     | 50              | 3     | Barrad off to 10       |
|        | Procedure and       |                       |                 |       | Round off to 10        |
|        | Clinical            |                       |                 |       |                        |
|        | performance         |                       |                 |       |                        |
| 3      | Continuous          | 1                     | 100             | 10    |                        |
|        | evaluation of       |                       |                 |       |                        |
|        | clinical            |                       |                 |       |                        |
|        | performance         |                       |                 |       |                        |
| 4      | Attendance          | (95-100%: 2 marks     | , 90-94: 1.5    | 2     |                        |
|        |                     | marks, 85-89: 1 ma    | ark, 80-84: 0.5 |       |                        |
|        |                     | mark, <80: 0)         |                 |       |                        |
| 5.     | End of Posting      |                       |                 | 5     |                        |
|        | OSCE                |                       |                 |       |                        |

| Sessional Examinations = 15 marks  |        |          |       |              |                        |
|--|--------|----------|-------|--------------|------------------------|
| Sr. No   | Theory | Quantity | Marks | Round<br>off | Final Round off for IA |
| 1.   | OSCE   | 1        | 50    | 10           |                        |
| 2.   | DOP    | 1        | 50    | 20           | Total=30/2=15          |
|  | Total  |          | 100   |              |                        |
| (Marks of each component to be rounded of the respective columns marks and the final IA need to be calculated out of 25 (15+10). |        |          |       |              | Round off to 15        |

#### HEALTH/NURSING INFORMATICS AND TECHNOLOGY

PLACEMENT: II SEMESTER

THEORY: 2 Credits (40 hours)

PRACTICAL/LAB: 1 Credit (40 hours)

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed to equip novice nursing students with knowledge and skills necessary to deliverefficient informatics-led health care services.

COMPETENCIES: On completion of the course, the students will be able to

- 1. Develop a basic understanding of computer application in patient care and nursing practice.
- 2. Apply the knowledge of computer and information technology in patient care and nursing education, practice, administration and research.
- 3. Describe the principles of health informatics and its use in developing efficient healthcare.
- 4. Demonstrate the use of information system in healthcare for patient care and utilization of nursing data.
- 5. Demonstrate the knowledge of using Electronic Health Records (EHR) system in clinical practice.
- 6. Apply the knowledge of interoperability standards in clinical setting.
- 7. Apply the knowledge of information and communication technology in public health promotion.
- 8. Utilize the functionalities of Nursing Information System (NIS) system in nursing.
- 9. Demonstrate the skills of using data in management of health care.
- 10. Apply the knowledge of the principles of digital ethical and legal issues in clinical practice.
- 11. Utilize evidence-based practices in informatics and technology for providing quality patient care.
- 12. Update and utilize evidence-based practices in nursing education, administration, and practice.

### COURSE OUTLINE

### T – Theory, P/L – Lab

| Unit | Time (Hrs) |     | Learning Outcomes   | Content  | Teaching/ Learning<br>Activities  | Assessment<br>Methods   |
|------|------------|-----|---|--|---|---|
|      | T          | P/L |   |  |   |   |
| I    | 10         | 15  | Describe the importance of computer and technology in patient care and nursing practice   | Introduction to computer applications for patient care delivery system and nursing practice  • Use of computers in teaching, learning, research and nursing practice   | <ul> <li>Lecture</li> <li>Discussion</li> <li>Practice session</li> <li>Supervised clinical practice on EHR use</li> <li>Participate in data analysis using statistical package with statistician</li> </ul>  | <ul> <li>(T)</li> <li>Short answer</li> <li>Objective type</li> <li>Visit reports</li> <li>Assessment of assignments</li> </ul>                 |
|      |            |     | Demonstrate the use of computer and technology in patient care, nursing education, practice, administration and research.                               | <ul> <li>Windows, MS office: Word, Excel, Power Point</li> <li>Internet</li> <li>Literature search</li> <li>Statistical packages</li> <li>Hospital management information system</li> </ul>  | Visit to hospitals with<br>different hospital<br>management systems   | (P)  • Assessment of skills using checklist   |
| П    | 4          | 5   | Describe the principles of health informatics  Explain the ways data, knowledge and information can be used for effective healthcare                    | Principles of Health Informatics  Health informatics – needs, objectives and limitations  Use of data, information and knowledge for more effective healthcare and better health   | <ul> <li>Lecture</li> <li>Discussion</li> <li>Practical session</li> <li>Work in groups with<br/>health informatics team<br/>in a hospital to extract<br/>nursing data and prepare<br/>a report</li> </ul>  | <ul><li>(T)</li><li>Essay</li><li>Short answer</li><li>Objective type questions</li><li>Assessment of report</li></ul>                          |
| III  | 3          | 5   | system in hospital<br>setting   | Information Systems in Healthcare  Introduction to the role and architecture of information systems in modern healthcare environments  Clinical Information System (CIS)/Hospital information System (HIS)                                   | <ul> <li>Lecture</li> <li>Discussion</li> <li>Demonstration</li> <li>Practical session</li> <li>Work in groups with nurse leaders to understand the hospital information system</li> </ul>  | <ul><li>(T)</li><li>Essay</li><li>Short answer</li><li>Objective type</li></ul>   |
| IV   | 4          | 4   | Explain the use of electronic health records in nursing practice  Describe the latest trend in electronic health records standards and interoperability | Shared Care & Electronic Health Records  Challenges of capturing rich patient histories in a computable form  Latest global developments and standards to enable lifelong electronic health records to be integrated from disparate systems. | <ul> <li>Lecture</li> <li>Discussion</li> <li>Practice on Simulated<br/>EHR system</li> <li>Practical session</li> <li>Visit to health<br/>informatics department<br/>of a hospital to<br/>understand the use of<br/>EHR in nursing practice</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>(T)</li> <li>Essay</li> <li>Short answer</li> <li>Objective type</li> <li>(P)</li> <li>Assessment of skills using checklist</li> </ul> |

| Unit | Unit Time (Hrs) |     | Learning Outcomes  | Content   | Teaching/ Learning<br>Activities   | Assessment<br>Methods  |
|------|-----------------|-----|--|---|--|--|
|      | T               | P/L |  |   |  |  |
|      |                 |     |  |   | Prepare a report on<br>current EHR standards<br>in Indian setting  |  |
| V    | 3               |     | Describe the<br>advantages and<br>limitations of health<br>informatics in<br>maintaining patient<br>safety and risk<br>management  | Patient Safety & Clinical Risk     Relationship between patient safety and informatics     Function and application of the risk management process  | Lecture     Discussion   | <ul><li>(T)</li><li>Essay</li><li>Short answer</li><li>Objective type</li></ul>            |
| VI   | 3               | 6   | Explain the importance of knowledge management  Describe the standardized languages used in health informatics                     | Clinical Knowledge & Decision Making  Role of knowledge management in improving decision-making in both the clinical and policy contexts  Systematized Nomenclature of Medicine, Clinical Terms, SNOMED CT to ICD-10-CM Map, standardized nursing terminologies (NANDA, NOC), Omaha system. | <ul> <li>Lecture</li> <li>Discussion</li> <li>Demonstration</li> <li>Practical session</li> <li>Work in groups to prepare a report on standardized languages used in health informatics.</li> <li>Visit health informatics department to understand the standardized languages used in hospital setting</li> </ul> | <ul><li>(T)</li><li>Essay</li><li>Short answer</li><li>Objective type</li></ul>            |
| VII  | 3               |     | Explain the use of information and communication technology in patient care  Explain the application of public health informatics  | eHealth: Patients and the Internet      Use of information and communication technology to improve or enable personal and public healthcare      Introduction to public health informatics and role of nurses   | <ul><li> Lecture</li><li> Discussion</li><li> Demonstration</li></ul>  | <ul><li>Essay</li><li>Short answer</li><li>Objective type</li><li>Practical exam</li></ul> |
| VIII | 3               | 5   | Describe the functions of nursing information system  Explain the use of healthcare data in management of health care organization | Using Information in Healthcare Management  Components of Nursing Information system(NIS)  Evaluation, analysis and presentation of healthcare data to inform decisions in the management of health-care organizations  | <ul> <li>Lecture</li> <li>Discussion</li> <li>Demonstration on simulated NIS software</li> <li>Visit to health informatics department of the hospital to understand use of healthcare data in decision making</li> </ul>   | <ul><li>(T)</li><li>Essay</li><li>Short answer</li><li>Objective type</li></ul>            |
| IX   | 4               |     | Describe the ethical and legal issues in healthcare informatics  Explains the ethical and legal issues                             | Information Law & Governancein Clinical Practice  • Ethical-legal issues pertaining to healthcare information in contemporary clinical practice  • Ethical-legal issues related to  | <ul><li> Lecture</li><li> Discussion</li><li> Case discussion</li><li> Role play</li></ul>   | <ul><li>(T)</li><li>Essay</li><li>Short answer</li><li>Objective type</li></ul>            |

| Unit | Time<br>(Hrs) |     | Learning Outcomes   | Content  | Teaching/ Learning<br>Activities                                | Assessment<br>Methods   |
|------|---------------|-----|---|--|---|---|
|      | Т             | P/L |   |  |   |   |
|      |               |     | related to nursing informatics  | digital health applied to nursing  |   |   |
| X    | 3             |     | Explain the relevance of evidence-based practices in providing quality healthcare | Healthcare Quality & Evidence Based Practice  • Use of scientific evidence in improving the quality of healthcare and technical and professional informatics standards | <ul><li>Lecture</li><li>Discussion</li><li>Case study</li></ul> | <ul><li>(T)</li><li>Essay</li><li>Short answer</li><li>Objective type</li></ul> |

### **SKILLS**

- Utilize computer in improving various aspects of nursing practice.
- Use technology in patient care and professional advancement.
- Use data in professional development and efficient patient care.
- Use information system in providing quality patient care.
- Use the information system to extract nursing data.
- Develop skill in conducting literature review.

#### **Books Recommended**

- 1. McGonigle D, Mastrian K. Nursing informatics and the foundation of knowledge. Jones & Bartlett Publishers; 2021 Mar 8.
- 2. Ball MJ, DuLong D, Newbold SK, Sensmeier JE, Skiba DJ, Troseth MR, Gugerty B, Hinton-Walker P, Douglas JV, Hannah KJ. Nursing informatics. Springer; 2011.
- 3. McCormick K, Saba V. Essentials of nursing informatics. McGraw-Hill Education; 2015.
- 4. Hebda T, Czar P, Mascara C. Handbook of informatics for nurses and health care professionals. Pearson Prentice Hall; 2005.
- 5. Ball MJ, JA EM. Introduction to nursing informatics. New York: Springer; 2006.

| S     | scheme of Internal Assessment of the          |  |               |       |           |
|-------|---|--|---------------|-------|-----------|
| Sr.   | Theory  | Quantity                                       | Marks         | Round | Final     |
| No    |   |  |               | off   | Round off |
|       |   |  |               |       | IA        |
| 1.    | Class Test I                                  | 1  | 50 marks      | 30    | Out of 15 |
| 2.    | Class Test II                                 |  | 75            | 30    |           |
|       |   |  | Marks         |       |           |
| 3.    | Written Assignment                            | 2  | 50            | 10    |           |
| 4.    | Seminar/Microteaching/individual presentation | 2  | 50            | 12    | Out of 10 |
| 5.    | Group project/Work/Report                     | 1  | 50            | 6     |           |
| 6     | Attendance                                    | (95-100%: 2<br>1.5 marks, 85<br>80-84: 0.5 mar | 5-89: 1 mark, | 2     |           |
| (Mar  | ks of each component to be rour               |  |               |       |           |
| colun | nns marks and the final IA need to            |  |               |       |           |
| (15+1 | 0).   |  |               |       |           |

#### APPLIED MICROBIOLOGY AND INFECTION CONTROL INCLUDING SAFETY

**PLACEMENT:** III SEMESTER

**THEORY:** 2 Credits (40 hours)

**PRACTICAL:** 1 Credit (40 hours) (Lab/Experiential Learning – L/E)

#### SECTION A: APPLIED MICROBIOLOGY

**THEORY:** 20 hours

**PRACTICAL**: 20 hours (Lab/Experiential Learning – L/E)

**DESCRIPTION:** This course is designed to enable students to acquire understanding of fundamentals of Microbiology, compare and contrast different microbes and comprehend the means of transmission and control of spread by various microorganisms. It also provides opportunities for practicing infection control measures in hospital and community settings.

**COMPETENCIES:** On completion of the course, the students will be able to:

- 1. Identify the ubiquity and diversity of microorganisms in the human body and the environment.
- 2. Classify and explain the morphology and growth of microbes.
- 3. Identify various types of microorganisms.
- 4. Explore mechanisms by which microorganisms cause disease.
- 5. Develop understanding of how the human immune system counteracts infection by specific and non-specific mechanisms.
- 6. Apply the principles of preparation and use of vaccines in immunization.
- 7. Identify the contribution of the microbiologist and the microbiology laboratory to the diagnosis of infection.

# COURSE OUTLINE

# T – Theory, L/E – Lab/Experiential Learning

| Unit | Tin | ne (Hrs) | Learning  | Content  | Teaching/ Learning  | Assessment   |
|------|-----|----------|---|--|---|--|
|      | T   | P        | Outcomes  |  | Activities  | Methods  |
| I    | 3   |          | Explain concepts<br>and principles of<br>microbiology and<br>its importance in<br>nursing     | <ul> <li>Introduction:</li> <li>Importance and relevance to nursing</li> <li>Historical perspective</li> <li>Concepts and terminology</li> <li>Principles of microbiology</li> </ul>   | Lecture cum     Discussion  | <ul><li>Short answer</li><li>Objective type</li></ul>    |
| П    | 10  | 10 (L/E) | Describe structure, classification morphology and growth of bacteria  Identify Microorganisms | General characteristics of Microbes:  Structure and classification of Microbes  Morphological types  Size and form of bacteria  Motility  Colonization  Growth and nutrition of microbes  Temperature  Moisture  Blood and body fluids  Laboratory methods for Identification of Microorganisms  Types of Staining – simple, differential (Gram's, AFB), special – capsular staining (negative), spore, LPCB, KOH mount.  Culture and media preparation – solid and liquid. Types of media – semi synthetic, synthetic, enriched, enrichment, selective and differential media. Pure culture techniques – tube dilution, pour, spread, streak plate. Anaerobic cultivation of bacteria | <ul> <li>Lecture cum Discussion</li> <li>Demonstration</li> <li>Experiential Learning through visual</li> </ul>                         | • Short answer • Objective type                          |
| Ш    | 4   | 6 (L/E)  | Describe the different disease producing organisms  | <ul> <li>Pathogenic organisms</li> <li>Micro-organisms: Cocci – gram positive and gram negative; Bacilli – gram positive and gram negative</li> <li>Viruses</li> <li>Fungi: Superficial and Deep mycoses</li> <li>Parasites</li> <li>Rodents &amp; Vectors</li> <li>Characteristics, Source, portal of entry, transmission of infection, Identification of disease producing micro-organisms</li> </ul>  | <ul> <li>Lecture cum         Discussion</li> <li>Demonstration</li> <li>Experiential         learning through         visual</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Short answer</li> <li>Objective type</li> </ul> |
| IV   | 3   | 4 (L/E)  | Explain the concepts of   | Immunity   | • Lecture   | <ul><li>Short answer</li><li>Objective</li></ul>         |

| Unit | Time (Hrs) |   | Learning                        | Learning Content<br>Outcomes  | Teaching/ Learning Activities         | Assessment<br>Methods |
|------|------------|---|---------------------------------|---|---------------------------------------|-----------------------|
|      | T          | P | Outcomes                        |   | Activities                            | Wiethous              |
|      |            |   | immunity, hyper sensitivity and | • Immunity: Types, classification   | • Discussion                          | type                  |
|      |            |   | immunization                    | Antigen and antibody reaction   | Demonstration                         | • Visit report        |
|      |            |   |                                 | Hypersensitivity reactions  | Visit to observe<br>vaccine storage   |                       |
|      |            |   |                                 | Serological tests   | <ul> <li>Clinical practice</li> </ul> |                       |
|      |            |   |                                 | • Immunoglobulins: Structure, types & properties  | ommour practice                       |                       |
|      |            |   |                                 | Vaccines: Types & classification,<br>storage and handling, cold chain,<br>Immunization for various diseases |                                       |                       |
|      |            |   |                                 | Immunization Schedule   |                                       |                       |

#### SECTION B: INFECTION CONTROL & SAFETY

**THEORY:** 20 hours

**PRACTICAL/LAB:** 20 hours (Lab/Experiential Learning – L/E)

**DESCRIPTION:** This course is designed to help students to acquire knowledge and develop competencies required for fundamental patient safety and infection control in delivering patient care. It also focuses on identifying patient safety indicators, preventing and managing hospital acquired infections, and in following universal precautions.

#### **COMPETENCIES:** The students will be able to:

- 1. Develop knowledge and understanding of Hospital acquired Infections (HAI) and effective practices for prevention.
- 2. Integrate the knowledge of isolation (Barrier and reverse barrier) techniques in implementing various precautions.
- 3. Demonstrate and practice steps in Hand washing and appropriate use of different types of PPE.
- 4. Illustrate various disinfection and sterilization methods and techniques.
- 5. Demonstrate knowledge and skill in specimen collection, handling and transport to optimize the diagnosis for treatment.
- 6. Incorporate the principles and guidelines of Bio Medical waste management.
- 7. Apply the principles of Antibiotic stewardship in performing the nurses role.
- 8. Identify patient safety indicators and perform the role of nurse in the patient safety audit process.
- 9. Apply the knowledge of International Patient Safety Goals (IPSG) in the patient care settings.
- 10. Identify employee safety indicators and risk of occupational hazards.
- 11. Develop understanding of the various safety protocols and adhere to those protocols.

#### COURSE OUTLINE

## T – Theory, L/E – Lab/Experiential Learning

| Unit | Time (Hrs) |       | Learning<br>Outcomes            | Content                     | Teaching/ Learning<br>Activities | Assessment<br>Methods   |
|------|------------|-------|---------------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------------|---|
|      | Т          | P     | Outcomes                        |                             | Activities                       | Methods   |
| I    | 2          | 2 (E) | evidence based<br>and effective | Hospital acquired infection | Discussion                       | <ul><li>Knowledge assessment</li><li>MCQ</li><li>Short answer</li></ul> |

| Unit | Tin | ne (Hrs) | Learning                          | Content   | Teaching/ Learning                           | Assessment  |
|------|-----|----------|-----------------------------------|---|--|---|
|      | T   | P        | Outcomes                          |   | Activities                                   | Methods   |
|      |     |          | Setting                           | Associated events (VAE)   |  |   |
|      |     |          |                                   | - Prevention of Central Line<br>Associated Blood Stream<br>Infection (CLABSI)   |  |   |
|      |     |          |                                   | Surveillance of HAI – Infection<br>control team & Infection control<br>committee  |  |   |
| п    | 3   | 4 (L)    | appropriate use                   | Isolation Precautions and use of Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)  Types of isolation system, standard precaution and transmission-based precautions (Direct Contact, Droplet, Indirect)  Epidemiology & Infection prevention – CDC guidelines  Effective use of PPE   | Lecture     Demonstration & Re-demonstration | <ul><li>Performance assessment</li><li>OSCE</li></ul> |
| III  | 1   | 2 (L)    | Demonstrate the                   | Hand Hygiene  | • Lecture                                    | Performance   |
|      |     |          | hand hygiene practice and its     | <ul> <li>Types of Hand hygiene.</li> </ul>  | Demonstration &                              | assessment  |
|      |     |          | cc                                | Hand washing and use of alcohol<br>hand rub   | Re-demonstration                             |   |
|      |     |          |                                   | Moments of Hand Hygiene   |  |   |
|      |     |          |                                   | WHO hand hygiene promotion  |  |   |
| IV   | 1   | 2 (E)    | Illustrates                       | Disinfection and sterilization  | • Lecture                                    | Short answer  |
|      |     |          | disinfection and sterilization in | • Definitions   | • Discussion                                 | Objective type  |
|      |     |          | the healthcare setting            | <ul> <li>Types of disinfection and sterilization</li> </ul>   | Experiential learning through                |   |
|      |     |          |                                   | • Environment cleaning  | visit  |   |
|      |     |          |                                   | Equipment Cleaning  |  |   |
|      |     |          |                                   | • Guides on use of disinfectants  |  |   |
|      |     |          |                                   | Spaulding's principle   |  |   |
| V    | 1   |          | Illustrate on what, when,         | Specimen Collection (Review)  | • Discussion                                 | Knowledge evaluation                                  |
|      |     |          | how, why                          | Principle of specimen collection  The second s |  | • Quiz  |
|      |     |          | specimens are collected to        | • Types of specimens  |  | Performance   |
|      |     |          | optimize the diagnosis for        | <ul> <li>Collection techniques and special considerations</li> </ul>  |  | assessment  |
|      |     |          | treatment and management.         | Appropriate containers  |  | Checklist   |
|      |     |          | management.                       | Transportation of the sample  |  |   |
|      |     |          |                                   | <ul> <li>Staff precautions in handling specimens</li> </ul>   |  |   |
| VI   | 2   | 2 (E)    |                                   | BMW (Bio Medical Waste  | • Discussion                                 | Knowledge   |
|      |     |          | management &                      | Management)   | Demonstration                                | assessment by short answers,                          |
|      |     |          | laundry                           | Laundry management process and infection control and prevention   | • Experiential                               | objective type  |
|      |     |          | management                        |   | learning through                             | Performance   |

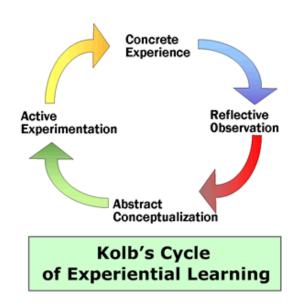
| Unit  | Tin | ne (Hrs) | Learning  | Content  | Teaching/ Learning                    | Assessment   |
|-------|-----|----------|---|--|---------------------------------------|--|
|       | T   | P        | Outcomes  |  | Activities                            | Methods  |
|       |     |          |   | Waste management process and infection prevention  | visit                                 | Assessment   |
|       |     |          |   | Staff precautions  |                                       |  |
|       |     |          |   | Laundry management   |                                       |  |
|       |     |          |   | Country ordinance and BMW     National guidelines 2017:     Segregation of wastes, Colour coded waste containers, waste collection & storage, Packaging & labeling, Transportation |                                       |  |
| VII   | 2   |          |   | Antibiotic stewardship   | • Lecture                             | Short answer   |
|       |     |          | about Antibiotic<br>stewardship,<br>AMR         | Importance of Antibiotic     Stewardship   | • Discussion                          | Objective type                                       |
|       |     |          |   | Anti-Microbial Resistance  | • Written assignment  -Recent AMR     | • Assessment of assignment                           |
|       |     |          | Describe<br>MRSA/ MDRO<br>and its<br>prevention | Prevention of MRSA, MDRO in<br>healthcare setting  | (Antimicrobial resistance) guidelines | assignment   |
| VIII  | 3   | 5 (L/E)  | •   | Patient Safety Indicators  | Lecture                               | Knowledge  |
| V 111 | 3   | 3 (L/L)  | safety indicators                               | • Care of Vulnerable patients  | Demonstration                         | assessment   |
|       |     |          | followed in a health care                       | Prevention of Iatrogenic injury  | • Experiential                        | • Performance  |
|       |     |          | organization and the role of nurse              | • Care of lines, drains and tubing's   | learning                              | <ul><li>assessment</li><li>Checklist/ OSCE</li></ul> |
|       |     |          | in the patient safety audit                     | Restrain policy and care – Physical and Chemical   |                                       | • Checklist/ OSCE                                    |
|       |     |          | process   | Blood & blood transfusion policy   |                                       |  |
|       |     |          |   | Prevention of IV Complication  |                                       |  |
|       |     |          |   | Prevention of Fall   |                                       |  |
|       |     |          |   | Prevention of DVT  |                                       |  |
|       |     |          |   | • Shifting and transporting of patients  |                                       |  |
|       |     |          |   | Surgical safety  |                                       |  |
|       |     |          |   | Care coordination event related to<br>medication reconciliation and<br>administration  |                                       |  |
|       |     |          |   | Prevention of communication errors   |                                       |  |
|       |     |          |   | Prevention of HAI  |                                       |  |
|       |     |          |   | Documentation  |                                       |  |
| j     |     |          |   | Incidents and adverse Events   |                                       |  |
|       |     |          |   | Capturing of incidents   |                                       |  |
|       |     |          | Captures and analyzes                           | • RCA (Root Cause Analysis)  |                                       |  |
|       |     |          | incidents and                                   | CAPA (Corrective and Preventive  |                                       |  |
|       |     |          | events for quality                              | Action)  |                                       | Knowledge assessment                                 |
| 1     |     |          | improvement                                     | Report writing   | • Lecture                             | • Short answer                                       |
|       |     |          |   |  |                                       | - Short allswel                                      |

| Unit | Tin | ne (Hrs) | Learning  | Content   | Teaching/ Learning                                     | Assessment   |
|------|-----|----------|---|---|--|--|
|      | Т   | P        | Outcomes  |   | Activities   | Methods  |
|      |     |          |   |   | Role play  | Objective type   |
|      |     |          |   |   | • Inquiry Based Learning                               |  |
|      |     |          |   |   |  |  |
| IX   | 1   |          | and application<br>of the goals in<br>the patient care<br>settings. | <ul> <li>IPSG (International Patient safety Goals)</li> <li>Identify patient correctly</li> <li>Improve effective communication</li> <li>Improve safety of High Alert medication</li> <li>Ensure safe surgery</li> <li>Reduce the risk of health care associated infection</li> <li>Reduce the risk of patient harm resulting from falls</li> <li>Reduce the harm associated with clinical alarm system</li> </ul>  | • Lecture • Role play                                  | Objective type   |
| X    | 2   | 3 (L/E)  | various safety<br>protocols and its<br>applications                 | <ul> <li>Safety protocol</li> <li>5S (Sort, Set in order, Shine, Standardize, Sustain)</li> <li>Radiation safety</li> <li>Laser safety</li> <li>Fire safety</li> <li>Types and classification of fire</li> <li>Fire alarms</li> <li>Firefighting equipment</li> <li>HAZMAT (Hazardous Materials) safety</li> <li>Types of spill</li> <li>Spillage management</li> <li>MSDS (Material Safety Data Sheets)</li> <li>Environmental safety</li> <li>Risk assessment</li> <li>Aspect impact analysis</li> <li>Maintenance of Temp and Humidity (Department wise)</li> <li>Audits</li> <li>Emergency Codes</li> <li>Role of Nurse in times of disaster</li> </ul> | Lecture     Demonstration/<br>Experiential<br>learning | <ul> <li>Mock drills</li> <li>Post tests</li> <li>Checklist</li> </ul> |
| XI   | 2   |          | employee safety   | <ul> <li>Employee Safety Indicators</li> <li>Vaccination</li> <li>Needle stick injuries (NSI)</li> </ul>  | Lecture     Discussion                                 | • Knowledge assessment by short answers,                               |

| Unit | Time (Hrs) |          | Learning   | Content   | Teaching/ Learning                | Assessment                    |
|------|------------|----------|--|---|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------|
|      | T P        | Outcomes |  | Activities  | Methods                           |                               |
|      | T          | P        | indicators  Identify risk of occupational hazards, prevention and post exposure prophylaxis. | prevention  Fall prevention  Radiation safety  Annual health check  Healthcare Worker Immunization Program and management of occupational exposure  Occupational health ordinance  Vaccination program for healthcare staff  Needle stick injuries and prevention | Lecture method     Journal review | objective type • Short answer |
|      |            |          |  | and post exposure prophylaxis   |                                   |                               |

#### \*Experiential Learning:

Experiential learning is the process by which knowledge iscreated through the process of experience in the clinical field. Knowledge results from the combination of grasping andtransforming experience. (Kolb, 1984). The experiential learning cycle begins with an experience that the student has had, followed by an opportunity to reflect on that experience. Then students may conceptualize and draw conclusions about what they experienced and observed, leading to future actions in which the students experiment with different behaviors. This begins the new cycle as the students have new experiences based on their experimentation. These steps may occur in nearly and order as the learning progresses. As perthe need of the learner, the concrete components and conceptual components can be in different order as they mayrequire a variety of cognitive and affective behaviors.



#### **Bibliography:**

- 1. Alice Corraine Smith, "Microbilogy and pathology" 9th ed., Mosby Co.
- 2. Bernard D. Davis, Rentap Dalbecco Herman N. Eisen & Harold S. Ginsberg, "Microbiology", 3<sup>rd</sup> ed, A Harper International edition.
- 3. Hug L. L Moffet, (1981) "Clinical microbiology", 2nd ed., J. B. Lippincott Co.
- 4. Macbie and Mecartney, (1980), "Medical microbiology" 13th ed., printed.
- 5. P. Ananthanarayan and C. K. Jayarm Panikar, "Textbook of microbiology", 8th ed., Orient Longman Company Ltd.
- 6. Chakravarti Text book of Microbiology.
- 7. T. Panjratan Text Book of Microbiology in nursing, new central Book agency Calcutta 200

#### PHARMACOLOGY - I

PLACEMENT: III SEMESTER

**THEORY:** 1 Credit (20 hours)

**DESCRIPTION:** This course is designed to enable students to acquire understanding of

Pharmacodynamics, Pharmacokinetics, principles of therapeutics and nursing implications.

**COMPETENCIES:** On completion of the course, the students will be able to

1. Describe Pharmacodynamics and pharmacokinetics.

- 2. Review the principles of drug calculation and administration.
- 3. Explain the commonly used antiseptics and disinfectants.
- 4. Describe the pharmacology of drugs acting on the GI system.
- 5. Describe the pharmacology of drugs acting on the respiratory system.
- 6. Describe drugs used in the treatment of cardiovascular and blood disorders.
- 7. Explain the drugs used in the treatment of endocrine system disorders.
- 8. Describe the drugs acting on skin and drugs used to treat communicable diseases.

# COURSE OUTLINE

# $\boldsymbol{T-Theory}$

| Unit | Time  | <b>Learning Outcomes</b>  | Content   | Teaching/Learning                                | Assessment  |
|------|-------|---|---|--|---|
|      | (Hrs) |   |   | Activities                                       | Methods   |
| I    | 3 (T) | Describe  | Introduction to Pharmacology  | Lecture cum                                      | Short answer  |
|      |       | Pharmacodynamics,<br>Pharmacokinetics,                                  | • Definitions & Branches  | Discussion                                       | Objective type  |
|      |       | Classification,   | Nature & Sources of drugs   | • Guided reading and written assignment          | Assessment of   |
|      |       | principles of administration of drugs                                   | <ul> <li>Dosage Forms and Routes of drug administration</li> </ul>  | on schedule K drugs                              | assignments   |
|      |       |   | Terminology used  |  |   |
|      |       |   | <ul> <li>Classification, Abbreviations,<br/>Prescription, Drug Calculation, Weights<br/>and Measures</li> </ul>   |  |   |
|      |       |   | • <i>Pharmacodynamics:</i> Actions, Drug<br>Antagonism, Synergism, Tolerance,<br>Receptors, Therapeutic, adverse, toxic<br>effects, pharmacovigilance                                 |  |   |
|      |       |   | <ul> <li>Pharmacokinetics: Absorption,<br/>Bioavailability, Distribution,<br/>Metabolism, Interaction, Excretion</li> </ul>   |  |   |
|      |       |   | <ul> <li>Review: Principles of drug<br/>administration and treatment<br/>individualization</li> </ul>   |  |   |
|      |       |   | o Factors affecting dose, route etc.  |  |   |
|      |       |   | <ul> <li>Indian Pharmacopoeia: Legal Issues,<br/>Drug Laws, Schedule Drugs</li> </ul>   |  |   |
|      |       |   | • Rational Use of Drugs   |  |   |
|      |       |   | • Principles of Therapeutics  |  |   |
| II   | 1 (T) | Describe antiseptics,<br>and disinfectant &<br>nurse's responsibilities | Pharmacology of commonly used antiseptics and disinfectants   | Lecture cum     Discussion                       | <ul><li>Short answer</li><li>Objective type</li></ul> |
|      |       | nuise s responsionnies  | Antiseptics and Disinfectants   | • Drug study/<br>presentation                    | <b>V V I</b>  |
|      |       |   | <ul> <li>Composition, action, dosage, route,<br/>indications, contraindications,</li> <li>Drug interactions, side effects, adverse<br/>effects, toxicity and role of nurse</li> </ul> | presentation                                     |   |
| III  | 2 (T) | Describe drugs acting   | Drugs acting on G.I. system   | • Lecture cum                                    | Short answer  |
|      |       | on gastro-intestinal system & nurse's                                   | Pharmacology of commonly used drugs   | Discussion                                       | Objective type  |
|      |       | responsibilities  | o Emetics and Antiemetics   | <ul> <li>Drug study/<br/>presentation</li> </ul> |   |
|      |       |   | o Laxatives and Purgatives  | •  |   |
|      |       |   | Antacids and antipeptic ulcer drugs   |  |   |
|      |       |   | <ul> <li>Anti-diarrhoeals – Fluid and<br/>electrolyte therapy, Furazolidone,<br/>dicyclomine</li> </ul>   |  |   |
|      |       |   | <ul> <li>Composition, action, dosage, route,<br/>indications, contraindications, drug<br/>interactions, side effects, adverse<br/>effects, toxicity and role of nurse</li> </ul>      |  |   |

| Unit | Time  | Learning Outcomes   | Content  | Teaching/Learning Activities               | Assessment<br>Methods                                   |
|------|-------|---|--|--|---|
|      | (Hrs) |   |  |  |   |
| IV   | 2 (T) | Describe drugs acting on respiratory system &                 | Drugs acting on respiratory system   | Lecture cum     Discussion                 | Short answer  |
|      |       | nurse's responsibilities                                      | Pharmacology of commonly used  | • Drug study/                              | Objective type  |
|      |       |   | <ul> <li>Antiasthmatics – Bronchodilators<br/>(Salbutamol inhalers)</li> </ul>   | presentation                               |   |
|      |       |   | o Decongestants  |  |   |
|      |       |   | <ul> <li>Expectorants, Antitussives and<br/>Mucolytics</li> </ul>  |  |   |
|      |       |   | <ul> <li>Broncho-constrictors and<br/>Antihistamines</li> </ul>  |  |   |
|      |       |   | Composition, action, dosage, route, indications, contraindications, drug interactions, side effects, adverse effects toxicity and role of nurse  |  |   |
| V    | 4 (T) | Describe drugs used on<br>cardio-vascular system<br>& nurse's | Drugs used in treatment of<br>Cardiovascular system and blood<br>disorders   | Lecture cum     Discussion     Drug study/ | <ul><li> Short answer</li><li> Objective type</li></ul> |
|      |       | responsibilities  | Haematinics, & treatment of anemia<br>and antiadrenergics  | presentation                               |   |
|      |       |   | Cholinergic and anticholinergic  |  |   |
|      |       |   | <ul> <li>Adrenergic Drugs for CHF &amp; vasodilators</li> </ul>  |  |   |
|      |       |   | Antianginals   |  |   |
|      |       |   | Antiarrhythmics  |  |   |
|      |       |   | Antihypertensives  |  |   |
|      |       |   | Coagulants & Anticoagulants  |  |   |
|      |       |   | Antiplatelets & thrombolytics  |  |   |
|      |       |   | Hypolipidemics   |  |   |
|      |       |   | Plasma expanders & treatment of shock  |  |   |
|      |       |   | Drugs used to treat blood disorders  |  |   |
|      |       |   | Composition, action, dosage, route, indications, contraindications, drug interactions, side effects, adverse effects, toxicity and role of nurse |  |   |
| VI   | 2 (T) | in treatment of   | Drugs used in treatment of endocrine system disorders  | Lecture cum     Discussion                 | <ul><li>Short answer</li><li>Objective type</li></ul>   |
|      |       | endocrine system<br>disorders                                 | Insulin & oral hypoglycemics   | Drug study/                                | - Objective type  |
|      |       |   | Thyroid and anti-thyroid drugs   | presentation                               |   |
|      |       |   | • Steroids   |  |   |
|      |       |   | O Corticosteroids  |  |   |
|      |       |   | Anabolic steroids  |  |   |
|      |       |   | Calcitonin, parathormone, vitamin D3, calcium metabolism   |  |   |
|      |       |   | o Calcium salts  |  |   |

| Unit | Time  | <b>Learning Outcomes</b>  | Content   | Teaching/Learning Activities                                | Assessment<br>Methods                                 |
|------|-------|---|---|---|---|
|      | (Hrs) |   |   | Activities  | Wiethous  |
| VII  | 1 (T) |   | Drugs used in treatment of integumentary system  Antihistaminics and antipruritics  Topical applications for skin-Benzylbenzoate, Gamma BHC, Clotrimazole, Miconazole, Silver Sulphadiazine (burns)  Composition, action, dosage, route, indications, contraindications, drug interactions, side effects, adverse effects toxicity and role of nurse  | Lecture cum     Discussion     Drug study/     presentation | <ul><li>Short answer</li><li>Objective type</li></ul> |
| VIII | 5 (T) | Explain drug therapy/<br>chemotherapy of<br>specific infections &<br>infestations & nurse's<br>responsibilities | Drugs used in treatment of communicable diseases (common infections, infestations)  General Principles for use of Antimicrobials  Pharmacology of commonly used drugs:  Penicillin, Cephalosporin's, Aminoglycosides, Macrolide & broad spectrum antibiotics, Sulfonamides, quinolones, Misc. antimicrobials  Anaerobic infections  Antitubercular drugs,  Antileprosy drugs  Antimalarials  Antiretroviral drugs  Antiviral agents  Antihelminthics, Antiscabies agents  Antifungal agents  Composition, action, dosage, route, indications, contraindications, Drug interactions, side effects, adverse effects, toxicity and role of nurse | Lecture cum<br>Discussion     Drug study/<br>presentation   | • Short answer • Objective type                       |

# **Bibliography:** (Pharmacology)

- 1. Satoskar, Bhandarkar, Ainapure: Pharmacology and pharmacotherapeutics, 18 Edition Popular Prakashan Mumbai.
- 2. M M Das: Pharmacology, Books & Allied (p) Ltd, 4 Edition 2001.
- 3. Linda, Skidmore Roth: Mosby's 2000 Nursing Drug Reference, Mosby Inc, Harcourt Health Sciences Company, Missouri 2000.

- 4. Ramesh Karmegan: First aid to Pharmacology for undergraduates, Paras Medical publishers, Hyderabad, India, 1 Edition 2003.
- 5. K D Tripathi: Essentials of medical pharmacology, 4 Edition, Jaypee Brothers, Bangalore.
- 6. Govoni & Hayes: Drugs and nursing implications, 8 Edition, Appleton & Lange Newyork.
- 7. Rodman & Smith: Clinical pharmacology in nursing, 2 Edition, J B Lippincott company, Philadelphia.
- 8. Richard A Lehne: Pharmacology for nursing care, 3 Edition, W B S aunderers company, Philadelphia, 1990.
- 9. Lalit Mishra: Drug Today, Vol 12, No 12, Lorina publications Inc. Delhi 2004

#### PATHOLOGY - I

**PLACEMENT: III SEMESTER** 

**THEORY:** 1 Credit (20 hours) (includes lab hours also)

**DESCRIPTION:** This course is designed to enable students to acquire knowledge of pathology of various disease conditions, understanding of genetics, its role in causation and management of defects and diseases and to apply this knowledge in practice of nursing.

**COMPETENCIES:** On completion of the course, the students will be able to

- 1. Apply the knowledge of pathology in understanding the deviations from normal to abnormal pathology.
- 2. Rationalize the various laboratory investigations in diagnosing pathological disorders.
- 3. Demonstrate the understanding of the methods of collection of blood, body cavity fluids, urine and feces for various tests.
- 4. Apply the knowledge of genetics in understanding the various pathological disorders.
- 5. Appreciate the various manifestations in patients with diagnosed genetic abnormalities.
- 6. Rationalize the specific diagnostic tests in the detection of genetic abnormalities.
- 7. Demonstrate the understanding of various services related to genetics.

# COURSE OUTLINE

# T – Theory

| Unit | Time<br>(Hrs) | Learning<br>Outcomes                     | Content   | Teaching/ Learning<br>Activities                    | Assessment<br>Methods |
|------|---------------|--|---|---|-----------------------|
|      | , ,           | D-6 - 4 -                                | T . 1   | <b>T</b>  | GI .                  |
| I    | 8 (T)         | Define the common terms                  | Introduction  | • Lecture   | • Short answer        |
|      |               | used in pathology                        | Importance of the study of pathology  | • Discussion  | Objective type        |
|      |               | pamology                                 | Definition of terms in pathology  | • Explain using slides                              |                       |
|      |               | Identify the                             | <ul> <li>Cell injury: Etiology, pathogenesis of reversible<br/>and irreversible cell injury, Necrosis, Gangrene</li> </ul>  | <ul> <li>Explain with clinical scenarios</li> </ul> |                       |
|      |               | deviations from<br>normal to<br>abnormal | <ul> <li>Cellular adaptations: Atrophy, Hypertrophy,<br/>Hyperplasia, Metaplasia, Dysplasia, Apoptosis</li> </ul>   |   |                       |
|      |               | structure and                            | • Inflammation:   |   |                       |
|      |               | functions of<br>body system              | <ul> <li>Acute inflammation (Vascular and Cellular<br/>events, systemic effects of acute<br/>inflammation)</li> </ul>   |   |                       |
|      |               |  | <ul> <li>Chronic inflammation (Granulomatous<br/>inflammation, systemic effects of chronic<br/>inflammation)</li> </ul>   |   |                       |
|      |               |  | Wound healing   |   |                       |
|      |               |  | <ul> <li>Neoplasia: Nomenclature, Normal and Cancer<br/>cell, Benign and malignant tumors, Carcinoma<br/>in situ, Tumor metastasis: general mechanism,<br/>routes of spread and examples of each route</li> </ul> |   |                       |
|      |               |  | <ul> <li>Circulatory disturbances: Thrombosis,<br/>embolism, shock</li> </ul>   |   |                       |
|      |               |  | • Disturbance of body fluids and electrolytes:<br>Edema, Transudates and Exudates   |   |                       |
| II   | 5 (T)         | Explain                                  | Special Pathology   | • Lecture   | Short answer          |
|      |               | pathological<br>changes in               | Pathological changes in disease conditions of   | • Discussion  | Objective type        |
|      |               | disease                                  | selected systems:   | Explain using                                       |                       |
|      |               | conditions of various                    | 1. Respiratory system   | slides, X-rays and scans                            |                       |
|      |               | systems                                  | Respiratory system     Pulmonary infections: Pneumonia, Lung  | • Visit to pathology                                |                       |
|      |               |  | abscess, pulmonary tuberculosis   | lab, endoscopy unit                                 |                       |
|      |               |  | <ul> <li>Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease:<br/>Chronic bronchitis, Emphysema, Bronchial<br/>Asthma, Bronchiectasis</li> </ul>  | and O1  |                       |
|      |               |  | • Tumors of Lungs   |   |                       |
|      |               |  | 2. Cardio-vascular system   |   |                       |
|      |               |  | • Atherosclerosis   |   |                       |
|      |               |  | • Ischemia and Infarction.  |   |                       |
|      |               |  | Rheumatic Heart Disease   |   |                       |

| Unit | Time<br>(Hrs) | Learning<br>Outcomes | Content   | Teaching/ Learning<br>Activities | Assessment<br>Methods |
|------|---------------|----------------------|---|----------------------------------|-----------------------|
|      |               |                      | Infective endocarditis  |                                  |                       |
|      |               |                      | 3. Gastrointestinal tract   |                                  |                       |
|      |               |                      | Peptic ulcer disease (Gastric and Duodenal ulcer)   |                                  |                       |
|      |               |                      | Gastritis-H Pylori infection  |                                  |                       |
|      |               |                      | Oral mucosa: Oral Leukoplakia, Squamous cell carcinoma  |                                  |                       |
|      |               |                      | Esophageal cancer   |                                  |                       |
|      |               |                      | Gastric cancer  |                                  |                       |
|      |               |                      | • Intestinal: Typhoid ulcer, Inflammatory<br>Bowel Disease (Crohn's disease and<br>Ulcerative colitis), Colorectal cancer |                                  |                       |
|      |               |                      | 4. Liver, Gall Bladder and Pancreas   |                                  |                       |
|      |               |                      | • Liver: Hepatitis, Amoebic Liver abscess,<br>Cirrhosis of Liver  |                                  |                       |
|      |               |                      | Gall bladder: Cholecystitis.  |                                  |                       |
|      |               |                      | Pancreas: Pancreatitis  |                                  |                       |
|      |               |                      | Tumors of liver, Gall bladder and Pancreas  |                                  |                       |
|      |               |                      | 5. Skeletal system  |                                  |                       |
|      |               |                      | Bone: Bone healing, Osteoporosis,<br>Osteomyelitis, Tumors  |                                  |                       |
|      |               |                      | Joints: Arthritis - Rheumatoid arthritis and<br>Osteoarthritis  |                                  |                       |
|      |               |                      | 6. Endocrine system   |                                  |                       |
|      |               |                      | Diabetes Mellitus   |                                  |                       |
|      |               |                      | Goitre  |                                  |                       |
|      |               |                      | Carcinoma thyroid   |                                  |                       |

| <ul> <li>Plasmapheresis</li> <li>Transfusion reactions</li> <li>Note: Few lab hours can be planned for observation and visits         <ul> <li>(Less than 1 credit, lab hours are not specified separately)</li> </ul> </li> </ul> | III | 7 (T) | Describe<br>various<br>laboratory tests<br>in assessment<br>and monitoring<br>of disease<br>conditions | <ul> <li>Transfusion reactions</li> <li>Note: Few lab hours can be planned for observation and visits</li> <li>(Less than 1 credit, lab hours are not specified</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Lecture</li> <li>Discussion</li> <li>Visit to clinical lab, biochemistry lab and blood bank</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Short answer</li> <li>Objective type</li> </ul> |
|--|-----|-------|--|--|---|--|
|--|-----|-------|--|--|---|--|

# Bibliography - Pathology

- 1. Harsh Mohan: Text book of Pathology, IV Edition Jaypee Brothers, New Delhi 2000.
- 2. Heller: Pathology: Comprehensive Review 1999 Edition.
- 3. Emanuel Rubin M D, John L Farber: Pathology, III Edition, Lippincott, Philadelphia 1999.
- 4. Carol Mattson Porth: Pathophisiology, VII Edition Lippincott Philadelphia 2002.
- 5. Ramzi S Cotran etal: Robins Pathologic basib of disease, VI Edition, W B Saunders coy USA 1999.
- 6. JCE Underwood : General and systemic pathology , III Edition, Churchill liuvingstone , Philadelphia 2000.
- 7. Canjanov and Linder: Anderson's pathology, X Edition, Lippincott, Philadelphia 1996.
- 8. Vinay Kumar M D etal: Basic Pathology, VI Edition W B Saunders coy USA 1997.
- 9. Walter F Coulson: Surgical Pathology, II Edition J B Lippincott coy Philadelphia, 1988.
- 10. Parakrama Chandrasoma: Concise pathology, III Edition, Hall International, USA,1998.
- 11. Lynne's Gracia, M S & David A Brucker: Diagnostic medical parasitology, III Edition ASM press, Washington'2005.
- 12. Haber et al: Differential diagnosis in pathology, W B Saunders coy, Philadelphia, 2002.

# ADULT HEALTH NURSING - I WITH INTEGRATED PATHOPHYSIOLOGY

(including BCLS module) PLACEMENT: III SEMESTER

**THEORY:** 7 Credits (140 hours)

**PRACTICUM:** Lab/Skill Lab (SL) – 1 Credit (40 hours) Clinical – 6 Credits (480 hours)

**DESCRIPTION:** This course is designed to equip the students to review and apply their knowledge of Anatomy, Physiology, Biochemistry and Behavioral sciences in caring for adult patients with Medical/Surgical disorders using nursing process approach and critical thinking. It also intends to develop competencies required for assessment, diagnosis, treatment, nursing management, and supportive/palliative care to patients with various Medical Surgical disorders.

**COMPETENCIES:** On completion of Medical Surgical Nursing I course, students will be able to

- 1. Explain the etiology, pathophysiology, manifestations, diagnostic studies, treatments and complications of common medical and surgical disorders.
- 2. Perform complete health assessment to establish a data base for providing quality patient care and integrate theknowledge of anatomy, physiology and diagnostic tests in the process of data collection.
- 3. Identify nursing diagnoses, list them according to priority and formulate nursing care plan.
- 4. Perform nursing procedures skillfully and apply scientific principles while giving comprehensive nursing care topatients.
- 5. Integrate knowledge of pathology, nutrition and pharmacology in caring for patients experiencing various medical and surgical disorders.
- 6. Identify common diagnostic measures related to the health problems with emphasis on nursing assessment andresponsibilities.
- 7. Demonstrate skill in assisting/performing diagnostic and therapeutic procedures.
- 8. Demonstrate competencies/skills to patients undergoing treatment for medical surgical disorders.
- 9. Identify the drugs used in treating patients with medical surgical conditions.
- 10. Plan and give relevant individual and group education on significant medical surgical topics.
- Maintain safe environment for patients and the health care personnel in the hospital.
- 12. Integrate evidence-based information while giving nursing care to patients.

# COURSE CONTENT

# T – Theory, L/SL – Lab/Skill Lab

| Unit | Time<br>(Hrs)     | <b>Learning Outcomes</b>  | Content  | Teaching/ Learning<br>Activities  | Assessment<br>Methods |
|------|-------------------|---|--|---|-----------------------|
| I    | 6 (T)<br>4 (L/SL) | Narrate the evolution of medical surgical nursing  Apply nursing process in caring for patients with medical surgical problems  Execute the role of a nurse in various medical surgical setting  Develop skills in assessment and care of wound | <ul> <li>Evolution and trends of medical and<br/>surgical nursing</li> <li>International classification of<br/>diseases</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Lecture cum discussion</li> <li>Demonstration &amp; Practice session</li> <li>Role play</li> <li>Visit to outpatient department, in patient and intensive care unit</li> </ul> | • Short Answer • OSCE |
|      |                   |   |  |   |                       |

| Unit | Time<br>(Hrs) | <b>Learning Outcomes</b>             | Content   | Teaching/ Learning<br>Activities | Assessment<br>Methods |
|------|---------------|--------------------------------------|---|----------------------------------|-----------------------|
|      |               | Develop competency in                | Wound care and dressing technique   |                                  |                       |
|      |               | providing pre and postoperative care | Care of surgical patient  |                                  |                       |
|      |               |                                      | o pre-operative   |                                  |                       |
|      |               |                                      | o post-operative  |                                  |                       |
|      |               |                                      | Alternative therapies used in caring<br>for patients with Medical Surgical<br>Disorders |                                  |                       |

| П   | 15 (T)<br>4 (L/SL) | set up of the operating theatre  Differentiate the role of scrub nurse and circulating nurse  Describe the different positioning for various surgeries  Apply principles of asepsis in handling the sterile equipment  Demonstrate skill in scrubbing procedures  Demonstrate skill in assessing the patient and document accurately the surgical safety checklist  Develop skill in assisting with selected surgeries  Explain the types, functions, and nursing considerations for different types of anaesthesia | <ul> <li>Intraoperative Care</li> <li>Organization and physical set up of the operation theatre         <ul> <li>Classification</li> <li>O.T Design</li> <li>Staffing</li> <li>Members of the OT team</li> <li>Duties and responsibilities of the nurse in OT</li> </ul> </li> <li>Position and draping for common surgical procedures</li> <li>Instruments, sutures and suture materials, equipment for common surgical procedures</li> <li>Disinfection and sterilization of equipment</li> <li>Preparation of sets for common surgical procedures</li> <li>Scrubbing procedures – Gowning, masking and gloving</li> <li>Monitoring the patient during the procedures</li> <li>Maintenance of the therapeutic environment in OT</li> <li>Assisting in major and minor operation, handling specimen</li> <li>Prevention of accidents and hazards in OT</li> <li>Anaesthesia – types, methods of administration, effects and stages, equipment &amp; drugs</li> <li>Legal aspects</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Lecture cum Discussion</li> <li>Demonstration, Practice session, and Case Discussion</li> <li>Visit to receiving bay</li> </ul> | disinfectants used for instruments with the action and precaution |
|-----|--------------------|---|--|--|---|
| III | 6 (T)<br>4 (L/SL)  | Identify the signs and symptoms of shock and electrolyte imbalances  Develop skills in managing fluid and electrolyte imbalances  | Nursing care of patients with common signs and symptoms and management  Fluid and electrolyte imbalance  Shock Pain  | <ul> <li>Lecture, discussion,<br/>demonstration</li> <li>Case discussion</li> </ul>  | <ul><li>Short answer</li><li>MCQ</li><li>Case report</li></ul>    |

| Unit | Time<br>(Hrs)   | <b>Learning Outcomes</b>  | Content   | Teaching/ Learning<br>Activities  | Assessment<br>Methods         |
|------|-----------------|---|---|---|-------------------------------|
|      |                 | Perform pain<br>assessment and plans<br>for the nursing<br>management   |   |   |                               |
| IV   | 18 (T)<br>4 (L) | Demonstrate skill in respiratory assessment  Differentiates different breath sounds and lists the indications  Explain the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic tests, and medical, surgical, nutritional, and nursing management of common respiratory problems  Describe the health behaviour to be adopted in preventing respiratory illnesses | Nursing Management of patients with respiratory problems  Review of anatomy and physiology of respiratory system  Nursing Assessment – history taking, physical assessment and diagnostic tests  Common respiratory problems:  Upper respiratory tract infections  Chronic obstructive pulmonary diseases  Pleural effusion, Empyema  Bronchiectasis  Pneumonia  Lung abscess  Cyst and tumors  Chest Injuries  Acute respiratory distress syndrome  Pulmonary embolism  Health behaviours to prevent respiratory illness | <ul> <li>Lecture, discussion,</li> <li>Demonstration</li> <li>Practice session</li> <li>Case presentation</li> <li>Visit to PFT Lab</li> </ul>        | • Essay • Short answer • OSCE |
| V    | 16 (T)<br>5 (L) | Explain the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic tests, and medical, surgical, nutritional, and nursing management of gastrointestinal disorders  Demonstrate skill in gastrointestinal assessment  Prepare patient for upper and lower gastrointestinal investigations  Demonstrate skill in gastric decompression, gavage, and stoma care       | Nursing Management of patients with disorders of digestive system  Review of anatomy and physiology of GI system  Nursing assessment –History and physical assessment  GI investigations  Common GI disorders:  Oral cavity: lips, gums and teeth  GI: Bleeding, Infections, Inflammation, tumors, Obstruction, Perforation & Peritonitis  Peptic & duodenal ulcer,  Mal-absorption, Appendicitis, Hernias  Hemorrhoids, fissures, Fistulas  Pancreas: inflammation, cysts, and tumors                                    | <ul> <li>Lecture, Discussion</li> <li>Demonstration,</li> <li>Role play</li> <li>Problem Based<br/>Learning</li> <li>Visit to stoma clinic</li> </ul> | • Short answer • Quiz • OSCE  |

| Unit | Time<br>(Hrs)   | <b>Learning Outcomes</b>   | Content   | Teaching/ Learning<br>Activities   | Assessment<br>Methods  |
|------|-----------------|--|---|--|--|
|      |                 | Demonstrate skill in different feeding techniques  | Liver: inflammation, cysts,     abscess, cirrhosis, portal     hypertension, hepatic failure,     tumors  |  |  |
|      |                 | 1  | <ul> <li>Gall bladder: inflammation,</li> <li>Cholelithiasis, tumors</li> </ul>   |  |  |
|      |                 |  | Gastric decompression, gavage and<br>stoma care, different feeding<br>techniques  |  |  |
|      |                 |  | Alternative therapies, drugs used in<br>treatment of disorders of digestive<br>system   |  |  |
| VI   | 20 (T)<br>5 (L) | Explain the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic tests, and medical, surgical, nutritional, and nursing management of cardiovascular disorders  Demonstrate skill in cardiovascular assessment  Prepare patient for invasive and non-invasive cardiac procedures  Demonstrate skill in monitoring and interpreting clinical signs related to cardiac disorders  Complete BLS/BCLS module | Nursing Management of patients with cardiovascular problems  Review of anatomy and physiology of cardio-vascular system  Nursing Assessment: History and Physical assessment  Invasive & non-invasive cardiac procedures  Disorders of vascular system-Hypertension, arteriosclerosis, Raynaud's disease, aneurysm and peripheral vascular disorders  Coronary artery diseases: coronary atherosclerosis, Angina pectoris, myocardial infarction  Valvular disorders: congenital and acquired  Rheumatic heart disease: pericarditis, myocarditis, endocarditis, cardiomyopathies  Cardiac dysrhythmias, heart block  Congestive heart failure, corpulmonale, pulmonary edema, cardiogenic shock, cardiac tamponade  Cardiopulmonary arrest | <ul> <li>Lecture, discussion</li> <li>Demonstration</li> <li>Practice session</li> <li>Case Discussion</li> <li>Health education</li> <li>Drug Book/presentation</li> <li>Completion of BCLS Module</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Care plan</li> <li>Drug record</li> <li>BLS/ BCLS evaluation</li> </ul> |
| VII  | 7 (T)           | Explain the etiology, pathophysiology,   | Nursing Management of patients with disorders of blood  | Field visit to blood<br>bank   | Interpretation of<br>blood reports   |
|      | 3 (L)           | clinical manifestations,<br>diagnostic tests, and<br>medical, surgical,<br>nutritional, and nursing<br>management of<br>hematological disorders  | <ul> <li>Review of Anatomy and<br/>Physiology of blood</li> <li>Nursing assessment: history,<br/>physical assessment &amp; Diagnostic<br/>tests</li> </ul>  | • Counseling   | Visit report   |
|      |                 | Interpret blood reports  | <ul> <li>Anemia, Polycythemia</li> <li>Bleeding Disorders: clotting factor<br/>defects and platelets defects,<br/>thalassemia, leukemia, leukopenia,</li> </ul>   |  |  |

| Unit | Time<br>(Hrs)   | <b>Learning Outcomes</b>   | Content   | Teaching/ Learning<br>Activities  | Assessment<br>Methods  |
|------|-----------------|--|---|---|--|
|      |                 | Prepare and provides<br>health education on<br>blood donation  | agranulocytosis  • Lymphomas, myelomas  |   |  |
| VIII | 8 (T)<br>2 (L)  | Explain the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic tests, and medical, surgical, nutritional, and nursing management of endocrine disorders  Demonstrate skill in assessment of endocrine organ dysfunction  Prepare and provides health education on diabetic diet  Demonstrate skill in insulin administration | Nursing management of patients with disorders of endocrine system  Review of anatomy and physiology of endocrine system  Nursing Assessment —History and Physical assessment  Disorders of thyroid and Parathyroid, Adrenal and Pituitary (Hyper, Hypo, tumors)  Diabetes mellitus  | <ul> <li>Lecture, discussion, demonstration</li> <li>Practice session</li> <li>Case Discussion</li> <li>Health education</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Prepare health education on self-administration of insulin</li> <li>Submits a diabetic diet plan</li> </ul> |
| IX   | 8 (T)<br>2 (L)  | Explain the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic tests, and medical, surgical, nutritional, and nursing management of disorders of integumentary system  Demonstrate skill in integumentary assessment  Demonstrate skill in medicated bath  Prepare and provide health education on skin care                 | Nursing management of patients with disorders of Integumentary system  Review of anatomy and physiology of skin  Nursing Assessment: History and Physical assessment  Infection and infestations; Dermatitis  Dermatoses; infectious and Non infectious  Acne, Allergies, Eczema & Pemphigus  Psoriasis, Malignant melanoma, Alopecia  Special therapies, alternative therapies  Drugs used in treatment of disorders of integumentary system | <ul> <li>Lecture, discussion</li> <li>Demonstration</li> <li>Practice session</li> <li>Case Discussion</li> </ul>                   | Drug report     Preparation of Home care plan  |
| X    | 16 (T)<br>4 (L) | Explain the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic tests, and medical, surgical, nutritional, and nursing management of musculoskeletal disorders  | <ul> <li>Nursing management of patients with musculoskeletal problems</li> <li>Review of Anatomy and physiology of the musculoskeletal system</li> <li>Nursing Assessment: History and physical assessment, diagnostic tests</li> <li>Musculoskeletal trauma: Dislocation, fracture, sprain, strain,</li> </ul>   | <ul> <li>Lecture/</li> <li>Discussion</li> <li>Demonstration</li> <li>Case Discussion</li> <li>Health education</li> </ul>          | <ul> <li>Nursing care plan</li> <li>Prepare health teaching on care of patient with cast</li> </ul>                  |

| Unit | Time<br>(Hrs)   | <b>Learning Outcomes</b>  | Content   | Teaching/ Learning<br>Activities  | Assessment<br>Methods   |
|------|-----------------|---|---|---|---|
|      |                 | Demonstrate skill in<br>musculoskeletal<br>assessment   | <ul> <li>contusion, amputation</li> <li>Musculoskeletal infections and<br/>tumors: Osteomyelitis, benign and<br/>malignant tumour</li> </ul>  |   |   |
|      |                 | Prepare patient for<br>radiological and non-<br>radiological<br>investigations of<br>musculoskeletal system   | <ul> <li>Orthopedic modalities: Cast, splint, traction, crutch walking</li> <li>Musculoskeletal inflammation: Bursitis, synovitis, arthritis</li> </ul>   |   |   |
|      |                 | Demonstrate skill in crutch walking and splinting   | <ul> <li>Special therapies, alternative therapies</li> <li>Metabolic bone disorder:     Osteoporosis, osteomalacia and Paget's disease</li> </ul>   |   |   |
|      |                 | Demonstrate skill in care of patient with replacement surgeries   | <ul> <li>Spinal column defects and deformities – tumor, prolapsed intervertebral disc, Pott's spine</li> <li>Rehabilitation, prosthesis</li> </ul>  |   |   |
|      |                 | Prepare and provide<br>health education on<br>bone healing  | Replacement surgeries   |   |   |
| XI   | 20 (T)<br>3 (L) | Explain the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic tests, and medical, surgical, nutritional, and nursing management of patients with communicable diseases | Nursing management of patients with Communicable diseases  Overview of infectious diseases, the infectious process  Nursing Assessment: History and Physical assessment, Diagnostic tests  Tuberculosis | <ul> <li>Lecture, discussion, demonstration</li> <li>Practice session</li> <li>Case Discussion/ seminar</li> <li>Health education</li> <li>Drug Book/ presentation</li> </ul> | Prepares and<br>submits<br>protocol on<br>various isolation<br>techniques |
|      |                 | Demonstrate skill in barrier and reverse barrier techniques  Demonstrate skill in execution of different  | <ul> <li>Diarrhoeal diseases, hepatitis A-E, Typhoid</li> <li>Herpes, chickenpox, Smallpox, Measles, Mumps, Influenza</li> <li>Meningitis</li> <li>Gas gangrene</li> </ul>                              | Refer TB Control     Management     module  |   |
|      |                 | isolation protocols   | <ul> <li>Leprosy</li> <li>Dengue, Plague, Malaria,<br/>Chikungunya, swine flu, Filariasis</li> </ul>  |   |   |
|      |                 |   | <ul> <li>Diphtheria, Pertussis, Tetanus,<br/>Poliomyelitis</li> <li>COVID-19</li> <li>Special infection control<br/>measures: Notification, Isolation,<br/>Quarantine, Immunization</li> </ul>          |   |   |

#### **BIBLIOGRAPHY:**

- 1. Black J.M. Hawk, J.H. (2005) Medical Surgical Nursing Clinical Management for Positive Outcomes. (7th ed) Elsevier.
- 2. Brunner S. B., Suddarth D.S. The Lippincott Manual of Nursing practice J.B.Lippincott. Philadelphia.
- 3. Medical Surgical Nursing: an integrated approach  $2^{nd}\,$  ed , White, L, Delmar Thomson learning (2002) United States
- 4. Lewis, Heitkemper&Dirksen (2000) Medical Surgical Nursing Assessment and Management of Clinical Problem (6 thed) Mosby.
- 5. Colmer R.M. (1995) Moroney's Surgery for Nurses (16 thed) ELBS.
- 6. Shah N.S. (2003) A P I textbook of Medicine, The Association of Physicians of India Mumbai.
- 7. Satoskar R.S., Bhandarkar S.D. & Rege N.N. (2003) Pharmacology and Pharmacotherapeutics
- (19 thed) Popular Prakashan, Mumbai.
- 8. Phipps W.J., Long C.B. & Wood N.F. (2001) Shaffer's Medical Surgical Nursing B.T.Publication
- Pvt. Ltd. New Delhi.
- 9 Datta T.K. (2003) Fundamentals of Operation Theatre Services, Jaypee, New Delhi.
- 10. Maheswari J Essentials of Orthopedics (3rd ed) Mehta Publication, NewDelhi.
- 11 Pasricha J.S., Gupta R. (2001) Illustrated Text book of Dermatology (2nded) Jaypee brothers New Delhi.
- 12 Haslett C., Chilvers E.R., Hunder J.A.A. &Boon, N.A. (1999) Davidson's Principles and Practice of Medicine (18 thed) Churchill living stone. Edinburgh.
- 13 Walsh M. (2002) Watson's Clinical Nursing and Related Sciences (6thed) Bailliere Tindall Edinburgh.
- 14. Medical Surgical Nursing: an integrated approach  $2^{\rm nd}$  ed , White, L, Delmar Thomson learning (2002) United States
- 15. Medical Surgical Nursing: A Nursing process approach Vol. I & II, , Ignatacicius, Donna & Workman, Linda, W. B. Saunders Company, Philadelphia (1995)
- 16. The Lippincott Manual of Nursing practice, 7<sup>th</sup> ed, Nettina, Sandra, Lippincott Williams& Wilkins, Philadelphia (2001)

#### CLINICAL PRACTICUM

# CLINICAL PRACTICUM: 6 Credits (480 hours) - 18 weeks × 27

hours

**PRACTICE COMPETENCIES:** On completion of the clinical practicum, the students will be able to apply nursing process and critical thinking in delivering holistic nursing care including rehabilitation to the adult patients undergoing surgery, with shock and fluid and electrolyte imbalance and with selected medical & surgical conditions i.e., Gastrointestinal, Respiratory, Endocrine, Orthopedic, Dermatology and Cardiovascular disorders.

The students will be competent to:

- 1. Utilize the nursing process in providing care to the sick adults in the hospital:
  - a. Perform complete health assessment to establish a data base for providing quality patient care.
  - b. Integrate the knowledge of diagnostic tests in the process of data collection.
  - c. Identify nursing diagnoses and list them according to priority.
  - d. Formulate nursing care plan, using problem solving approach.
  - e. Apply scientific principles while giving nursing care to patients.
  - f. Perform nursing procedures skillfully on patients.
  - g. Establish/develop interpersonal relationship with patients and family members.
  - h. Evaluate the expected outcomes and modify the plan according to the patient needs.
- 2. Provide comfort and safety to adult patients in the hospital.
- 3. Maintain safe environment for patients during hospitalization.
- 4. Explain nursing actions appropriately to the patients and family members.
- 5. Ensure patient safety while providing nursing procedures.
- 6. Assess the educational needs of the patient and their family related to medical and surgical disorders and provide appropriate health education to patients.
- 7. Provide pre, intra and post-operative care to patients undergoing surgery.
- 8. Integrate knowledge of pathology, nutrition and pharmacology for patients experiencing various medical and surgical disorders.
- 9. Integrate evidence-based information while giving nursing care to patients.
- 10. Demonstrate the awareness of legal and ethical issues in nursing practice.

#### I. NURSING MANAGEMENT OF PATIENTS WITH MEDICAL CONDITIONS

#### A. Skill Lab

#### Use of manikins and simulators

- Intravenous therapy
- Oxygen through mask
- Oxygen through nasal prongs
- Venturi mask
- Nebulization
- Chest physiotherapy

| Clinical<br>area/unit | Duration (weeks) | Learning<br>Outcomes  | Procedural Competencies/ Clinical<br>Skills   | Clinical<br>Requirements  | Assessment<br>Methods                        |
|-----------------------|------------------|---|---|---|--|
| General<br>medical    | 4                | Develop skill in<br>intravenous<br>injection<br>administration and<br>IV therapy  | <ul> <li>Intravenous therapy</li> <li>IV cannulation</li> <li>IV maintenance and monitoring</li> <li>Administration of IV medication</li> </ul>   | <ul> <li>Care Study – 1</li> <li>Health education</li> <li>Clinical presentation/ Care</li> </ul> | •  |
|                       |                  | Assist with diagnostic procedures  Develop skill in the management of patients with Respiratory problems  Develop skill in managing patients with metabolic abnormality | <ul> <li>Care of patient with Central line</li> <li>Preparation and assisting and monitoring of patients undergoing diagnostic procedures such as thoracentesis, Abdominal paracentesis</li> <li>Management patients with respiratory problems</li> <li>Administration of oxygen through mask, nasal prongs, venturi mask</li> <li>Pulse oximetry</li> <li>Nebulization</li> <li>Chest physiotherapy</li> <li>Postural drainage</li> <li>Oropharyngeal suctioning</li> <li>Care of patient with chest drainage</li> <li>Diet Planning         <ul> <li>High Protein diet</li> <li>Diabetic diet</li> </ul> </li> <li>Insulin administration</li> <li>Monitoring GRBS</li> </ul> | note) – 1   | evaluation • Care Note/Clinical presentation |

#### II. NURSING MANAGEMENT OF PATIENTS WITH SURGICAL CONDITIONS

#### A. Skill Lab

## Use of manikins and simulators

- Nasogastric aspiration
- Surgical dressing
- Suture removal
- Colostomy care/ileostomy care
- Enteral feeding

## **B.** Clinical Postings

| Clinical<br>area/unit        | Duration<br>(Weeks) | Learning<br>Outcomes  | Procedural Competencies/ Clinical<br>Skills  | Clinical<br>Requirements                                    | Assessment<br>Methods   |
|------------------------------|---------------------|---|--|---|---|
| General<br>surgical<br>wards | 4                   | Develop skill in caring for patients during pre- and post- operative period  Assist with diagnostic procedures  Develop skill in managing patient with Gastro-intestinal Problems | <ul> <li>Pre-Operative care</li> <li>Immediate Post-operative care</li> <li>Post-operative exercise</li> <li>Pain assessment</li> <li>Pain Management</li> <li>Assisting diagnostic procedure and after care of patients undergoing</li> <li>Colonoscopy</li> <li>ERCP</li> <li>Endoscopy</li> <li>Liver Biopsy</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Care study – 1</li> <li>Health teaching</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Clinical evaluation, OSCE</li> <li>Care study</li> <li>Care note/ Clinical presentation</li> </ul> |
|                              |                     | Develop skill in wound management   | <ul> <li>Nasogastric aspiration</li> <li>Gastrostomy/Jejunostomy feeds</li> <li>Ileostomy/Colostomy care</li> <li>Surgical dressing</li> <li>Suture removal</li> <li>Surgical soak</li> <li>Sitz bath</li> <li>Care of drain</li> </ul>  |   |   |

# III. NURSING MANAGEMENT OF PATIENTS WITH CARDIAC CONDITIONS

## A. Skill Lab

#### Use of manikins and simulators

- Cardiovascular assessment
- Interpreting ECG
- BLS/BCLS
- CPR
- ABG analysis
- Taking blood sample
- Arterial blood gas analysis interpretation

| Clinical         | Duration | Learning   | Procedural Competencies/ Clinical   | Clinical  | Assessment   |
|------------------|----------|--|---|---|--|
| area/unit        | (Weeks)  | Outcomes   | Skills  | Requirements  | Methods  |
| Cardiology wards | 2        | Develop skill in management of patients with cardiac problems  Develop skill in management of patients with disorders of Blood | <ul> <li>Cardiac monitoring</li> <li>Recording and interpreting ECG</li> <li>Arterial blood gas analysis – interpretation</li> <li>Administer cardiac drugs</li> <li>Preparation and after care of patients for cardiac catheterization</li> <li>CPR</li> <li>Collection of blood sample for:         <ul> <li>Blood grouping/cross matching</li> <li>Blood sugar</li> <li>Serum electrolytes</li> </ul> </li> <li>Assisting with blood transfusion</li> <li>Assisting for bone marrow aspiration</li> <li>Application of anti-embolism stockings (TED hose)</li> <li>Application/maintenance of sequential Compression device</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Cardiac assessment – 1</li> <li>Drug presentation – 1</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Clinical evaluation</li> <li>Drug presentation</li> </ul> |

# ${\bf IV.} \ \ NURSING\ MANAGEMENT\ OF\ PATIENTS\ WITH\ DISORDERS\ OF\ INTEGUMENTARY\ SYSTEM$

# A. Skill Lab

Use of manikins and simulators

Application of topical medication

| Clinical             | Duration | Learning  | Procedural Competencies/  | Clinical     | Assessment             |
|----------------------|----------|---|---|--------------|------------------------|
| area/unit            | (Weeks)  | Outcomes  | Clinical Skills   | Requirements | Methods                |
| Dermatology<br>wards |          | Develop skill in<br>management of<br>patients with<br>disorders of<br>integumentary<br>system | <ul> <li>Intradermal injection-Skin allergy testing</li> <li>Application of topical medication</li> <li>Medicated bath</li> </ul> |              | Clinical<br>evaluation |

## V. NURSING MANAGEMENT OF PATIENTS WITH COMMUNICABLE DISEASES

## A. Skill Lab

- Barrier Nursing
- Reverse Barrier Nursing
- Standard precautions

# B. Clinical Postings

| Clinical          | Duration | Learning  | Procedural Competencies/ Clinical   | Clinical        | Assessment   |
|-------------------|----------|---|---|-----------------|--|
| area/unit         | (Weeks)  | Outcomes  | Skills  | Requirements    | Methods  |
| Isolation<br>ward |          | Develop skill in<br>the management<br>of patients<br>requiring<br>isolation | <ul> <li>Barrier Nursing</li> <li>Reverse barrier nursing</li> <li>Standard precautions (Universal precaution), use of PPE, needle stick and sharp injury prevention, Cleaning and disinfection, Respiratory hygiene, waste disposal and safe injection practices)</li> </ul> | • Care Note – 1 | <ul> <li>Clinical evaluation</li> <li>Care note</li> </ul> |

## VI. NURSING MANAGEMENT OF PATIENTS WITH MUSCULOSKELETAL PROBLEMS

## A. Skill Lab

# Use of manikins and simulators

- Range of motion exercises
- Muscle strengthening exercises
- Crutch walking

| Clinical            | Duration | Learning Outcomes                                    | Procedural Competencies/   | Clinical        | Assessment   |
|---------------------|----------|--|--|-----------------|--|
| area/unit           | (Weeks)  |  | Clinical Skills  | Requirements    | Methods  |
| Orthopedic<br>wards | 2        | management of patients with musculoskeletal problems | <ul> <li>Preparation of patient with<br/>Myelogram/CT/MRI</li> <li>Assisting with application &amp;<br/>removal of POP/Cast</li> <li>Preparation, assisting and after<br/>care of patient with Skin</li> </ul> | • Care Note – 1 | <ul><li>Clinical evaluation,</li><li>Care note</li></ul> |

|  | traction/skeletal traction     |  |
|--|--------------------------------|--|
|  | Care of orthotics              |  |
|  | Muscle strengthening exercises |  |
|  | Crutch walking                 |  |
|  | Rehabilitation                 |  |

## VII. NURSING MANAGEMENT OF PATIENTS IN THE OPERATING ROOMS

#### A. Skill Lab

## Use of manikins and simulators

- Scrubbing, gowning and gloving
- Orient to instruments for common surgeries
- Orient to suture materials
- Positioning

| Clinical             | Duration | Learning  | Procedural Competencies/ Clinical   | Clinical   | Assessment   |
|----------------------|----------|---|---|--|--|
| area/unit            | (Weeks)  | Outcomes  | Skills  | Requirements   | Methods  |
| Operation<br>theatre | 4        | Develop skill in caring for intraoperative patients | <ul> <li>Assisting in major and minor operation</li> <li>Disinfection and sterilization of equipment</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Assist as circulatory nurse – 4</li> <li>Positioning &amp; draping – 5</li> <li>Assist as scrub nurse in major surgeries – 4</li> <li>Assist as scrub nurse in minor surgeries – 4</li> </ul> | <ul><li>Clinical evaluation</li><li>OSCE</li></ul> |

# ADULT HEALTH NURSING - II WITH INTEGRATED PATHOPHYSIOLOGY including Geriatric Nursing AND PALLIATIVE CARE MODULE

**PLACEMENT**: IV SEMESTER **THEORY:** 7 Credits (140 hours)

**PRACTICUM:** Lab/Skill Lab (SL): 1 Credit (40 hours) Clinical: 6 Credits (480 hours)

**DESCRIPTION:** This course is designed to equip the students to review and apply their knowledge of Anatomy, Physiology, Biochemistry and Behavioral sciences in caring for adult patients with Medical/Surgical disorders using nursingprocess approach. It also intends to develop competencies required for assessment, diagnosis, treatment, nursing management, and supportive/palliative and rehabilitative care to adult patients with various Medical Surgical disorders.

**COMPETENCIES:** On completion of the course the students will apply nursing process and critical thinking in delivering holistic nursing care with selected Medical and Surgical conditions.

At the completion of Adult Health Nursing II course, students will

- 1. Explain the etiology, pathophysiology, manifestations, diagnostic studies, treatments and complications of selected common medical and surgical disorders.
- 2. Perform complete health assessment to establish a data base for providing quality patient care and integrate theknowledge of diagnostic tests in the process of data collection.
- 3. Identify diagnoses, list them according to priority and formulate nursing care plan.
- 4. Perform nursing procedures skillfully and apply scientific principles while giving comprehensive nursing care topatients.
- 5. Integrate knowledge of anatomy, physiology, pathology, nutrition and pharmacology in caring for patients experiencing various medical and surgical disorders.
- 6. Identify common diagnostic measures related to the health problems with emphasis on nursing assessment andresponsibilities.
- 7. Demonstrate skill in assisting/performing diagnostic and therapeutic procedures.
- 8. Demonstrate competencies/skills to patients undergoing treatment for medical surgical disorders.
- 9. Identify the drugs used in treating patients with selected medical surgical conditions.
- 10. Plan and provide relevant individual and group education on significant medical surgical topics.
- 11. Maintain safe environment for patients and the health care personnel in the hospital.

# COURSE OUTLINE

# T – Theory, L/SL – Lab/Skill Lab

| Unit | Time             | <b>Learning Outcomes</b>   | Content  | Teaching/ Learning  | Assessment   |
|------|------------------|--|--|---|--|
|      | (Hrs)            |  |  | Activities  | Methods  |
| I    | 12 (T)<br>4 (SL) | Explain the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic measures and medical, surgical, nutritional and nursing management of patients with ENT disorders | Nursing management of patient with disorders of Ear, Nose and Throat (Includes etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic measures and medical, surgical, nutritional and nursing management)  Review of anatomy and physiology of the ear, nose and throat  History, physical assessment, and diagnostic tests  Ear  External ear: deformities otalgia, foreign bodies and tumors  Middle ear: impacted wax, tympanic, membrane perforation, otitis media, and tumors  Inner ear: Meniere's disease, labyrinthitis, ototoxicity tumors  Upper respiratory airway infections: Rhinitis, sinusitis, tonsillitis, laryngitis  Epistaxis, Nasal obstruction, laryngeal obstruction  Deafness and its management | <ul> <li>Lecture and discussion</li> <li>Demonstration of hearing aids, nasal packing, medication administration</li> <li>Visit to audiology and speech clinic</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>MCQ</li> <li>Short answer</li> <li>Essay</li> <li>OSCE</li> <li>Assessment of skill (using checklist)</li> <li>Quiz</li> <li>Drug book</li> </ul> |
| Unit | Time             | Learning Outcomes  | Content  | Teaching/ Learning  | Assessment   |
|      | (Hrs)            | Ziming outcomes  | 00   | Activities  | Methods  |
| п    | 12 (T)<br>4 (SL) | of eye   | Nursing management of patient with disorder of eye  Review of anatomy and physiology of the eye  History, physical assessment, diagnostic assessment  Eye Disorders  Refractive errors  Eyelids: infection, deformities  Conjunctiva: inflammation and infection bleeding  Cornea: inflammation and infection  Lens: cataract  Glaucoma  Retinal detachment  Blindness  Eye donation, banking and transplantation  | <ul> <li>Lecture and discussion</li> <li>Demonstration of visual aids, lens, medication administration</li> <li>Visit to eye bank</li> </ul>                              | <ul><li>MCQ</li><li>Short Essay</li><li>OSCE</li><li>Drug book</li></ul>   |

| III | 15 (T)<br>4 (L/SL) | clinical manifestations,<br>diagnostic tests, and<br>medical, surgical,   | Nursing management of patient with Kidney and Urinary problems  Review of Anatomy and physiology of the genitourinary system  History, physical assessment, diagnostic tests  Urinary tract infections: acute, chronic, lower, upper  Nephritis, nephrotic syndrome  Renal calculi  Acute and chronic renal failure  Disorders of ureter, urinary bladder and Urethra  Disorders of prostate: inflammation, infection, stricture, obstruction, and Benign Prostate Hypertrophy | <ul> <li>Lecture cum<br/>Discussion</li> <li>Demonstration</li> <li>Case Discussion</li> <li>Health education</li> <li>Drug book</li> <li>Field visit – Visits<br/>hemodialysis unit</li> </ul> | MCQ     Short Note     Long essay     Case report     Submits health teaching on prevention of urinary calculi |
|-----|--------------------|---|--|---|--|
| IV  | 6 (T)              | Explain the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic tests, and medical, surgical, nutritional, and nursing management of male reproductive disorders | Nursing management of disorders of male reproductive system  Review of Anatomy and physiology of the male reproductive system  History, Physical Assessment, Diagnostic tests  Infections of testis, penis and adjacent structures: Phimosis, Epididymitis, and  | <ul><li>Lecture, Discussion</li><li>Case Discussion</li><li>Health education</li></ul>  | Short essay  |

| Unit | Time<br>(Hrs)      | Learning Outcomes   | Content   | Teaching/ Learning<br>Activities  | Assessment<br>Methods   |
|------|--------------------|---|---|---|---|
|      |                    |   | Orchitis  |   |   |
|      |                    |   | <ul> <li>Sexual dysfunction, infertility,<br/>contraception</li> </ul>  |   |   |
|      |                    |   | Male Breast Disorders: gynecomastia,<br>tumor, climacteric changes  |   |   |
| V    | 10 (T)<br>4 (SL)   | Explain the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, types, diagnostic measures and management of patients with disorders of burns/cosmetic surgeries and its significance | Nursing management of patient with burns, reconstructive and cosmetic surgery  Review of anatomy and physiology of the skin and connective tissues  History, physical assessment, assessment of burns and fluid & electrolyte loss  Burns  Reconstructive and cosmetic surgery for burns, congenital deformities, injuries and cosmetic purposes, gender reassignment  Legal and ethical aspects  Special therapies: LAD, vacuumed dressing. Laser, liposuction, skin health rejuvenation, use of derma filters   | <ul> <li>Lecture and discussion</li> <li>Demonstration of burn wound assessment, vacuum dressing and fluid calculations</li> <li>Visit to burn rehabilitation centers</li> </ul>                              | • OSCE • Short notes  |
| VI   | 16 (T)<br>4 (L/SL) | Explain the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic measures and management of patients with neurological disorders  | Nursing management of patient with neurological disorders  Review of anatomy and physiology of the neurological system  History, physical and neurological assessment, diagnostic tests  Headache, Head injuries  Spinal injuries: Paraplegia, Hemiplegia, Quadriplegia  Spinal cord compression: herniation of in vertebral disc  Intra cranial and cerebral aneurysms  Meningitis, encephalitis, brain, abscess, neuro-cysticercosis  Movement disorders: Chorea, Seizures & Epilepsies  Cerebrovascular disorders: CVA  Cranial, spinal neuropathies: Bell's palsy, trigeminal neuralgia  Peripheral Neuropathies  Degenerative diseases: Alzheimer's disease, Parkinson's disease | <ul> <li>Lecture and discussion</li> <li>Demonstration of physiotherapy, neuro assessment, tracheostomy care</li> <li>Visit to rehabilitation center, long term care clinics, EEG, NCV study unit,</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>OSCE</li> <li>Short notes</li> <li>Essay</li> <li>Drug book</li> </ul> |

|  | Rehabilitation of patient with   |   |  |
|--|--|---|--|
| <br>   | neurological deficit   |   |  |
| Explain the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic tests, and medical, surgical, nutritional, and nursing management of immunological disorders  Prepare and provides health education on prevention of HIV infection and rehabilitation  Describe the national infection control programs | <ul> <li>Immunological problems</li> <li>Review of Immune system</li> <li>Nursing Assessment: History and Physical assessment</li> <li>HIV &amp; AIDS: Epidemiology, Transmission, Prevention of Transmission and management of HIV/AIDS</li> </ul>  | <ul> <li>Lecture, discussion</li> <li>Case Discussion/<br/>seminar</li> <li>Refer Module on<br/>HIV/AIDS</li> </ul>   |  |
| Explain the etiology, pathophysiology, types, clinical manifestations, staging, diagnostic measures and management of patients with different cancer, treatment  | <ul> <li>and cancer cells</li> <li>History, physically assessment, diagnostic tests</li> <li>Prevention screening early detections warning sign of cancer</li> <li>Epidemiology, etiology classification, Pathophysiology, staging clinical manifestations, diagnosis, treatment modalities and medical and surgical nursing management of Oncological condition</li> <li>Common malignancies of various body system eye, ear, nose, larynx, breast, cervix, ovary, uterus, sarcoma, renal, bladder, kidney, prostate Brain, Spinal cord.</li> <li>Oncological emergencies</li> <li>Modalities of treatment: Chemotherapy, Radiotherapy: Radiation safety, AERB regulations, Surgical intervention, Stem cell and bone marrow transplant, Immunotherapy, Gene therapy</li> <li>Psychological aspects of cancer: anxiety, depression, insomnia, anger</li> <li>Supportive care</li> </ul> | chemotherapy preparation and administration  • Visit to BMT, radiotherapy units (linear accelerator, brachytherapy, etc.), nuclear medicine unit  | <ul> <li>OSCE</li> <li>Essay</li> <li>Quiz</li> <li>Drug book</li> <li>Counseling, health teaching</li> </ul>  |
| (L/SL)   | immunological disorders  Prepare and provides health education on prevention of HIV infection and rehabilitation  Describe the national infection control programs  12 (T)   | immunological disorders  Prepare and provides health education on prevention of HIV/AIDS  Prepare and provides health education on prevention of HIV infection and rehabilitation  Describe the national infection control programs  12 (T) Explain the etiology, pathophysiology, types, clinical manifestations, staging, diagnostic measures and management of patients with different cancer, treatment modalities including newer treatments  12 (T) Explain the etiology, pathophysiology, types, clinical manifestations, staging, diagnostic measures and management of patients with different cancer, treatment modalities including newer treatments  Prevention screening early detections warning sign of cancer  Epidemiology, etiology classification, Pathophysiology, staging clinical manifestations, diagnosis, treatment modalities and medical and surgical nursing management of Oncological condition  Common malignancies of various body system eye, ear, nose, larynx, breast, cervix, ovary, uterus, sarcoma, renal, bladder, kidney, prostate Brain, Spinal cord.  Oncological emergencies  Modalities of treatment: Chemotherapy, Radiotherapy: Radiation safety, AERB regulations, Surgical intervention, Stem cell and bone marrow transplant, Immunotherapy, Gene therapy  Psychological aspects of cancer: | immunological disorders  Prepare and provides health education on prevention of HIV infection and rehabilitation  Describe the national infection control programs  12 (T) Explain the etiology, pathophysiology, types, clinical manifestations, staging, diagnostic measures and management of patients with different cancer, treatment modalities including newer treatments  Prevention of Sandard and management of patients with different cancer, treatment modalities and medical and surgical nursing management of Oncological condition  Prevention screening early detections warning sign of cancer  Epidemiology, etiology classification, Pathophysiology, staging clinical manifestations, diagnossic tests  Prevention screening early detections warning sign of cancer  Epidemiology, etiology classification, Pathophysiology, staging clinical manifestations, diagnosis, treatment modalities and medical and surgical nursing management of Oncological condition  Common malignancies of various body system eye, ear, nose, larynx, breast, cervix, ovary, uterus, sarcoma, renal, bladder, kidney, prostate Brain, Spinal cord.  Oncological emergencies  Modalities of treatment: Chemotherapy, Radiation safety, AERB regulations, Surgical intervention, Stem cell and bone marrow transplant, Immunotherapy, Gene therapy  Psychological aspects of cancer: anxiety, depression, insomnia, anger  Supportive care |

| Unit | Time<br>(Hrs)      | Learning Outcomes  | Content  | Teaching/ Learning<br>Activities  | Assessment<br>Methods   |
|------|--------------------|--|--|---|---|
|      |                    |  |  | module during<br>clinical hours<br>(20 hours)   |   |
| IX   | 15 (T)<br>4 (L/SL) | Explain the types, policies, guidelines, prevention and management of disaster and the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic measures and management of patients with acute emergencies | Nursing management of patient in Emergency and Disaster situations  Disaster Nursing  Concept and principles of disaster nursing, Related Policies  Types of disaster: Natural and manmade  Disaster preparedness: Team, guidelines, protocols, equipment, resources  Etiology, classification, Pathophysiology, staging, clinical manifestation, diagnosis, treatment modalities and medical and surgical nursing management of patient with medical and surgical emergencies — Poly trauma, Bites, Poisoning and Thermal emergencies  Principles of emergency management  Medico legal aspects | <ul> <li>Lecture and discussion</li> <li>Demonstration of disaster preparedness (Mock drill) and triaging</li> <li>Filed visit to local disaster management centers or demo by fire extinguishers</li> <li>Group presentation (role play, skit, concept mapping) on different emergency care</li> <li>Refer Trauma care management/ATCN module</li> <li>Guided reading on National Disaster Management Authority (NDMA) guidelines</li> </ul> | OSCE     Case presentations and case study  |
| X    | 10 (T)             | Explain the Concept, physiological changes, and psychosocial problems of ageing  Describe the nursing management of the elderly  | <ul> <li>Nursing care of the elderly</li> <li>History and physical assessment</li> <li>Aging process and age-related body changes and psychosocial aspects</li> <li>Stress and coping in elder patient</li> <li>Psychosocial and sexual abuse of elderly</li> <li>Role of family and formal and nonformal caregivers</li> <li>Use of aids and prosthesis (hearing aids, dentures)</li> <li>Legal and ethical issues</li> <li>National programs for elderly, privileges, community programs and health services</li> <li>Home and institutional care</li> </ul>                                   | <ul> <li>Lecture and discussion</li> <li>Demonstration of communication with visual and hearing impaired</li> <li>Field visit to old age homes</li> </ul>   | OSCE     Case presentations     Assignment on family systems of India focusing on geriatric population                            |
| XI   | 15 (T)<br>8 (L/SL) | Explain the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic measures and management of patients in critical care units  | Nursing management of patients in critical Care units  • Principles of critical care nursing  • Organization: physical set-up, policies, staffing norms  • Protocols, equipment and supplies   | <ul> <li>Lecture and discussion</li> <li>Demonstration on the use of mechanical ventilators, cardiac monitors etc.</li> <li>Clinical practice in</li> </ul>   | <ul> <li>Objective type</li> <li>Short notes</li> <li>Case presentations</li> <li>Assessment of skill on monitoring of</li> </ul> |

| Unit | Time<br>(Hrs) | <b>Learning Outcomes</b>  | Content   | Teaching/ Learning<br>Activities                                     | Assessment<br>Methods   |
|------|---------------|---|---|--|---|
|      |               |   | <ul> <li>Use and application of critical care biomedical equipment: ventilators, cardiac monitors, defibrillators, infusion pump, Resuscitation equipment and any other</li> <li>Advanced Cardiac Life support</li> <li>Nursing management of critically ill patient</li> <li>Transitional care</li> <li>Ethical and Legal Aspects</li> <li>Breaking Bad News to Patients and/or their families: Communication with patient and family</li> <li>End of life care</li> </ul> | different ICUs   | patients in ICU.  • Written assignment on ethical and legal issues in critical care |
| XII  | 5 (T)         | Describe the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic measures and management of patients with occupational/industrial health disorders | Nursing management of patients occupational and industrial disorders  • History, physical examination, Diagnostic tests  • Occupational diseases and management   | <ul> <li>Lecture and discussion</li> <li>Industrial visit</li> </ul> | Assignment<br>on industrial<br>health hazards                                       |

# **Bibliography:**

- 1. Lewis, Heitkemper&Dirksen (2000) Medical Surgical Nursing Assessment and Management of Clinical Problem (6 th ed) Mosby.
- 2. Black J.M. Hawk, J.H. (2005) Medical Surgical Nursing Clinical Management for Positive Outcomes. (7<sup>th</sup> ed) Elsevier.
- 3. . Brunner S. B., Suddarth D.S. The Lippincott Manual of Nursing practice J.B.Lippincott. Philadelphia.
- 4. Colmer R.M. (1995) Moroney's Surgery for Nurses (16 th ed) ELBS.
- 5. 5. Shah N.S. (2003) A P I textbook of Medicine, The Association of Physicians of India Mumbai.
- 6. Satoskar R.S., Bhandarkar S.D. & Rege N.N. (2003) Pharmacology and Pharmacotherapeutics (19 th ed) Popular Prakashan, Mumbai.
- 7. Phipps W.J., Long C.B. & Wood N.F. (2001) Shaffer's Medical Surgical Nursing B.T.Publication

Pvt. Ltd. New Delhi.

- 8. 11 Haslett C., Chilvers E.R., Hunder J.A.A. &Boon, N.A. (1999) Davidson's Principles and Practice of Medicine (18 th ed) Churchill living stone. Edinburgh.
- 9. 13 Walsh M. (2002) Watson's Clinical Nursing and Related Sciences (6<sup>th</sup> ed) Bailliere Tindall Edinburgh

#### CLINICAL PRACTICUM

#### CLINICAL PRACTICUM: 6 Credits (480 Hours) – 20 weeks × 24 hours

**PRACTICE COMPETENCIES:** On completion of the clinical practicum, the students will develop proficiency in applying nursing process and critical thinking in rendering holistic nursing care including rehabilitation to the adult/geriatric patients admitted in Critical Care Units, undergoing cosmetic and reconstructive surgery and with selected medical & surgical disorders of ear, nose, throat, eye, Genitourinary, reproductive, immunologic, nervous systems and in emergency/disaster conditions.

The students will be competent to

- 1. Utilize the nursing process in providing care to the sick adults in the hospital
  - a. Perform complete health assessment to establish a data base for providing quality patient care.
  - b. Integrate the knowledge of diagnostic tests in patient assignment.
  - c. Identify nursing diagnoses and list them according to priority.
  - d. Formulate nursing care plan, using problem solving approach.
  - e. Apply scientific principles while giving nursing care to patients.
  - f. Develop skill in performing nursing procedures applying scientific principle.
  - g. Establish/develop interpersonal relationship with patients and family members.
  - h. Evaluate the expected outcomes and modify the plan according to the patient needs.
- 2. Provide comfort and safety to adult patients in the hospital.
- 3. Maintain safe environment for patients during hospitalization.
- 4. Explain nursing actions appropriately to the patients and family members.
- 5. Ensure patient safety while providing nursing procedures.
- 6. Assess the educational needs of the patient and their family related to medical and surgical disorders and provide appropriate health education to patients.
- 7. Provide pre, intra and post-operative care to patients undergoing surgery.
- 8. Integrate knowledge of pathology, nutrition and pharmacology for patients experiencing selected medical and surgical disorders.
- 9. Integrate evidence-based information while giving nursing care to patients.
- 10. Demonstrate the awareness of legal and ethical issues in nursing practice.

#### I. Nursing Management of Patients with ENT Disorders

#### A. Skill Lab

#### Use of manikins and simulators

- Tracheostomy care
- Instilling Ear and Nasal medications
- Bandage application

#### **B.** Clinical Postings

| Clinical         | Duration (weeks) | Learning   | Procedural Competencies/   | Clinical  | Assessment  |
|------------------|------------------|--|--|---|---|
| area/unit        |                  | Outcomes   | Clinical Skills  | Requirements  | Methods   |
| ENT Ward and OPD | 2                | Provide care to patients with ENT disorders  Educate the patients and their families | <ul> <li>Examination of ear, nose, throat and History taking</li> <li>Applying bandages to Ear, Nose</li> <li>Tracheostomy care</li> <li>Preparation of patient, assisting and monitoring of patients undergoing diagnostic procedures         <ul> <li>Auditory screening tests</li> <li>Audiometric tests</li> </ul> </li> <li>Preparing the patient and assisting in special procedures like Anterior/ posterior nasal packing, Ear Packing and Syringing</li> <li>Preparation and after care of patients undergoing ENT surgical procedures</li> <li>Instillation of drops/medication</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>ENT assessment         <ul> <li>Case study/<br/>Clinical<br/>presentation – 1</li> </ul> </li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Clinical evaluation</li> <li>OSCE</li> <li>Case report study/ Clinical presentation</li> </ul> |

# **II. Nursing Management of Patients with Eye Conditions**

#### A. Skill Lab

#### Use of manikins and simulators

- Instilling Eye medications
- Eye irrigation
- Eye bandage

# **B.** Clinical Postings

| Clinical<br>area/unit | Duration (weeks) | Learning<br>Outcomes  | Procedural Competencies/<br>Clinical Skills  | Clinical<br>Requirements   | Assessment<br>Methods  |
|-----------------------|------------------|---|--|--|--|
| Ophthalmology<br>unit | 2                | Develop skill<br>in providing<br>care to<br>patients with<br>Eye disorders<br>Educate the<br>patients and | <ul> <li>History taking, Examination of eyes and interpretation</li> <li>Assisting procedures         <ul> <li>Visual acuity</li> <li>Fundoscopy, retinoscopy, ophthalmoscopy, tonometry,</li> <li>Refraction tests</li> </ul> </li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Eye assessment – 1</li> <li>Health teaching</li> <li>Case study/<br/>Clinical<br/>Presentation – 1</li> </ul> | <ul><li>Clinical evaluation</li><li>OSCE</li><li>Clinical presentation</li></ul> |
|                       |                  | their families  | <ul> <li>Pre and post-operative care</li> <li>Instillation of drops/ medication</li> <li>Eye irrigation</li> <li>Application of eye bandage</li> <li>Assisting with foreign body removal</li> </ul>  |  |  |

# III. Nursing Management of Patients with Kidney and Urinary System Disorders

#### A. Skill Lab

#### Use of manikins and simulators

Assessment: kidney & urinary system

Preparation: dialysis

Catheterization and care

•

# **B.** Clinical Postings

| Clinical  | Duration (weeks) | Learning   | Procedural Competencies/  | Clinical  | Assessment  |
|---|------------------|--|---|---|---|
| area/unit   |                  | Outcomes   | Clinical Skills   | Requirements  | Methods   |
| Renal ward/<br>nephrology<br>ward<br>including<br>Dialysis unit | 2                | Develop skill in Management of patients with urinary, male reproductive problems | <ul> <li>Assessment of kidney and urinary system</li> <li>History taking</li> <li>Physical examination</li> <li>Testicular self-examination</li> <li>digital rectal exam</li> <li>Preparation and assisting with diagnostic and therapeutic procedures</li> <li>Cystoscopy, Cystometrogram,</li> <li>Contrast studies: IVP etc.</li> <li>Peritoneal dialysis</li> <li>Hemodialysis,</li> <li>Lithotripsy</li> <li>Specific tests: Semen analysis, gonorreoea test, Renal/ Prostate Biopsy etc.</li> <li>Catheterization: care</li> <li>Bladder irrigation</li> <li>I/O recording and monitoring</li> <li>Ambulation and exercise</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Assessment – 1</li> <li>Drug presentation – 1</li> <li>Care study/ Clinical presentation – 1</li> <li>Preparing and assisting in hemodialysis</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Clinical evaluation</li> <li>Care plan</li> <li>OSCE</li> <li>Quiz</li> <li>Drug Presentation</li> </ul> |

# IV. Nursing Management of Patients with Burns and Reconstructive Surgery

#### A. Skill Lab

#### Use of manikins and simulators

- Assessment of burns wound
- Wound dressing

# **B.** Clinical Postings

| Clinical<br>area/unit                          | Duration (weeks) | <b>Learning Outcomes</b>  | Procedural Competencies/<br>Clinical Skills  | Clinical<br>Requirements  | Assessment<br>Methods  |
|--|------------------|---|--|---|--|
| Burns unit/<br>reconstructive<br>surgical unit | 2                | Develop skill in burns assessment and providing care to patients with different types of burns  Develop skill in providing care to patients with different types of cosmetic and reconstructive surgeries | <ul> <li>Assessment of burns</li> <li>First aid of burns</li> <li>Fluid &amp; electrolyte replacement therapy</li> <li>Skin care</li> <li>Care of Burn wounds         <ul> <li>Bathing</li> <li>Dressing</li> </ul> </li> <li>Pre-operative and post-operative care of patients</li> <li>Caring of skin graft and post cosmetic surgery</li> <li>Rehabilitation</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>burn wound assessment – 1</li> <li>care study/case presentation – 1</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Clinical evaluation,</li> <li>Care study/case report</li> </ul> |

#### V. Nursing Management of Patients with neurological disorders

#### A. Skill Lab

#### Use of manikins and simulators

- Range of motion exercises
- Muscle strengthening exercises
- Crutch walking

#### **B.** Clinical Postings

| Clinical                                   | Duration | Learning   | Procedural Competencies/ Clinical  | Clinical   | Assessment   |
|--|----------|--|--|--|--|
| area/unit                                  | (weeks)  | Outcomes   | Skills   | Requirements   | Methods  |
| Neurology-<br>medical/<br>Surgery<br>wards | 3        | Develop skill<br>in<br>Management<br>of patients<br>with<br>Neurological<br>problems | <ul> <li>Examination</li> <li>Patient monitoring</li> <li>Prepare and assist for various invasive and non-invasive diagnostic</li> </ul> | <ul><li>Case study/ case presentation – 1</li><li>Drug</li></ul> | <ul> <li>Clinical evaluation</li> <li>Neuro assessment</li> <li>OSCE</li> <li>Case report/presentations</li> </ul> |

# VI. Nursing Management of Patients with Immunological Disorders

#### A. Skill Lab

- Barrier Nursing
- Reverse Barrier Nursing

#### **B.** Clinical Postings

| Clinical                              | Duration (weeks) | Learning  | Procedural Competencies/ Clinical   | Clinical                     | Assessment   |
|---------------------------------------|------------------|---|---|------------------------------|--|
| area/unit                             |                  | Outcomes  | Skills  | Requirements                 | Methods  |
| Isolation<br>ward/<br>Medical<br>ward | 1                | Develop skill in<br>the<br>Management of<br>patients with<br>immunological<br>disorders | <ul> <li>History taking</li> <li>Immunological status assessment (e.g. HIV) and Interpretation of specific tests</li> <li>Caring of patients with low immunity</li> <li>Practicing of standard safety measures, precautions/barrier nursing/reverse barrier/isolation skills</li> </ul> | immune status  • Teaching of | <ul><li>Care note</li><li>Quiz</li><li>Health<br/>Teaching</li></ul> |

# VII. Nursing Management of Patients with disorders of Oncological conditions

#### A. Skill Lab

#### Use of manikins and simulators

- Application of topical medication
- Administration of chemotherapy

#### **B.** Clinical Postings

| Clinical   | Duration (weeks) | Learning   | Procedural Competencies/ Clinical   | Clinical  | Assessment   |
|--|------------------|--|---|---|--|
| area/unit  |                  | Outcomes   | Skills  | Requirements  | Methods  |
| Oncology<br>wards<br>(including<br>day care<br>radiotherapy<br>unit) | 3                | Develop skill in providing care to patients with oncological disorders | <ul> <li>History taking &amp; physical examination of cancer patients</li> <li>Screening for common cancers: TNM classification</li> <li>Preparation, assisting and after care patients undergoing diagnostic procedures <ul> <li>Biopsies/FNAC</li> <li>Pap smear</li> <li>Bone-marrow aspiration</li> </ul> </li> <li>Various modalities of treatment <ul> <li>Chemotherapy</li> <li>Radiotherapy</li> <li>Pain management</li> <li>Stoma therapy</li> <li>Hormonal therapy</li> <li>Gene therapy</li> <li>Alternative therapy</li> </ul> </li> <li>Stoma care and feeding</li> <li>Caring of patients treated with nuclear medicine</li> <li>Rehabilitation</li> </ul> | Assessment – 1     Care study/clinical presentation – 1     Pre and post-operative care of patient with various modes of cancer treatment     Teaching on BSE to family members     Visit to palliative care unit | <ul> <li>Clinical evaluation</li> <li>Care study</li> <li>Quiz</li> <li>Drug book</li> </ul> |

# VIII. Nursing Management of Patients in emergency conditions

# A. Skill Lab

# Use of manikins and simulators

- Assessment: primary and secondary survey
- Trauma care: bandaging, wound care, splinting, positions

# **B.** Clinical Postings

| Clinical                                | Duration | Learning   | Procedural Competencies/ Clinical Skills  | Clinical   | Assessment   |
|---|----------|--|---|--|--|
| area/unit                               | (weeks)  | Outcomes   |   | Requirements   | Methods  |
| Emergency<br>room/<br>Emergency<br>unit | 2        | Develop skill<br>in providing<br>care to<br>patients with<br>emergency<br>health<br>problems | <ul> <li>Practicing _triage'</li> <li>Primary and secondary survey in emergency</li> <li>Examination, investigations &amp; their interpretations, in emergency &amp; disaster situations</li> <li>Emergency care of medical and traumatic injury patients</li> <li>Documentations, assisting in legal procedures in emergency unit</li> <li>Managing crowd</li> <li>Counseling the patient and family in dealing with grieving &amp; bereavement</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Triage</li> <li>Immediate care</li> <li>Use of emergency trolley</li> </ul> | <ul><li>Clinical evaluation</li><li>Quiz</li></ul> |

#### IX. Nursing Management of geriatric patients

#### A. Skill Lab

Use of manikins and simulators

• Use of assistive safety devices

#### **B.** Clinical Postings

| Clinical<br>area/unit | <b>Learning Outcomes</b>   | Procedural<br>Competencies/<br>Clinical Skills | Clinical Requirements   | Assessment<br>Methods                                   |
|-----------------------|--|--|---|---|
| Geriatric<br>ward     | Develops skill in<br>geriatric assessment<br>and providing care to<br>patients with<br>geriatric illness | and assessment<br>of Geriatric<br>patient      | <ul> <li>Geriatric assessment – 1</li> <li>Care of normal and geriatric patient with illness</li> <li>Fall risk assessment – 1</li> <li>Functional status assessment – 1</li> </ul> | <ul><li>Clinical evaluation</li><li>Care plan</li></ul> |

# X. Nursing Management of Patients in critical care units

# A. Skill Lab

#### Use of manikins and simulators

- Assessment critically ill
- ET tube set up –suction
- TT suction
- Ventilator set up
- Chest drainage
- Bag mask ventilation
- Central & Peripheral line
- Pacemaker

# **B.** Clinical Postings

| Clinical<br>area/unit | Duration (weeks) | Learning<br>Outcomes   | Procedural Competencies/ Clinical Skills  | Clinical<br>Requirements   | Assessment<br>Methods  |
|-----------------------|------------------|--|---|--|--|
| Critical<br>Care Unit | 2                | Develop skill in assessment of critically ill and providing care to patients with critical health conditions | <ul> <li>Assessment of critically ill patients</li> <li>Assisting in arterial puncture, ET tube intubation &amp; extubation</li> <li>ABG analysis &amp; interpretation - respiratory acidosis, respiratory alkalosis, metabolic acidosis, metabolic alkalosis</li> <li>Setting up of Ventilator modes and settings and care of patient on a ventilator</li> <li>Set up of trolley with instruments</li> <li>Monitoring and maintenance of Chest drainage system</li> <li>Bag and mask ventilation</li> <li>Assisting and maintenance of Central and peripheral lines invasive</li> <li>Setting up of infusion pump, defibrillator,</li> <li>Drug administration-infusion, intracardic, intrathecal, epidural,</li> <li>Monitoring pacemaker</li> <li>ICU care bundle</li> <li>Management of the dying patient in the ICU</li> </ul> | Hemodynamic monitoring     Different scales used in ICU     Communicating with critically ill patients | <ul> <li>Clinical evaluation</li> <li>OSCE</li> <li>RASS scale assessment</li> <li>Use of VAE bundle VAP, CAUTI, BSI</li> <li>Case Presentation</li> </ul> |

#### PHARMACOLOGY - II

# **Including Fundamentals of Prescribing Module**

**DESCRIPTION:** This course is designed to enable students to acquire understanding of Pharmacodynamics, Pharmacokinetics, principles of therapeutics & nursing implications. Further it develops understanding of fundamental principles of prescribing in students.

**COMPETENCIES:** On completion of the course, the students will be able to

- 1. Explain the drugs used in the treatment of ear, nose, throat and eye disorders.
- 2. Explain the drugs used in the treatment of urinary system disorders.
- 3. Describe the drugs used in the treatment of nervous system disorders.
- 4. Explain the drugs used for hormonal replacement and for the pregnant women during antenatal, intra natal and postnatal period.
- 5. Explain the drugs used to treat emergency conditions and immune disorders.
- 6. Discuss the role and responsibilities of nurses towards safe administration of drugs used to treat disorders of various systems with basic understanding of pharmacology.
- 7. Demonstrate understanding about the drugs used in alternative system of medicine.
- 8. Demonstrate understanding about the fundamental principles of prescribing.

# $\boldsymbol{T-Theory}$

| Unit | Time<br>(Hrs) | <b>Learning Outcomes</b>   | Content  | Teaching/ Learning<br>Activities   | Assessment<br>Methods                                    |
|------|---------------|--|--|--|--|
| I    | 4 (T)         | Describe drugs used in<br>disorders of ear, nose,<br>throat and eye and<br>nurses'<br>responsibilities | Drugs used in disorders of ear, nose, throat & Eye  Antihistamines  Topical applications for eye (Chloramphenicol, Gentamycin eye drops), ear (Soda glycerin, boric spirit ear drops), nose and buccal cavity-chlorhexidine mouthwash  Composition, action, dosage, route, indications, contraindications, drug interactions, side effects, adverse effects, toxicity and role of nurse  | <ul> <li>Lecture cum<br/>Discussion</li> <li>Drug study/<br/>presentation</li> </ul> | Short answer     Objective type                          |
| П    | 4 (T)         | Describe drugs acting<br>on urinary system &<br>nurse's<br>responsibilities                            | Pharmacology of commonly used drugs     ○ Renin angiotensin system     ○ Diuretics and antidiuretics     ○ Drugs toxic to kidney     ○ Urinary antiseptics     ○ Treatment of UTI – acidifiers and alkalinizers      Composition, action, dosage, route, indications, contraindications, Drug interactions, side effects, adverse effects toxicity and role of nurse   | Lecture cum<br>Discussion     Drug study/<br>presentation                            | <ul> <li>Short answer</li> <li>Objective type</li> </ul> |
| III  | 10 (T)        | Describe drugs used<br>on nervous system &<br>nurse's<br>responsibilities                              | <ul> <li>Drugs acting on nervous system</li> <li>Basis &amp; applied pharmacology of commonly used drugs</li> <li>Analgesics and anaesthetics         <ul> <li>Analgesics: Non-steroidal anti-inflammatory (NSAID) drugs</li> <li>Antipyretics</li> <li>Opioids &amp; other central analgesics</li> <li>✓ General (techniques of GA, pre anesthetic medication) &amp; local anesthetics</li> <li>✓ Gases: oxygen, nitrous, oxide, carbon-dioxide &amp; others</li> </ul> </li> <li>Hypnotics and sedatives</li> <li>Skeletal muscle relaxants</li> <li>Antipsychotics</li> <li>Mood stabilizers</li> </ul> | Lecture cum<br>Discussion     Drug study/<br>presentation                            | Short answer     Objective type                          |

| Unit | Time<br>(Hrs) | <b>Learning Outcomes</b>   | Content   | Teaching/ Learning<br>Activities  | Assessment<br>Methods  |
|------|---------------|--|---|---|--|
| IV   | (Hrs)         | Describe drugs used for hormonal disorder & supplementation, contraception & medical termination of pregnancy & nurse's responsibilities | <ul> <li>Antidepressants</li> <li>Anticonvulsants</li> <li>Drugs for neurodegenerative disorders &amp; miscellaneous drugs</li> <li>Stimulants, ethyl alcohol and treatment of methyl alcohol poisoning</li> <li>Composition, action, dosage, route, indications, contraindications, drug interactions, side effects, adverse effects toxicity and role of nurse</li> <li>Drugs used for hormonal, disorders and supplementation, contraception and medical termination of pregnancy</li> <li>Estrogens and progesterones</li> <li>Oral contraceptives and hormone replacement therapy</li> <li>Vaginal contraceptives</li> <li>Drugs for infertility and medical termination of pregnancy</li> <li>Uterine stimulants and relaxants</li> <li>Composition, actions dosage route indications contraindications, drugs interactions, side effects, adverse effects, toxicity and role of nurse</li> </ul> | Lecture cum     Discussion     Drug study/     presentation                                 | <ul> <li>Short answer</li> <li>Objective type</li> </ul>                       |
| V    |               | Develop understanding about important drugs used for women before, during and after labour  Describe drugs used in deaddiction,          |   | Lecture cum     Discussion     Drug study/     presentation      Lecture cum     Discussion | <ul> <li>Short answer</li> <li>Objective type</li> <li>Short answer</li> </ul> |
|      |               | emergency, poisoning, vitamins & minerals supplementation, drugs used for immunization & immune-suppression & nurse's responsibilities   | <ul> <li>Drugs used for deaddiction</li> <li>Drugs used in CPR and emergency-adrenaline, Chlorpheniramine, hydrocortisone, Dexamethasone</li> <li>IV fluids &amp; electrolytes replacement</li> <li>Common poisons, drugs used for treatment of poisoning         <ul> <li>Activated charcoal</li> </ul> </li> </ul>  | Drug study/<br>presentation   | Objective type   |

| Unit | Time<br>(Hrs) | <b>Learning Outcomes</b>  | Content   | Teaching/ Learning<br>Activities  | Assessment<br>Methods  |
|------|---------------|---|---|---|--|
| VII  | 4 (T)         | Demonstrate<br>awareness of common<br>drugs used in<br>alternative system of      | <ul> <li>Ipecac</li> <li>Antidotes,</li> <li>Anti-snake venom (ASV)</li> <li>Vitamins and minerals supplementation</li> <li>Vaccines &amp; sera (Universal immunization program schedules)</li> <li>Anticancer drugs: Chemotherapeutic drugs commonly used</li> <li>Immuno-suppressants and Immunostimulants</li> <li>Introduction to drugs used in alternative systems of medicine</li> <li>Ayurveda, Homeopathy, Unani and</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Lecture cum Discussion</li> <li>Observational visit</li> </ul>   | <ul><li>Short answer</li><li>Objective type</li></ul>            |
|      |               | medicine  | <ul><li>Siddha etc.</li><li>Drugs used for common ailments</li></ul>  |   |  |
| VIII | 20 (T)        | Demonstrate<br>understanding about<br>fundamental<br>principles of<br>prescribing | <ul> <li>Fundamental principles of prescribing</li> <li>Prescriptive role of nurse practitioners: Introduction</li> <li>Legal and ethical issues related to prescribing</li> <li>Principles of prescribing</li> <li>Steps of prescribing</li> <li>Prescribing competencies</li> </ul>   | Completion of<br>module on<br>Fundamental<br>principles of<br>prescribing | <ul> <li>Short answer</li> <li>Assignments evaluation</li> </ul> |

# **Bibliography: (Pharmacology)**

- 1. Satoskar, Bhandarkar, Ainapure: Pharmacology and pharmacotherapeutics, 18 Edition Popular Prakashan Mumbai.
- 2. M M Das: Pharmacology, Books & Allied (p) Ltd, 4 Edition 2001.
- 3. Linda, Skidmore Roth: Mosby's 2000 Nursing Drug Reference, Mosby Inc, Harcourt Health Sciences Company, Missouri 2000.
- 4. Ramesh Karmegan: First aid to Pharmacology for undergraduates, Paras Medical publishers, Hyderabad, India, 1 Edition 2003.
- 5. K D Tripathi: Essentials of medical pharmacology, 4 Edition, Jaypee Brothers, Bangalore.
- 6. Govoni & Hayes: Drugs and nursing implications, 8 Edition, Appleton & Lange Newyork.
- 7. Rodman & Smith: Clinical pharmacology in nursing, 2 Edition, J B Lippincott company, Philadelphia.
- 8. Richard A Lehne: Pharmacology for nursing care, 3 Edition, W B S aunderers company, Philadelphia, 1990.
- 9. Lalit Mishra: Drug Today, Vol 12, No 12, Lorina publications Inc. Delhi 2004

# **PATHOLOGY - II AND GENETICS**

**PLACEMENT: IV SEMESTER** 

**THEORY:** 1 Credit (20 hours) (Includes lab hours also)

**DESCRIPTION:** This course is designed to enable students to acquire knowledge of pathology of various disease conditions, understanding of genetics, its role in causation and management of defects and diseases and to apply this knowledge in practice of nursing.

**COMPETENCIES:** On completion of the course, the students will be able to

- 1. Apply the knowledge of pathology in understanding the deviations from normal to abnormal pathology
- 2. Rationalize the various laboratory investigations in diagnosing pathological disorders
- 3. Demonstrate the understanding of the methods of collection of blood, body cavity fluids, urine and feces for varioustests
- 4. Apply the knowledge of genetics in understanding the various pathological disorders
- 5. Appreciate the various manifestations in patients with diagnosed genetic abnormalities
- 6. Rationalize the specific diagnostic tests in the detection of genetic abnormalities.
- 7. Demonstrate the understanding of various services related to genetics.

# $\boldsymbol{T-Theory}$

| Unit | Time<br>(Hrs) | <b>Learning Outcomes</b>                               | Content  | Teaching/ Learning<br>Activities                 | Assessment<br>Methods |
|------|---------------|--|--|--|-----------------------|
| I    | 5 (T)         | Explain pathological                                   | Special Pathology:   | Lecture  | Short answer          |
|      |               | changes in disease<br>conditions of various<br>systems | Pathological changes in disease conditions of selected systems   |  | Objective type        |
|      |               |  | 1. Kidneys and Urinary tract   | • Explain using slides, X-rays and               |                       |
|      |               |  | Glomerulonephritis   | scans  |                       |
|      |               |  | Pyelonephritis   | • Visit to pathology lab, endoscopy unit         |                       |
|      |               |  | Renal calculi  | and OT   |                       |
|      |               |  | Cystitis   |  |                       |
|      |               |  | Renal Cell Carcinoma   |  |                       |
|      |               |  | Renal Failure (Acute and Chronic)  |  |                       |
|      |               |  | 2. Male genital systems  |  |                       |
|      |               |  | Cryptorchidism   |  |                       |
|      |               |  | Testicular atrophy   |  |                       |
|      |               |  | Prostatic hyperplasia  |  |                       |
|      |               |  | Carcinoma penis and Prostate.  |  |                       |
|      |               |  | 3. Female genital system   |  |                       |
|      |               |  | Carcinoma cervix   |  |                       |
|      |               |  | Carcinoma of endometrium   |  |                       |
|      |               |  | Uterine fibroids   |  |                       |
|      |               |  | Vesicular mole and<br>Choriocarcinoma  |  |                       |
|      |               |  | Ovarian cyst and tumors  |  |                       |
|      |               |  | 4. Breast  |  |                       |
|      |               |  | Fibrocystic changes  |  |                       |
|      |               |  | Fibroadenoma   |  |                       |
|      |               |  | Carcinoma of the Breast  |  |                       |
|      |               |  | 5. Central nervous system  |  |                       |
|      |               |  | Meningitis.  |  |                       |
|      |               |  | Encephalitis   |  |                       |
|      |               |  | • Stroke   |  |                       |
|      |               |  | Tumors of CNS  |  |                       |
| II   | 5 (T)         | Describe the   | Clinical Pathology   | • Lecture  | Short answer          |
|      |               | laboratory tests for examination of body               | • Examination of body cavity fluids:   | • Discussion                                     | Objective type        |
|      |               | cavity fluids, urine<br>and faeces                     | <ul> <li>Methods of collection and<br/>examination of CSF and other body<br/>cavity fluids (sputum, wound<br/>discharge) specimen for various<br/>clinical pathology, biochemistry and<br/>microbiology tests</li> </ul> | Visit to clinical lab<br>and biochemistry<br>lab |                       |

| Unit | Time  | <b>Learning Outcomes</b> | Content  | Teaching/ Learning<br>Activities | Assessment<br>Methods |
|------|-------|--------------------------|--|----------------------------------|-----------------------|
|      | (Hrs) |                          |  | 1100111010                       | 1/10/11/0/15          |
|      |       |                          | <ul> <li>Analysis of semen:         <ul> <li>Sperm count, motility and morphology and their importance in infertility</li> </ul> </li> <li>Urine:</li> </ul> |                                  |                       |
|      |       |                          | <ul> <li>Physical characteristics, Analysis,<br/>Culture and Sensitivity</li> </ul>  |                                  |                       |
|      |       |                          | • Faeces:  |                                  |                       |
|      |       |                          | o Characteristics  |                                  |                       |
|      |       |                          | <ul> <li>Stool examination: Occult blood,<br/>Ova, Parasite and Cyst, Reducing<br/>substance etc.</li> </ul>   |                                  |                       |
|      |       |                          | <ul> <li>Methods and collection of urine and<br/>faeces for various tests</li> </ul>   |                                  |                       |

# **Bibliography – Pathology**

- 1. Harsh Mohan: Text book of Pathology, IV Edition Jaypee Brothers, New Delhi 2000.
- 2. Heller: Pathology: Comprehensive Review 1999 Edition.
- 3. Emanuel Rubin M D, John L Farber: Pathology, III Edition, Lippincott, Philadelphia 1999.
- 4. Carol Mattson Porth: Pathophisiology, VII Edition Lippincott Philadelphia 2002.
- 5. Ramzi S Cotran etal : Robins Pathologic basib of disease, VI Edition, W B Saunders coy USA 1999.
- 6. JCE Underwood : General and systemic pathology , III Edition, Churchill liuvingstone , Philadelphia 2000.
- 7. Canjanov and Linder: Anderson's pathology, X Edition, Lippincott, Philadelphia 1996.
- 8. Vinay Kumar M D etal: Basic Pathology, VI Edition W B Saunders coy USA 1997.
- 9. Walter F Coulson: Surgical Pathology, II Edition J B Lippincott coy Philadelphia, 1988.
- 10. Parakrama Chandrasoma: Concise pathology, III Edition, Hall International, USA,1998.
- 11. Lynne's Gracia, M S & David A Brucker: Diagnostic medical parasitology, III Edition ASM press, Washington'2005.
- 12. Haber et al: Differential diagnosis in pathology, W B Saunders coy, Philadelphia, 2002.

# **GENETICS**

# COURSE OUTLINE

# $\boldsymbol{T-Theory}$

| Unit | Time<br>(Hrs) | <b>Learning Outcomes</b>   | Content   | Teaching/ Learning<br>Activities  | Assessment<br>Methods                                 |
|------|---------------|--|---|---|---|
| I    | (Hrs)         |  |   |   |   |
| п    | 2 (T)         | Explain maternal, prenatal and genetic influences on development of defects and diseases | Mechanism of inheritance     Errors in transmission (mutation)      Maternal, prenatal and genetic influences on development of defects and diseases  Continuous of the continuous development of defects and diseases  |   | <ul><li>Short answer</li><li>Objective type</li></ul> |
| III  | 2 (T)         | Explain the screening methods for genetic defects and diseases in neonates and children  | <ul> <li>Maternal drug therapy</li> <li>Prenatal testing and diagnosis</li> <li>Effect of Radiation, drugs and chemicals</li> <li>Infertility</li> <li>Spontaneous abortion</li> <li>Neural Tube Defects and the role of folic acid in lowering the risks</li> <li>Down syndrome (Trisomy 21)</li> <li>Genetic testing in the neonates and children</li> <li>Screening for         <ul> <li>Congenital abnormalities</li> <li>Developmental delay</li> <li>Dysmorphism</li> </ul> </li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Lecture</li> <li>Discussion</li> <li>Explain using slides</li> </ul> | <ul><li>Short answer</li><li>Objective type</li></ul> |

| IV | 2 (T) | Identify genetic disorders in adolescents and adults                    | Genetic conditions of adolescents and adults  Cancer genetics: Familial cancer  Inborn errors of metabolism  Blood group alleles and hematological disorder  Genetic haemochromatosis  Huntington's disease  Mental illness | <ul><li>Lecture</li><li>Discussion</li><li>Explain using slides</li></ul> | <ul><li>Short answer</li><li>Objective type</li></ul> |
|----|-------|---|---|---|---|
| V  | 2 (T) | Describe the role of<br>nurse in genetic<br>services and<br>counselling | Services related to genetics  Genetic testing  Gene therapy  Genetic counseling  Legal and Ethical issues  Role of nurse  | <ul><li>Lecture</li><li>Discussion</li></ul>                              | <ul><li>Short answer</li><li>Objective type</li></ul> |

# **Bibliography** –(Genetics)

- 1. S Mandal: Fundamentals of Human Genetics II Edition New Central Book Agency, Kolkota 1996
- 2. S D Gangane: Human Genetics II Edition, Saurabh Printers, Noida.
- 3. Jorde Carey BamshadWhite: Medical Genetics, Mosby 2003.
- 4. J A Fraser Roberts: An introduction to medical genetics, V Edition, Oxford University, 1970.
- 5. Elisabeth F Lanzl: Medical Genetics, The University of Chicago, USA1961.
- 6. J Ben Hill , Helen D Hill : Genetics and Human heredity , Mcgeaw hill book company, Newyork 1955.
- 7. Edmund W Sinnott: Principles of Genetics V Edition Mcgeaw hill book company, Newyork 1950.
- 8. P C Winter, G I Hickey: Instant notes in genetics, Viva books Pvt Ltd, New Delhi 2000.
- 9. Ching Chun L: Human Genetics- Principles and methods, Mcgeaw hill book company, Newyork 1961.
- 10. Mary B Mahowald, et al: Genetics in the clinic, Mosby Philadelphia.2001.
- 11. Robert F Muller, Ian D Young: Emery's elements of medical genetics, Churchill Livingstone, Philadelphia, 2001.
- 12. Moore, Keith L: Developing Human Clinically oriented Embryology, II Edition, W B Saunders company, Philadelphia 1977
  - 15. Pansky Ban, Review of Medical Embryology. Macmillian Publishing Company, New York 1982.
  - 16.. Smell, Richard S: Clinical Embryology for medical students, Little Brown and Company, Boston,1972.
  - 17 .Langman, Jan :Medical Embryology, William & Wilkins, Baltimore 1973.

# PROFESSIONALISM, PROFESSIONAL VALUES & ETHICS INCLUDING BIOETHICSPLACEMENT:

#### **IV SEMESTER**

**THEORY**: 1 Credit (20 hours)

**DESCRIPTION**: This course is designed to help students to develop an understanding of professionalism and demonstrate professional behavior in their workplace with ethics and professional values. Further the students will be able to identify ethical issues in nursing practice and participate effectively in ethical decision making along with health team members.

**COMPETENCIES:** On completion of this course, the students will be able to

- 1. Describe profession and professionalism.
- 2. Identify the challenges of professionalism.
- 3. Maintain respectful communication and relationship with other health team members, patients and society.
- 4. Demonstrate professional conduct.
- 5. Describe various regulatory bodies and professional organizations related to nursing.
- 6. Discuss the importance of professional values in patient care.
- 7. Explain the professional values and demonstrate appropriate professional values in nursing practice.
- 8. Demonstrate and reflect on the role and responsibilities in providing compassionate care in the healthcare setting.
- 9. Demonstrate respect, human dignity and privacy and confidentiality to self, patients and their caregivers and otherhealth team members.
- 10. Advocate for patients 'wellbeing, professional growth and advancing the profession.
- 11. Identify ethical and bioethical concerns, issues and dilemmas in nursing and healthcare.
- 12. Apply knowledge of ethics and bioethics in ethical decision making along with health team members.
- 13. Protect and respect patient 's rights.

# T – Theory

| Unit | Time<br>(Hrs) | <b>Learning Outcomes</b>  | Content  | Teaching/ Learning<br>Activities          | Assessment<br>Methods |
|------|---------------|---|--|---|-----------------------|
| I    | 5 (T)         | Discuss nursing as a  | PROFESSIONALISM  | Lecture cum                               | Short answer          |
|      |               | profession  | Profession   | Discussion                                | • Essay               |
|      |               |   | Definition of profession   |   | Objective type        |
|      |               |   | Criteria of a profession   |   |                       |
|      |               |   | Nursing as a profession  |   |                       |
|      |               | Describe the concepts and attributes of   | Professionalism  |   |                       |
|      |               | professionalism   | <ul> <li>Definition and characteristics of professionalism</li> </ul>  |   |                       |
|      |               |   | <ul> <li>Concepts, attributes and indicators of professionalism</li> </ul>   |   |                       |
|      |               |   | • Challenges of professionalism  |   |                       |
|      |               | Identify the challenges of professionalism  | <ul> <li>Personal identity vs professional identity</li> </ul>   |   |                       |
|      |               | Maintain respectful communication and   | <ul> <li>Preservation of self-integrity: threat<br/>to integrity, Deceiving patient:<br/>withholding information and<br/>falsifying records</li> </ul>   | • Debate                                  |                       |
|      |               | relationship with other<br>health team members,<br>patients and society                           | <ul> <li>Communication &amp; Relationship with<br/>team members: Respectful and open<br/>communication and relationship<br/>pertaining to relevant interests for<br/>ethical decision making</li> </ul>  | Role play                                 |                       |
|      |               | _   | o Relationship with patients and society   |   |                       |
|      |               | Demonstrate professional conduct  | <b>Professional Conduct</b>  |   |                       |
|      |               |   | <ul> <li>Following ethical principles</li> </ul>   |   |                       |
|      |               | Respect and maintain<br>professional<br>boundaries between<br>patients, colleagues<br>and society | <ul> <li>Adhering to policies, rules and<br/>regulation of the institutions</li> </ul>   |   |                       |
|      |               |   | Professional etiquettes and behaviours   | <ul> <li>Case based discussion</li> </ul> |                       |
|      |               |   | • Professional grooming: Uniform, Dress code   |   |                       |
|      |               | Describe the roles and  | <ul> <li>Professional boundaries: Professional<br/>relationship with the patients,<br/>caregivers and team members</li> </ul>  |   |                       |
|      |               | responsibilities of regulatory bodies and   | Regulatory Bodies & Professional<br>Organizations: Roles & Responsibilities  |   |                       |
|      |               | professional<br>organizations   | <ul> <li>Regulatory bodies: Indian Nursing<br/>Council, State Nursing Council</li> </ul>   | Lecture cum     Discussion                |                       |
|      |               |   | <ul> <li>Professional Organizations: Trained<br/>Nurses Association of India (TNAI),<br/>Student Nurses Association (SNA),<br/>Nurses League of Christian Medical<br/>Association of India, International<br/>Council of Nurses (ICN) and<br/>International Confederation of<br/>Midwives</li> </ul> | • Visit to INC, SNC,<br>TNAI              | • Visit reports       |

| Unit | Time<br>(Hrs) | <b>Learning Outcomes</b>  | Content   | Teaching/ Learning<br>Activities  | Assessment<br>Methods   |
|------|---------------|---|---|---|---|
| п    | 5 (T)         | Discuss the importance of professional values  Distinguish between personal values and professional values  Demonstrate appropriate professional values in nursing practice | <ul> <li>PROFESSIONAL VALUES</li> <li>Values: Definition and characteristics of values</li> <li>Value clarification</li> <li>Personal and professional values</li> <li>Professional socialization: Integration of professional values with personal values</li> <li>Professional values in nursing</li> <li>Importance of professional values in nursing and health care</li> <li>Caring: definition, and process</li> <li>Compassion: Sympathy Vs empathy, Altruism</li> <li>Conscientiousness</li> <li>Dedication/devotion to work</li> <li>Respect for the person- Human dignity</li> <li>Privacy and confidentiality: Incidental disclosure</li> <li>Honesty and integrity: Truth telling</li> <li>Trust and credibility: Fidelity, Loyalty</li> <li>Advocacy: Advocacy for patients, work environment, nursing education and practice, and for advancing the profession</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Lecture cum<br/>Discussion</li> <li>Value clarification<br/>exercise</li> <li>Interactive learning</li> <li>Story telling</li> <li>Sharing experiences</li> <li>Scenario based<br/>discussion</li> </ul>   | Short answer     Essay     Assessment of student's behavior with patients and families  |
| III  | 10 (T)        | Define ethics & bioethics  Explain ethical principles  Identify ethical concerns  Ethical issues and dilemmas in health care  | ETHICS & BIOETHICS  Definitions: Ethics, Bioethics and Ethical Principles  • Beneficence  • Non-maleficence: Patient safety, protecting patient from harm, Reporting errors  • Justice: Treating each person as equal  • Care without discrimination, equitable access to care and safety of the public  • Autonomy: Respects patients' autonomy, Self-determination, Freedom of choice  Ethical issues and ethical dilemma:  Common ethical problems  • Conflict of interest  • Paternalism  • Deception  • Privacy and confidentiality  | <ul> <li>Lecture cum discussion</li> <li>Group discussion with examples</li> <li>Flipping/ self-directed learning</li> <li>Role play</li> <li>Story telling</li> <li>Sharing experiences</li> <li>Case based Clinical discussion</li> <li>Role modeling</li> <li>Group exercise on ethical decision-making following steps on a given scenario</li> <li>Assignment</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Short answer</li> <li>Essay</li> <li>Quiz</li> <li>Reflective diary</li> <li>Case report</li> <li>Attitude test</li> <li>Assessment of assignment</li> </ul> |

| Unit | Time  | <b>Learning Outcomes</b>   | Content  | Teaching/ Learning Activities | Assessment<br>Methods |
|------|-------|--|--|-------------------------------|-----------------------|
|      | (Hrs) |  |  | Activities                    | Withous               |
|      |       |  | Valid consent and refusal  |                               |                       |
|      |       |  | Allocation of scarce nursing resources                             |                               |                       |
|      |       |  | Conflicts concerning new technologies                              |                               |                       |
|      |       |  | Whistle-blowing  |                               |                       |
|      |       |  | Beginning of life issues   |                               |                       |
|      |       |  | o Abortion   |                               |                       |
|      |       |  | Substance abuse  |                               |                       |
|      |       |  | <ul> <li>Fetal therapy</li> </ul>                                  |                               |                       |
|      |       |  | Selective deduction  |                               |                       |
|      |       |  | <ul> <li>Intrauterine treatment of fetal<br/>conditions</li> </ul> |                               |                       |
|      |       |  | <ul> <li>Mandated contraception</li> </ul>                         |                               |                       |
|      |       |  | o Fetal injury   |                               |                       |
|      |       |  | Infertility treatment  |                               |                       |
|      |       |  | • End of life issues   |                               |                       |
|      |       |  | o End of life  |                               |                       |
|      |       |  | o Euthanasia   |                               |                       |
|      |       |  | o Do Not Resuscitate (DNR)   |                               |                       |
|      |       |  | • Issues related to psychiatric care                               |                               |                       |
|      |       |  | Non compliance   |                               |                       |
|      |       |  | Restrain and seclusion   |                               |                       |
|      |       |  | o Refuse to take food  |                               |                       |
|      |       |  |  |                               |                       |
|      |       | Explain process of<br>ethical decision<br>making and apply<br>knowledge of ethics<br>and bioethics in<br>making ethical<br>decisions |  |                               |                       |
|      |       | Explain code of ethics stipulated by ICN and INC   |  |                               |                       |

| Unit | Time  | Outcomes | Content | Teaching/ Learning | Assessment |
|------|-------|----------|---------|--------------------|------------|
|      | (Hrs) |          |         | Activities         | Methods    |

| Discuss the rights of                                    | Process of ethical decision making   |  |
|--|--|--|
| the patients and families to make decisions about health | Assess the situation (collect information)   |  |
| care   | Identify the ethical problem   |  |
|  | Identify the alternative decisions   |  |
| Protect and respect patients' rights                     | Choose the solution to the ethical decision  |  |
| patients fights  | Implement the decision   |  |
|  | Evaluate the decision  |  |
|  | Ethics committee: Roles and responsibilities   |  |
|  | Clinical decision making   |  |
|  | • Research   |  |
|  | Code of Ethics   |  |
|  | • International Council of Nurses (ICN)  |  |
|  | Indian Nursing Council   |  |
|  | Patients' Bill of Rights-17 patients' rights (MoH&FW, GoI)   |  |
|  | Right to emergency medical care  |  |
|  | Right to safety and quality care according to standards  |  |
|  | 3. Right to preserve dignity   |  |
|  | 4. Right to nondiscrimination  |  |
|  | 5. Right to privacy and confidentiality  |  |
|  | 6. Right to information  |  |
|  | 7. Right to records and reports  |  |
|  | 8. Right to informed consent   |  |
|  | 9. Right to second opinion   |  |
|  | 10. Right to patient education   |  |
|  | 11. Right to choose alternative treatment options if available   |  |
|  | 12. Right to choose source for obtaining medicines or tests  |  |
|  | 13. Right to proper referral and transfer, which is free from perverse commercial influences   |  |
|  | 14. Right to take discharge of patient or receive body of deceased from hospital   |  |
|  | 15. Right to information on the rates to be charged by the hospital for each type of service provided and facilities available on a prominent display board and a brochure |  |
|  | 16. Right to protection for patients involved in clinical trials, biomedical and health research   |  |
|  | 17 Dight to be heard and sook radrassed  |  |

17. Right to be heard and seek redressal

#### **CHILD HEALTH NURSING - I**

**PLACEMENT:** V SEMESTER **THEORY:** 3 Credits (60 hours)

**PRACTICUM:** Lab/Skill Lab: 1 Credit (40 hours) Clinical: 2 Credits (160 hours)

**DESCRIPTION:** This course is designed for developing an understanding of the modern approach to child-care, identification, prevention and nursing management of common health problems of neonates and children.

**COMPETENCIES:** On completion of the course, the students will be able to

- 1. Develop understanding of the history and modern concepts of child health and child-care.
- 2. Explore the national child welfare services, national programs and legislation in the light of National Health Policy2017.
- 3. Describe the role of preventive pediatrics and perform preventive measures towards accidents.
- 4. Participate in national immunization programs/Universal Immunization Program (UIP).
- 5. Identify the developmental needs of children and provide parental guidance.
- 6. Describe the principles of child health nursing and perform child health nursing procedures.
- 7. Demonstrate competencies in newborn assessment, planning and implementation of care to normal and high-risknewborn including neonatal resuscitation.
- 8. Apply the principles and strategies of Integrated management of neonatal and childhood illness (IMNCI).
- 9. Apply the knowledge of pathophysiology and provide nursing care to children with respiratory system disorders.
- 10. Identify and meet childhood emergencies and perform child CPR.

# T – Theory, L/SL – Lab/Skill Lab

| Unit | Time<br>(Hrs)    | <b>Learning Outcomes</b>   | Content  | Teaching/ Learning<br>Activities                                    | Assessment<br>Methods   |
|------|------------------|--|--|---|---|
| I    | 10 (T)<br>10 (L) | Explain the modern concept of child-care  Describe National policy, programs and legislation in relation to child health & welfare | Introduction: Modern concepts of child-care  Historical development of child health  Philosophy and modern concept of child-care  Cultural and religious considerations in child-care  National policy and legislations in relation to child health and welfare  National programs and agencies related to welfare services to the children  Internationally accepted rights of the child  Changing trends in hospital care, preventive, promotive and curative aspect of child health  Preventive pediatrics: | Lecture Discussion     Demonstration of common pediatric procedures | <ul> <li>Short answer</li> <li>Objective type</li> <li>Assessment of skills with checklist</li> </ul> |
|      |                  | Describe role of preventive pediatrics   | <ul><li>Concept</li><li>Immunization</li><li>Immunization programs and cold</li></ul>  |   |   |

| Unit | Time<br>(Hrs) | <b>Learning Outcomes</b>  | Content  | Teaching/ Learning<br>Activities   | Assessment<br>Methods  |
|------|---------------|---|--|--|--|
|      | (mrs)         | List major causes of death during infancy, early & late childhood  Differentiate between an adult and child in terms of illness and response  Describe the major functions & role of the pediatric nurse in caring for a hospitalized child.  Describe the principles of child health nursing and perform child health nursing procedures | chain.  Care of under-five and Under-five Clinics/Well-baby clinics  Preventive measures towards accidents  Child morbidity and mortality rates  Difference between an adult and child which affect response to illness  Physiological  Psychological  Social  Immunological  Hospital environment for sick child  Impact of hospitalization on the child and family  Communication techniques for children  Grief and bereavement  The role of a child health nurse in caring for a hospitalized child  Principles of pre and postoperative care of infants and children.  Child Health Nursing procedures:  Administration of medication: oral, I/M, & I/V  Calculation of fluid requirement  Application of restraints  Assessment of pain in children.  FACES pain rating scale  Numerical scale |  |  |
| п    | 12 (T)        | Describe the normal growth and development of children at different ages  Identify the needs of children at different ages & provide parental guidance  Identify the nutritional needs of children at different ages & ways   | <ul> <li>The Healthy Child</li> <li>Definition and principles of growth and development</li> <li>Factors affecting growth and development</li> <li>Growth and development from birth to adolescence</li> <li>Growth and developmental theories (Freud, Erickson, Jean Piaget, Kohlberg)</li> <li>The needs of normal children through the stages of developmental and parental guidance</li> </ul>   | <ul> <li>Lecture Discussion</li> <li>Demonstration</li> <li>Developmental study of infant and children</li> <li>Observation study of normal &amp; sick child</li> <li>Field visit to Anganwadi, child guidance clinic</li> <li>Videos on breast feeding</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Short answer</li> <li>Objective type</li> <li>Assessment of field visits and developmental study reports</li> </ul> |

| Unit | Time<br>(Hrs)    | <b>Learning Outcomes</b>  | Content  | Teaching/ Learning<br>Activities   | Assessment<br>Methods   |
|------|------------------|---|--|--|---|
|      | (IIIs)           | of meeting needs  | Nutritional needs of children and  | • Clinical   |   |
| III  | 15 (T)<br>20 (L) | Identify the role of play for normal & sick children  Provide care to normal and high- risk neonates  Perform neonatal                                | infants  - breast feeding  - exclusive breast feeding  - Supplementary/artificial feeding and weaning  • Baby friendly hospital concept  • Types and value of play and selection of play material  Nursing care of neonate:  • Appraisal of Newborn  • Nursing care of a normal newborn/essential newborn care   | Modular based teaching: ENBC and FBNC module (oral drills, videos, self-evaluation   | <ul><li>OSCE</li><li>Short answer</li><li>Objective type</li></ul>  |
|      |                  | resuscitation  Recognize and manage common neonatal problems  | <ul> <li>Neonatal resuscitation</li> <li>Nursing management of low birth weight baby</li> <li>Kangaroo mother care</li> <li>Nursing management of common neonatal disorder         <ul> <li>Hyperbilirubinemia</li> <li>Hyperthermia</li> <li>Metabolic disorder</li> </ul> </li> <li>Neonatal infections         <ul> <li>Neonatal seizures</li> <li>Respiratory distress syndrome</li> <li>Retinopathy of Prematurity</li> </ul> </li> <li>Organization of neonatal care unit</li> <li>Neonatal equipment</li> </ul> | exercises)  Workshop on neonatal resuscitation: NRP module  Demonstration  Practice Session  Clinical practice  Lecture Discussion |   |
| IV   | 10 (T)<br>5 (L)  | Apply principles and strategies of IMNCI  | Integrated management of neonatal and childhood Illnesses  | Modular based teaching:  IMNCI module  Clinical practice/field   | • OSCE  |
| V    | 8 (T)            | Describe the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestation and nursing management of children with disorders of respiratory, and endocrine system | Nursing management in common childhood diseases  Respiratory system:  Identification and Nursing management of congenital malformations  Congenital disorders: Tracheoesophageal fistula, Diaphragmatic hernia   | <ul> <li>Lecture Discussion</li> <li>Demonstration</li> <li>Practice session</li> <li>Clinical practice</li> </ul>                 | <ul> <li>Short answer</li> <li>Objective type</li> <li>Assessment of<br/>skills with<br/>checklist</li> </ul> |

| Unit | Time<br>(Hrs) | <b>Learning Outcomes</b>   | Content  | Teaching/ Learning<br>Activities  | Assessment<br>Methods |
|------|---------------|--|--|---|-----------------------|
|      |               |  | <ul> <li>Others: Acute naso-pharyngitis, Tonsillitis, Croup, Bronchitis, Bronchiolitis, Pneumonia, Asthma</li> <li>Endocrine system:</li> <li>Juvenile Diabetes mellitus, Hypo-thyroidism</li> </ul> |   |                       |
| VI   | ` ′           | Develop ability to meet<br>child- hood<br>emergencies and<br>perform child CPR | <ul> <li>Childhood emergencies</li> <li>Accidents – causes and prevention,<br/>Poisoning, Foreign bodies, Hemorrhage,<br/>Burns and Drowning</li> <li>PLS (AHA Guidelines)</li> </ul>                | <ul><li>Lecture</li><li>Discussion</li><li>Demonstration</li><li>PLS Module/<br/>Workshop</li></ul> | • OSCE                |

# CHILD HEALTH NURSING - I & II CLINICAL (3 Credits – 240 hours)

**PLACEMENT:** V & VI SEMESTER

**PRACTICUM:** Skill Lab: 1 Credit (40 hours)

Clinical: V SEMESTER – 2 Credits (160 hours) VI SEMESTER – 1 Credit (80 hours)

**PRACTICE COMPETENCIES:** On completion of the course, the students will be able to

- 1. Perform assessment of children: health, developmental & anthropometric.
- 2. Provide nursing care to children with various medical disorders.
- 3. Provide pre & postoperative care to children with common pediatric surgical conditions/malformation.
- 4. Perform immunization as per NIS.
- 5. Provide nursing care to critically ill children.
- 6. Give health education/nutritional education to parents.
- 7. Counsel parents according to identified counseling needs.

#### Skill Lab

Use of Manikins and

Simulators PLS, CPAP,

Endotracheal Suction

# Pediatric Nursing

#### **Procedures:**

- Administration of medication Oral, IM & IV
- Oxygen administration
- Application of restraints
- Specimen collection
- Urinary catheterization and drainage
- Ostomy care
- Feeding NG, gastrostomy, Jejunostomy
- Wound dressing
- Suture removal

# **CLINICAL POSTINGS**

8 weeks  $\times$  30 hours per week (5 weeks + 3 weeks)

| Clinical<br>area/unit      | Duration<br>(Weeks)                      | Learning<br>Outcomes  | Procedural Competencies/<br>Clinical Skills  | Clinical<br>Requirements  | Assessment<br>Methods   |
|----------------------------|--|---|--|---|---|
| Pediatric<br>Medical Ward  | V Sem –<br>2 weeks<br>VI Sem –<br>1 week | Provide nursing care to children with various medical disorders   | <ul> <li>Taking pediatric history</li> <li>Physical examination &amp; assessment of children</li> <li>Administration of oral, I/M, &amp; I/V medicine/fluids</li> <li>Calculation of fluid replacement</li> <li>Preparation of different strengths of I/V fluids</li> <li>Application of restraints</li> <li>Administration of O<sub>2</sub> inhalation by different methods</li> <li>Baby bath/sponge bath</li> <li>Feeding children by Katori spoon, Paladai cup</li> <li>Collection of specimens for common investigations</li> <li>Assisting with common diagnostic procedures</li> <li>Teaching mothers/ parents</li> <li>Malnutrition</li> <li>Oral rehydration therapy</li> <li>Feeding &amp; Weaning</li> <li>Immunization schedule</li> <li>Play therapy</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Nursing care plan – 1</li> <li>Case study presentation – 1</li> <li>Health talk – 1</li> </ul> | Assess performance with rating scale      Assess each skill with checklist OSCE/OSPE      Evaluation of case study/ presentation & health education session      Completion of activity record      |
| Pediatric<br>Surgical Ward | V Sem –<br>2 weeks<br>VI Sem –<br>1 week | Recognize different pediatric surgical conditions/ malformations      Provide pre & post-operative care to children with common paediatric surgical conditions/ malformation      Counsel & educate parents | <ul> <li>Calculation, preparation &amp; administration of I/V fluids</li> <li>Bowel wash, insertion of suppositories</li> <li>Care for ostomies:         <ul> <li>Colostomy Irrigation</li> <li>Ureterostomy</li> <li>Enterostomy</li> </ul> </li> <li>Urinary catheterization &amp; drainage</li> <li>Feeding         <ul> <li>Naso-gastric</li> <li>Gastrostomy</li> </ul> </li> </ul>   | <ul> <li>Nursing care plan – 1</li> <li>Case study/ presentation – 1</li> </ul>                         | <ul> <li>Assess performance with rating scale</li> <li>Assess each skill with checklist OSCE/OSPE</li> <li>Evaluation of case study/ presentation</li> <li>Completion of activity record</li> </ul> |

| Clinical<br>area/unit                  | Duration<br>(Weeks) | Learning<br>Outcomes   | Procedural Competencies/<br>Clinical Skills  | Clinical<br>Requirements   | Assessment<br>Methods   |
|--|---------------------|--|--|--|---|
| Pediatric OPD/<br>Immunization<br>room | V Sem –<br>1 week   | <ul> <li>Perform         assessment of         children: health,         developmental &amp;         anthropometric</li> <li>Perform         immunization</li> <li>Give health         education/         nutritional         education</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Jejunostomy</li> <li>Care of surgical wounds</li> <li>Dressing</li> <li>Suture removal</li> <li>Assessment of children</li> <li>Health assessment</li> <li>Developmental assessment</li> <li>Anthropometric assessment</li> <li>Nutritional assessment</li> <li>Immunization</li> <li>Health/Nutritional education</li> </ul>   | • Growth and developmental study: Infant – 1 Toddler – 1 Preschooler – 1 Schooler – 1 Adolescent – 1 | <ul> <li>Assess         performance         with rating         scale</li> <li>Completion         of activity         record.</li> </ul>  |
| NICU & PICU                            | VI Sem –<br>1 week  | Provide nursing care to critically ill children  | <ul> <li>Care of a baby in incubator/warmer</li> <li>Care of a child on ventilator, CPAP</li> <li>Endotracheal Suction</li> <li>Chest Physiotherapy</li> <li>Administration of fluids with infusion pumps</li> <li>Total Parenteral Nutrition</li> <li>Phototherapy</li> <li>Monitoring of babies</li> <li>Recording &amp; reporting</li> <li>Cardiopulmonary Resuscitation (PLS)</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Newborn assessment – 1</li> <li>Nursing Care Plan – 1</li> </ul>                            | <ul> <li>Assess performance with rating scale</li> <li>Evaluation of observation report</li> <li>Completion of activity record</li> </ul> |

#### References

- 1. Ghai O.p. et al. (2000) Ghai's Essentials of Paediatrics. 1<sup>st</sup>edn. Mehta offset works. New Delhi.
- 2. Marlow Dorothy & Redding. (2001) Textbook of Paed. Nsg. 6<sup>th</sup>edn. Harbarcourt India ltd. New Delhi
- 3. Parthsarathy et al. (2000) IAP Textbook of Paediatric Nsg. Jaypee bros., 2 nd ed. New Delhi.
- 4. Vishwanathan & Desai. (1999) Achar's Textbook of Paediatrics 3<sup>rd</sup>ed. Orient Longman. Chennai.
- 5. Wong Dona et al. Whaley & Wong's Nursing care of infants & children.6th edn. Mosby co. Philadelphia.
- 6. Dr. C.S. Waghale, Principles and Practice of Clinical Pediatrics, Vora publication 1996

#### EDUCATIONAL TECHNOLOGY/NURSING EDUCATION

PLACEMENT: V SEMESTER

**THEORY:** 2 Credits (40 hours)

**PRACTICUM:** Lab/Practical: 1 Credit (40 hours)

**DESCRIPTION:** This course is designed to help the students to develop knowledge, attitude and beginning competencies essential for applying basic principles of teaching and learning among individuals and groups both in educational and clinical settings. It also introduces basics of curriculum planning and organization. It further enables students to participate actively in team and collaborative learning.

# **COMPETENCIES:** On completion of the course, the students will be competent to

- 1. Develop basic understanding of theoretical foundations and principles of teaching and learning
- 2. Identify the latest approaches to education and learning
- 3. Initiate self- assessment to identify one's own learning styles
- 4. Demonstrate understanding of various teaching styles that can be used, based on the learners' readiness and generational needs
- 5. Develop understanding of basics of curriculum planning, and organizing
- 6. Analyze and use different teaching methods effectively that are relevant to student population and settings
- 7. Make appropriate decisions in selection of teaching learning activities integrating basic principles
- 8. Utilize active learning strategies that enhance critical thinking, team learning and collaboration
- 9. Engage in team learning and collaboration through inter professional education
- 10. Integrate the principles of teaching and learning in selection and use of educational media/technology
- 11. Apply the principles of assessment in selection and use of assessment and evaluation strategies
- 12. Construct simple assessment tools/tests integrating cognitive, psychomotor and affective domains of learning that can measure knowledge and competence of students
- 13. Develop basic understanding of student guidance through mentoring and academic advising
- 14. Identify difficult situations, crisis and disciplinary/grievance issues experienced by students and provide appropriate counseling
- 15. Engage in ethical practice in educational as well as clinical settings based on values, principles and ethical standards
- 16. Develop basic understanding of evidence-based teaching practices

# T – Theory, P – Practical (Laboratory)

| Unit | t Time |   | <b>Learning Outcomes</b>   | Content  | Teaching/ Learning<br>Activities | Assessment |
|------|--------|---|--|--|----------------------------------|------------|
|      | (Hrs.) |   |  |  | Acuvities                        | Methods    |
|      | T      | P |  |  |                                  |            |
| I    |        | , | Explain the definition, aims, types, approaches and scope of educational technology  Compare and contrast the various educational philosophies  Explain the teaching learning process, | Introduction and Theoretical Foundations:  Education and educational technology  • Definition, aims  • Approaches and scope of educational technology  • Latest approaches to education:  ○ Transformational education  ○ Relationship based education  ○ Competency based education  Educational philosophy:  • Definition of philosophy, education and philosophy  • Comparison of educational philosophies  • Philosophy of nursing education  Teaching learning process: | • Lecture cum discussion         | • Quiz     |
|      |        |   | nature, characteristics<br>and principles  | <ul> <li>Definitions</li> <li>Teaching learning as a process</li> <li>Nature and characteristics of teaching and learning</li> <li>Principles of teaching and learning</li> <li>Barriers to teaching and learning</li> <li>Learning theories</li> <li>Latest approaches to learning <ul> <li>Experiential learning</li> </ul> </li> </ul>  |                                  |            |

| Unit | Ti  | me                        | <b>Learning Outcomes</b>                                    | Content   | Teaching/ Learning  | Assessment   |
|------|-----|---------------------------|---|---|---|--|
|      | (Hı | Hrs.)                     |   | Activities  | Methods   |  |
|      | T   | P                         |   |   |   |  |
|      |     |                           |   | <ul> <li>Reflective learning</li> <li>Scenario based learning</li> <li>Simulation based learning</li> <li>Blended learning</li> </ul> | Group exercise:  • Create/discuss scenario-based exercise     | Assessment of Assignment:  • Learning theories – analysis of any one |
| II   | 6   | 6                         | Identify essential  | Assessment and Planning   | Lecture cum   | Short answer   |
|      |     |                           | qualities/attributes of a teacher                           | Assessment of teacher   | discussion  | Objective type   |
|      |     |                           | Describe the teaching                                       | Essential qualities of a teacher  |   |  |
|      |     |                           | styles of faculty Explain the determinants of               | Teaching styles – Formal<br>authority, demonstrator, facilitator,<br>delegator  |   |  |
|      |     |                           | learning and initiates self-assessment to                   | Assessment of learner   | Self-assessment   |  |
|      |     |                           | identify own learning                                       | Types of learners   | exercise:   |  |
|      |     |                           | style   | Determinants of learning – learning needs, readiness to learn, learning styles  | • Identify your<br>learning style using<br>any learning style |  |
|      |     |                           | Identify the factors that motivate the                      | that motivate the   | inventory (ex.<br>Kolb's learning<br>style inventory)         |  |
|      |     |                           | Define curriculum and                                       | Emotional intelligence of the learner   | Lecture cum     discussion                                    |  |
|      |     |                           | classify types  Identify the factors influencing curriculum | Motivational factors – personal<br>factors, environmental factors and<br>support system   |   |  |
|      |     |                           | development   | Curriculum Planning   |   |  |
|      |     |                           |   | Curriculum – definition, types  |   |  |
|      |     |                           | Develop skill in writing learning                           | Curriculum design – components,<br>approaches   |   |  |
|      |     |                           | outcomes, and lesson<br>plan                                | • Curriculum development – factors influencing curriculum development, facilitators and barriers                                      | Individual/group<br>exercise:                                 |  |
|      |     |                           |   | Writing learning outcomes/<br>behavioral objectives   | Writing learning outcomes  Proporation of a                   | Assessment of Assignment:  |
|      |     |                           |   | Basic principles of writing course<br>plan, unit plan and lesson plan   | Preparation of a<br>lesson plan                               | • Individual/<br>Group   |
| III  | 8   | 15 Explain the principles | Implementation  | Lecture cum   | Short answer  |  |
|      |     |                           | and strategies of classroom management                      | Teaching in Classroom and Skill lab –<br>Teaching Methods   | Discussion  | Objective type   |
|      |     |                           |   | Classroom management-principles<br>and strategies   |   |  |
|      |     |                           |   | Classroom communication   |   |  |
|      |     |                           |   | Facilitators and Barriers to classroom communication  |   |  |

| Unit | (Hrs.) |   | <b>Learning Outcomes</b>  | Content Teaching/ Learni Activities   |  | Assessment<br>Methods  |
|------|--------|---|---|---|--|--|
|      |        |   |   |   | retivities   | Methods  |
|      | T      | P |   |   |  |  |
|      |        |   | Describe different<br>methods/strategies of<br>teaching and develop<br>beginning skill in<br>using various teaching<br>methods              | <ul> <li>Information communication technology (ICT) – ICT used in education</li> <li>Teaching methods – Features, advantages and disadvantages</li> <li>Lecture, Group discussion, microteaching</li> <li>Skill lab – simulations, Demonstration &amp; re-demonstration</li> <li>Symposium, panel discussion, seminar, scientific workshop, exhibitions</li> <li>Role play, project</li> <li>Field trips</li> </ul>   | <ul> <li>Practice teaching/Micro teaching</li> <li>Exercise (Peer teaching)</li> <li>Patient teaching session</li> </ul> | Assessment of<br>microteaching   |
|      |        |   | participate actively in<br>team and collaborative<br>learning   | <ul> <li>Self-directed learning (SDL)</li> <li>Computer assisted learning</li> <li>One-to-one instruction  Active learning strategies</li> <li>Team based learning</li> <li>Problem based learning</li> <li>Peer sharing</li> <li>Case study analysis</li> <li>Journaling</li> <li>Debate</li> <li>Gaming</li> <li>Inter-professional education</li> </ul>  | <ul> <li>Construction of game – puzzle</li> <li>Teaching in groups – interdisciplinary</li> </ul>                        |  |
| IV   | 3      | 3 | Enumerate the factors influencing selection of clinical learning experiences  Develop skill in using different clinical teaching strategies | Teaching in the Clinical Setting – Teaching Methods  Clinical learning environment  Factors influencing selection of clinical learning experiences  Practice model  Characteristics of effective clinical teacher  Writing clinical learning outcomes/practice competencies  Clinical teaching strategies – patient assignment – clinical conference, clinical presentation/bedside clinic, Case study/care study, nursing rounds, concept mapping, project, debate, game, role play, PBL, questioning, written assignment, process recording | <ul> <li>Lecture cum discussion</li> <li>Writing clinical outcomes – assignments in pairs</li> </ul>                     | <ul> <li>Short answer</li> <li>Assessment of written assignment</li> </ul> |

| Unit | Time   |   | Learning Outcomes  | Content   | Teaching/ Learning Activities  | Assessment   |
|------|--------|---|--|---|--|--|
|      | (Hrs.) |   |  |   | Activities   | Methods  |
|      | T      | P |  |   |  |  |
| V    |        |   | Explain the purpose, principles and steps in the use of media  Categorize the different types of media and describe its advantages and disadvantages  Develop skill in preparing and using media | Educational/Teaching Media  • Media use – Purpose, components, principles and steps  • Types of media  Still visuals  • Non projected – drawings & diagrams, charts, graphs, posters, cartoons, board devices (chalk/white board, bulletin board, flannel board, flip charts, flash cards, still pictures/photographs, printed materials-handout, leaflet, brochure, flyer  • Projected – film stripes, microscope, power point slides, overhead projector  Moving visuals  • Video learning resources – videotapes & DVD, blu-ray, USB flash drive  • Motion pictures/films  Realia and models  • Real objects & Models  Audio aids/audio media  • Audiotapes/Compact discs  • Radio & Tape recorder  • Public address system  • Digital audio  Electronic media/computer learning | Lecture cum discussion  Preparation of different teaching aids – (Integrate with practice teaching sessions) | Short answer     Objective type      Assessment of the teaching media prepared |
|      |        |   |  | resources  o Computers  o Web-based videoconferencing  o E-learning, Smart classroom  Telecommunication (Distance education)  o Cable TV, satellite broadcasting, videoconferencing Telephones – Telehealth/telenursing  Mobile technology  |  |  |
| VI   | 5      | 3 | Describe the purpose, scope, principles in selection of evaluation methods and barriers to evaluation  Explain the guidelines to develop assessment  | Assessment/Evaluation Methods/Strategies  • Purposes, scope and principles in selection of assessment methods and types  • Barriers to evaluation  • Guidelines to develop assessment   | Lecture cum<br>discussion  | <ul><li>Short answer</li><li>Objective type</li></ul>                          |

| Unit | Ti     | me | <b>Learning Outcomes</b>                                    | Content  | Teaching/ Learning   | Assessment   |
|------|--------|----|---|--|--|--|
|      | (Hrs.) |    |   |  | Activities   | Methods  |
|      | Т      | P  |   |  |  |  |
|      |        |    | tests   | tests  |  |  |
|      |        |    | Develop skill in  | Assessment of knowledge:   |  |  |
|      |        |    | construction of different tests                             | • Essay type questions,  |  |  |
|      |        |    |   | • Short answer questions (SAQ)   |  |  |
|      |        |    | Identify various clinical evaluation tools and              | • Multiple choice questions (MCQ – single response & multiple response)                                  |  |  |
|      |        |    | demonstrate skill in selected tests                         | Assessment of skills:  |  |  |
|      |        |    | selected tests  | Clinical evaluation  |  |  |
|      |        |    |   | Observation (checklist, rating scales, videotapes)   | • Exercise on constructing   |  |
|      |        |    |   | Written communication – progress<br>notes, nursing care plans, process<br>recording, written assignments | assessment tool/s  | Assessment of<br>tool/s prepared                                   |
|      |        |    |   | Verbal communication (oral<br>examination)   |  |  |
|      |        |    |   | Simulation   |  |  |
|      |        |    |   | Objective Structured Clinical<br>Examination (OSCE)  |  |  |
|      |        |    |   | Self-evaluation  |  |  |
|      |        |    |   | Clinical portfolio, clinical logs  |  |  |
|      |        |    |   | Assessment of Attitude:  |  |  |
|      |        |    |   | Attitude scales  |  |  |
|      |        |    |   | Assessment tests for higher learning:  |  |  |
|      |        |    |   | Interpretive questions, hot spot<br>questions, drag and drop and ordered<br>response questions           |  |  |
| VII  | 3      | 3  | Explain the scope,<br>purpose and principles<br>of guidance | Guidance/academic advising, counseling and discipline  | Lecture cum<br>discussion  |  |
|      |        |    | or guidance   | Guidance   |  |  |
|      |        |    |   | Definition, objectives, scope,<br>purpose and principles   |  |  |
|      |        |    |   | Roles of academic advisor/ faculty in guidance   |  |  |
|      |        |    | Differentiate between                                       | Counseling   | Dala at  |  |
|      |        |    | guidance and counseling                                     | Difference between guidance and counseling   | <ul> <li>Role play on<br/>student counseling<br/>in different<br/>situations</li> <li>Assignment on<br/>identifying</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Assessment of<br/>performance in<br/>role play</li> </ul> |
|      |        |    | Describe the principles, types, and                         | Definition, objectives, scope,<br>principles, types, process and steps of<br>counseling                  |  | scenario   |
|      |        |    | counseling process  | Counseling skills/techniques –     basics  | situations requiring<br>counseling   | • Evaluation of assignment   |
|      |        |    | Develop basic skill of                                      | Roles of counselor   |  |  |
|      |        |    | counseling and guidance                                     | Organization of counseling services  |  |  |

| Unit | Time<br>(Hrs.) |   | <b>Learning Outcomes</b>   | Content   | Teaching/ Learning<br>Activities  | Assessment<br>Methods   |
|------|----------------|---|--|---|---|---|
|      | T              | P |  |   |   |   |
|      |                |   | Recognize the importance of preventive counseling and develop skill to respond to disciplinary problems and grievance among students   | <ul> <li>Issues for counseling innursing students</li> <li>Discipline and grievance in students</li> <li>Managing disciplinary/grievance problems – preventive guidance &amp; counseling</li> <li>Role of students' grievance redressal cell/committee</li> </ul>   |   |   |
| VIII | 4              | 2 | Recognize the importance of value-based education  Develop skill in ethical decision making and maintain ethical standards for students  Introduce knowledge of EBT and its application in nursing education | Ethics and Evidence Based Teaching (EBT) in Nursing Education  Ethics – Review  Definition of terms  Value based education in nursing  Value development strategies  Ethical decision making  Ethical standards for students  Student-faculty relationship  Evidence based teaching – Introduction  Evidence based education process and its application to nursing education | Value clarification exercise     Case study analysis (student encountered scenarios) and suggest ethical decision-making steps     Lecture cum discussion | <ul> <li>Short answer</li> <li>Evaluation of case study analysis</li> <li>Quiz – MCQ</li> </ul> |

# INTRODUCTION TO FORENSIC NURSING AND

# **INDIAN LAWSPLACEMENT:** V SEMESTER

**THEORY:** 1 Credit (20 hours)

**DESCRIPTION**: This course is designed to help students to know the importance of forensic science in total patient careand to recognize forensic nursing as a specialty discipline in professional nursing practice.

**COMPETENCIES:** On completion of the course, the students will be able to

- 1. Identify forensic nursing as an emerging specialty in healthcare and nursing practice
- 2. Explore the history and scope of forensic nursing practice
- 3. Identify forensic team, role and responsibilities of forensic nurse in total care of victim of violence and in preservation of evidence
- 4. Develop basic understanding of the Indian judicial system and legal procedures

## **COURSE OUTLINE**

## T – Theory

| Unit | Time  | Learning   | Content   | Teaching/ Learning  | Assessment   |
|------|-------|--|---|---|--|
|      | (Hrs) | Outcomes   |   | Activities  | Methods  |
| I    | 3 (T) | Describe the nature of forensic science and discus issues concerning violence                | Forensic Science  Definition  History  Importance in medical science  Forensic Science Laboratory  Violence  Definition  Epidemiology  Source of data  Sexual abuse – child and women   | <ul> <li>Lecture cum discussion</li> <li>Visit to Regional Forensic Science Laboratory</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Quiz – MCQ</li> <li>Write visit report</li> </ul> |
| II   | 2 (T) | Explain concepts<br>of forensic<br>nursing and<br>scope of practice<br>for forensic<br>nurse | <ul> <li>Forensic Nursing</li> <li>Definition</li> <li>History and development</li> <li>Scope – setting of practice, areas of practice and subspecialties</li> <li>Ethical issues</li> <li>Roles and responsibilities of nurse</li> <li>INC &amp; SNC Acts</li> </ul> | Lecture cum<br>discussion   | <ul><li>Short answer</li><li>Objective type</li></ul>      |

| III | 7 (T) | Identify<br>members of<br>forensic team<br>and describe role<br>of forensic nurse | <ul> <li>Forensic Team</li> <li>Members and their roles</li> <li>Comprehensive forensic nursing care of victim and family</li> <li>Physical aspects</li> <li>Psychosocial aspects</li> <li>Cultural and spiritual aspects</li> <li>Legal aspects</li> <li>Assist forensic team in care beyond scope of her practice</li> <li>Admission and discharge/referral/death of victim of violence</li> </ul> | Lecture cum     Discussion      Hypothetical/real     case presentation      Observation of postmortem | <ul><li>Objective type</li><li>Short answer</li></ul> |
|-----|-------|---|--|--|---|
|     |       |   |  | -  | Write report  |

| Unit | Time  | Learning                                | Content   | Teaching/ Learning        | Assessment            |
|------|-------|---|---|---------------------------|-----------------------|
|      | (Hrs) | Outcomes                                |   | Activities                | Methods               |
|      |       |   | Collection  |                           |                       |
|      |       |   | Preservation  |                           |                       |
|      |       |   | Documentation of Biological and other<br>evidence related to criminal/traumatic event |                           |                       |
|      |       |   | Forwarding biological samples for forensic examination                                |                           |                       |
| IV   | 3 (T) | Describe<br>fundamental                 | Introduction of Indian Constitution   | Lecture cum<br>discussion | Short answer          |
|      |       | rights and human rights                 | Fundamental Rights  |                           |                       |
|      |       | commission                              | Rights of victim  | Written Assignment        | • Assessment of       |
|      |       |   | • Rights of accused   |                           | written<br>assignment |
|      |       |   |   | Visit to prison           |                       |
|      |       |   | Human Rights Commission   |                           | • Write visit report  |
| V    | 5 (T) | Explain Indian judicial system and laws | Sources of laws and law-making powers   | Lecture cum<br>discussion | • Quiz                |
|      |       | and laws                                | Overview of Indian Judicial System  |                           |                       |
|      |       |   | JMFC (Judicial Magistrate First Class)  | Guided reading            | Short answer          |
|      |       |   | • District  |                           |                       |
|      |       |   | • State   |                           |                       |
|      |       |   | • Apex  |                           |                       |
|      |       |   |   | • Lecture cum             |                       |
|      |       |   | Civil and Criminal Case Procedures  | discussion                |                       |
|      |       |   | • IPC (Indian Penal Code)   |                           |                       |
|      |       |   | • ICPC  |                           |                       |
|      |       |   | • IE Act (Indian Evidence Act)  |                           |                       |
|      |       | Discuss the importance of POSCO Act     | Overview of POSCO Act   |                           |                       |

# INTRODUCTION TO FORENSIC NURSING AND INDIAN LAWSPLACEMENT:

## **V SEMESTER**

**THEORY:** 1 Credit (20 hours)

**DESCRIPTION**: This course is designed to help students to know the importance of forensic science in total patient care and to recognize forensic nursing as a specialty discipline in professional nursing practice.

**COMPETENCIES:** On completion of the course, the students will be able to

- 1. Identify forensic nursing as an emerging specialty in healthcare and nursing practice
- 2. Explore the history and scope of forensic nursing practice
- 3. Identify forensic team, role and responsibilities of forensic nurse in total care of victim of violence and in preservation of evidence
- 4. Develop basic understanding of the Indian judicial system and legal procedures

# **COURSE OUTLINE**

# T – Theory

| Unit | Time  | Learning   | Content   | Teaching/ Learning  | Assessment   |
|------|-------|--|---|---|--|
|      | (Hrs) | Outcomes   |   | Activities  | Methods  |
| I    | 3 (T) | Describe the<br>nature of<br>forensic science<br>and discus issues<br>concerning<br>violence | Forensic Science  Definition History Importance in medical science Forensic Science Laboratory  Violence  | <ul> <li>Lecture cum<br/>discussion</li> <li>Visit to Regional<br/>Forensic Science<br/>Laboratory</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Quiz – MCQ</li> <li>Write visit report</li> </ul> |
|      |       |  | <ul> <li>Definition</li> <li>Epidemiology</li> <li>Source of data</li> </ul> Sexual abuse – child and women   |   |  |
| II   | 2 (T) | Explain concepts<br>of forensic<br>nursing and<br>scope of practice<br>for forensic<br>nurse | <ul> <li>Forensic Nursing</li> <li>Definition</li> <li>History and development</li> <li>Scope – setting of practice, areas of practice and subspecialties</li> <li>Ethical issues</li> <li>Roles and responsibilities of nurse</li> <li>INC &amp; SNC Acts</li> </ul> | Lecture cum<br>discussion   | <ul><li>Short answer</li><li>Objective type</li></ul>      |

| III | 7 (T) | Identify<br>members of<br>forensic team<br>and describe role<br>of forensic nurse | <ul> <li>Forensic Team</li> <li>Members and their roles</li> <li>Comprehensive forensic nursing care of victim and family</li> <li>Physical aspects</li> <li>Psychosocial aspects</li> <li>Cultural and spiritual aspects</li> <li>Legal aspects</li> <li>Assist forensic team in care beyond scope of her practice</li> <li>Admission and discharge/referral/death of victim of violence</li> </ul> | Lecture cum     Discussion      Hypothetical/real     case presentation      Observation of postmortem | <ul><li>Objective type</li><li>Short answer</li></ul> |
|-----|-------|---|--|--|---|
|     |       |   |  | -  | Write report  |

| Unit | Time  | Learning                            | Content   | Teaching/ Learning                         | Assessment            |
|------|-------|-------------------------------------|---|--|-----------------------|
|      | (Hrs) | Outcomes                            |   | Activities                                 | Methods               |
|      |       |                                     | Collection  |  |                       |
|      |       |                                     | Preservation  |  |                       |
|      |       |                                     | Documentation of Biological and other<br>evidence related to criminal/traumatic event |  |                       |
|      |       |                                     | Forwarding biological samples for forensic examination                                |  |                       |
| IV   | 3 (T) | Describe<br>fundamental             | Introduction of Indian Constitution   | Lecture cum<br>discussion                  | Short answer          |
|      |       | rights and<br>human rights          | Fundamental Rights  |  |                       |
|      |       | commission                          | • Rights of victim  | • Written Assignment                       | Assessment of         |
|      |       |                                     | Rights of accused   |  | written<br>assignment |
|      |       |                                     |   | • Visit to prison                          |                       |
|      |       |                                     | <b>Human Rights Commission</b>  |  | • Write visit report  |
| V    | 5 (T) | Explain Indian judicial system      | Sources of laws and law-making powers   | Lecture cum<br>discussion                  | • Quiz                |
|      |       | and laws                            | Overview of Indian Judicial System  |  |                       |
|      |       |                                     | JMFC (Judicial Magistrate First Class)  | Guided reading                             | Short answer          |
|      |       |                                     | • District  |  |                       |
|      |       |                                     | • State   |  |                       |
|      |       |                                     | • Apex  |  |                       |
|      |       |                                     |   | _  |                       |
|      |       |                                     | Civil and Criminal Case Procedures  | <ul> <li>Lecture cum discussion</li> </ul> |                       |
|      |       |                                     | • IPC (Indian Penal Code)   |  |                       |
|      |       |                                     | • ICPC  |  |                       |
|      |       |                                     | • IE Act (Indian Evidence Act)  |  |                       |
|      |       | Discuss the importance of POSCO Act | Overview of POSCO Act   |  |                       |

#### **MENTAL HEALTH NURSING - I**

**PLACEMENT:** V SEMESTER **THEORY:** 3 Credits (60 hours)

**PRACTICUM:** Clinical: 1 Credit (80 hours)

**DESCRIPTION:** This course is designed to develop basic understanding of the principles and standards of mental healthnursing and skill in application of nursing process in assessment and care of patients with mental health disorders.

**COMPETENCIES:** On completion of the course, the students will be competent to

- 1. Trace the historical development of mental health nursing and discuss its scope.
- 2. Identify the classification of the mental disorders.
- 3. Develop basic understanding of the principles and concepts of mental health nursing.
- 4. Apply the Indian Nursing Council practice standards for psychiatric mental health nursing in supervised clinical settings.
- 5. Conduct mental health assessment.
- 6. Identify and maintain therapeutic communication and nurse patient relationship.
- 7. Demonstrate knowledge of the various treatment modalities and therapies used in mental disorders.
- 8. Apply nursing process in delivering care to patients with mental disorders.
- 9. Provide nursing care to patients with schizophrenia and other psychotic disorders based on assessment findings and treatment/therapies used.
- 10. Provide nursing care to patients with mood disorders based on assessment findings and treatment/therapies used.
- 11. Provide nursing care to patients with neurotic disorders based on assessment findings and treatment/ therapies used.

#### **COURSE OUTLINE**

#### T - Theory

| Unit | Time<br>(Hrs) | <b>Learning Outcomes</b>       | Content   | Teaching/Learning Activities | Assessment<br>Methods                        |
|------|---------------|--------------------------------|---|------------------------------|--|
| I    |               | of normal & abnormal behaviour | <ul> <li>Introduction</li> <li>Perspectives of Mental Health and Mental Health Nursing, evolution of mental health services, treatments and nursing practices</li> <li>Mental health team</li> <li>Nature &amp; scope of mental health nursing</li> <li>Role &amp; functions of mental health nurse in various settings and factors affecting the level of nursing practice</li> <li>Concepts of normal and abnormal behaviour</li> </ul> | Lecture cum<br>Discussion    | <ul><li>Essay</li><li>Short answer</li></ul> |

| П | 10 (T) | Define the various terms used in mental health Nursing Explain the classification of mental disorders Explain the psychodynamics of maladaptive behaviour Discuss the etiological factors & psychopathology of mental disorders Explain the principles and standards of Mental health Nursing Describe the conceptual models of mental health nursing | <ul> <li>Principles of Mental health Nursing</li> <li>Ethics and responsibilities</li> <li>Practice Standards for Psychiatric Mental</li> </ul> | Discussion • Explain using Charts | • Essay • Short answer |
|---|--------|---|---|-----------------------------------|------------------------|
|   |        | mental health nursing   |   |                                   |                        |

| Unit | Time  | <b>Learning Outcomes</b>  | Content  | Teaching/Learning   | Assessment   |
|------|-------|---|--|---|--|
|      | (Hrs) |   |  | Activities  | Methods  |
| III  | 6 (T) | Describe nature,<br>purpose and process<br>of assessment of<br>mental health status | <ul> <li>Psychoanalytical models</li> <li>Behavioural model</li> <li>Interpersonal model</li> <li>Preventive psychiatry and rehabilitation</li> <li>Mental Health Assessment</li> <li>History taking</li> <li>Mental status examination</li> </ul>     | <ul> <li>Lecture cum     Discussion</li> <li>Demonstration</li> </ul>   | <ul><li>Essay</li><li>Short answer</li><li>Assessment of</li></ul> |
|      |       |   | <ul> <li>Mini mental status examination</li> <li>Neurological examination</li> <li>Investigations: Related Blood chemistry,<br/>EEG, CT &amp; MRI</li> <li>Psychological tests</li> </ul>  | <ul><li> Practice session</li><li> Clinical practice</li></ul>  | mental health<br>status  |
| IV   | 6 (T) | Identify therapeutic communication & techniques  Describe therapeutic relationship  | Therapeutic Communication and Nurse-Patient Relationship  • Therapeutic communication: Types, techniques, characteristics and barriers  • Therapeutic nurse-patient relationship  • Interpersonal relationship-  • Elements of nurse patient contract, | <ul> <li>Lecture cum<br/>Discussion</li> <li>Demonstration</li> <li>Role Play</li> <li>Process recording</li> <li>Simulation (video)</li> </ul> | <ul><li>Essay</li><li>Short answer</li><li>OSCE</li></ul>          |
|      |       | Describe therapeutic impasses and its interventions                                 | <ul> <li>Review of technique of IPR- Johari<br/>window</li> <li>Therapeutic impasse and its management</li> </ul>  |   |  |

| V  | 10 (T) | Explain treatment<br>modalities and<br>therapies used in<br>mental disorders and<br>role of the nurse  | Treatment modalities and therapies used in mental disorders  • Physical therapies: Psychopharmacology,  • Electro Convulsive therapy  • Psychological Therapies: Psychotherapy, Behaviour therapy, CBT  • Psychosocial: Group therapy, Family therapy, Therapeutic Community, Recreational therapy, Art therapy (Dance, Music etc), Occupational therapy  • Alternative & Complementary: Yoga, Meditation, Relaxation  • Consideration for special populations | <ul> <li>Lecture cum Discussion</li> <li>Demonstration</li> <li>Group work</li> <li>Practice session</li> <li>Clinical practice</li> </ul> | <ul><li>Essay</li><li>Short answer</li><li>Objective type</li></ul>                                |
|----|--------|--|--|--|--|
| VI | 8 (T)  | Describe the etiology, psycho-dynamics/ pathology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic criteria and management of patients with Schizophrenia, and other psychotic disorders | Nursing management of patient with Schizophrenia, and other psychotic disorders  • Prevalence and incidence  • Classification  • Etiology, psychodynamics, clinical manifestation, diagnostic criteria/formulations  | <ul> <li>Lecture and Discussion</li> <li>Case discussion</li> <li>Case presentation</li> <li>Clinical practice</li> </ul>                  | <ul> <li>Essay</li> <li>Short answer</li> <li>Assessment of patient management problems</li> </ul> |

| Unit | Time  | <b>Learning Outcomes</b>   | Content   | Teaching/Learning   | Assessment<br>Methods  |
|------|-------|--|---|---|--|
|      | (Hrs) |  |   | Activities  |  |
|      |       |  | <ul> <li>Nursing process</li> <li>Nursing Assessment: History, Physical and mental assessment</li> <li>Treatment modalities and nursing management of patients with Schizophrenia and other psychotic disorders</li> <li>Geriatric considerations and considerations for special populations</li> <li>Follow up and home care and rehabilitation</li> </ul>   |   |  |
| VII  |       | psycho-dynamics,<br>clinical<br>manifestations,<br>diagnostic criteria<br>and management of<br>patients with mood<br>disorders | Nursing management of patient with mood disorders  Prevalence and incidence  Mood disorders: Bipolar affective disorder, mania depression and dysthymia etc.  Etiology, psycho dynamics, clinical manifestation, diagnosis  Nursing Assessment History, Physical and mental assessment  Treatment modalities and nursing management of patients with mood disorders  Geriatric considerations/ considerations for special populations  Follow-up and home care and rehabilitation | <ul> <li>Lecture and Discussion</li> <li>Case discussion</li> <li>Case presentation</li> <li>Clinical practice</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Essay</li> <li>Short answer</li> <li>Assessment of patient management problems</li> </ul> |

| VIII | 8 (T) | Describe the etiology, psycho-dynamics, clinical manifestations, diagnostic criteria and management of patients with neurotic, stress related and somatization disorders | Nursing management of patient with neurotic, stress related and somatisation disorders  Prevalence and incidence  classifications  Anxiety disorders – OCD, PTSD, Somatoform disorders, Phobias, Disassociative and Conversion disorders  Etiology, psychodynamics, clinical manifestation, diagnostic criteria/ formulations  Nursing Assessment: History, Physical and mental assessment  Treatment modalities and nursing management of patients with neurotic and stress related disorders  Geriatric considerations/ considerations for special populations  Follow-up and home care and rehabilitation | <ul> <li>Lecture and Discussion</li> <li>Case discussion</li> <li>Case presentation</li> <li>Clinical practice</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Essay</li> <li>Short answer</li> <li>Assessment of patient management problems</li> </ul> |
|------|-------|--|--|---|--|
|------|-------|--|--|---|--|

# **References (Bibliography:)**

- 1. Gail Wiscars Stuart.Michele T. Laraia. "Principles and practice of psychiatric nursing", 8<sup>th</sup> edition, , Elseveir, India Pvt.Ltd. New Delhi 2005
- 2. Michael Gelder, Richard Mayou, Philip Cowen, Shorter oxford text book of psychiatry, Oxford medical publication, 4 the ed. 2001.
- 3. M.S. Bhatia, A concised text Book of Psychiatric Nursing, CBS publishers and distributors, Delhi 2<sup>nd</sup> ed. 1999.
- 4. M.S. Bhatia, Essentials of Psychiatry, CBS publishers and distributors, Delhi
- 5. Mary C Townsend. "Psychiatric Mental Health Nursing". Concept of care, 4<sup>th</sup> edition. F.A.Davis Co. Philadelphia 2003.
- 6. Bimla Kapoor, Psychiatric nursing, Vol. I & II Kumar publishing house Delhi, 2001
- 7. Niraj Ahuja, A short textbook of pstchiatry, Jaypee brothers,new delhi, 2002.
- 8. The ICD10, Classification of mental and behavioural disorders, WHO, A.I.T.B.S. publishers, Delhi,2002
- 9. De Souza Alan, De Souza Dhanlaxmi, De Souza A, "National series Child psychiatry" 1<sup>st</sup> ed, Mumbai, The National Book Depot, 2004
- 10. Patricia, Kennedy, Ballard, "Psychiatric Nursing Integration of Theory and Practice", USA, Mc Graw Hill 1999.
- 11. Kathernic M. Fort in ash, Psychiatric Nursing Care plans, Mossby Year book. Toronto
- 12. Sheila M. Sparks, Cynthia M. Jalor, Nursing Diagnosis reference manual 5 th edition, Spring house, Corporation Pennsychiram's
- 13.R. Sreevani, A guide to mental health & psychiatric nursing, Jaypee brothers, Medical Publishers (ltd)\_, New Delhi 1<sup>st</sup> edition.
- 14.R. Baby, Psychiatric Nursing N.R. Brothers, Indore, 1<sup>st</sup> edition 2001.
- 15. Varghese Mary, Essential of psychiatric & mental health nursing,
- 16. Foundations Journals of mental health nursing
- 17. American Journal of Psychiatry
- 18. Deborah Antai Otoing. "Psychiatric Nursing" Biological and behavioral concepts. Thomson. Singapore 2003
- 19. Mary Ann Boyd. "Psychiatric Nursing". Contemporary practice. Lippincott. Williams and Wilkins. Tokyo.

## **Internet Resources –**

- 1. Internet Gateway: Psychology http://www.lib.uiowa.edu/gw/psych/index.html
- 2. Psychoanalytic studies http://www.shef.ac.uk~psysc/psastud/index.html
- 3. Psychaitric Times http://www.mhsource.com.psychiatrictimes.html
- 4. Self-help Group sourcebook online http://www.cmhe.com/selfhelp
- 5. National Rehabilitation Information center http://www.nariic.com/naric
- 6. Centre for Mental Health Services http://www.samhsaa.gov/cmhs.htm
- 7. Knowledge Exchange Network http://www.mentalheaalth.org/
- 8. Communication skills http://www.personal.u-net.com/osl/m263.htm
- 9. Lifeskills Resource center http://www.rpeurifooy.com
- 10. Mental Health Net http://www.cmhe.com

## **CLINICAL**

# PRACTICUM MENTAL

## **HEALTH NURSING - I & II**

**PLACEMENT: SEMESTER V & VI** 

**MENTAL HEALTH NURSING - I** – 1 Credit (80 hours)

**MENTAL HEALTH NURSING - II –** 2 Credits (160 hours)

**PRACTICE COMPETENCIES:** On completion of the course, the students will be able to:

- 1. Assess patients with mental health problems/disorders
- 2. Observe and assist in various treatment modalities or therapies
- 3. Counsel and educate patients and families
- 4. Perform individual and group psychoeducation
- 5. Provide nursing care to patients with mental health problems/disorders
- 6. Motivate patients in the community for early treatment and follow up
- 7. Observe the assessment and care of patients with substance abuse disorders in deaddiction center.

# **CLINICAL POSTINGS**

(8 weeks  $\times$  30 hours per week = 240 hours)

| (8 weeks × 30 hours per week = 240 hours) |                     |  |   |   |   |
|---|---------------------|--|---|---|---|
| Clinical<br>Area/Unit                     | Duration<br>(Weeks) | Learning<br>Outcomes   | Skills/Procedural<br>Competencies   | Clinical<br>Requirements  | Assessments<br>Methods  |
| Psychiatric<br>OPD                        | 2                   | <ul> <li>Assess patients with mental health problems</li> <li>Observe and assist in therapies</li> <li>Counsel and educate patients, and families</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>History taking</li> <li>Perform mental status examination (MSE)</li> <li>Observe/practice Psychometric assessment</li> <li>Perform Neurological examination</li> <li>Observing and assisting in therapies</li> <li>Individual and group psychoeducation</li> <li>Mental hygiene practice education</li> <li>Family psycho-education</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>History taking and Mental status examination – 2</li> <li>Health education – 1</li> <li>Observation report of OPD</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Assess         performance with         rating scale</li> <li>Assess each skill         with checklist</li> <li>Evaluation of         health education</li> <li>Assessment of         observation         report</li> <li>Completion of         activity record</li> </ul> |
| Child<br>Guidance<br>clinic               | 1                   | <ul> <li>Assess children with various mental health problems</li> <li>Counsel and educate children, families and significant others</li> </ul>               | <ul> <li>History &amp; mental status examination</li> <li>Observe/practice psychometric assessment</li> <li>Observe and assist in various therapies</li> <li>Parental teaching for child with mental deficiency</li> </ul>  | <ul> <li>Case work – 1</li> <li>Observation report of different therapies – 1</li> </ul>  | <ul> <li>Assess         performance with         rating scale</li> <li>Assess each skill         with checklist</li> <li>Evaluation of the         observation         report</li> </ul>  |
| Inpatient ward                            | 4                   | <ul> <li>Assess patients<br/>with mental<br/>health problems</li> <li>Provide nursing<br/>care for patients<br/>with various</li> </ul>                      | <ul> <li>History taking</li> <li>Mental status examination<br/>(MSE)</li> <li>Neurological examination</li> <li>Assisting in psychometric</li> </ul>  | <ul> <li>Give care to 2-3 patients with various mental disorders</li> <li>Case study – 1</li> </ul>                                   | <ul> <li>Assess performance with rating scale</li> <li>Assess each skill with checklist</li> </ul>  |

| Clinical<br>Area/Unit                     | Duration<br>(Weeks) | Learning<br>Outcomes   | Skills/Procedural<br>Competencies   | Clinical<br>Requirements  | Assessments<br>Methods  |
|---|---------------------|--|---|---|---|
|   |                     | mental health problems  • Assist in various therapies  • Counsel and educate patients, families and significant others   | <ul> <li>assessment</li> <li>Recording therapeutic communication</li> <li>Administration of medications</li> <li>Assist Electro-Convulsive Therapy (ECT)</li> <li>Participating in all therapies</li> <li>Preparing patients for Activities of Daily Living (ADL)</li> <li>Conducting admission and discharge counselling</li> <li>Counseling and teaching patients and families</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Care plan</li> <li>Clinical presentation – 1</li> <li>Process recording – 2</li> <li>Maintain drug book</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Evaluation of the case study, care plan, clinical presentation, process recording</li> <li>Completion of activity record</li> </ul>            |
| Community psychiatry & Deaddiction centre | 1                   | <ul> <li>Identify patients with various mental disorders</li> <li>Motivate patients for early treatment and follow up</li> <li>Assist in follow up clinic</li> <li>Counsel and educate patient, family and community</li> <li>Observe the assessment and care of patients at deaddiction centre</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Conduct home visit and case work</li> <li>Identifying individuals with mental health problems</li> <li>Assisting in organizations of Mental Health camp</li> <li>Conducting awareness meetings for mental health &amp; mental illness</li> <li>Counseling and Teaching family members, patients and community</li> <li>Observing deaddiction care</li> </ul>                       | <ul> <li>Case work – 1</li> <li>Observation report on field visits</li> <li>Visit to deaddiction centre</li> </ul>          | <ul> <li>Assess performance with rating scale</li> <li>Evaluation of case work and observation report</li> <li>Completion of activity record</li> </ul> |